Na. 850,537.

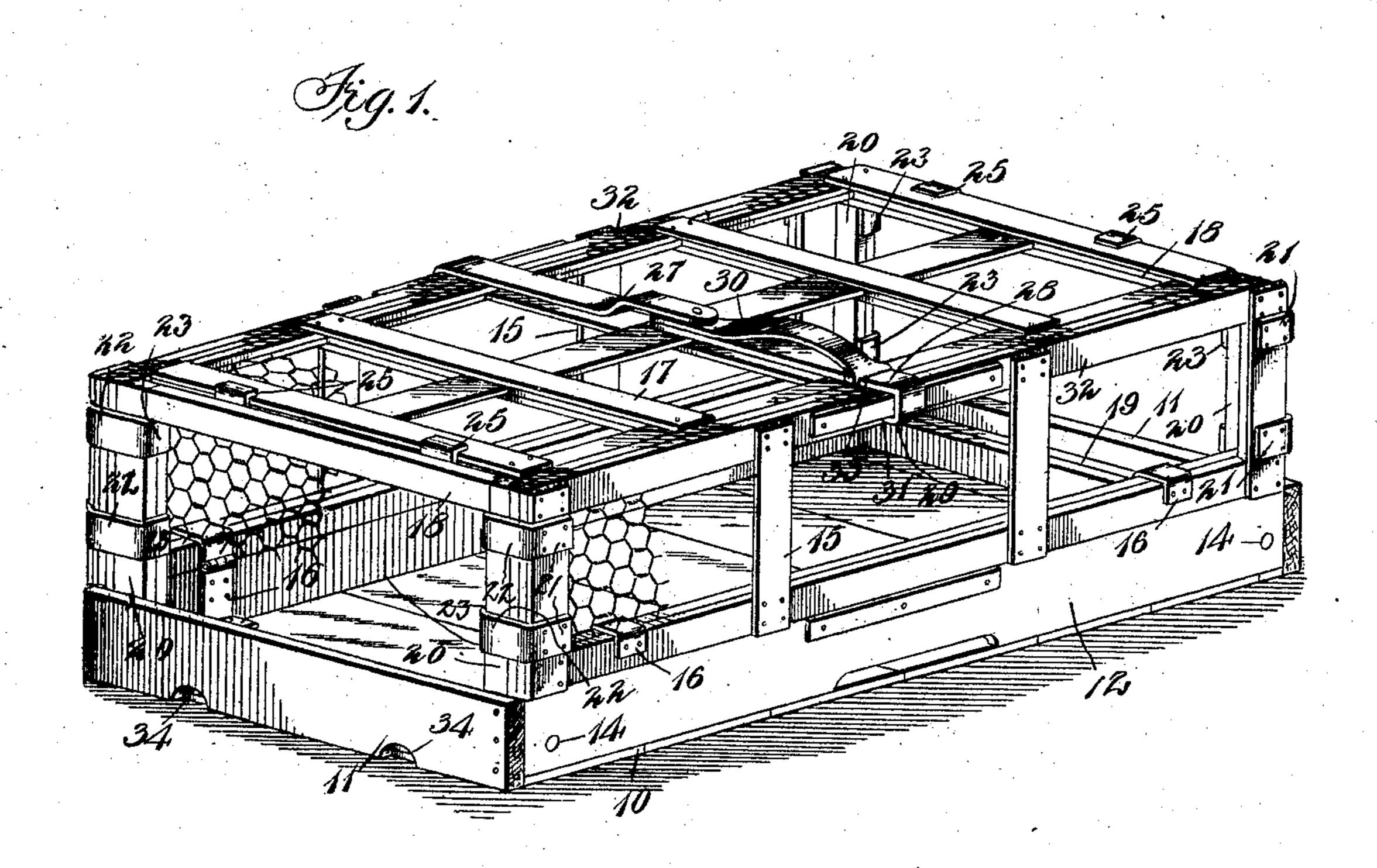
PATENTED APR. 16, 1907.

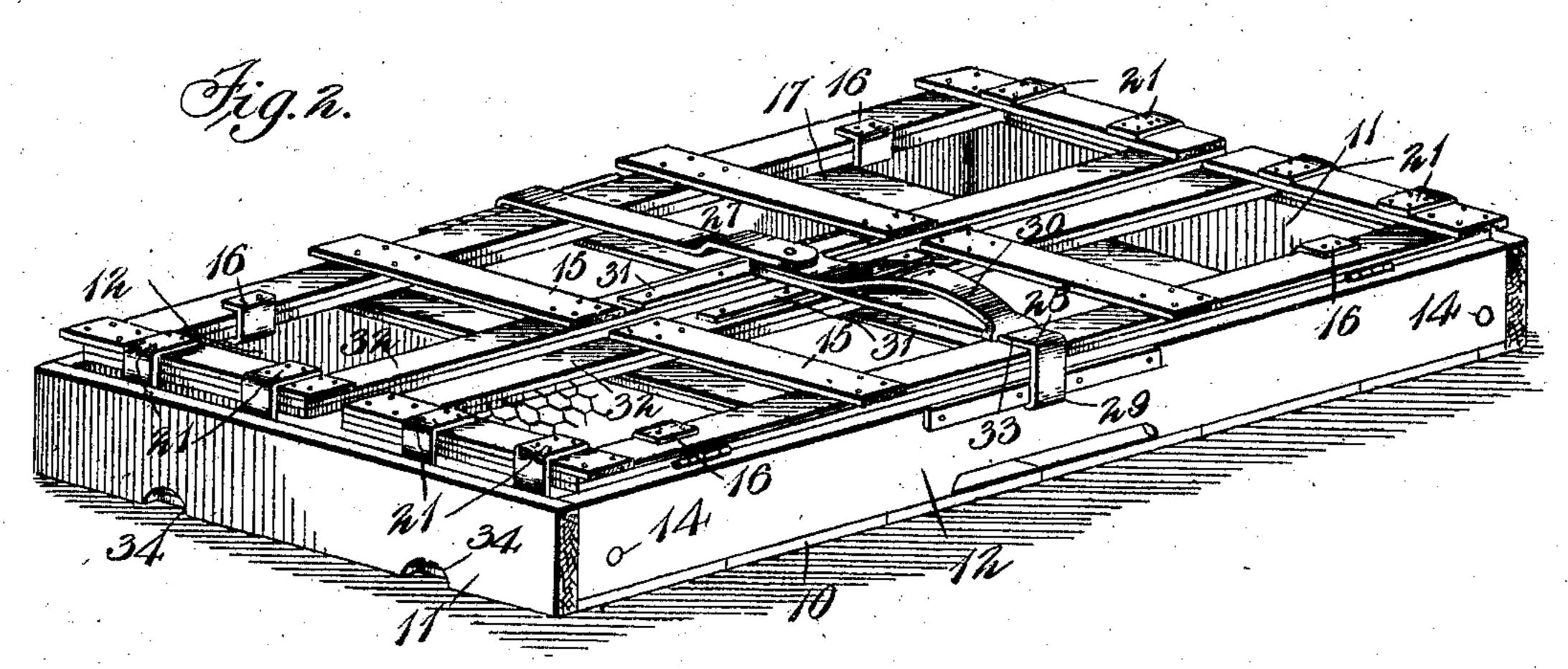
N. J. MoLEOD.

CRATE.

APPLICATION FILED MAR. 5, 1906.

2 SHEETS-SHEET 1.





WITNESSES: M. N. Ourand.

INVENTOR

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Milos Stereniesto Attorneys

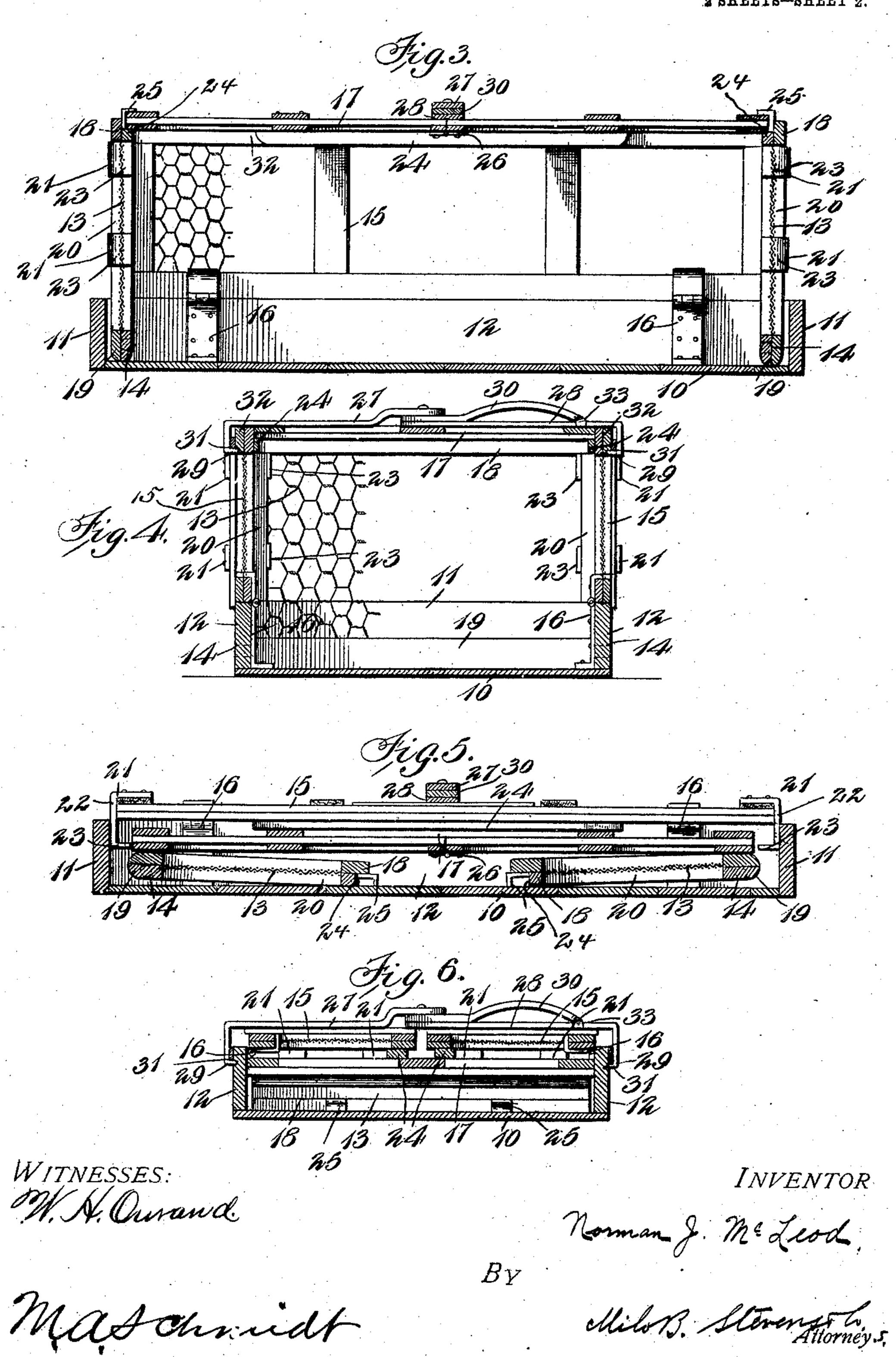
THE NORRIS PETERS CO., WASHINGTON, D. C.

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2 SHEETS-SHEET 2.



HE NORRIS PETERS CO., WASHINGTON, D. C.

STATES PATENT OFFICE.

NORMAN J. McLEOD, OF ROCK ISLAND, TEXAS, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO HEZAKIAH S. LUNDY, OF ROCK ISLAND, TEXAS.

CRATE.

No. 850,537.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented April 16, 1907.

Application filed March 5, 1906. Serial No. 304,240.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Norman J. McLeod, a citizen of the United States, residing at Rock Island, in the county of Colorado and State 5 of Texas, have invented new and useful Improvements in Crates, of which the following is a specification.

This invention is a crate, and more particularly one which can be knocked down or 10 folded into a small and compact form for con-

venience in shipping.

The object of the invention is to provide a crate of this kind embodying certain novel features of construction hereinafter described 15 and claimed.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective view of the crate set up. Fig. 2 is a perspective view showing the crate folded. Fig. 3 is a longitudinal section, and Fig. 20 4 is a transverse sectional view, of the crate in set-up position. Fig. 5 is a longitudinal section, and Fig. 6 is a transverse section, of

the crate in folded position.

25 denotes the bottom of the crate. Secured to the four edges of the bottom are ledges 11 and | 12, the ledges 11 being at the ends and the ledges 12 at the sides. The lower ends of the end walls 13 of the crate extend behind the 30 ledges 11 and have projecting pins 14, which extend into holes in the ledges 12, whereby said end walls are pivoted to the ledges 12. The side walls 15 of the crate are hinged, as at 16, to the ledges 12. The top of the crate 35 is indicated as at 17.

The end walls of the crate comprise top and bottom bars or slats 18 and 19, respectively, and end bars 20, to which a wire fabric is secured. These bars are doubled, and 40 the wire fabric extends therebetween. The side walls and top of the crate are similarly

constructed.

For holding the crate in set-up position angular metal straps 21 are provided. These 45 are fastened to each end of the side walls near the top and bottom thereof. The straps extend over the corners of the crate and the bars 20 of the end walls, as at 22. The parts 22 of the straps are formed with hooks 23, 50 which engage the inner edges of the bars 20. The hooks 23 of the top straps also engage the bottom edges of the top bars 18 of the end walls, so that when the crate is lifted by its

sides the weight will be taken off the hinges 16. By extending the straps 21 over the cor- 55 ners of the crate, as shown, they are also made to serve as stays for strengthening the same.

The top 17 of the crate fits between the side and end walls, being supported on seats 6c 24 thereon. Hooks 25 are secured to the end walls, under which the top extends when it is in position on the crate, whereby it is securely held in place. The top is in two sections, which are hinged together, as at 26. 65 Upon placing the ends of the top under the hooks 25 and pressing down to straighten out the top it will be jammed tightly against the end walls. When the top is in position, the side and end walls are secured against 70. collapsing inwardly, and the corner-stays 21 effectively prevent outward collapse thereof.

Additional means for holding the parts together comprising oppositely-extending clamping-bars 27 and 28, having their outer 75 ends formed with hooks 29 and pivotally con-Referring specifically to the drawings, 10 | nected at their inner ends to a lever 30. In use the clamp is placed on top of the crate, with the hooks engaging recesses 31 in the top bars 32 of the side walls. The lever is 80 then swung around to draw the clampingbars inwardly, whereby the walls of the crate will be tightly clamped together. The outer end of the lever 30 is notched, as at 33, to engage one of the clamping-bars, whereby it is 85 locked. The clamp herein described can be used when the crate is in set-up or knockdown position. In the latter position the clamping-bars engage the ledges 12.

To knock down the crate, the end walls are 90 folded inwardly upon the bottom of the crate and the side walls are folded inwardly over the end walls. The height of the ledges 12 is such that when the side and end walls are folded as stated there will be sufficient space 95 between said parts to receive the top of the crate. After the parts are folded as stated the clamping-bars are applied, which secures the crate in knockdown position. The ledges

11 have hand-holes 34.

I claim—

1. In a crate, the combination with folding side and end walls, hooks on opposite walls, and a sectional top with a toggle-joint between the sections for extending the free 105 ends thereof under the aforesaid hooks.

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2. In a crate, the combination with folding side and end walls, said end walls having top, bottom and end bars, of hooks extending from the ends of the side walls and over end bars and engaging the bottom of the top bars of the end walls.

In testimony whereof I have signed my

name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

NORMAN J. McLEOD.

Witnesses:

L. O. Lundy,

D. C. Lundy.