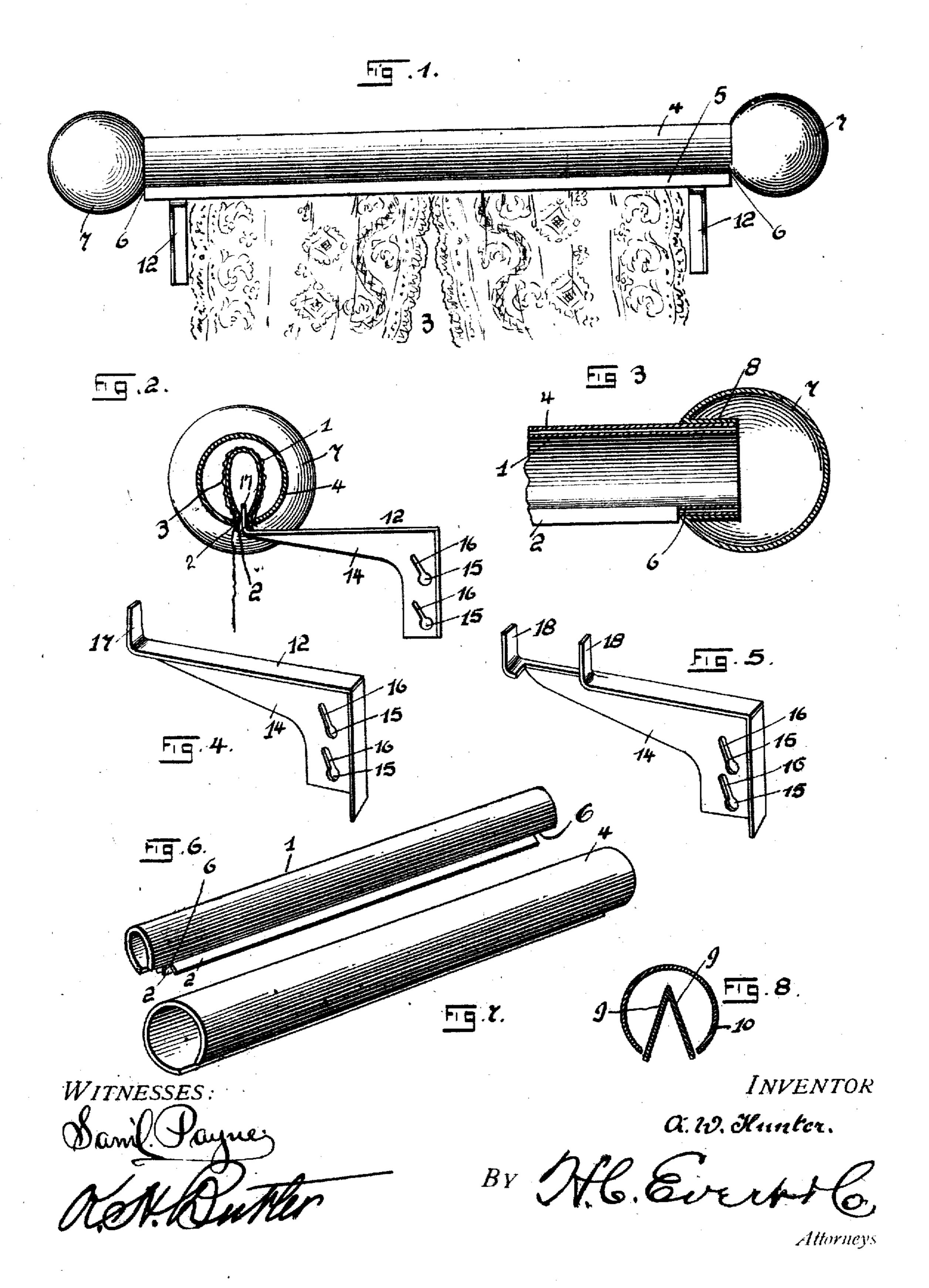
A. W. HUNTER. CURTAIN POLE. APPLICATION FILED DEC. 31, 1908.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ALEXANDER W. HUNTER, OF VANDERGRIFT, PENNSYLVANIA.

CURTAIN-POLE.

No. 863.993.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Aug. 20, 1907.

Application filed December 31, 1906. Serial No. 350,170.

To all whom it may concern:

zen of the United States of America, residing at Vandergrift, in the county of Westmoreland and State of Pennsylvania, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Curtain-Poles, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the accompanying drawing.

This invention relates to window fixtures, and the invention relates more particularly to a curtain pole and its supporting brackets.

The primary object of this invention is to provide a novel form of curtain pole wherein the use of rings and pins are dispensed with in supporting curtains from a pole.

Another object of this invention is to provide a simple and inexpensive curtain pole to which one or more curtains may be suitably attached and draped.

A further object of this invention is to provide brackets of a novel form for supporting my improved curtain pole.

With these and other objects in view which will more readily appear as the invention is better understood, the same consists in the novel construction, combination and arrangement of parts to be hereinafter more fully described and then specifically pointed out in the appended claims.

Referring to the drawing forming part of this specification, like numerals of reference designate corresponding parts throughout the several views, in which: Figure 1 is a front elevation of my improved curtain

pole, Fig. 2 is a cross sectional view of the same, Fig. 3 is a fragmentary longitudinal sectional view of the same, Fig. 4 is a perspective view of a bracket used to support the pole, Fig. 5 is a perspective view of a modified form of bracket, Fig. 6 is a perspective view of the inner curtain supporting section of the pole, Fig. 7 is a similar view of the outer section of the pole, and Fig. 8 is a cross sectional view of a modified form of pole.

My improved pole comprises a slotted inner cylindrical section 1 having depending flanges 2. Upon this section curtains 3 are arranged and an outer cylindrical section 4 is adapted to fit upon the inner section 1 and retain the curtain upon said inner section.

The longitudinal edges of the slotted cylindrical section 4 are adapted to engage the flanges 2 of the section 1 and retain the curtains 3 upon the inner cylindrical section 1. The flanges 2 of the section 1 are cut away adjacent to the ends of said section, as at

6, to permit of knobs 7 fitting upon the ends of said 50 sections, said knobs being provided with sleeves 8 to receive the ends of said sections.

In Fig. 8 of the drawing, I have illustrated a slight modification of the inner section 1, wherein the same is formed of a plate bent to form two angular sides 9 55 over which curtains are hung, to be retained thereon by an outer section 10 similar to the section 4.

In connection with my improved pole, I use brackets 12, said brackets being formed of sheet metal cut or sheared and bent to form side flanges 14 having 60 openings 15 formed therein terminating in slots 16. The brackets are provided with upwardly bent ends 17 to be received in the slot of the inner section 1 of the pole and support the latter. The upwardly bent ends 17 of the brackets are adapted to engage between 65 the angular sides 9 of the inner section illustrated in Fig. 8 of the drawings when it is desired to use the modified form of pole.

In Fig. 5 of the drawings, a modified form of bracket is illustrated adapted to be used in connection with 70 an ordinary pole, the bracket being cut and bent to form two upwardly extending ends 18, between which an ordinary pole can rest. The brackets are detachably connected to a window or door frame by providing the same with headed screws or nails (not 75 shown), the brackets being spaced upon said screws and nails and then moved whereby the screws or nails become locked in the slots 16 of said brackets.

The pole is preferably made of light and durable metal that can be finished to correspond to the finish 80 of the compartment in which it is used. Suitable ornamentations other than the spherical bodies shown can be readily mounted upon the ends of the pole.

Such changes in the size and minor details of construction, as are permissible by the appended claims, 85 may be resorted to without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.

What I claim and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is:—

1. In a curtain pole, the combination with brackets having upwardly bent ends, of an inner slotted cylindrical section adapted to fit over the upwardly bent ends of said brackets, an outer cylindrical section fitting upon said inner section to the ends of said outer section, knobs mounted upon the ends of said outer section, and having sleeves to 95 receips said ends, substantially as described.

The combination with brackets having upwardly bent ends of a cylindrical slotted section mounted upon said and adapted to support curtains, an outer cylindrical

section fitting upon said inner section, and knobs carried by the ends of said outer section.

3. A curtain pole embodying an inner slotted and fanged cylindrical section, an outer slotted cylindrical section fitting over the first mentioned section, said inner section having its flanges cut away at the ends of the section, and knobs mounted on the ends of the outer section.

4. A curtain pole embodying an outer hollow section open on its underneath face, an inner section also open on 10 its underneath face and projecting through the open un-

derneath face of the outer section, and brackets having upturned ends projecting into the open anderneath face of the laner section and supporting the pole.

In testimous whereof I affix my signature in the presence of two witnesses.

ALEXANDER W. HUNTER.

Witnesses:

A. G. HARMUN,

II. A. STITT.