

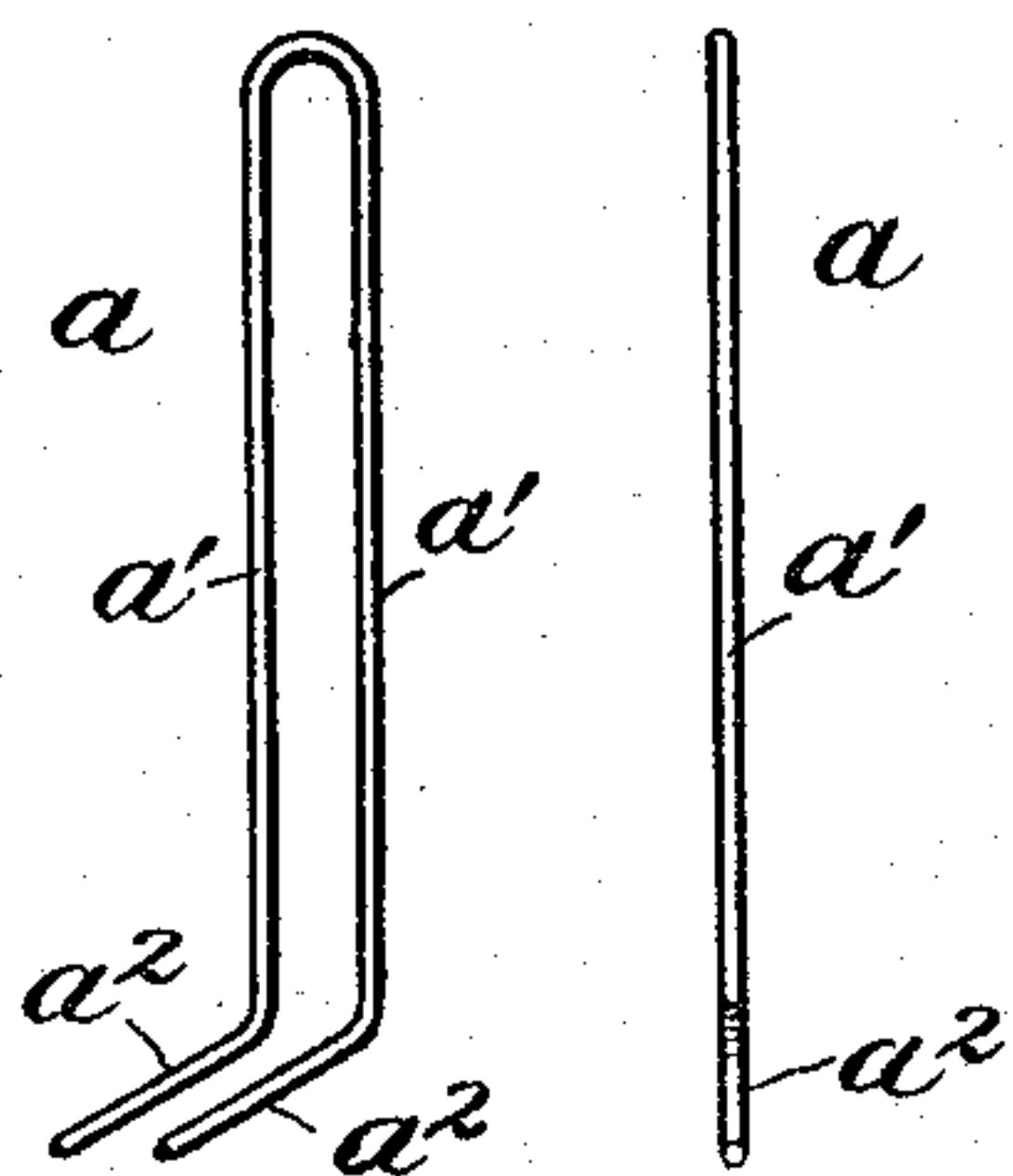
No. 848,048.

PATENTED MAR. 26, 1907.

R. I. PRYCE-JONES.  
HAIR PIN.

APPLICATION FILED FEB. 24, 1906.

*Fig.1. Fig.2.*



WITNESSES:

*Robert H. Stewart*

*J. B. Lloyd*

INVENTOR:

*R. I. Pryce-Jones*

# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ROSINA IDA PRYCE-JONES, OF NEWTOWN, ENGLAND.

## HAIR-PIN.

No. 848,048.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented March 26, 1907.

Application filed February 24, 1906. Serial No. 302,761.

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that I, ROSINA IDA PRYCE-JONES, of St. Davids, Newtown, in the county of Montgomery, North Wales, a subject of the  
5 King of Great Britain and Ireland, have invented a certain new and useful Improved Hair-Pin, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to hair-pins, and is  
10 designed to diminish the tendency for such appliances to fall out of place.

A hair-pin as ordinarily formed consists of a piece of wire pointed at each end and bent about the middle of its length, so as to form  
15 two parallel prongs. In some instances these prongs are curved or waved or otherwise irregularly shaped in order to increase their frictional hold upon the hair.

In the accompanying drawings, Figures 1  
20 and 2 illustrate in front view and in side view, respectively, a hair-pin constructed according to my invention.

A hair-pin constructed according to my improved method consists of a piece *a* of  
25 wire, celluloid, or other suitable material pointed at each end and bent to the form of an elongated U, as above described; but the two prongs *a'* *a'* are toward their outer extremities bent to an obtuse angle in the same  
30 plane as said prongs, as shown in the accompanying drawings. In inserting a hair-pin formed in this manner in a mass of hair the bent extremities *a''* *a''* of the prongs cause the hair-pin to follow a curved path. The path  
35 so traversed does not, however, correspond with the position ultimately occupied by

the hair-pin, the form of the latter being substantially different in shape from that of the path traversed. By reason also of the distance between the two prongs being less below the bend than above that point the  
40 quantity of hair which enters between the prongs is not in excess of that for which suitable space immediately within the loop of the U is afforded.

Although no difficulty is presented to the withdrawal of a hair-pin shaped in the manner described the hold exercised upon it by the hair is so far increased as to greatly diminish the tendency for it to work out of its  
45 own accord. Owing, moreover, to the points of the hair-pin not being in line with the body thereof, danger of the former being driven into the head of the wearer under accidental circumstances is avoided or largely  
55 diminished.

What I claim as my invention, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

The hair-pin herein described comprising two prongs parallel throughout their length,  
60 said prongs being straight from the top to a point near their extremities, where they are bent laterally at an *obtuse* angle and in such a manner that the bent extremities and body of the prongs are in the same plane.  
65

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

ROSINA IDA PRYCE-JONES.

Witnesses:

ROBERT H. STEWART,  
J. B. LLOYD.