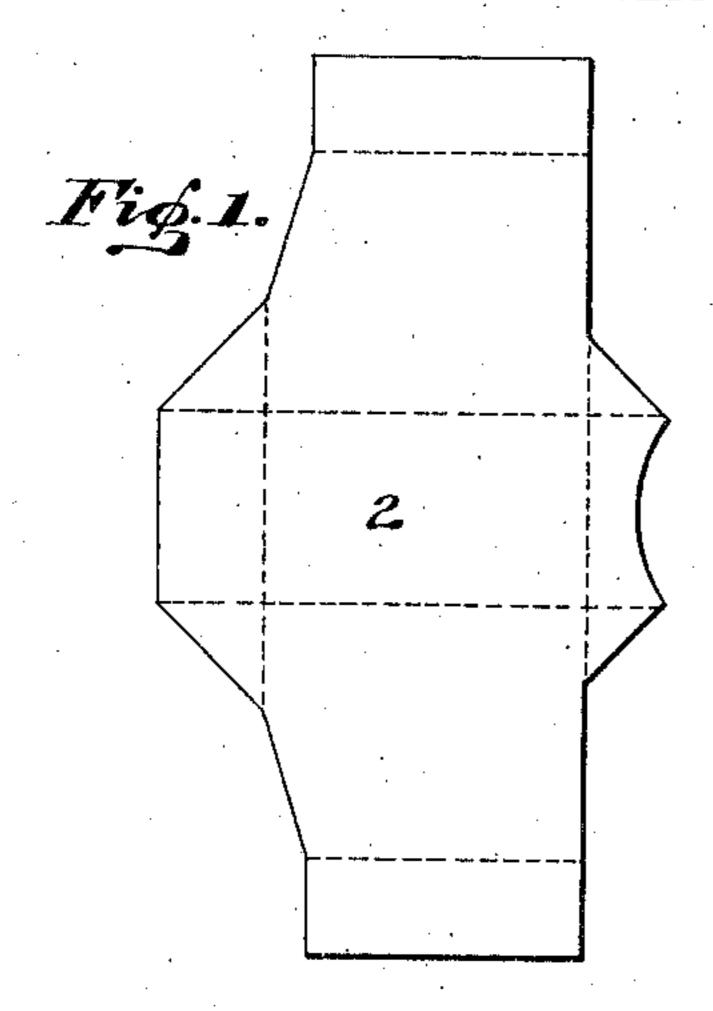
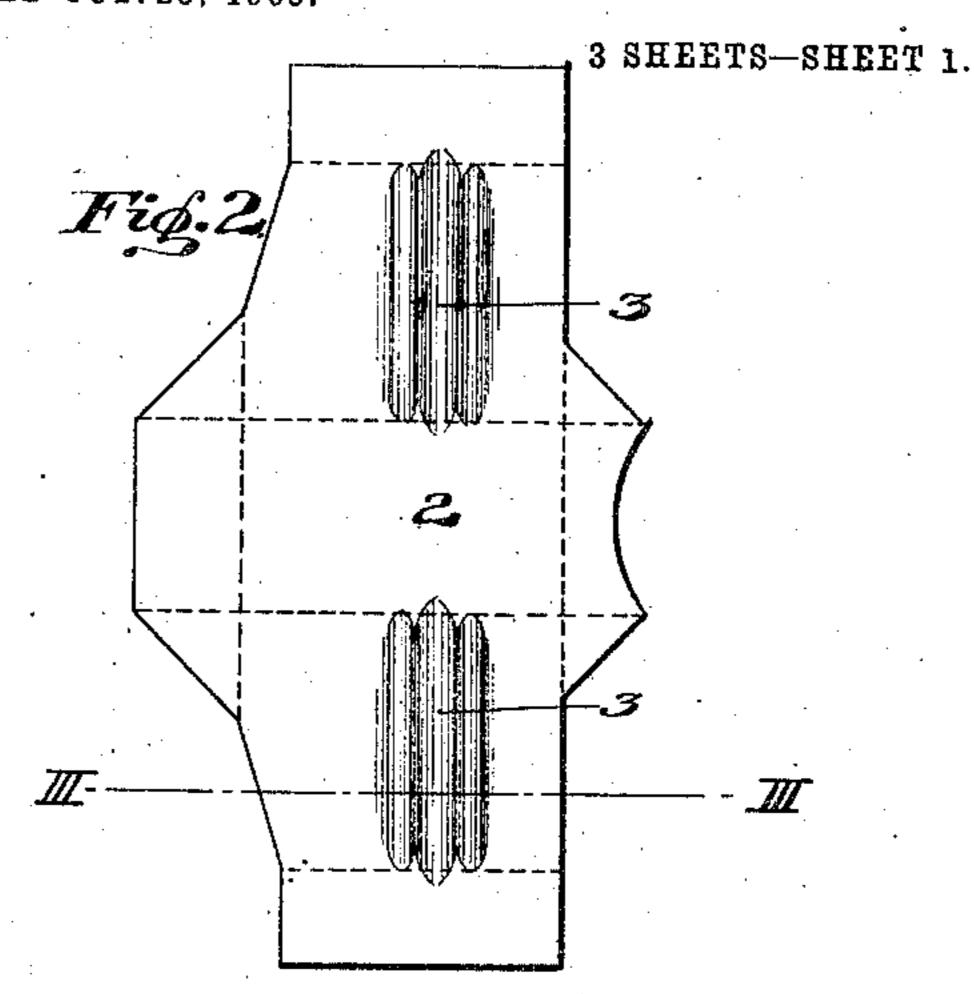
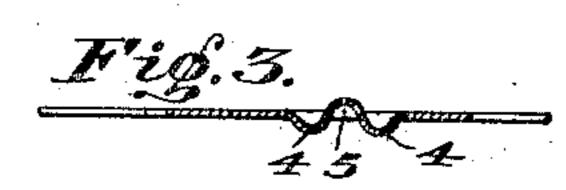
C. H. COCHRAN.

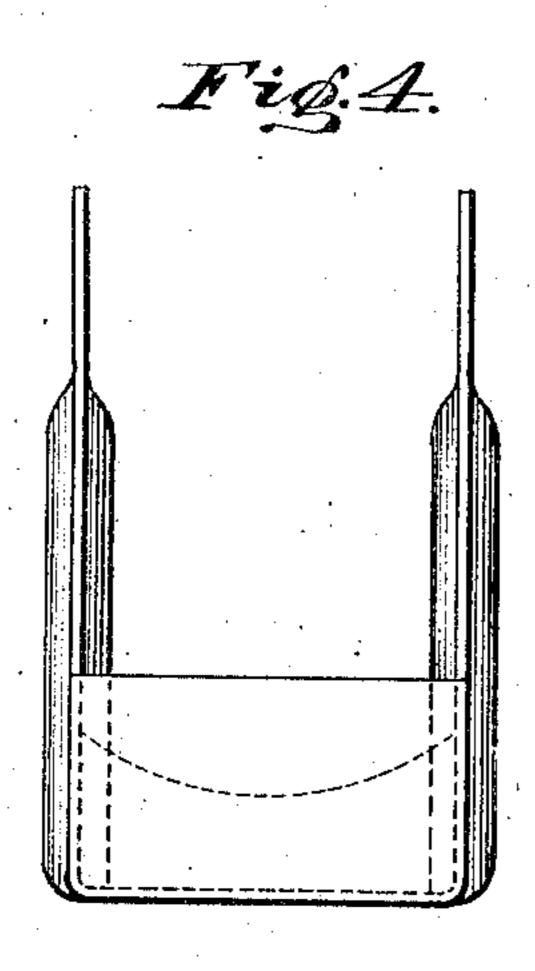
## PRESSED STEEL JOURNAL BOX FOR RAILWAY CARS.

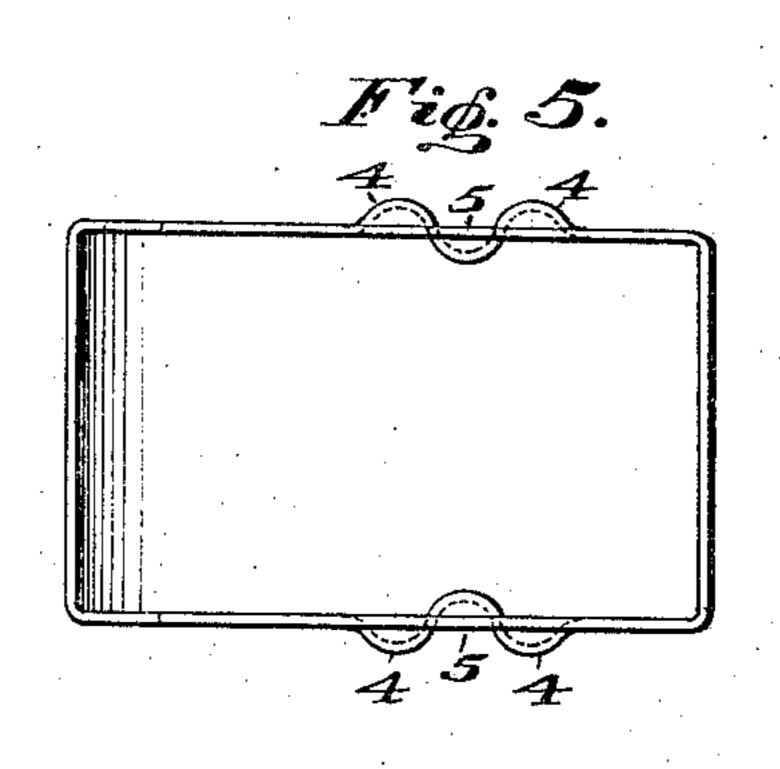
APPLICATION FILED OCT. 23, 1905.

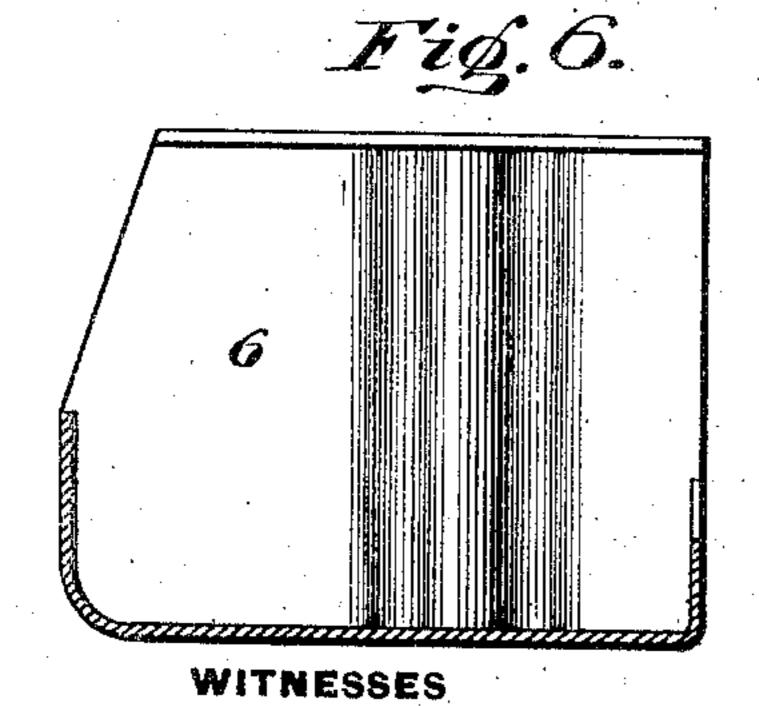




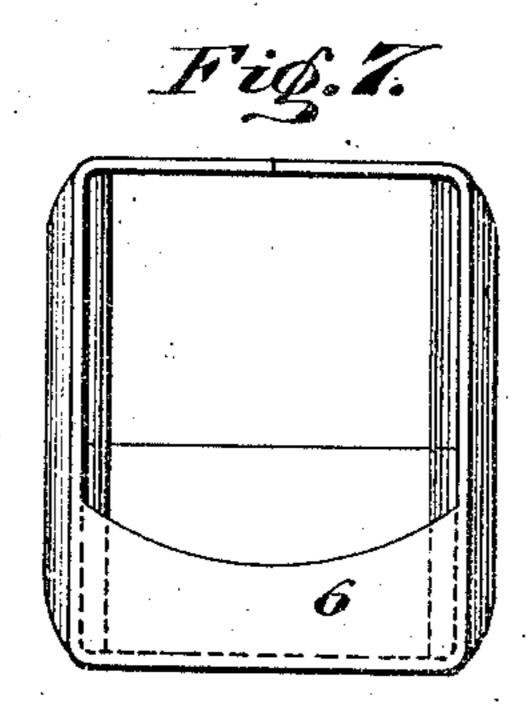


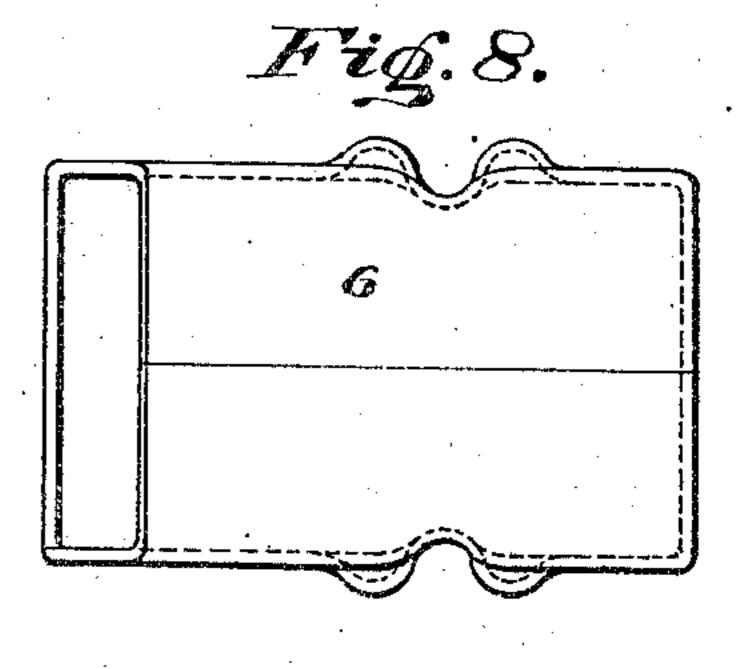






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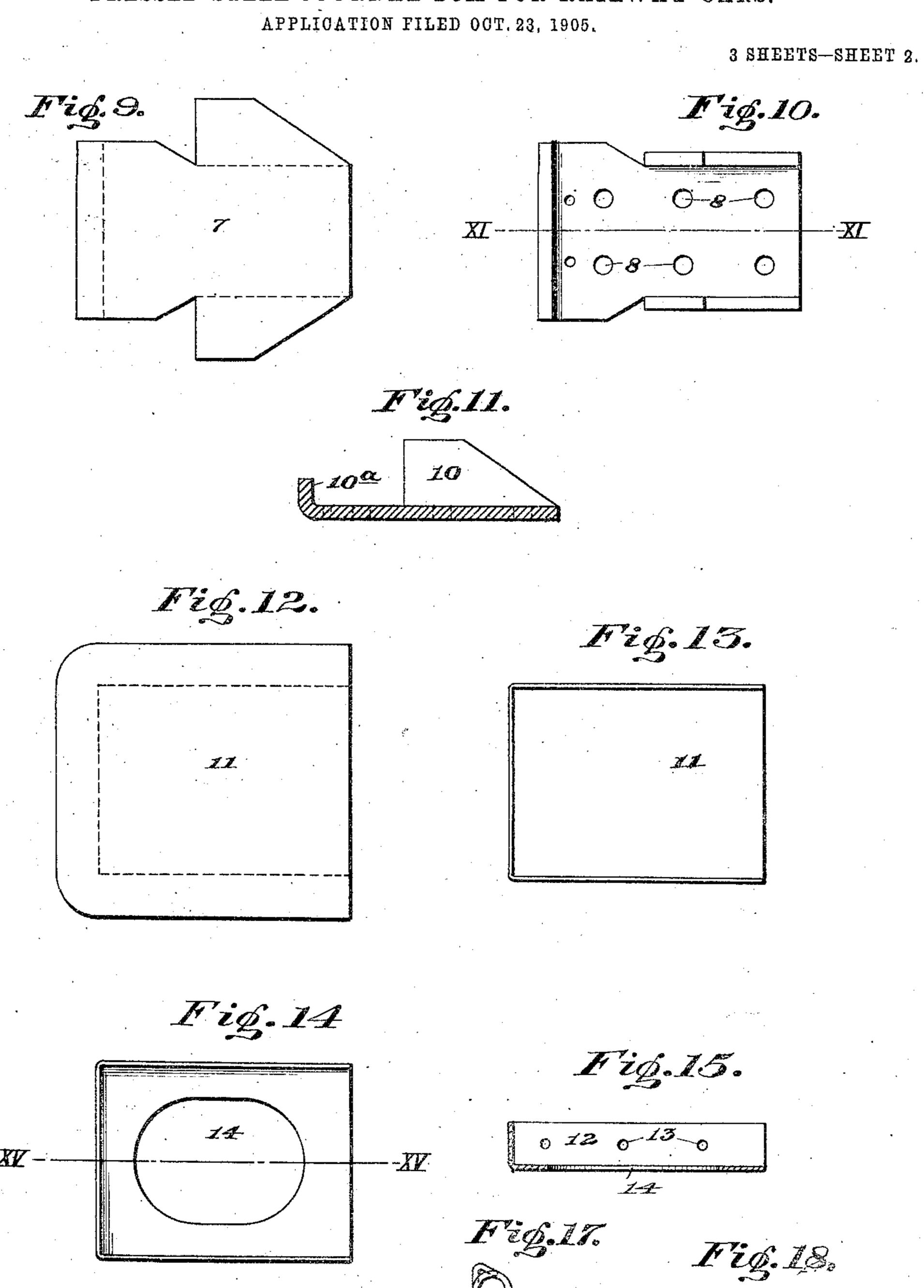
Charles DY. Cochrace
by Sources & Bakerettes
this attorney

No: 845,726.

PATENTED FEB. 26, 1907.

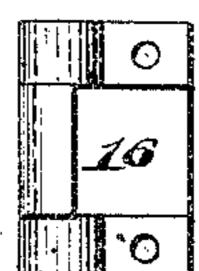
#### C. H. COCHRAN.

#### PRESSED STEEL JOURNAL BOX FOR RAILWAY CARS.



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Fig.16.



INVENTOR

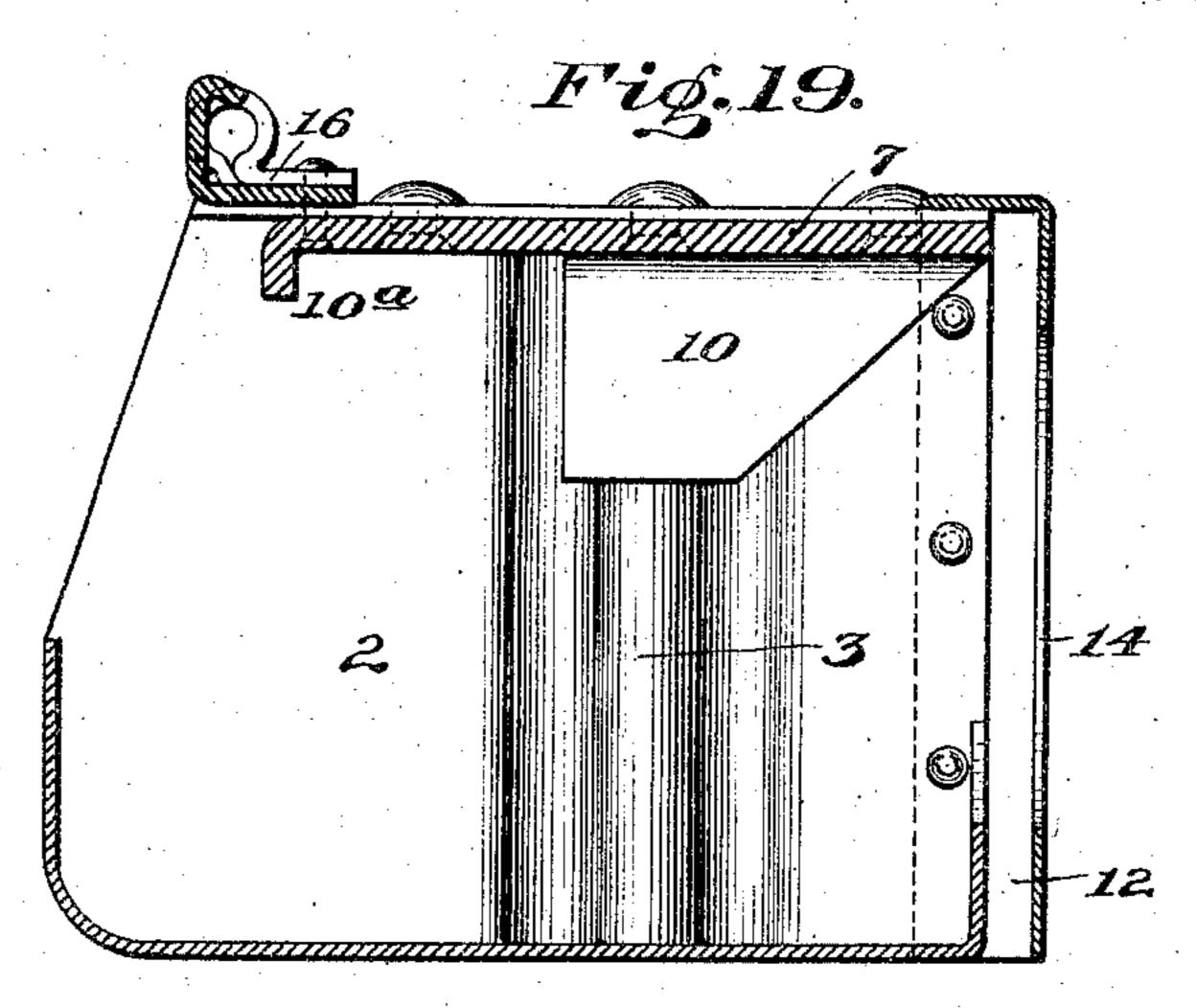
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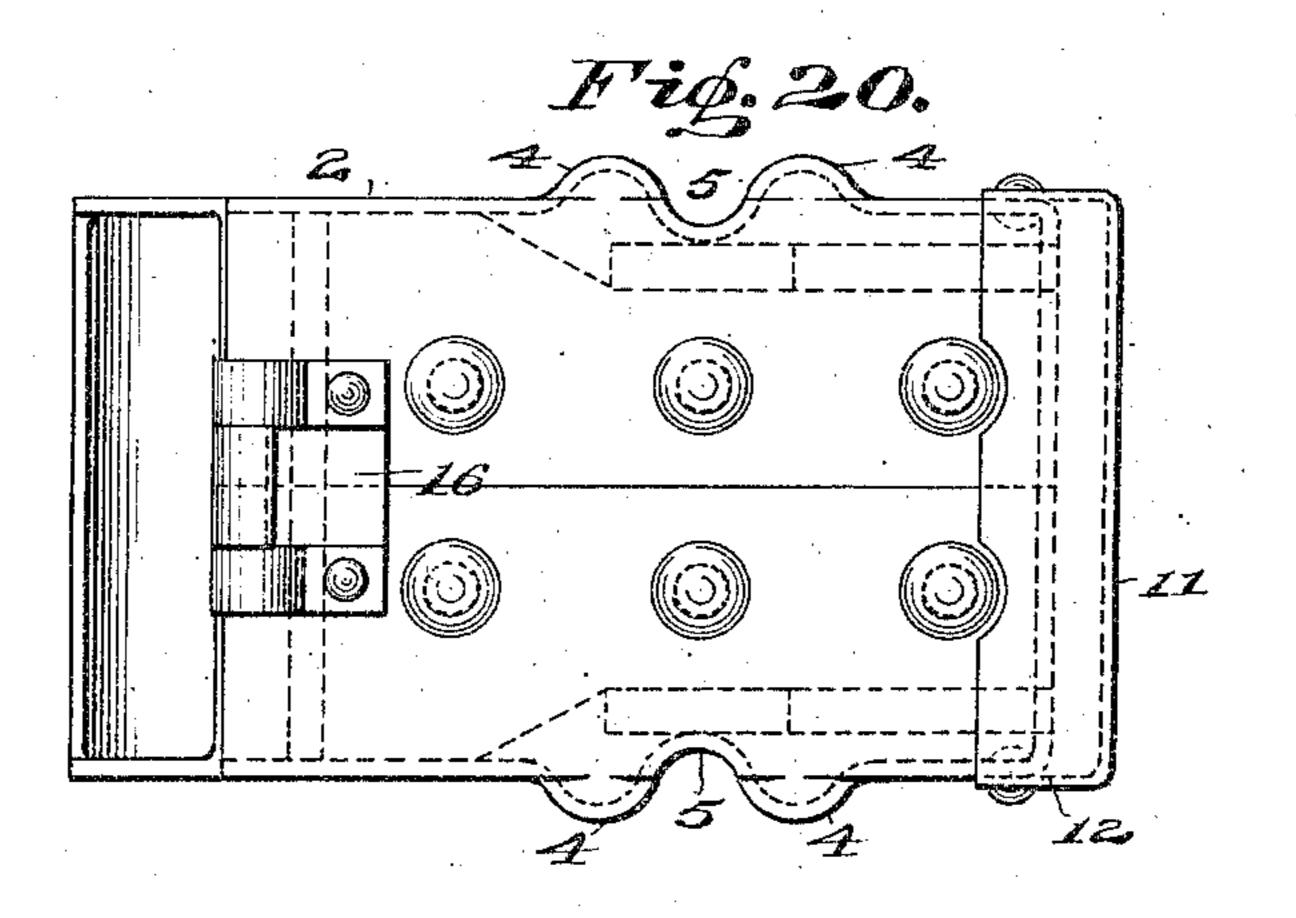
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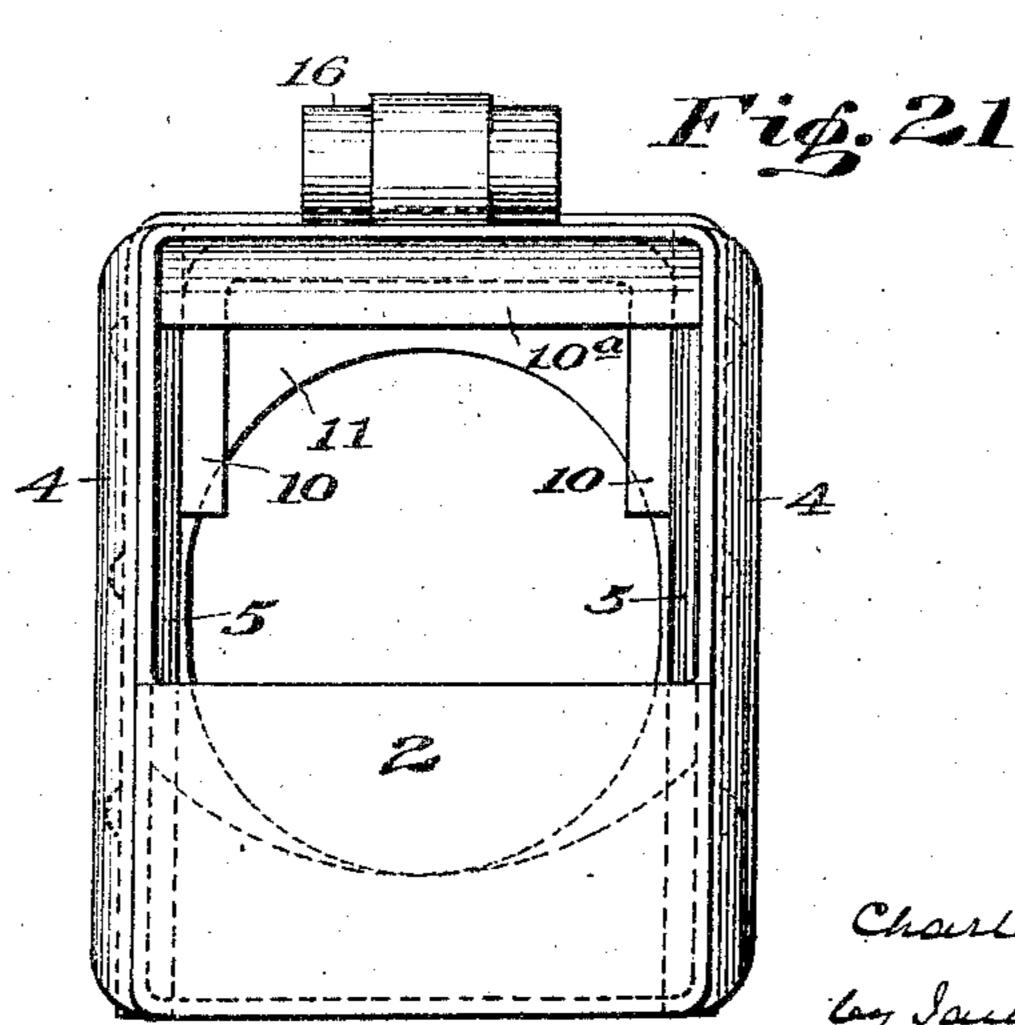
## PRESSED STEEL JOURNAL BOX FOR RAILWAY CARS.

APPLICATION FILED OCT. 23, 1905.

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INVENTOR

Charles A. Cochrau
lag Januar K. Bakenellhis attorney

# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLES H. COCHRAN, OF AVALON. PENNSYLVANIA.

### PRESSED-STEEL JOURNAL-BOX FOR RAILWAY-CARS.

No. 845,726.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Feb. 26, 1907.

Application filed October 23, 1905. Serial No. 284,013.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES H. COCHRAN, of Avalon, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, have invented a new 5 and useful Pressed-Steel Journal-Box for Railway-Cars, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, in which-

Figure 1 is a plan view of the blank, the 10 lines on which the blank is to be bent being indicated by dotted lines. Fig. 2 is a plan view of the same after the blank has been corrugated. Fig. 3 is a cross-sectional view on the line III III of Fig. 2. Fig. 4 is a front 15 end view of the blank, the sides and end portions having been pressed into shape. Fig. 5 is a plan view of the same. Fig. 6 is a longitudinal vertical sectional view of the finished blank. Fig. 7 is a rear end view of the 20 same. Fig. 8 is a plan view of the same. Fig. 9 is a plan view of the blank of the lugplate, the lines on which it is to be bent being indicated by the dotted lines. Fig. 10 is a plan view of the same after it has been bent 25 and after the rivet-holes have been punched. same. Fig. 12 is a plan view of the guide- | bearing of the journal-box, the flange 10a plate blank, the lines on which it is to be bent being indicated by dotted lines. Fig. 13 is 30 a plan view of the same after it has been pressed. Fig. 14 is a plan view of the guideplate, showing the aperture for the passage of the axle. Fig. 15 is a longitudinal sectional view of the same, showing the rivetholes in the side flange. Fig. 16 is a plan view of the hinge-clip blank. Fig. 17 is a side view of the clip after it has been formed. Fig. 18 is a plan view of the same. Fig. 19 is an enlarged longitudinal vertical sectional view of the finished box. Fig. 20 is a plan view of the same, and Fig. 21 is a front view of the same.

Like symbols of reference indicate like

parts wherever they occur.

My invention relates to an improvement in journal-boxes for railway-cars; and it consists in forming a journal-box of pressed steel from two or more blanks, the main body of the box being made of a single piece cut to 50 the proper shape and pressed to the desired form.

I will now describe my invention, so that others skilled in the art may manufacture and use the same.

In the drawing, 2 represents the blank 55 from which the main portion of the box is made, the blank being cut from sheet-steel to the form shown in Fig. 1. This blank 2 is then placed in a suitable stamp or press, and the corrugations 3 are pressed to a suitable 60 depth. The purpose of these corrugations is to form ribs 4 on the outer face of the finished box, between which are the cavities 5 for the passage of the bolts. After the blank 2 has been thus formed it is placed in a suit- 65 able press, where by means of suitable dies it is pressed first to the form shown in Figs. 4 and 5 and then to the form of the box 6 shown in Figs. 6, 7, and 8. The bent and pressed body 6 is open at the front and rear, 70 and the seam at the top of the box is not closed. To close this seam and to strengthen the body of the box, I form what I call the "lug-plate" by cutting a blank 7, (shown in Fig. 9,) pressing the plate to the finished 75 form shown in Figs. 10 and 11, and then punching rivet-holes 8 therein. This plate is provided with depending flanges 10, which when the plate is riveted to the top of the Fig. 11 is a longitudinal sectional view of the | body 6 form rests or stops for the brass or 80 also forming a rest for the stop-wedge. The plate also serves as a reinforcement to the top of the box. At the rear of the journalbox is a guide-plate, which serves as a guide 85 to the dust-guard. This guide-plate is formed from the blank 11, cut to the form shown in Fig. 12 and pressed to the form shown in Fig. 13, the flanges 12, which are formed by the pressing, being provided with 90 rivet-holes 13, by means of which the plate is riveted to the rear end of the box. Before being so riveted, however, the elliptical aperture 14 is cut in the plate for the passage of the axle.

The hinge-clip 16, by means of which the door is hinged to the box, is formed from a suitable sheet-metal blank 15, cut to the shape shown in Fig. 16, which is then pressed and bent to the form 16 shown in Figs. 17 100 and 18. This hinge-clip is provided with rivet-holes, by means of which the clip is riveted to the front edge of the box, as is shown in Figs. 19, 20, and 21.

The journal-box thus formed of pressed 105 steel is light, strong, and durable, and it is capable of being formed with the minimum expenditure of time and labor.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. A pressed-steel journal-box having a body portion formed of a single piece of pressed steel, the edges of which meet at the top, forming a beam, and a lug-plate overlapping the seam in the body portion and riveted thereto, said lug-plate being provided with depending front and side flanges; substantially as described.

2. A pressed-steel journal-box comprising a body portion formed of a single piece of

pressed steel, the edges of which meet at the top, forming a beam, a lug-plate overlapping 15 the seam in the body portion and provided with front and side flanges to form rests for the stop-wedge and journal-brass, respectively, and a guide-plate, said parts being riveted together; substantially as described. 20

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand.

CHARLES H. COCHRAN.

Witnesses:
GEO. B. BLEMING,
JAMES K. BAKEWELL.