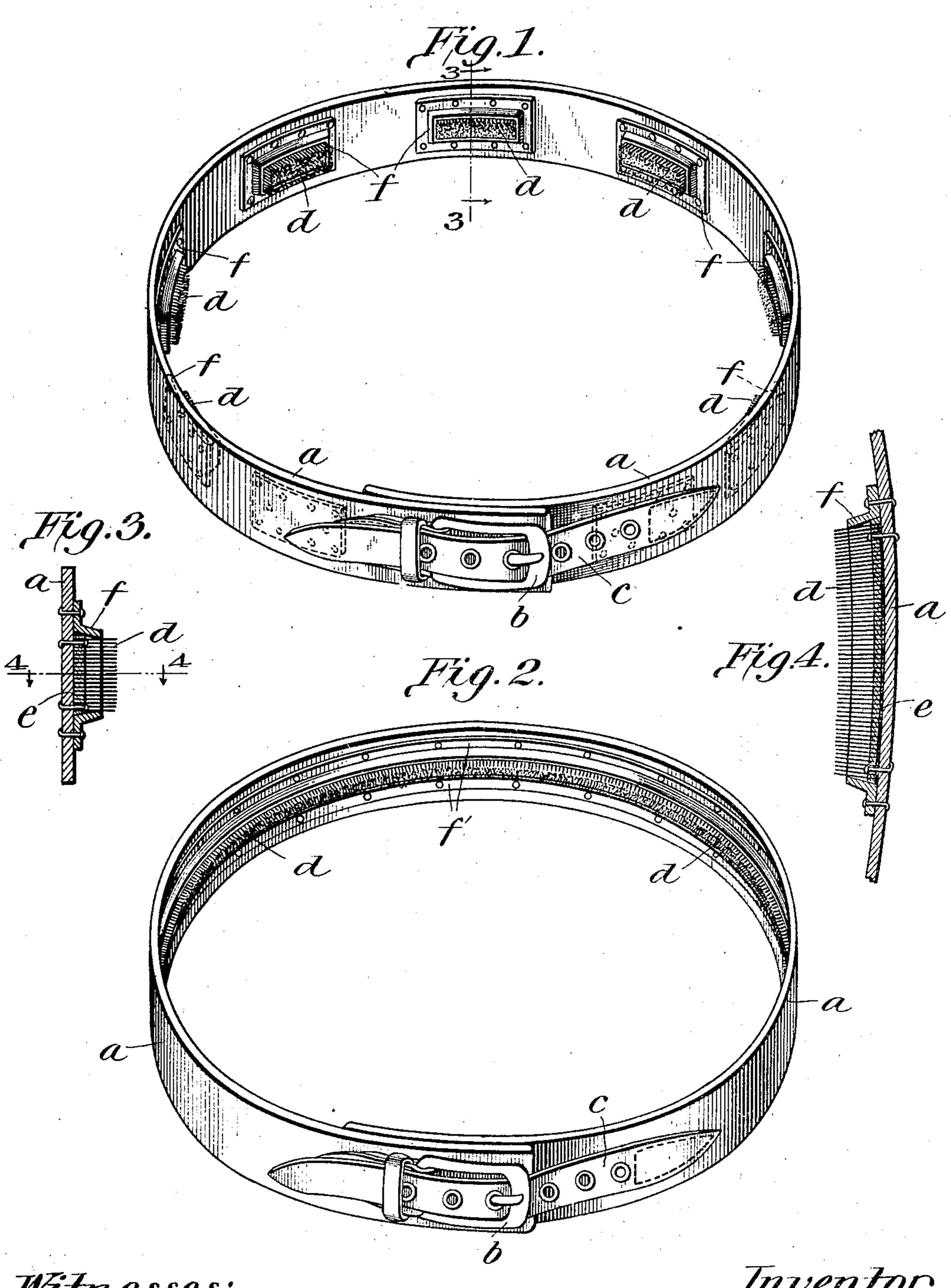
W. R. MULOCK.
WAIST BELT.
APPLICATION FILED NOV. 16, 1906.



Mitnesses: Mae C. Lindsow Stathanne Gerlach. Inventor, William Redford Mulock By Peirce & Hisher Attorneys

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM REDFORD MULOCK, OF WINNIPEG, MANITOBA, CANADA.

WAIST-BELT.

No. 846,934.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM REDFORD Mulock, a citizen of the Dominion of Canada, residing at Winnipeg, in the Province of 5 Manitoba, Dominion of Canada, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Waist-Belts, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description, reference being had to the accompanying draw-10 ing, forming part of this specification.

The invention relates to waist-belts for trousers and the like, and seeks to provide a simple and effective construction by which the belt is securely held in place and the 15 trousers prevented from slipping without the necessity of using loops or straps on the

trousers for engaging the belt.

The invention consists in the features of construction and arrangement of parts here-20 inafter set forth, illustrated in the accompanying drawing, and more particularly pointed out in the appended claims.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective view of the improved belt. Fig. 2 is a simi-25 lar view of a modified form. Fig. 3 is a sec-Fig. 4 is a section on the lines 3 3 of Fig. 1.

tion on lines 4 4 of Fig. 3.

The belt a may be formed of leather or other suitable material and in the form 30 shown is provided with the usual buckle band tongue c, by which the overlapped ends of the belt are adjustably connected. A number of fine closely-arranged wire teeth dare secured to the inner face of the belt and 35 project inwardly at right angles thereto. The wire teeth are arranged closely together to form a brush-like structure that is considably less in width than the belt, so that when in position the edges of the belt may bend in-40 wardly to inclose the series of wire teeth. The teeth, as indicated in Figs. 3 annd 4, are straight and are preferably fixed to a strip e of flexible material, that is riveted, cemented, or otherwise secured to the inner face of the 45 belt a. In the form shown the teeth pass entirely through the strip e. The series of wire teeth d and the supporting strip or strips e thereof are preferably arranged at intervals about the inner face of the belt, as indicated 50 in Fig. 1, but may be arranged in a band extending nearly the entire length of the belt,

as shown in Fig. 2. The ends of the wire teeth or prongs d form a level surface that is substantially parallel with the belt, so that. the cloth of the trousers or other garment 55 will not be torn, but will nevertheless be securely engaged by the prongs to hold the belt and trousers in position and preventeither the slipping of the belt or the slipping of the trousers from the belt.

To hold the wire teeth or prongs securely in proper position, a suitable supportingband f extends about each brush-like series of the teeth. This band is angular in section and is riveted or otherwise suitably secured 65 to the belt a, so as to project inwardly therefrom about the series of teeth. The supporting-bands f securely hold the teeth in position and prevent the deflection or the bending of the teeth at the sides of the brush-like 70 series. It is essential that the teeth should be held in position in this way, for otherwise the teeth at the sides of the series will readily become bent and will tear the cloth of the trousers or other garment. The supporting- 75 bands f are preferably formed of metal, but may be constructed of other suitable material. In the form shown in Fig. 2 the supporting-bands f' are of considerable length and are constructed of thin flexible metal or 80 other like suitable material.

The belt may be used for supporting trousers, skirts, or the like and requires no loops or straps on the garment to be supported. It may be adjusted higher or lower, as suits the 85 convenience of the wearer, and at the same time the belt will be securely held in position, and the trousers or other garment cannot slip from engagement therewith.

It is obvious that the details set forth may 90 be varied without departure from the essentials of the invention.

Having described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent, is— 1. A waist-belt having a series of fine, closely-arranged, wire teeth secured to its inner face and projecting inwardly therefrom and a supporting-band fixed to the belt and engaging the outer teeth of the series, sub- 100 stantially as described.

2. A waist-belt having a strip or strips se-

cured to its inner face, a brush-like series of fine, closely-arranged, straight, wire teeth carried by said strip or strips and projecting inwardly therefrom, the ends of said teeth 5 forming a surface parallel to the belt, and a metal supporting band or bands fixed to the belt and extending about said teeth to pre-

vent the deflection of the side teeth of the series, substantially as described.

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