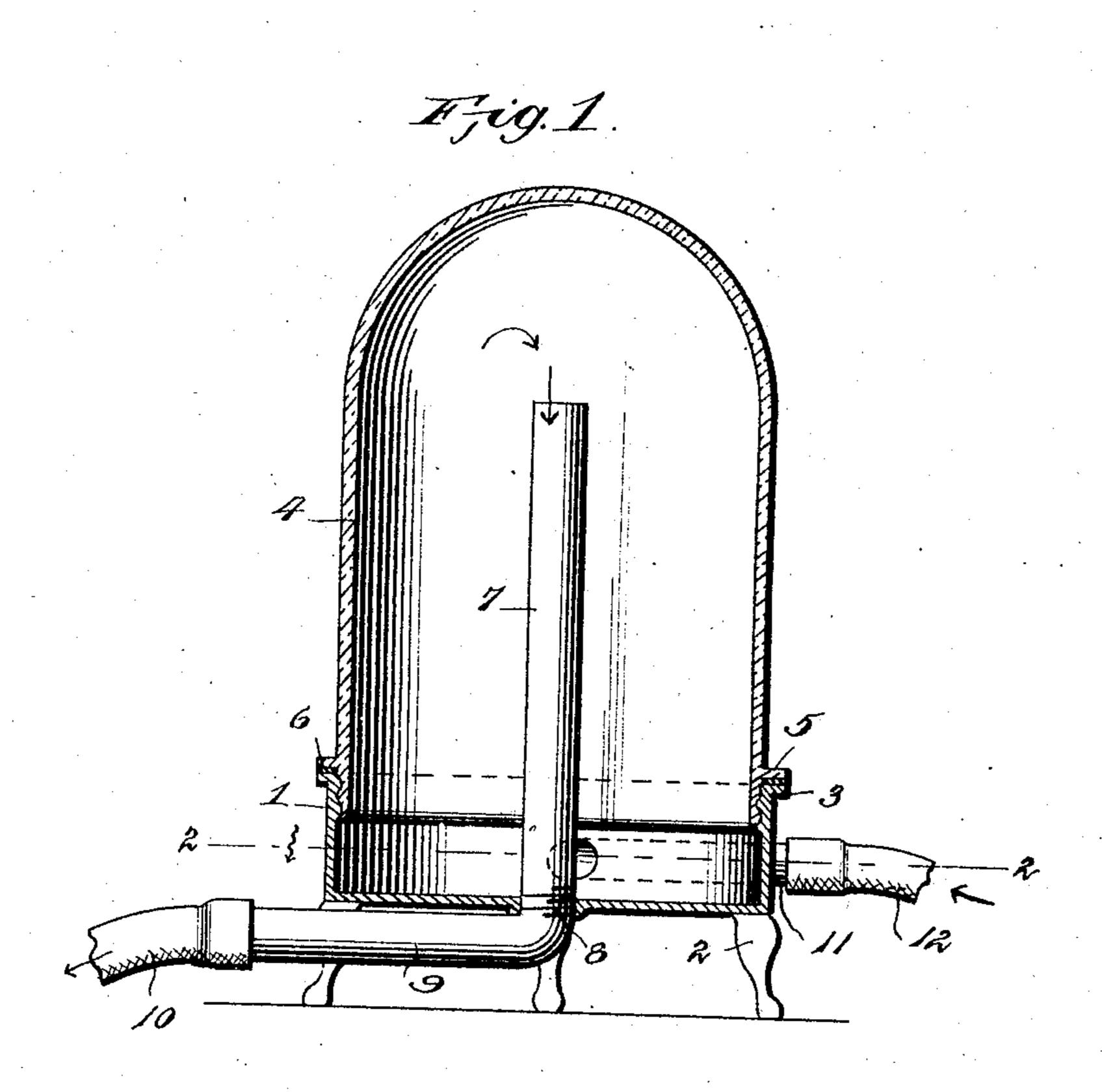
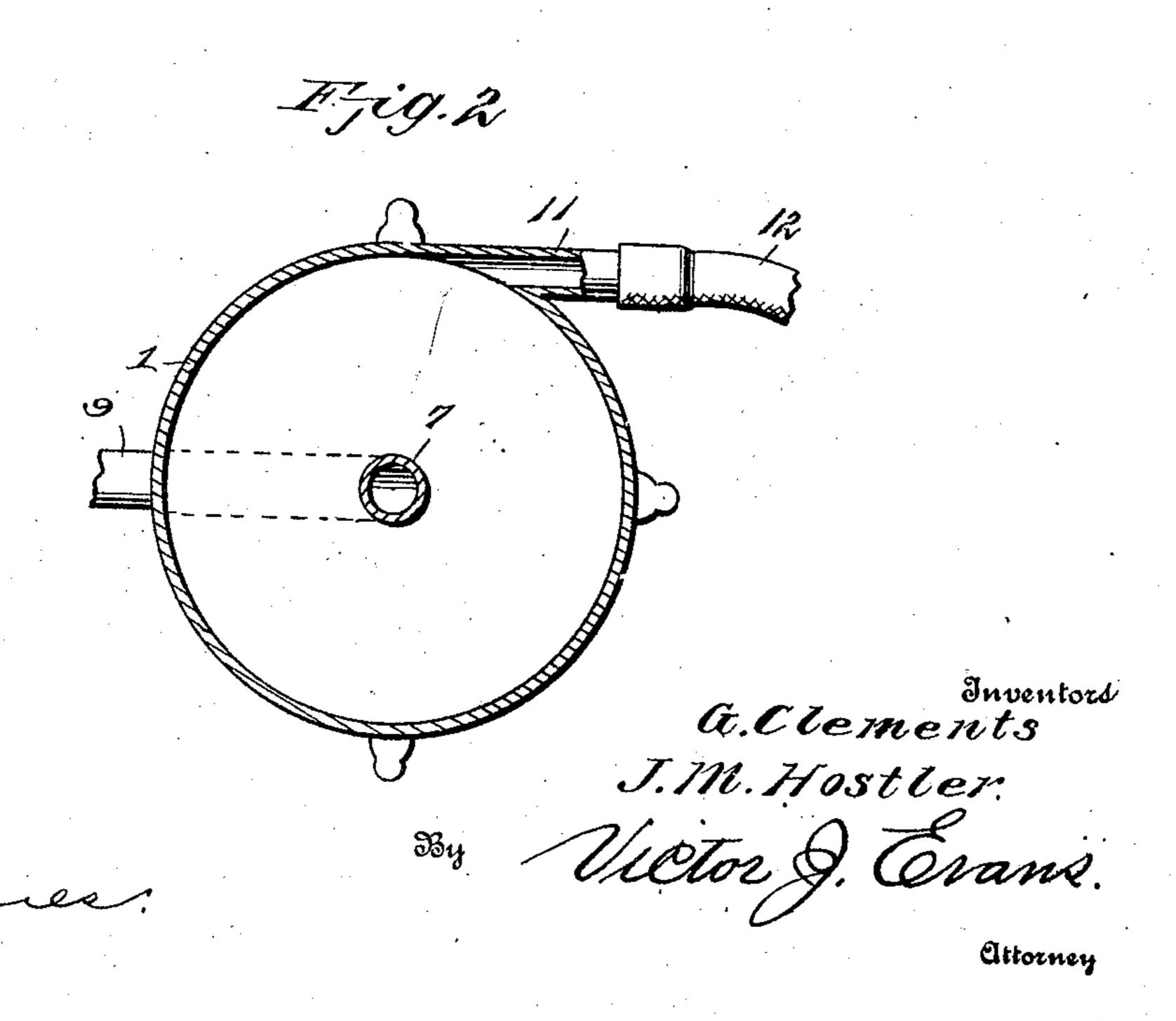
No. 847,729.

PATENTED MAR. 19, 1907.

G. CLEMENTS & J. M. HOSTLER.
ATTACHMENT FOR VACUUM CLEANING SYSTEMS.
APPLICATION FILED APR. 4, 1906.





## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

GEORGE CLEMENTS AND JAMES M. HOSTLER, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, AS-SIGNORS TO HYGIENIC RENOVATING CO., A CORPORATION OF ILLINOIS.

## ATTACHMENT FOR VACUUM CLEANING SYSTEMS.

No. 847,729.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Farented March 19, 1907.

Application filed April 4, 1906. Serial No. 309,801.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, George Clements and James M. Hostler, citizens of the United States of America, residing at Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, have invented new and useful Improvements in Attachments for Vacuum Cleaning Systems, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to improvements in vacuum cleaning systems for removing dust and dirt from houses, cars, and other edifices and apartments, and particularly to an attachment for apparatus of this character 15 adapted to be applied between the suctionnozzle and dust-separator of the system, whereby the dust-laden air which is being discharged through the system may be conveniently viewed, the object of the invention 20 being to provide a simple, compact, and inexpensive device for this purpose which may be readily applied in position and will circulate the dust-laden air in the most efficient manner to enable the same to be observed 25 by the operator and its density or character determined.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a central vertical section of the device. Fig. 2 is a horizontal section of the same on the 30 line 2 2 of Fig. 1.

Referring to the drawings, the numeral 1 designates a hollow or chambered base closed. at the bottom and open at the top and provided with suitable supporting-legs 2. The 35 upper end of the base is formed with an outwardly-projecting horizontal seat-flange 3 and is internally threaded to receive the externally-threaded lower end of a transparent bell or dome 4, provided with a similar flange 40 5, a packing ring or gasket 6 being interposed between the said flanges 3 and 5 to form an air and dust proof joint. The base and bell form an observation casing or chamber through which the dust-laden air passes on 45 its circulation through the system, the transparent character of the bell, which is preferably constructed of glass, allowing the air passing therein to be conveniently viewed.

Extending upwardly into the casing or 50 chamber is an outlet-pipe 7, which terminates at its upper end below the curved top of the bell or dome and is threaded at its lower end for connection with the bottom of a horizontally-extending discharge branch 9, 55 leading beyond the base and adapted for connection with a hose-pipe 10, leading to the separator.

The dust-laden air enters the base 1 hrough an inlet pipe or nipple 11, adapted 60 for connection with a hose-pipe section 12. leading from the suction-nozzle of the apparatus. This inlet pipe or nipple 12 is disposed at one side of and tangential to the periphery of the base and eccentric to the axis 65 thereof and to the outlet-pipe 7, so that the entering dust-laden air will sweep around the inner wall of the casing or chamber or be given a gyratory motion, thus, in effect, imparting a swirl to the entering current of 70 dust-laden air, thereby keeping the dust and other impurities carried thereby in constant motion, so that they may be readily viewed through the shell 4 and their character and quantity determined. After circulating in 75 the casing the air, with its contained impurities, discharges through the outlet-pipe 7 and passes to the separator of the cleaning apparatus, wherein the impurities are separated from the air and deposited and retained for 80 removal.

It will be apparent that the device provides a simple and inexpensive construction of observation-chamber wherein the amount and character of the dust and other foreign 85 particles removed from an article or apartment may be quickly and conveniently determined without liability of the same escaping while in transit to the separator.

Having thus described the invention, what 90 is claimed as new is-

1. A device of the character described comprising a base, a transparent dome carried by the base, an outlet-pipe opening at its upper end into the top of the dome and 95 leading outwardly through the base, and an inlet arranged tangentially to the base.

2. A device of the character described comprising a chamber, the interior of which is adapted to be viewed from the outside, an 100 outlet leading from said chamber, and an inlet communicating tangentially with the chamber.

3. A device of the character described comprising a vertically-disposed chamber, 105 an outlet arranged in the axial line of the chamber and leading from the upper portion the base, as indicated at 8, and provided with of the same downwardly and outwardly.

municating tangentially with the base of the chamber.

4. A device of the character described 5 comprising a base, a transparent dome carried by the base, an elbow outlet-pipe having one of its branches opening at its upper end into the top of the dome and leading downward from the base and its other branchex-

through the base thereof, and an inlet com- tending outwardly beneath the base, and an 10

inlet arranged tangentially to the base.

In testimony whereof we affix our signatures in presence of two witnesses.

GEORGE CLEMENTS. JAMES M. HOSTLER.

Witnesses: EDWARD R. FLESCH, GROVE S. LEE.