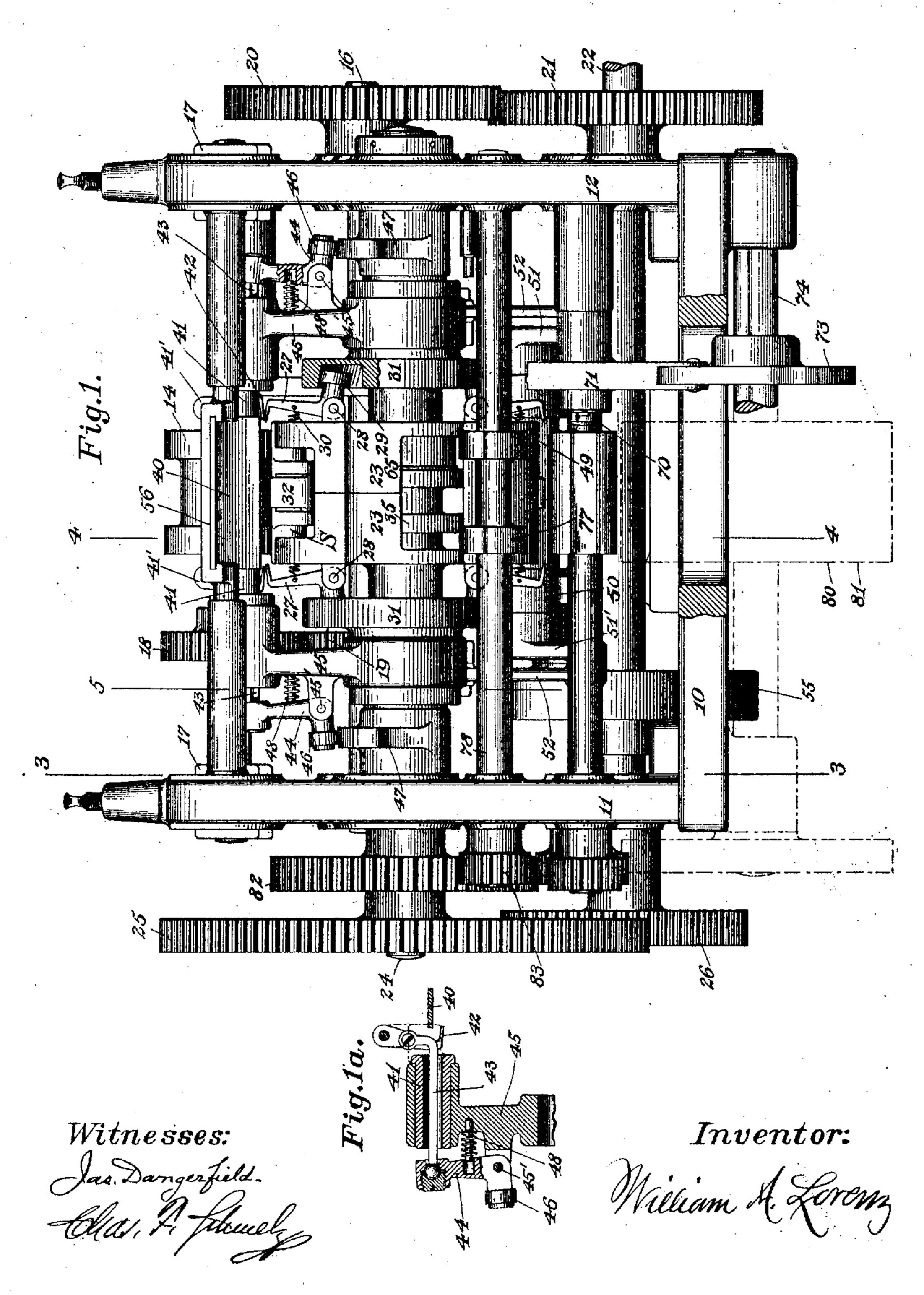
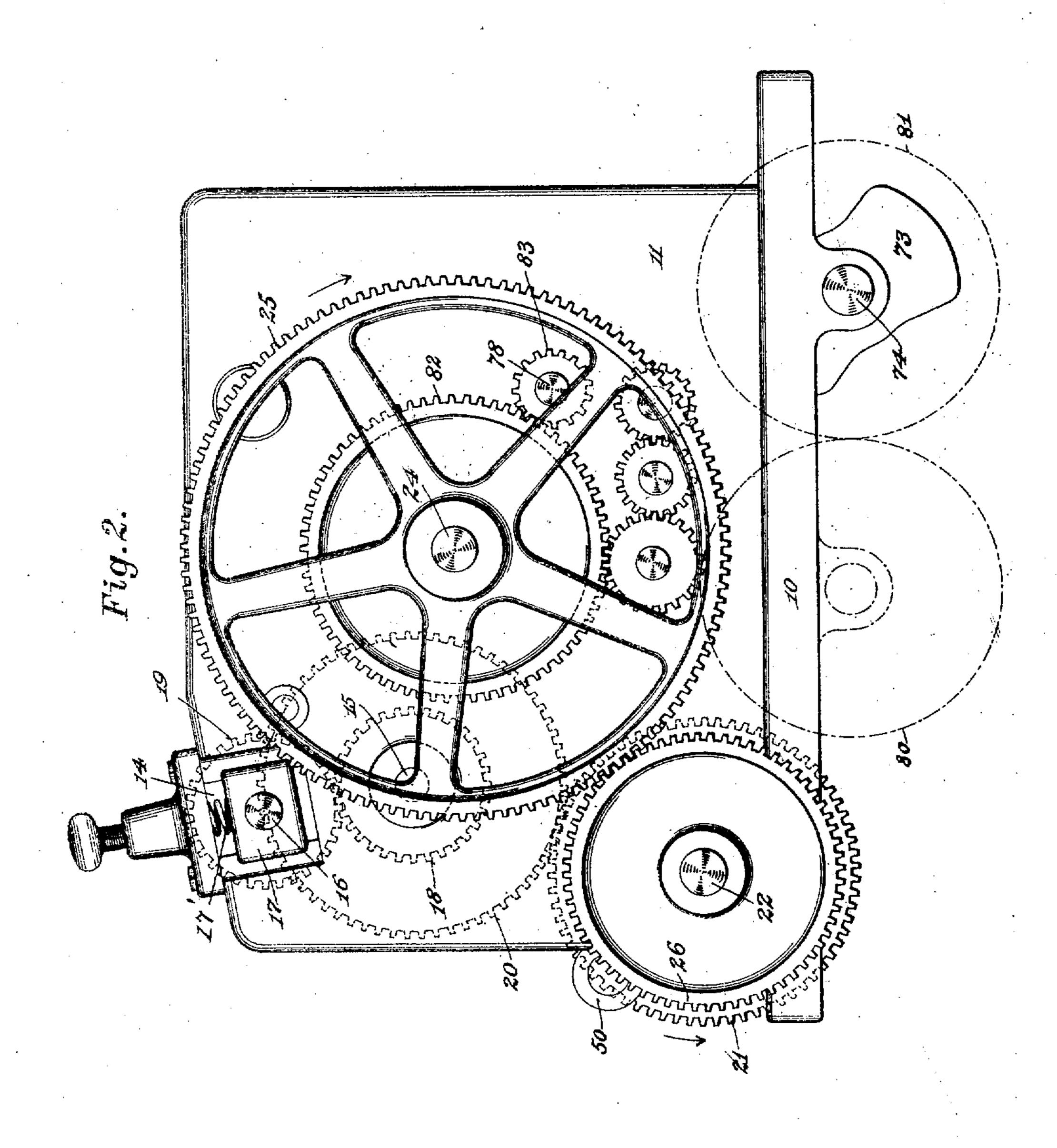
W. A. LORENZ. PAPER BAG MACHINE. APPLICATION FILED 007.5, 1900.

6 SHEETS-SHEET 1.



W. A. LORENZ. PAPER BAG MACHINE. APPLICATION FILED OCT. 5, 1900.

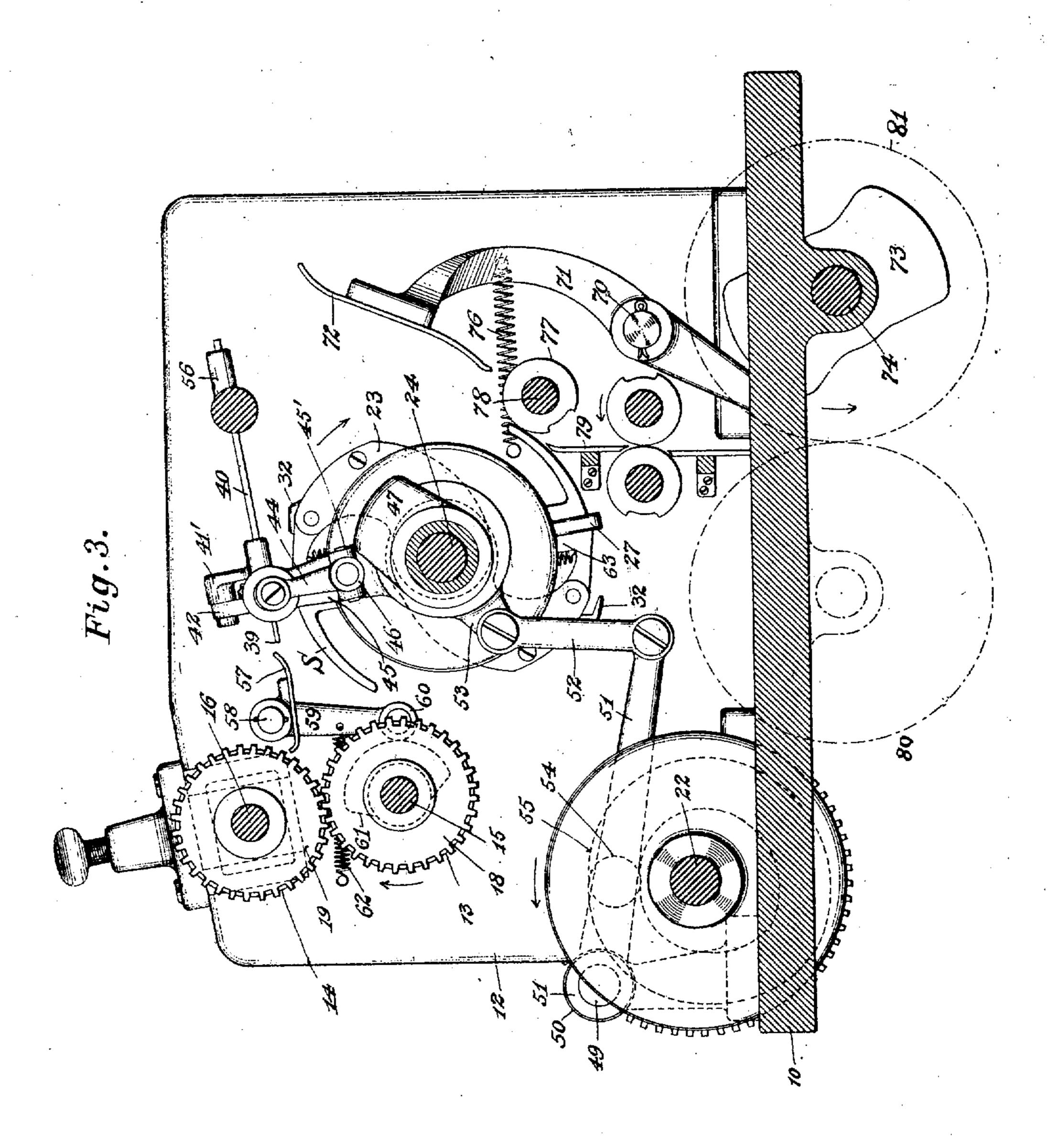


Witnesses: Jas Dangerfield. Cottas, I. Johnson

Inventor:

W. A. LORENZ. PAPER BAG MACHINE. APPLICATION FILED OUT. 5, 1900.

6 SHEETS-SHEET 3.

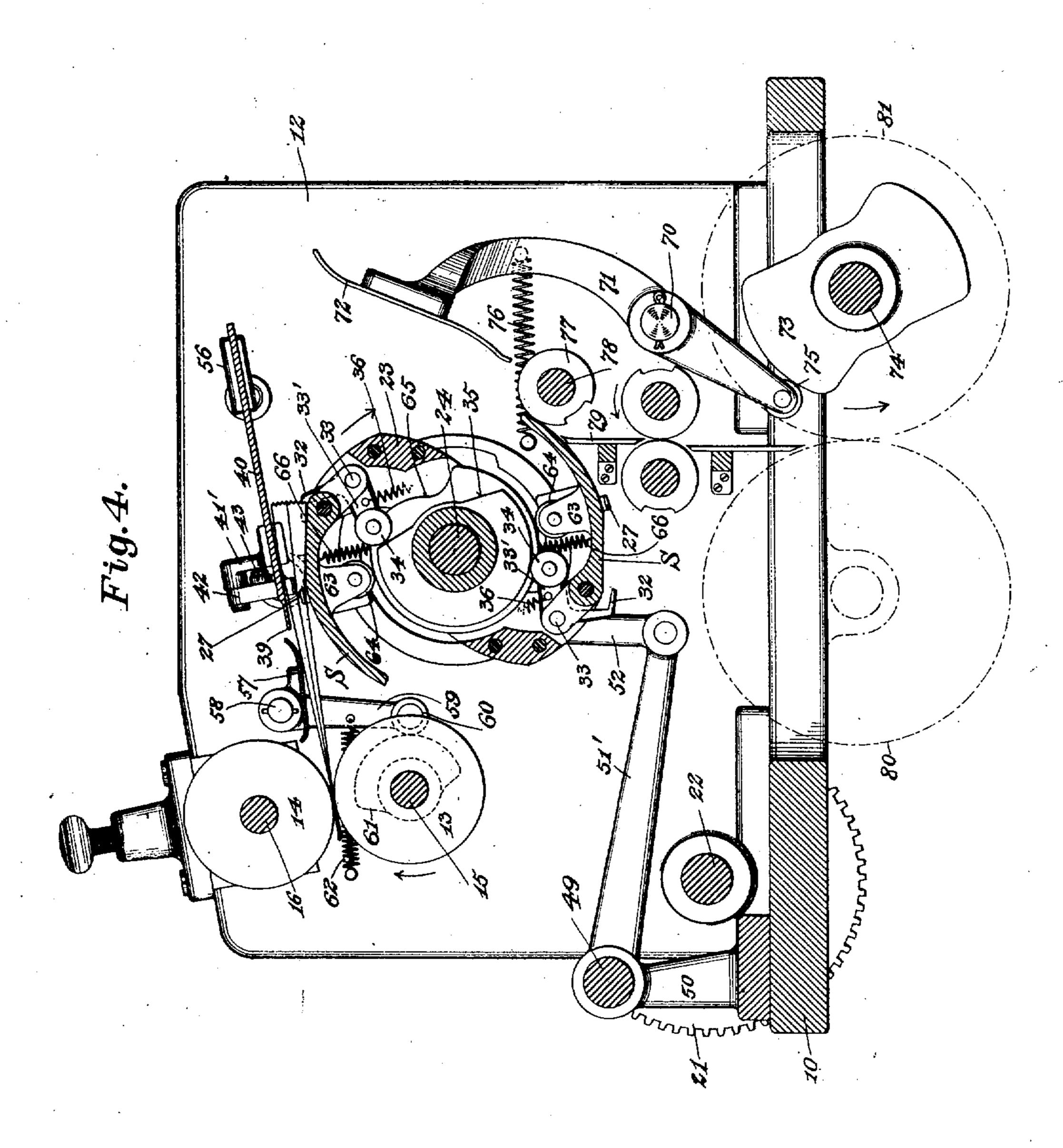


Witnesses: Jas. Dangerfield. Elles. It thing Inventor: William A. Lorenz

PATENTED MAR. 12, 1907.

W. A. LORENZ. PAPER BAG MACHINE. APPLICATION FILED OCT. 5, 1900.

6 SHEETS-SHEET 4.



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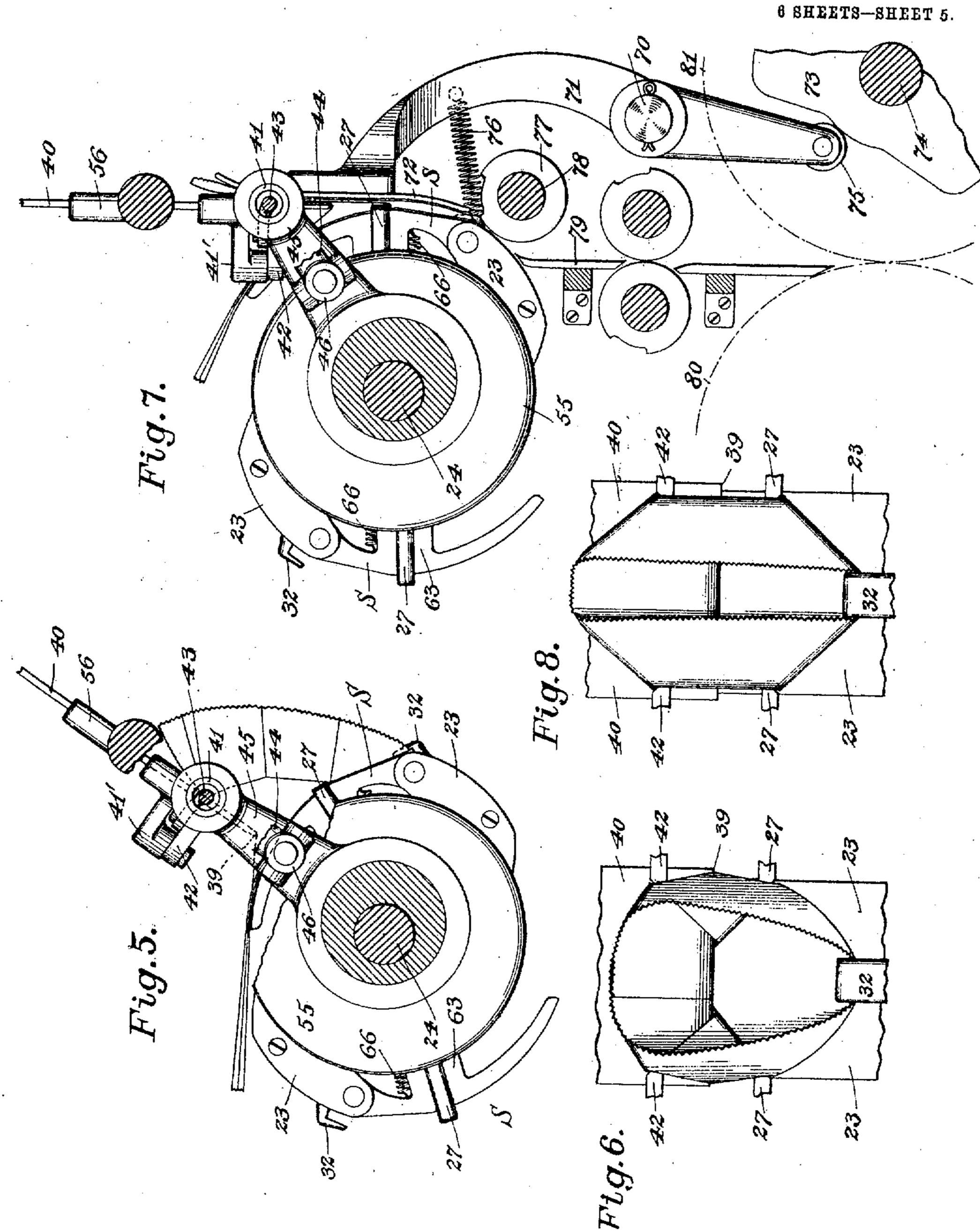
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- W. A. LORENZ. PAPER BAG MACHINE. APPLICATION FILED OUT. 5, 1900.

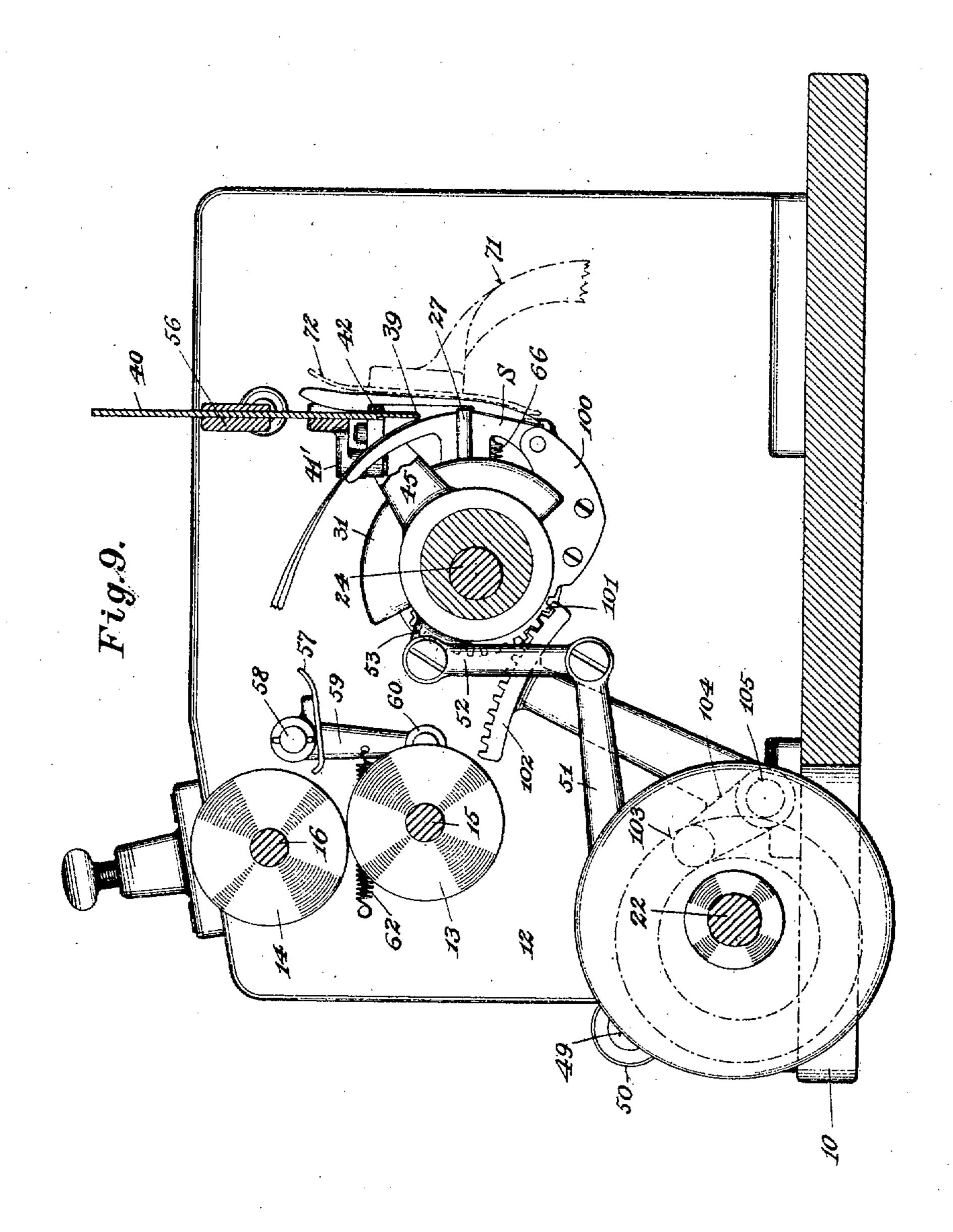


Witnesses: Jas. Dangerfield: That, Afthuel

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6 SHEETS-SHEET 6



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM A. LORENZ, OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT, ASSIGNOR TO UNION PAPER-BAG MACHINE COMPANY, OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA, A CORPORATION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

PAPER-BAG MACHINE.

No. 847,191.

Specification of Letters Patent. Application filed October 5, 1900. Serial No. 32,123.

Patented March 12, 1907.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM A. LORENZ, a · citizen of the United States, residing at Hartford, in the county of Hartford and State of 5 Connecticut, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Paper-Bag Machines, of which the following is a full, clear,

and exact specification.

This invention relates to paper-bag ma-10 chines, and more particularly to that variety thereof which are employed in forming square-bottom bags from bellows-sided or tucked tubing; and it has for one of its objects the provision of a machine of this char-15 acter whereby the inner triangular folds are formed while the tucked sides of the bellowssided tube are distended to a certain degree, after which the diamond is pasted and the flaps are subsequently tolded to complete 20 the bag.

My invention comprises as one of its features a blank-folding member having a bottom-defining edge which is maintained at a substantial distance from the blank-support-25 ing surface of a suitable carrier or support during the triangular-fold-forming period, the amount of such distance or of the separation of the tucked tube sides depending upon the material of which the bags are to be made.

Another feature of my invention may be found in the organization of the blank-folding member with its operating mechanism. the former being pivotally supported at a point remote from the defining edge and in 35 an advancing device, so that while its defining edge moves in an orbit around its support-axis the axis itself advances also. The particular advantage derived from this organization is a gain of time in the operation 40 of folding the diamond, this gain being due to the fact that the defining edge is permitted to follow the movement of the blank-carrier for a greater distance than is possible when the supporting-axis of the folding member 45 has no advancing traveling movement. In the latter case the operation of folding the diamond is necessarily limited to a certain amount of linear travel of the blank, while in the present case the diamond-folding opera-50 tion is continued for a longer period in the linear travel of the blank.

In the drawings accompanying this specification, and in which similar characters des-

ignate similar parts, Figure 1 is a front view of my improved machine. Fig. 1a is a detail 55 view of a box-holder and its operating mechanism. Fig. 2 is a side view thereof looking from the left of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a vertical section on line 3 3, Fig. 1. Fig. 4 is a similar section on line 44, Fig. 1. Figs. 5 to 8, inclu-60 sive, are views on an enlarged scale, Fig. 5 illustrating in detail the blank-carrier and the blank-folding member coöperative therewith in a position where the end of the blank has been opened out sufficiently to form the 65 "box" and the inner triangular folds. Fig. 6 illustrates a front view of the blank opened out as shown in Fig. 5. Fig. 7 is a view similar to Fig. 5, showing the parts in a position when the diamond has been substantially 70 completed by the coaction of the carrier and the folding member and after the drop-plate has flattened the diamond. Fig. 8 is a front view of the blank corresponding to the condition shown in Fig. 7. Fig. 9 is a vertical 75 section of a machine embodying a modification of my invention.

In the drawings, 10 designates a bed-plate, to which are secured two upright side frames 11 and 12, in which the several cooperative 80 shafts for driving the various devices are supported. Suitable means are provided for feeding blanks of bellows-sided tubing into the machine, such means consisting in the present instance of suitable feed-rollers 13 35 and 14, mounted on shafts 15 and 16, respectively, the latter of which is journaled in boxes 17, movably held in the side frames and acted upon by suitable springs 17'. (See Fig. 2.) The feed-rollers are caused to move 9°. together by means of gears 18 19, mounted on the shafts 15 and 16, respectively, and are driven by a gear 20, mounted on the lower roll-shaft and obtaining motion from a similar gear 21, carried on a shaft 22, which con- 95 stitutes the main driving-shaft of the machine and to which power may be applied from any ordinary source. From the feedrollers a blank or tube is conducted to a suitable carrier, upon which each blank is re- 100 tained during the bottom or diamond-forming operation. Connected for cooperation with the carrier is a blank-folding member adapted for engaging the upper ply of the tube or blank, while suitable means are pro- 105 vided for holding the lower ply of the blank

in place on the carrier, both carrier and blank-folding member coacting to open out the end of the blank and form the diamond, as will hereinafter appear. The carrier is in 5 this instance of the rotary type and pivotally carries a piurality of blank-supports, all of the supports cooperating with the same blank-folding member in consecutive order. The carrier 23 is secured upon a shaft 24, to which receives rotary movement through a gear 25, secured thereto and in engagement with a gear 26, mounted upon the main driving-shaft 22, above mentioned. In order to obviate any interference between the blank-15 folding member and the blank-support S, the latter is pivotally held on the carrier 23 and is provided with an inwardly-projecting extension 63, carrying a roller 64, which is adapted to travel around the periphery of a 20 preferably stationary cam 65, while a spring 66 may serve to swing the support S inward around its pivot-support when permitted to do so by the cam 65. The contour of the cam 65 is such as to position the blank-sup-25 port relatively to the defining edge, so as to maintain the proper required distance between the defining edge 39 and the blanksupport S during the triangular fold-forming operation. The means or devices for holding 30 the lower ply of the tube on the support S consist, preferably, of a pair of tuck-holders 27, journaled at 28 on each side of the blanksupport and carrying cam-rollers 29, which travel around the periphery of suitable cams 35 31, causing the tuck-holders to release the blank on both sides simultaneously and at the proper time against the action of springs 30, whereby said tuck-holders are closed against the blank. The support S is also 40 provided with a device for gripping or holding the front end of the lower ply of the tube or blank, this device being shown herein as a front diamond-holder 32, journaled at 33. The arm 33' of the front diamond-holder 32 45 carries a roll 34, in engagement with a suitable cam 35, whereby as the carrier rotates said holder 32 will be caused to release the blank at a certain time, while a spring 36 may be employed for closing said holder over the 50 lower ply of the blank. The blank-folding member which, as has

before been stated, is connected for coöperation with the blank-support, consists, preferably, of a plate one edge of which constitutes 55 the bottom-defining edge and which is mounted for oscillation upon an axis which is carried forward and back in the general direction of travel of the blank-support. While generally a blank-folding member mounted 60 in accordance with my invention-viz., in a carrier which is advanceable with the blankcarrier—may be advantageously employed where the blank-carrier and the defining carrier by a shaft 49, journaled in bearings edge travel in close contact with each other

that it is preferable to maintain a substantial degree of separation between the defining edge of the blank-folding member and the blank-support during the time that they coact in opening out the end of the blank to define 70 the so-called "inside triangular folds," so as to stretch out the tucked sides of the tube and define the outer corners and margins of these triangular folds at an early stage in the oscillatory movement of the blank-folding mem- 75 ber before the flap of the top and the bottom walls of the blank are separated far enough to put an inward strain upon the adjacent ends of the tucked sides, and thereby cause malformations of the diamond fold. In the 8c present instance both the blank-support and the support-axis of the folding member are capable of advancement, so that the defining edge will travel in unison with the blank-support during a portion of its working stroke, 85 while the outer end of said member may be guided in such a manner as to cause said member to turn around its axis of support.

The blank-folding member herein shown consists of a plate 40, having a defining edge 90 39 and provided at its sides with brackets having trunnions 41, whereby said plate is pivotally supported at an axis remote from the defining edge. Each of the brackets has an extension 41', adapted to receive suitable 95 means for engaging the upper ply of the blank and for holding the same against the plate 40. The means for holding the upper ply of the blank against the folding-plate consist in the present instance of devices in 100 the form of side grippers or box-holders 42, each of which enters one of the side tucks of the blank and each of which is pivoted in an extension 41'. The means for causing each of the box-holders and member 40 to 105 approach and separate from each other to grip and release the portion of the blank received between them includes a link or barlike member 43, having its axis substantially coincident with the axis of the trunnions and 110 passing through the same. (See Fig. 1^a.) The outer end of the link 43 is of spherical form adapted to fit a similarly-formed recess in an angle-lever 44, which is pivoted at 45' to the trunnion-carrying-arms 45 and car- 11: ries a roller 46 in engagement with a cam 47, which is preferably stationary and which serves to close the box-holders against the upper ply of the blank at the proper time, while a spring, such as 48, may be employed 12 for opening the same. Each of the arms 45 is locsely and preferably eccentrically mounted relatively to the axis of the blank-carrier, as indicated in Fig. 5 and as is also shown more clearly in Fig. 9, and both arms 45 may 12 obtain a proper oscillatory movement, so as to move in unison and to advance with the 50 and carrying at its outer ends crank-65 during the working stroke, vet I consider larms 51 51', connected by means of links 52. 13

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with lugs 53, secured to or forming a part of \ the arms 45. One of said crank-arms—as, for instance, 51-may carry a roller 54, engaged by a cam 55, mounted upon the main 5 shaft 22 of the machine. It will now be understood that both arms 45 will be operated by the cam 55, so as to move in unison, and thus guide one end of the folding member or plate 40, and that the defining edge to has a forward swinging movement, while at the same time the axis of support of the folding-plate is also advancing. It will thus be seen that the arms 45 constitute supporting means by which the trunnions 41 15 and the folding mechanism or devices carried by said trunnions are advanced with each blank as the diamond folding operations are performed on such blank. The rear end of the folding member is preferably sup-20 ported in a pivoted guide 56, in which it may have a reciprocatory sliding movement. The other end of the plate, forming the defining edge 39, is caused to travel in a path separated or divergent from that of the 25 blank-support.

Interposed between the feed-rolls 13 14 and the carrier 23 is a guide-plate 57, whereby the blank as it is fed forward by the feedrolls will be guided with its front end be-30 tween the folding member and the blanksupport, and in order to permit such blank to avoid the edge of the folding member as it returns to its blank-receiving position the guide-plate 57 is movably supported near one 35 end of a shaft 58, receiving rocking movement through a lever 59 and a roll 60 from a cam 61, mounted upon the shaft 15 of the lower feed-roll 13, a spring 62 serving to keep said roller in engagement with the

40 cam 61.

Secured to the side frame 12 is a stud 70, on which is journaled intermediate its ends a lever 71, carrying at one end a drop-plate 72, adapted to coöperate with the blank-45 support S in flattening and completing the diamond. The lever 71 may be actuated by a cam 73, secured to a shaft 74 and engaging the cam-roller 75, journaled on the lever 71, while a spring 76 may be employed 50 to force the drop-plate 72 against the diamond. After the diamond has been flattened by the drop-plate the blank may be carried into contact with a presser-roll 77, mounted upon a shaft 78, after which a de-55 livery-plate 79 may deflect the blank from the carrier and conduct the same to other devices, which may include pasting and flapfolding devices 80 81, whereby the blank is transformed into the completed bag. Proper 60 rotary movement may be imparted to the shaft 78 by a gear 82, mounted upon the carrier-shaft 24 and driving the pinion 83, screwed upon said shaft 78.

In Fig. 9 I have shown a modification of 65 my improved machine, which in this instance

includes an oscillatory carrier instead of a rotary device, as above described. Here the carrier 100 is provided with gear-teeth 101 in engagement with a sector 102, to which proper movement may be imparted by 70 a cam 103 engaging a cam-roller journaled on the arm 104 of the sector 102, the latter being pivoted at 105 on the bed-plate of the machine.

The operation of my improved machine is 75 as follows: Bellows-sided or tucked tubing is introduced into the machine by the feed-rolls 13 14 and guided by the plate 57 between the blank-folding member 40 and the blank-support S in such a manner that the tuck-hold- 80 ers 27 and the front diamond-holder 32 will engage the lower ply of the blank shown in Fig. 3, and it will thus be carried along by the blank-support in the direction of the arrow. While the blank is delivered to the tuck-hold- 85 ers 27 the box-holders 42 of the blank-folding member 40 are open, and the movement of the latter with the box-holders is so timed relatively to the blank-support that the front edges of the tuck-holders and of the box- 90 holders will be in alinement with each other when they grip the blank, after which both the blank-support and the defining edge of the blank-folding member will travel in unison during the formation of the diamond. In 95 Fig. 6 the end of the tucked tube is shown opened out into what is generally known as the "box form," clearly illustrating the manner of forming the inside triangular folds, and in Fig. 7 the blank-folding member is shown 100 as having arrived at the end of its stroke and showing the drop-plate in its operative position substantially completing the diamond. The box-holders are then disengaged from the blank, and the blank-folding member will 105 then return to its blank-receiving position. while the blank is drawn forward from under the drop-plate 71 and carried into contact with the presser-roll. The front diamondholder and the tuck-holders then release the 110 blank, which is then deflected by the plate 79 toward the pasting and flap-folding devices, whereby the bag is completed.

It is evident that changes may be made in the particular construction of some of the 115. elements of my improved machine without departing from the gist of my invention. While I have shown and described the blankfolding member coöperative with a rotary blank-carrier, it should be understood that 120 other forms of carrier may be substituted

therefor.

In my prior application; Serial No. 27,86 t filed August 23, 1900, I have shown, described, and claimed certain combinations 125. shown and described but not claimed in this application. In so far as this application shows novel features in common with said prior application it is to be regarded as subordinate to said prior application.

Having described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. The combination, with a movable blanksupport, of an oscillatory blank-folding member having a defining edge, means for pivotally supporting said member on an axis remote from the edge, means for causing the advance movement of the blank-folding 10 member, and of its supporting means, with the blank-support, and means independent of and extraneous to the blank-support for oscillating said member in its support.

2. The combination, with a movable blank-15 support; of an oscillatory blank-folding member having a defining edge; means for pivotally supporting said member on an axis remote from the edge; means for oscillating said member in its support; and means for 20 advancing the pivot-support of the folding member with the blank-support during the

diamond-forming operation.

3. The combination with a movable blanksupport, of tuck-holders, a blank-folding 25 member having a defining edge, means for supporting said member for oscillation upon an axis remote from said edge, means for moving the blank-folding member forward in the general direction of movement of the 30 blank-support, means for oscillating said member on its axial support, and means for moving the blank-support to effect a substantial separation between the defining edge and the blank-support during the formation of 35 the inner triangular folds.

4. The combination with a movable blanksupport, of tuck-holders, a blank-folding member having a defining edge, means for supporting said member for oscillation on an 40 axis remote from said edge, means for oscillating said member on its axial support, means for advancing the said axial support in the general direction of travel of the blank-support during the diamond-forming operation, 45 and means for moving the blank-support to effect a substantial separation between the defining edge and the blank-support during the formation of the inner triangular folds.

5. The combination with a movable carrier having a relatively movable blank-support, of tuck-holders, a blank-folding member having a defining edge, means for supporting said member for oscillation on an axis re-55 mote from the defining edge, means for oscillating the said member in its support, means for moving and positioning said blank-support at a substantial distance from the defining edge during the formation of the inner 6c triangular folds, and means for advancing the axial support relative to the direction of travel of the blank-support.

6. The combination, with a movable carrier; and a movable blank-support having 65 tuck-holders; of an oscillatory blank-folding !

member having box-holders and a defining edge; means for pivotally supporting said member on an axis remote from the defining edge; means for oscillating said member in its support; and means for moving the piv- 70 otal support of the folding member forward relative to the direction of movement of the blank-support during the diamond-forming operation.

7. The combination, with a movable 75 blank-carrier, of a movable blank-support controlled by the movement of the carrier, and having tuck-holders, an oscillatory blank-folding member having box-holders and a defining edge, means for pivotally sup- 80 porting said folding member on an axis remote from its defining edge, means for oscillating said folding member in its support, and means for moving the pivotal support of the folding member forward relative to the direc- 85 tion of travel of the blank-support, during the blank-folding operation.

8. The combination, with a blank-support having tuck-holders; of an oscillatory blankfolding member coöperative therewith and 90 having a defining edge and box-holders: means for pivotally supporting said member on an axis remote from the defining edge; and a pivoted guide for guiding the oscilla-

tory movement of said member.

9. The combination with a movable blanksupport having tuck-holders, of an oscillatory blank-folding member coöperative with the blank-support, and having a defining edge and box-holders, arms mounted for oscilla- 100 tion and supporting said member for oscillation on an axis remote from the defining edge, and a pivot-guide for guiding the oscillatory movement of the folding member.

10. The combination with an axially-105 mounted carrier and a movable support having tuck-holders, of an oscillatory blank-folding member coöperative with the blank-support, and having a defining edge and boxholders, arms mounted for oscillation on an 110 axis which is in eccentric relation to the axis of the carrier, and supporting the folding member for oscillation upon an axis remote from the defining edge, means for oscillating the arms, and a pivoted guide for guiding the 115 oscillating movement of the blank-folding member.

11. The combination with an axiallymounted carrier, and a movable blank-support having tuck-holders, of a coöperating 120 blank-folding member having a defining edge and box-holders, arms mounted for oscillation upon an axis eccentric to that of the carrier, and supporting the said folding member for oscillation on an axis remote from the de- 125 fining edge, a cam for moving the said arms forward relative to the direction of travel of the carrier, and means for guiding the oscillatory movement of the folding member.

12. The combination with a blank-carrier 130

having a relatively movable blank-support, of tuck-holders, an oscillatory folding member coöperative with the blank-support and having a defining edge, and means for mov-5 ing the movable support to maintain a substantial degree of separation between said edge and the movable support during the folding operation.

13. The combination with a movable car-10 rier, of a blank-support having tuck-holders, and movably supported on said carrier, a blank-folding member having a defining edge and box-holders, movable means supporting the blank-folding member for oscillation, and 15 a cam for moving the blank-support in a path separated from that of the defining edge of the folding member during the operation of

forming the inner triangular folds.

14. The combination with a movable car-20 rier, of a movable blank-support having tuckholders, a blank-folding plate having a defining edge and box-holders coöperative therewith, means for supporting said plate for oscillation upon an axis remote from said 25 defining edge, means for guiding the oscillatory movement of said plate, and means for guiding the blank-support at a substantial distance from the defining edge during the formation of the inner triangular folds.

15. The combination, with a rotary carrier having a blank-support; and tuckholders cooperative therewith; of an oscillatory blank-folding member having boxholders; means for operating the box-holders 35 comprising a link having its axis substantially coincident with the axis of support of the folding member; and means for operating said

link.

40 carrier having a blank-support; and tuckholders coöperative therewith; of an oscillatory blank-folding member having boxholders; means for operating the box-holders comprising a link having its axis substan-45 tially coincident with the axis of support of the folding member; and a cam for operating said link.

17. The combination, with a rotary blankcarrier having a blank-support; and tuck-50 holders coöperative therewith; of an oscillatory blank-folding member having boxholders; and means for operating the boxholders comprising a lever and a link having its axis substantially coincident with 55 the axis of support of the folding member and connected to said lever by a universal joint; and means for operating said lever.

18. In a bag-machine, mechanism for forming diamond folds on bellows-sided 60 blanks, including in combination a rotary folding-bed, tuck-holders, an arm, means for moving said arm with the bed during the | folding mechanism mounted for oscillation folding operation on a blank, a hollow shaft | upon the said arms upon an axis situated journaled on said arm, folding mechanism loutside of the said path of revolution, and

including a box-holder mounted on said 65 shaft, means for turning said shaft relative to said arm as the latter moves with the bed, and means for opening and closing said boxnolder, including a lever supported on said arm, a link connecting said lever and box- 70 holder, and cam mechanism for oscillating said lever as said arm moves with the bed.

19. In a bag-machine, mechanism for forming diamond folds on bellows-folded blanks, having in combination a rotary fold- 75 ing-bed, means for holding the lower ply of the bag-blank to the folding-bed oscillating arms moving about a center of oscillation located within the rotary path of the bed, cam mechanism for oscillating the arms, located 80 outside of the rotary path of the bed, and connected to the arm by connecting-rods, folding mechanism moved by said arms through an oscillatory path above the rotary bed, and means for operating the folding 85 mechanism to open the blanks during their movement with the bed.

20. In a bag-machine, mechanism for forming diamond folds on bellows-folded blanks, having in combination a rotary car- 90 rier, a blank-support mounted for oscillation upon and for revolution with the carrier, the blank-support being provided with means for engaging the lower ply of the bellowsfolded blank, and folding mechanism mount- 95 ed for oscillation upon an axis situated within the path of revolution of the blank-support; and also mounted for oscillation upon an axis situated outside of that path of revolution.

21. In a bag-machine, mechanism for forming diamond folds on bellows-folded 16. The combination, with a rotary blank- | blanks, having in combination a rotary carrier, a blank-support mounted for oscillation upon and for revolution with the carrier, and 105 provided with devices for engaging the lower ply of the bellows-folded blank, oscillating arms moving about a center of oscillation located within the path of revolution of the blank-support, folding mechanism mounted 110 for oscillation upon the said arms upon an axis situated outside of the said path of revolution, and including devices for engaging and turning back the upper ply of the blank as it is carried forward by the blank-support. 115

22. In a bag-machine, mechanism for forming diamond folds on bellows-folded blanks, having in combination a rotary carrier, a folding-bed mounted for oscillation upon and for revolution with the said carrier, 120 provided with a diamond-holder 32 and tuckholders 27 for engaging the lower ply of the bellows-folded blank, arms supported for oscillation upon an axis located within the path of revolution of the blank-support, and 125 folding mechanism mounted for oscillation

100

provided with box-holders 42 for engaging and turning back the upper ply of the blank to form the diamond folds.

23. In combination with a movable blank5 carrier having tuck-holders and with an oscillatory blank-folding member having a defining edge and box-holders, of supporting
means pivotally supporting said member at a
point remote from said edge and movable
transversely of and also with the blankcarrier.

24. The combination, with a blank-carrier having tuck-holders, of an oscillatory blank-folding member having a defining edge and box-holders, said member being pivoted at an axis remote from said edge, a carrier supporting the blank-folding member, and for moving the pivot-axis of said member away from and toward the blank-carrier, and means independent of the blank-carrier for advancing said pivot-axis with the blank-carrier during the diamond-forming operation.

25. The combination, with a rotary blank-carrier having tuck-holders, of an oscillatory blank-folding member having a defining edge and box-holders, said member being pivoted at an axis remote from said edge, means independent of the blank-carrier for moving said pivot transversely relatively to and also with the blank-carrier during the diamond-forming operation.

26. The combination, with a movable blank-carrier having tuck-holders, of an os-

cillatory blank-folding member having a defining edge and box-holders, said member being pivoted at an axis remote from said edge, a movable carrier supporting the blankfolding member, means for oscillating said member in its carrier, and a cam-operated 40 actuator for advancing said carrier with the blank-carrier during the diamond-forming operation.

27. In a bag-machine, mechanism for forming diamond folds on bellows-sided 45 blanks, including in combination a rotary folding-bed, means for securing a bag-blank thereon, an arm, means for oscillating said arm about a center of oscillation within the rotary path of the folding-bed, a hollow 50 shaft journaled in said arm, folding mechanism supported by said arm and including a member for engaging the outer surface of the upper ply of the blank, and a coöperating gripping device entering the side tuck of the 55 blank, means for causing said device and member to approach and separate from each other to grip and release the portion of the blank between them, said last-mentioned means including a lever pivotally supported 60 on said arm and a coöperating member located in said hollow shaft, and means for turning said shaft relative to said arm as the latter oscillates.

WILLIAM A. LORENZ.

Witnesses:

CHAS. F. SCHMELZ, JAS. DANGERFIELD