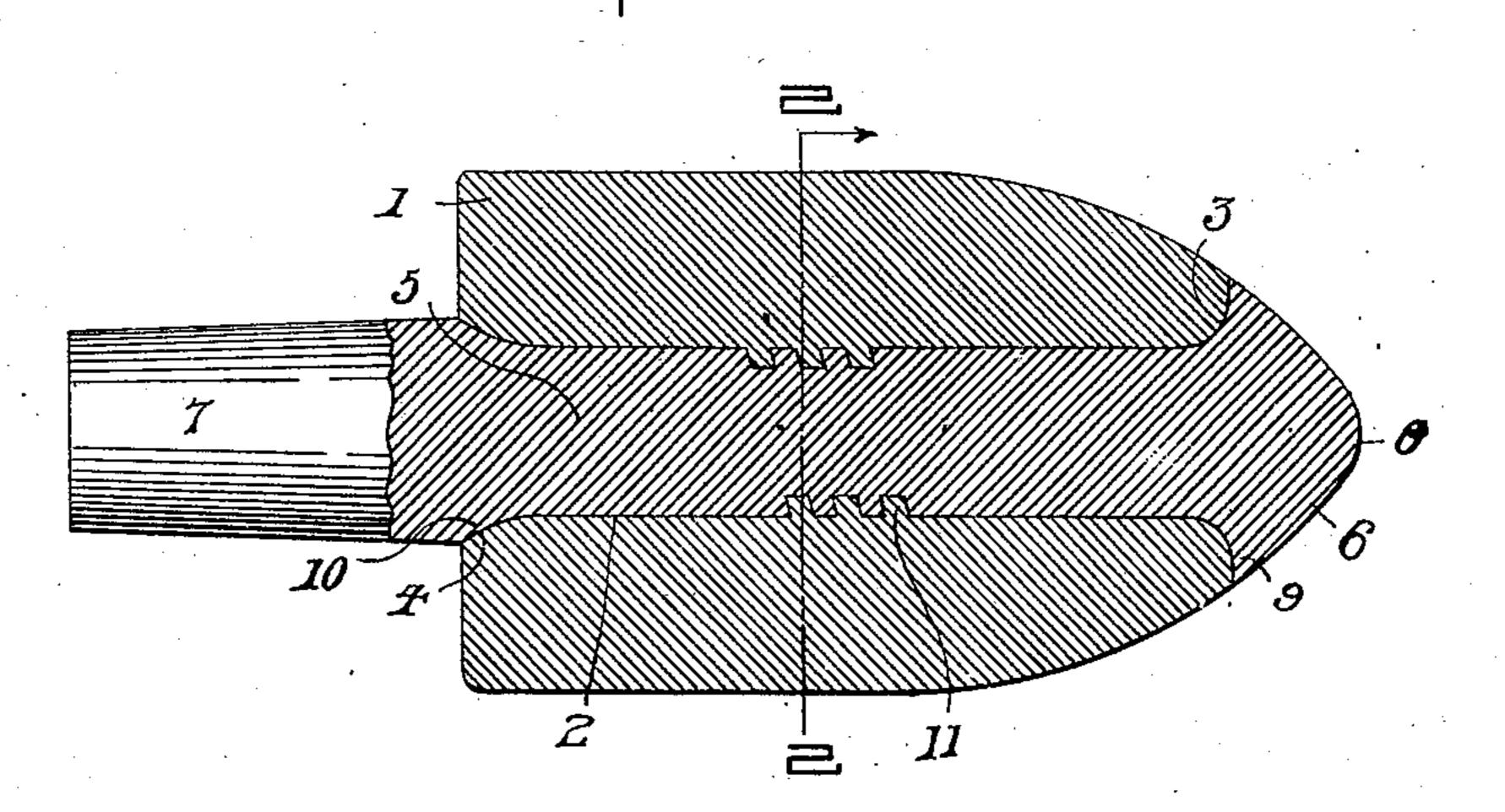
No. 880,517.

PATENTED MAR. 3, 1908.

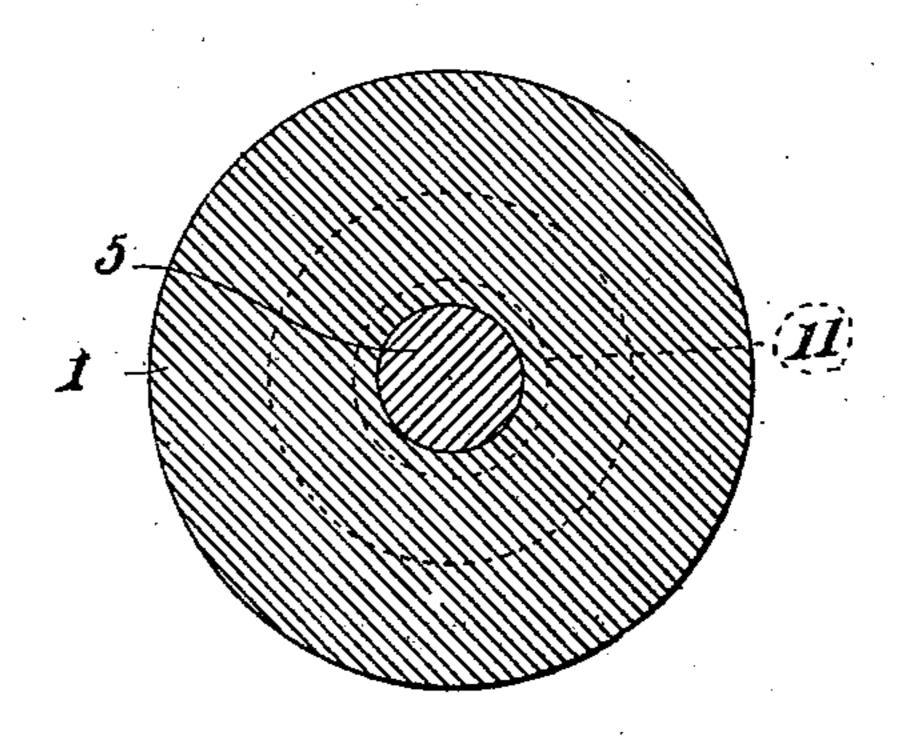
R. J. GARDNER. PIERCING MANDREL.

APPLICATION FILED OOT. 21, 1907.

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ATTORNEY

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ROBERT J. GARDNER, OF PITTSBURG, PENNSYLVANIA, ASSIGNOR TO THE S. JARVIS ADAMS COMPANY, OF PITTSBURG, PENNSYLVANIA, A CORPORATION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

PIERCING-MANDREL.

No. 880,517.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented March 3, 1908.

Application filed October 21, 1907. Serial No. 398,340.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ROBERT J. GARDNER, a citizen of the United States, residing at | Pittsburg, in the county of Allegheny and 5 State of Pennsylvania, have invented or discovered new and useful Improvements in Piercing-Mandrels, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to mandrels for pierc-10 ing blanks in the manufacture of seamless tubes. Its object is to provide a composite piercing mandrel which shall have the advantages of both steel and cast-iron mandrels, and which shall be simple in construc-15 tion and comparatively cheap to manufacture.

Referring to the drawings, Figure 1 is a longitudinal section partly in elevation of the 20 Fig. 2 is a section on the line 2—2 on Fig. 1.

On the drawings, 1 represents the castiron body of a piercing mandrel embodying the principles of my invention. This body is cylindrical preferably for approximately 25 two-thirds of its length, its upper end being the frustum of a cone or similar figure. It has an axial bore 2 with its ends flaring as shown as 3 and 4. Within this bore is the steel support 5, having at one end the steel 30 piercing point 6 and at the other end the shank 7. The point 6 forms a continuation of the tapering end of the body 1 and terminates in an apex 8. The external form of my piercing mandrel does not differ essen-35 tially from those known to the art but it may have any desired shape.

The support 5 is shaped to fit the flared ends 3 and 4 of the bore 2 whereby shoulders 9 and 10 are formed, the former beneath the 40 point 6 to prevent the forward movement of the body 1 on the support and the latter at the juncture of the shank and the support to restrain the body from rearward movement on the shank.

The body 1 may be prevented from rotation on the support 5 in many ways but I prefer to provide the support with a short threaded section 11.

The shank 7 is preferably tapered as shown, but it may be shaped otherwise, if 50 desired.

I prefer to manufacture my mandrel as follows: I first form the body 5 with the point 6, the shank 7, the shoulders 9 and 10 and the threads 11. I then use this as a core 55 for casting thereon the body 1 in a manner well understood by those conversant with the art of founding. In this manner, I cause the body 1 to be rigidly held on the support, because portions of the body are 60 cast in the threads of the portion 11 of the support, and I cause the shoulders 9 and 10 to be in close contact with the body so as to form a rigid structure.

In operation the steel point will be em- 65 ployed for causing the initial flow of the preferred construction of my invention and | metal along the entire axis of the blank while the cast-iron body will be employed for the work of expanding the metal opened or pierced by the steel point.

By making the body of cast-iron instead of making the whole mandrel of steel, I save a large expense and at the same time I have all the advantages of a steel mandrel by the use of the steel point. As cast-iron produces less 75 friction than steel in piercing, I provide a mandrel having the advantages of a cast-iron mandrel.

The described mandrel is to be used on the end of the usual mandrel bar while piercing 80 blanks in the well-known process of manufacturing seamless tubing; it may be used wherever a mandrel-head or pipe-ball is required in the manufacture of tubing.

1 claim— In a piercing mandrel, a cast-iron body, and a steel core or center piece extending through the same and having at one end a steel piercing point and at the other end a shank.

Signed at Pittsburg, Pa., this 17th day of October, A. D. 1907.

ROBERT J. GARDNER.

Witnesses: ALICE E. DUFF, F. N. BARBER.