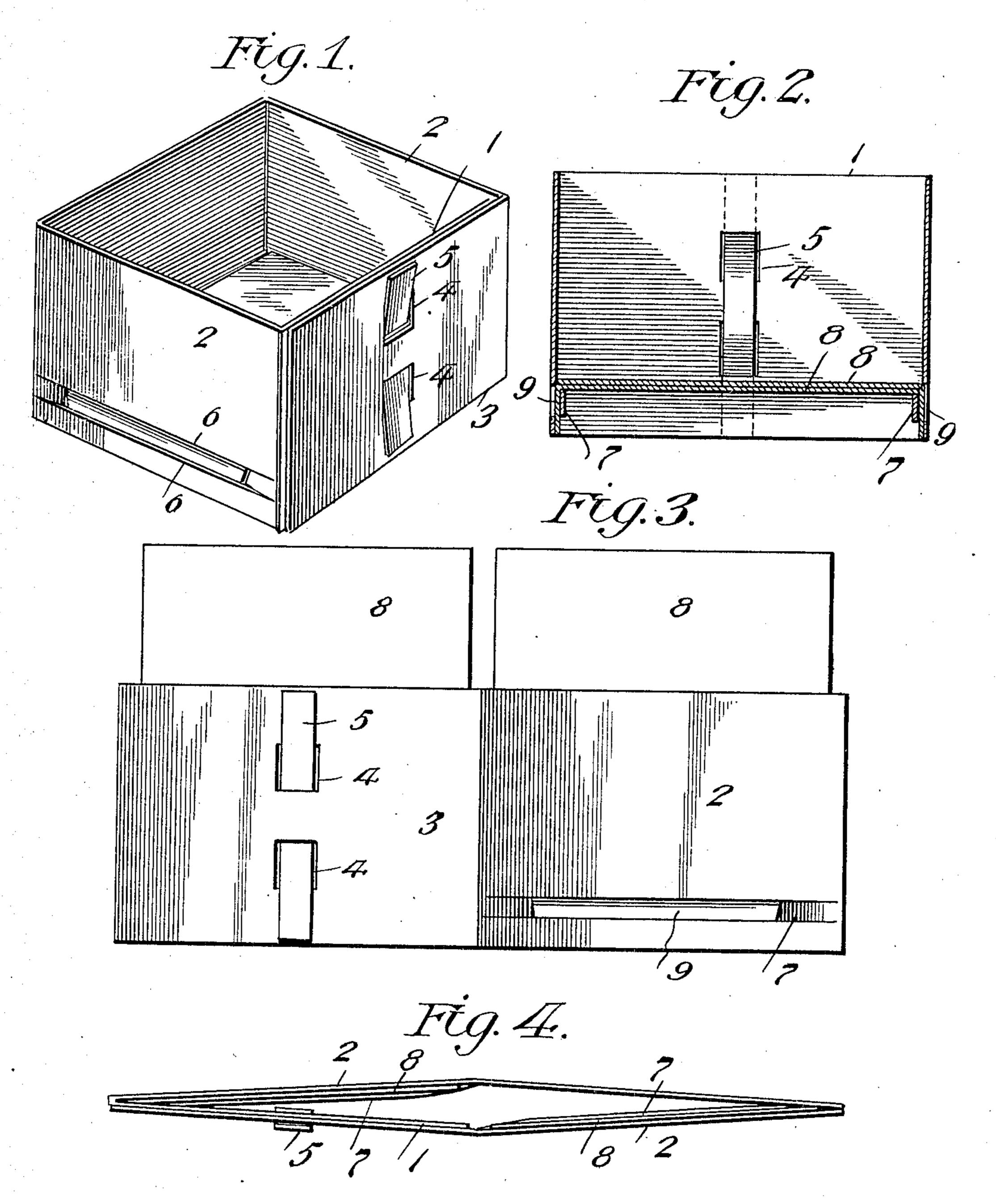
A. G. VIENT. FRUIT BASKET. APPLICATION FILED NOV. 15, 1905.



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FRUIT-BASKET.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, André G. Vient, a citizen of the United States, residing at Hoquiam, in the county of Chehalis and State of Washington, have invented new and useful Improvements in Fruit-Baskets, of which the following is a specification.

The invention relates to an improvement in fruit baskets designed for furnishing a re10 ceptacle for the convenient handling of

fruits, berries or the like.

The main object of the present invention is the production of a box constructed and arranged to permit convenient and ready assembling in box form, means being provided whereby the parts are locked against accidental collapsing.

The invention will first be described in the following specification, reference being had particularly to the accompanying drawings,

in which:—

Figure 1 is a perspective view of my improved box in its preferred form of construction, Fig. 2 is a transverse central sectional view of the same, Fig. 3 is a view in elevation showing the box illustrated in Fig. 1 in collapsed form, Fig. 4 is a top plan view

of the box as shown in Fig. 3.

Referring particularly to the drawings the 30 improved box comprises an elongated strip of veneer or the like bent at equidistant points to provide sides 1 and ends 2, the strip being of sufficient length to provide an extra length 3 to overlie the first side and 35 provide a reinforce therefor. The strip in the sides 1 and contacting reinforce side 3 is formed with openings 4, preferably elongated and so arranged that when the strip is assembled in box like form said openings reg-40 ister. A key 5 preferably of the same material as the box is utilized for securing the strip in box like form by engagement with the openings 4 of the respective side 1 and reinforce 3. The openings 4 in both the side 1 and reinforce 45 3 are two in number arranged in vertical alinement transverse the length of the strip, and the key is inserted by passing the same downward through the upper alined openings 4 from without the box, the lower end being 50 projected downward through the lower openings 4 from within the box, so that the ends of the key rest against the outer side of the reinforce beyond the openings, while the intermediate portion of the key rests against the 55 inner surface of the adjacent strip 1 between

the openings 4. The arrangement described provides an effective lock for securing the strip in squared or elongated box like outline.

The respective ends 2 are provided near their lower edges with parallel slits 6, provid- 60 ing between said slits loops 7 free from the ends for the greater portion of its length though terminally connected therewith.

In this form of the box the bottom is doubled, comprising duplicate strips 8 of a size 65 to fit snugly within the vertical walls of the box and each provided at opposite ends with a depending tongue 9. In securing the bottoms in place the tongues 9 of each strip are passed in rear of one of the loops 7, resting 70 between said loop and the inner surface of the respective end of the box. This connection causes the loop to assume a plain offset from the plane of the end and within the plane of the box walls, so that the free edge of the 75 lower bottom strip will rest upon and be supported by the loop 7 opposite to that wall of the box by which it is connected through the juncture of its tongue and loop, while the free edge of the upper surface of the box bot- 80 tom rests upon the lower section.

It will thus be seen that the box comprises an endless strip bent in outline form with an additional wall to reinforce one of the walls of the box, the whole being locked by the 85 medium of a key, and a bottom comprising duplicate strips respectively secured to opposite walls of the box, in a manner to leave the opposite ends of said bottom strips free of connection with the box walls.

This form of box is readily collapsible for storage or transportation, as the opposite ends of the bottom strips are free, and therefore said bottom strips may be turned up on their tongue ends as supports until practically in contact with the inner surface of the wall to which they are respectively attached, in which position of the parts the strip forming the side and end walls of the box may be readily collapsible by pressure at 100 diagonal corners, as clearly shown in Figs. 3 and 4.

As above described it will be noted that my improved box is readily adapted for holding fruit, berries or the like and that 105 when the parts are assembled as described in connection with any of the forms, the structure is stable and possibility of accidental collapsing is guarded against. The locking means provided for the strip of material 110

forming the walls of the box is simple and when in place disengagement of the parts is

effectively guarded against.

The material used is preferably of ordinary 5 box veneer, and the construction described renders the manufacture of the box simple and inexpensive, a highly desirable characteristic of articles of this nature, as they are practically invariably transferred to the customer with the contained fruit without additional cost.

Having thus described the invention what

is claimed as new, is:—

1. A collapsible box including side and end walls, and a bottom comprising independent sections respectively co-extensive with the interior dimension of the box, each of said sections being removably connected to one of the opposing walls of the box and being otherwise free of connection with the box, each of said sections being formed for positive interlocking engagement with the box

wall opposing the wall to which the particular section is connected, whereby pressure against the underside of the bottom will 25 cause said section to fold against the respective walls to which they are connected.

2. A collapsible box including side and end walls and a bottom comprising duplicate sections co-extensive with the interior dimen- 30 sions of the box, each of said sections being formed with a tongue, two of the opposing walls of the box being each formed with integral loops to receive the respective tongues, whereby each bottom section is connected to 35 one of two opposing walls and is otherwise free of connection with the box.

In testimony whereof, I affix my signature

in presence of two witnesses.

ANDRÉ G. VIENT.

Witnesses:

ALEXANDER VIENT, SILAS VIENT.