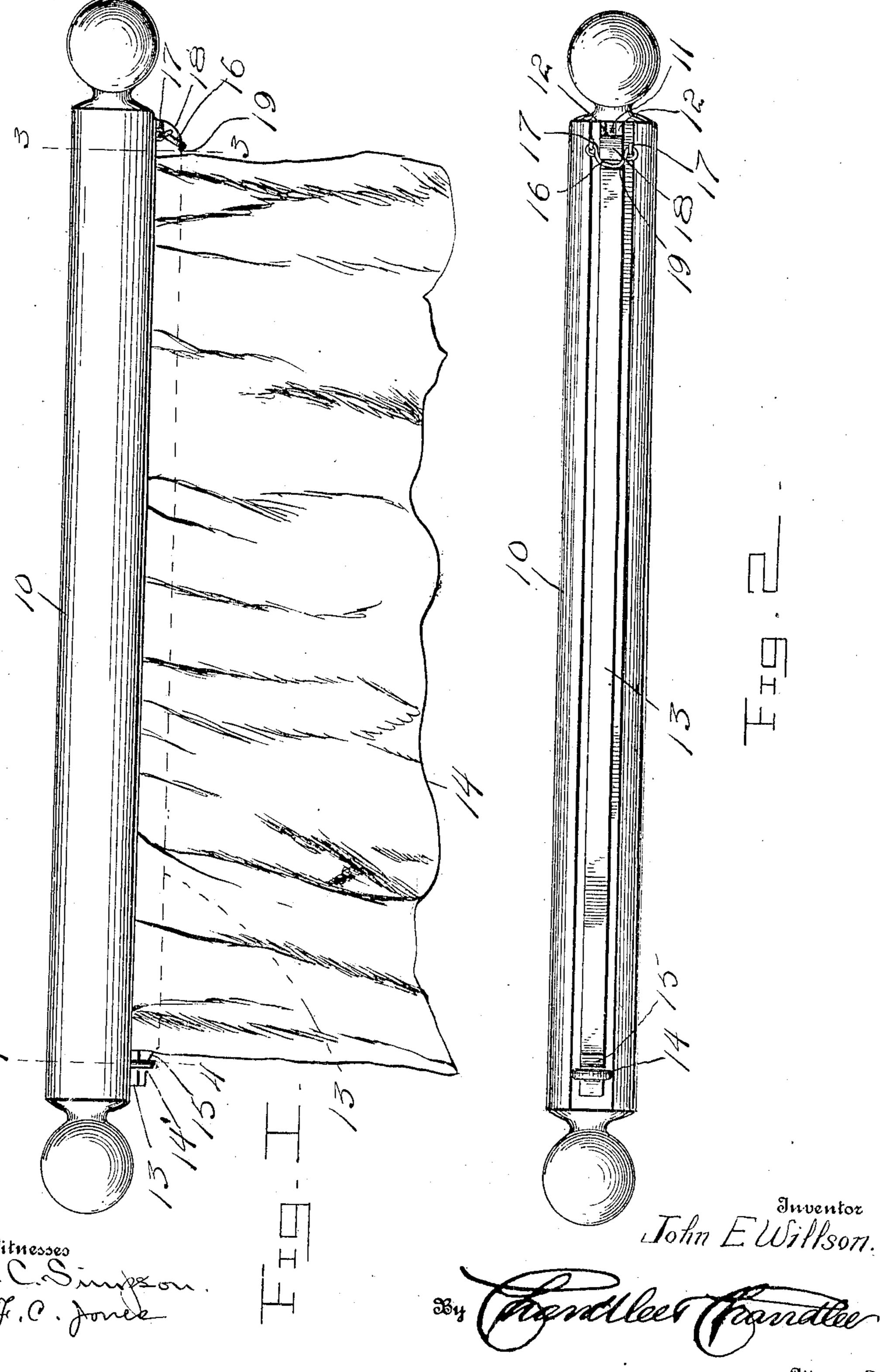
J. E. WILLSON. CURTAIN POLE. APPLICATION FILED MAR. 17, 1906.

2 SHEETS-SHEET 1.



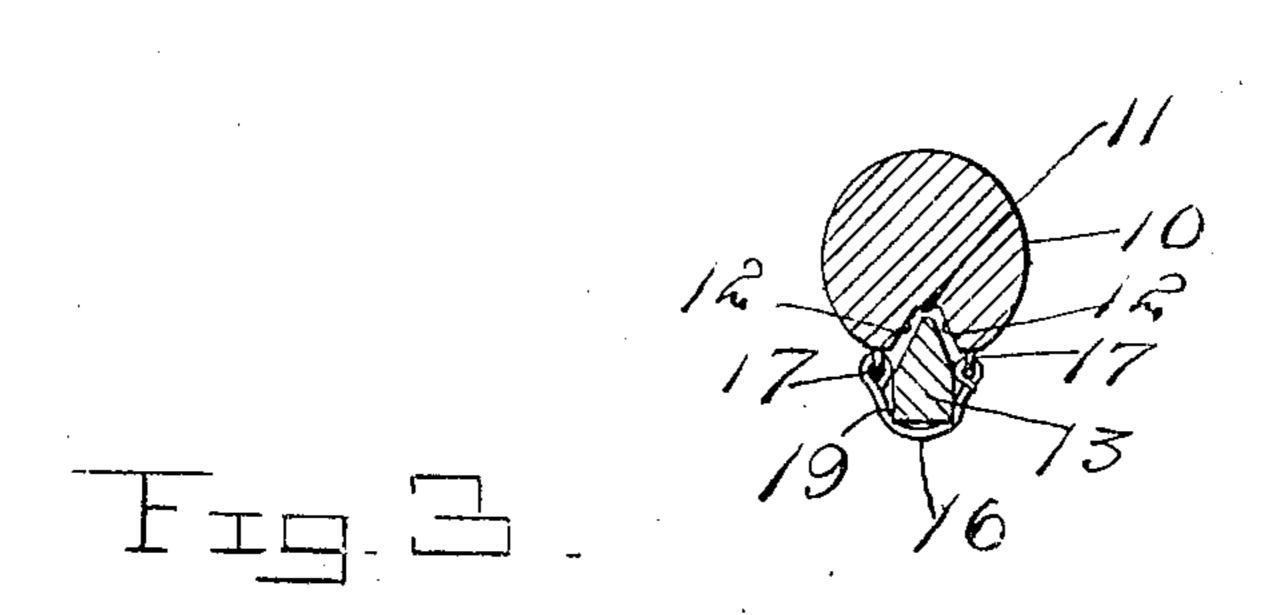
Attorneys

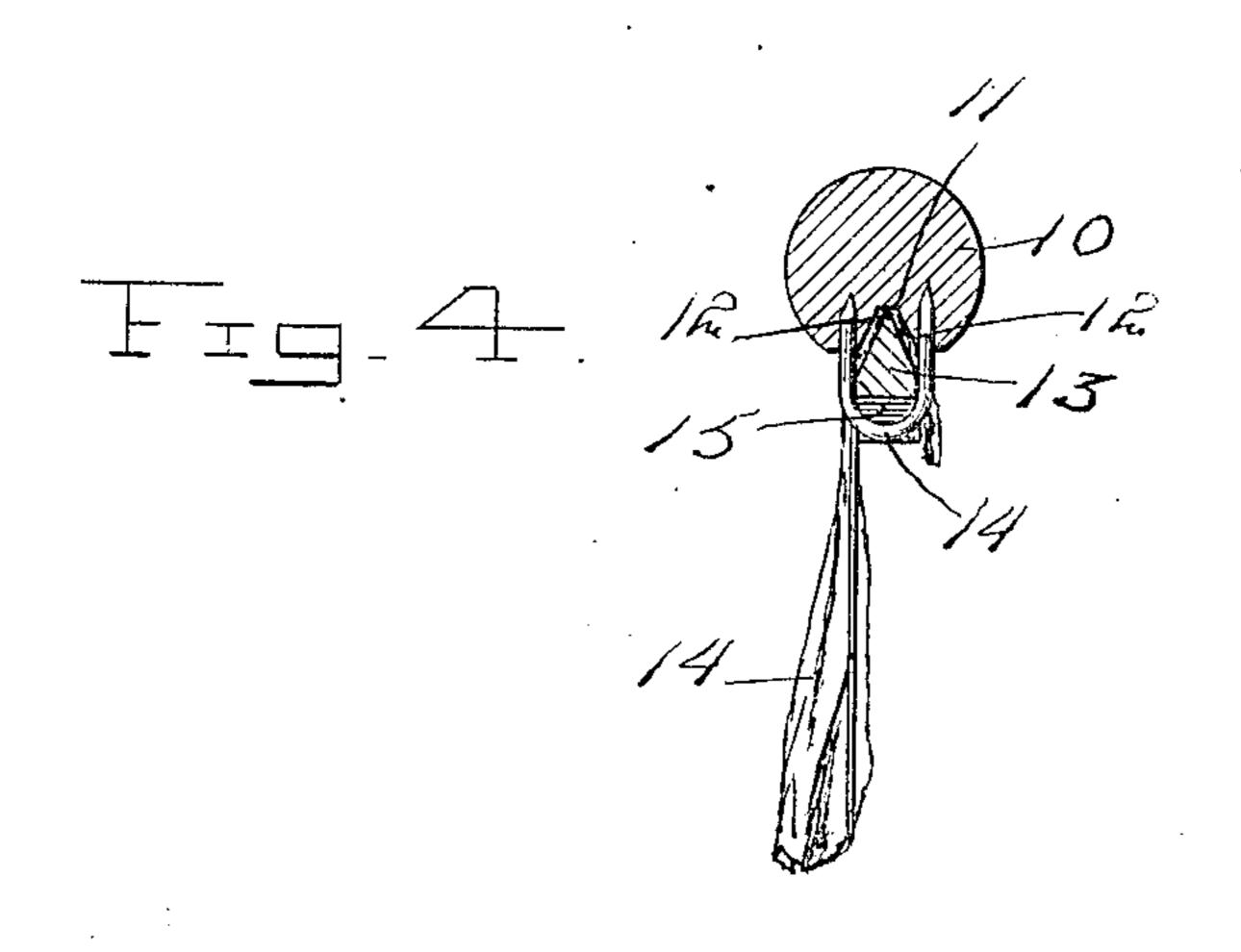
No. 844,704.

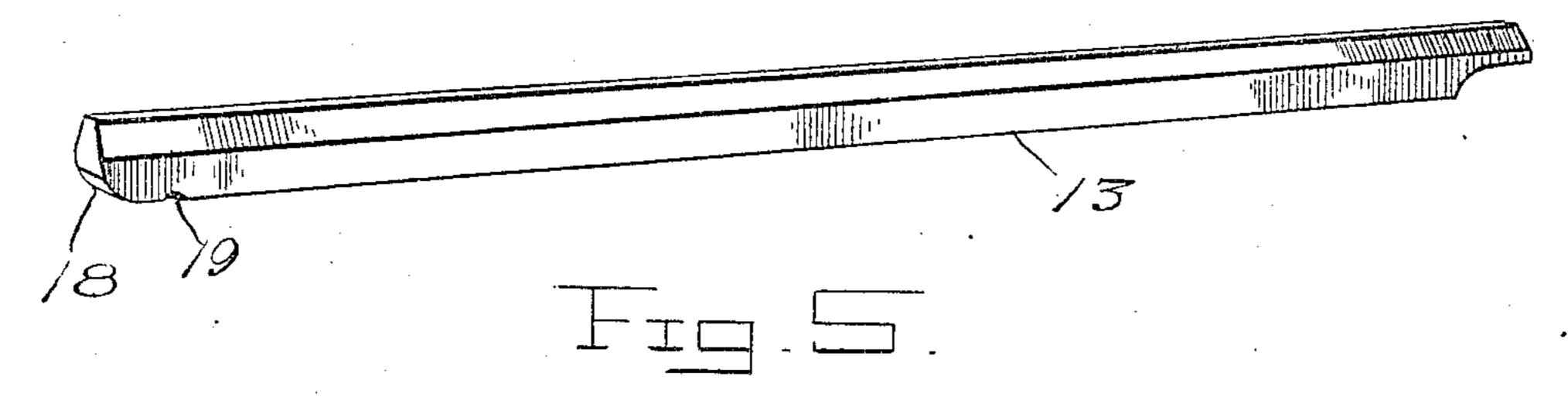
PATENTED FEB. 19, 1907.

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2 SHEETS-SHEET 2.







John E Willson,

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN E. WILLSON, OF NORMAN, OKLAHOMA TERRITORY.

CURTAIN-POLE.

No. 844,704.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Feb. 19, 1907.

Application filed March 17, 1906. Serial No. 306,660.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John E. Willson, a citizen of the United States, residing at Norman, in the county of Cleveland, Territory of Oklahoma, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Curtain-Poles; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

This invention relates to curtain-poles, and more particularly to that class of curtain-poles which are designed to avoid the use of

15 rings and pins.

The invention resides in the provision of a longitudinally-grooved pole, a strip arranged to fit in the groove in the pole to hold a curtain therein, and a novel means for holding

20 the strip in the groove.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is an elevation of a pole constructed in accordance with the invention in use. Fig. 2 is a bottom plan view of the same. Fig. 3 is a detail transverse sectional view on the line 3 of Fig. 2. Fig. 4 is a similar view on the line 4 4 of the same figure, and Fig. 5 is a detail perspective view of the curtain-retaining strip.

Referring to the drawings, the numeral 10 denotes a pole, which is provided longitudinally with a groove 11, the side walls 12 of which are diverged downwardly, as shown in

Figs. 3 and 4.

The numeral 13 designates a curtain-retaining strip, which is designed to support a curtain 14 from the pole 10. The said strip is beveled upon its opposite sides at one of its longitudinal edges to seat in the groove 11 in 40 the pole, it being understood that a portion of the curtain is engaged between the said pole and the strip 13 and is held tightly therein by reason of the wedging action of the beveled edge of the strip and the con-45 verging walls of the groove 11. In order that the strip may be securely held in the said groove and yet be readily detachable therefrom, I provide adjacent one end of the groove 11 a U-shaped keeper 14', with which 50 is engaged one end of the strip 13, the strip at one end having its unbeveled edge sloped

downwardly and slightly concaved, as at 15. A keeper 16, similar in construction to the one above described, is hingedly mounted by means of eye members 17, adjacent the oppo-55 site end of the groove, and is so constructed that when it is moved to lie against the pole 10 its bight portion will register with the said end of the groove, thus permitting placing of the strip in its proper position before the 60 keeper is swung into engagement with the end thereof. The strip 13 has its unbeveled edge at its last-named end also inclined slightly downwardly and rounded at its extremity, as at 18, thereby permitting ready 65 engagement of the keeper 16 thereover and insuring a clamping action as it rides upon the inclined portion. Formed in the said unbeveled edge of the strip is a notch 19, into which the said bight portion of the keeper 16 70 is adapted to seat to prevent its accidental disengagement from the ends of the strip.

What is claimed is—

1. A device of the class described comprising a pole, fixed and movable keepers car-75 ried by the pole, and a curtain-retaining strip engaged at one of its ends with said fixed keepers and having one of its edges at its opposite end beveled and notched for the clamping engagement of the movable keeper 80 therewith.

2. A device of the class described comprising a pole, a fixed yoke-keeper carried by the pole, a curtain-retaining strip engaged at one of its ends with said keeper, and a pivoted 85 yoke-keeper arranged for engagement with

the other end of said strip.

3. A device of the class described comprising a pole, a fixed keeper carried by the pole adjacent one of its ends, a yoke-keeper 90 loosely connected with the pole adjacent its opposite end and a retaining-strip having one of its ends beveled for wedging engagement with the fixed keeper and having its opposite end beveled and notched for engagement by 95 the removable keeper.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

JOHN E. WILLSON.

Witnesses:

H. Bessent, Wm. Synnott.