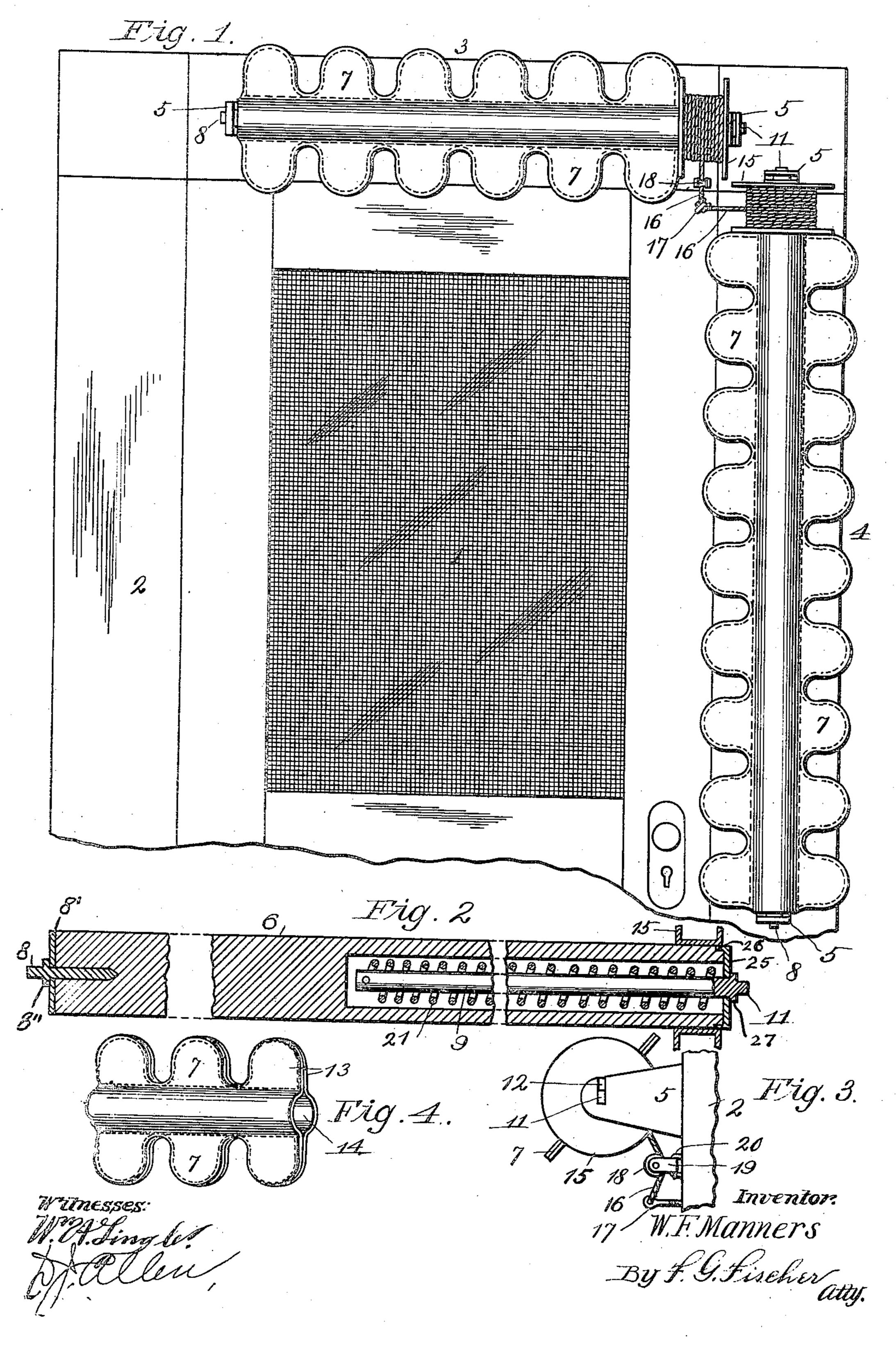
W. F. MANNERS.

FLY GUARD.

APPLICATION FILED AUG. 9, 1906.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM F. MANNERS, OF PARKER, KANSAS.

FLY-GUARD.

No. 880,554.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented March 3, 1908.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM F. MANNERS, a citizen of the United States, residing at Parker, in the county of Linn and State of 5 Kansas, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Fly-Guards, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in fly-guards; and my object is to provide effi-10 cient means for preventing flies, mosquitoes, and other insects from entering buildings

when the doors thereof are opened.

The invention consists in the novel construction, combination, and arrangement of 15 parts hereinafter described, pointed out in the claim and illustrated in the accompanying drawing, and in order that the invention may be fully understood reference will now be made to said drawing, in which:—

Figure 1 represents a broken front elevation of a door and case provided with my invention. Fig. 2 is a longitudinal section of a roller employed in carrying out the invention. Fig. 3 is a broken side elevation of 25 the upper portion of the door case and my invention. Fig. 4 is a broken perspective of a portion of one of the rotary fans, forming part of the invention.

1 and 2 designate a door and case, and 3 30 and 4 designate rotary fans arranged at the top and one side of the case, respectively.

5 designates brackets in which the fans are journaled, said brackets being secured to the case.

Each fan consists of a roller 6, blades 7, a stub shaft 8 and a shaft 9 mounted in the brackets. Shaft 8 is fixed to one end of the roller, while shaft 9 extends loosely through the opposite end of the roller and is pro-40 vided with an outer rectangular terminal 11 which fits snugly in an annular notch 12, in one of the brackets, to keep the shaft from turning with the roller. Blades 7 consist, preferably, of two layers of cloth 13 sewed 45 together in such a manner as to leave a central longitudinal opening 14 for the reception of the roller, which fits tightly therein so that the blades will not slip upon said roller when the latter is rotated.

15 designates drums secured to the adjacent ends of the rollers for the reception of two independent cables 16 attached at their ends to said drums and to a screw eye 17 projecting from the adjacent corner of the 55 door. The cable attached to the uppermost

in a yoke 19, pivotally secured to a staple 20, projecting from the upper portion of the door-case, thus the pulley acts as a guide when the door is opened, and prevents the 60 cable from pulling across the flange of its respective drum.

Roller 6, is provided at one end with a metal plate 8' through which stub shaft 8 passes, the latter having a collar 8" thereon 65 which abuts plate 8'. At its opposite end a plate 25 is mounted having an annular inwardly extending peripheral flange 26, which engages in a seat provided therefor in said end of roller 6. Shaft 9, has a collar 27, 70 thereon which abuts plate 25. Since pulley 15, as depicted in Fig. 2, engages over flange 26, it assists in holding plate 25 in position.

21 designates a coil spring arranged in each roller and secured at one end to the 75 latter and at its opposite end to the inner

terminal of shaft 9.

In practice the fans are rotated at a high rate of speed when the door is opened, by the cables unwinding from the drums. The 80 movement of the fans will scare away the flies gathered upon the door and the case, so that they will not pass through the doorway and enter the building while the door is being opened or closed. As the cables unwind, 85 the springs will be wound up and thus automatically close the door just as soon at it is released, so that the springs usually applied to screen-doors for closing the same may be dispensed with.

I am aware that devices of the same general character have been patented, but the principal differences and advantage which my invention possesses over them is that I employ two entirely independent fans 95 and independent operating means therefor. Hence either may be omitted, replaced by another of different size or length, or removed temporarily as for repairs; and even if one fan should not operate, the spring in the 100 other would be of sufficient strength to close the ordinary screen door.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim and desire to secure by Letters Patent

In combination with a door frame and the door thereof, a pair of fan rollers, a metal plate on each end of each roller, a shaft passing through one of the plates and into the roller, and having a collar which abuts the 110 plate, one of said plates on each roller having drum extends around a pulley 18, journaled | an inwardly extending peripheral flange

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which is received in a groove provided therefor in one end of said rollers so as to lie flush with the peripheries of said rollers, a drum on said last named end of each roller which 5 extends over and engages a portion of said plate flange, a second shaft passed through said second named plate and having a collar which abuts the outer face of said second named plate, a coil spring surrounding said 10 second shaft and being secured at one end to the latter and at its opposite end bearing against the inner face of the second named plate, said rollers being disposed along the

top and one side of the door frame and having their drums adjacent, a screw eve on the 15 door at the upper outer corner thereof, and cords immovably affixed at one end to said eye and having their free ends connected to said drums.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature, 20 in the presence of two witnesses.

WILLIAM F. MANNERS.

Witnesses:

F. N. HILLIARD, W. P. CUTHERSON.