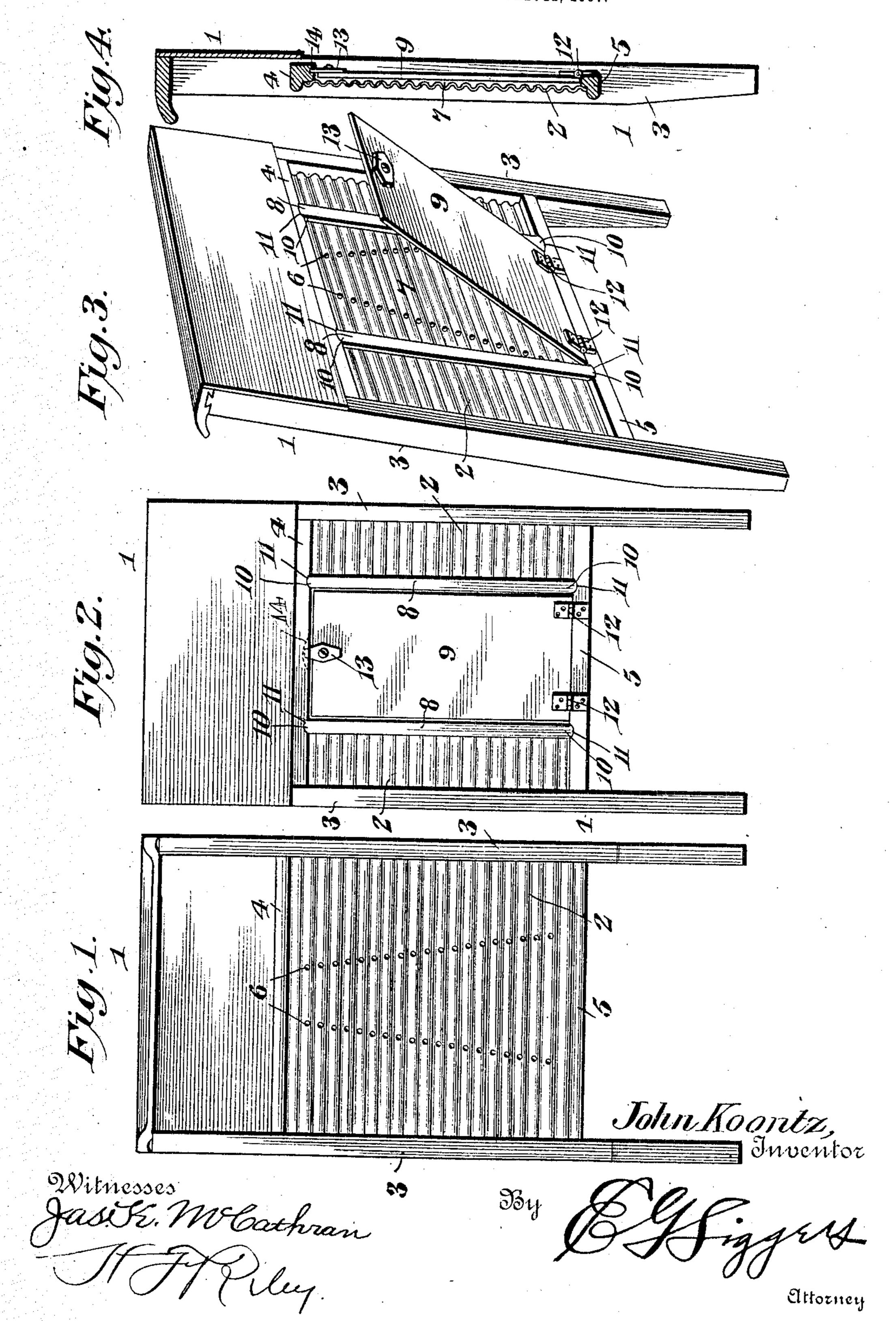
J. KOONTZ.

SELF SOAPING WASHBOARD.

APPLICATION FILED FEB. 11, 1907.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN KOONTZ, OF PADUCAH, KENTUCKY, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO JAMES WEILLE, OF PADUCAH, KENTUCKY.

SELF-SOAPING WASHBOARD.

No. 870,787.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Nov. 12, 1907.

Application filed February 11, 1907. Serial No. 356,861.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John Koontz, a citizen of the United States, residing at Paducah, in the county of McCracken and State of Kentucky, have invented a 5 new and useful Self-Soaping Washboard, of which the following is a specification.

The invention relates to improvements in wash boards.

The object of the present invention is to improve the 10 construction of wash boards, and to provide a simple and comparatively inexpensive one of great strength. and durability, having means for holding a quantity of soap and adapted to soap the clothes, while the same are being moved over the rubbing surface during the opera-15 tion of washing.

A further object of the invention is to provide a selfsoaping wash board, adapted to supply soap without waste to the clothes during the entire stroke of the same on the rubbing surface.

With these and other objects in view, the invention 20 consists in the construction and novel combination of parts hereinafter fully described, illustrated in the accompanying drawing, and pointed out in the claims hereto appended; it being understood that various 25 changes in the form, proportion, size and minor details of construction, within the scope of the claims, may be resorted to without departing from the spirit or sacrificing any of the advantages of the invention.

In the drawing:—Figure 1 is a front elevation of a 30 wash board, constructed in accordance with this invention. Fig. 2 is a rear elevation of the same. Fig. 3 is a perspective view of the wash board, the door or closure of the soap receptacle being open. Fig. 4 is a longitudinal sectional view, the soap receptacle being closed.

Like numerals of reference designate corresponding parts in all the figures of the drawing.

1 designates a wash board having a corrugated rubbing surface 2, consisting of a board or plate, suitably secured between the side bars 3, and upper and lower transverse bars 4 and 5. The rubbing surface is provided with a plurality of rows of perforations 6, communicating with a soap receptacle 7, which extends the entire length of the rubbing surface of the wash board, and which is adapted to apply soap to the clothes during 45 the entire stroke of the same, whereby the self-soaping wash board will not interfere with the ordinary manner of washing clothes on a wash board.

The rows of perforations preferably converge upwardly, and the soap receptacle 7 is formed by longitu-50 dinal bars 8 and a door or closure 9. The longitudinal bars 8, which are located at the back of the wash board,

have their ends 10 rounded and fitted in recesses 11 of the upper and lower transverse bars 4 and 5, whereby the longitudinal bars 8 are interlocked with the said transverse bars 4 and 5, and are thereby held against 55 transverse movement. The longitudinal bars, which form the side walls of the soap receptacle also operate to brace the wash board, and the strength and durability of the same are thereby greatly increased.

The door or closure 9, which may be constructed of 60 sheet metal, wood, or any other suitable material, is connected at its lower edge with the lower transverse bar 5 by hinges 12, and it is secured in its closed position by a fastening device, preferably consisting of a pivoted button 13, mounted on the door or closure ad- 65 jacent to the upper edge thereof and arranged to engage a recess 14 of the upper transverse bar 4. The recess 14 is formed in the lower edge of the upper transverse bar, and it receives one end of the pivoted button, as clearly illustrated in Fig. 4 of the drawing.

The soap receptacle is adapted to receive a quantity of soap, which is automatically applied to the clothes through the perforations 6 during the operation of washing, thereby effecting a saving in both time and labor and enabling the clothes to be soaped without handling 75 the latter.

The perforations and the soap receptacle may be applied to a wash board of any construction, and the cost of construction of the same is not materially increased, while the wash board is greatly strengthened by the ad- 80 dition of the rear soap receptacle. Also the improved wash board will enable more work and better work to be performed in a given time with a less amount of soap than is possible with an ordinary wash board, where the soap must be applied to the clothes by hand.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent, 18:---

1. In a wash board, the combination of side bars, upper and lower cross bars connecting the side bars, a rubbing 90 surface supported by the said bars and provided with an intermediate perforated portion extending from the top to the bottom of the rubbing surface, intermediate longitudinal bars located at opposite sides of the said perforated portion of the rubbing surface and spaced from the side 95 bars and connected at their terminals with the upper and lower cross bars, a door of a width and length co-extensive with the width and length of the intermediate perforated portion of the rubbing surface and hinged at one end to one of the cross bars, and a catch arranged at the other 100 end of the closure for engaging the other cross bar, said door occupying the space between the intermediate bars.

2. In a wash board, the combination of side bars, upper and lower cross bars connecting the side bars and provided with alined recesses, a rubbing surface supported by the 105

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said bars and provided with an intermedate perforated portion, intermediate longitudinal bars located at opposite sides of the perforated portion of the rubbing surface and having their terminals fitted in the said recesses and inter-5 locked with the upper and lower cross bars and spaced from the side bars, a door fitting within and covering the space inclosed by the longitudinal and cross bars and hinged to the lower cross bar, and a catch arranged at the free edge of the closure for engaing the upper cross bar. said door occupying the space between the intermediate $1\hat{0}$ bars.

In testimony, that I claim the foregoing as my own, I have hereto affixed my signature in the presence of two witnesses.

JOHN KOONTZ.

Witnesses:

R. L. CALDWELL, LENA ENGLERT.