W. T. GOVER. LANTERN HOLDER. APPLICATION FILED AUG. 9, 1906.

Milliam I. Gover, INVENTOR. WITNESSES:

STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM T. GOVER, OF CATLETT, VIRGINIA.

LANTERN-HOLDER.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM T. GOVER, a lett, in the county of Fauquier and State of 5 Virginia, have invented a new and useful Lantern-Holder, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to holders such as are adapted particularly for supporting car-

10 riage-lanterns and the like.

The objects of the invention are to improve and simplify the construction of such devices; furthermore, to increase their efficiency in operation and to decrease the ex-

15 pense attending their manufacture.

With the foregoing and other objects in view, which will appear as the description proceeds, the invention resides in the combination and arrangement of parts and in the 20 details of construction hereinafter described and claimed, it being understood that changes in the precise embodiment of invention herein disclosed can be made within the scope of the following claims without departing from 25 the spirit of the invention or sacrificing any of its advantages.

In the accompanying drawings, forming part of this specification, Figure 1 is a perspective view of a lantern-holder constructed 30 in accordance with the invention, and Fig. 2 is a side elevation showing a lantern applied

to the holder.

Like reference - numerals indicate corresponding parts in the different figures of the

35 drawings.

The improved lantern-holder of this invention preferably comprises a bracket (indicated generally by A) for securing the device to a vehicle or other support and a frame 40 (indicated generally by B) for supporting the lantern.

The bracket A preferably is approximately U-shaped and is formed with a short arm 1 and a long arm 2. The short arm 1 of the 45 U-shaped bracket A is formed in its outer face with a transverse groove 3 and is adapted to serve as one jaw of a clamp, the other jaw 4 of which is in the nature of a plate having in its inner face a groove 5. The jaws 1 50 and 4 of the clamp preferably are connected with each other by means of an adjustingscrew 6, having its head 7 disposed against the outer face of the plate or jaw 4 and its inner end located within the U-shaped 55 bracket A, which provides a space sufficient

inward to clamp the jaws 1 and 4 firmly together, so that the lantern-holder can be citizen of the United States, residing at Cat- | firmly held t pon the side rail 8 or other st itable portion of a vehicle or other support.

The frame B of the lantern-holder preferably is formed of a single bar of metal 9, which is bent into substantially rectangular shape, as shown. At the inner corners of the frame B the bar 9 is bent to form outwardly 65 and oppositely extending open-ended loops 10, the terminals 11 of said bar being extended through the ends of a cross-piece 12 and clenched or otherwise suitably secured thereto. At the outer corners of the frame B the 70 bar 9 is bent to form loops 13, having their inner ends crossed, as shown, and connected by an outer cross-piece 14, which consists of a portion of the bar 9 and is located in a different plane from the remainder of the frame B. 75

The inner loops 10 and the outer loops 13 serve as guard members for holding the clamping-spring 15 of the lantern 16 securely in position upon the frame B, so as to prevent the same from either slipping out- 80 ward or inward on said frame, it being understood that when the lantern is applied to the frame B one of the loops 10 will project upward at one edge of the spring 15 and one of the loops 13 will project upward at the oppo- 85 site edge of said spring to hold it in position. Furthermore, it will be observed that the outer cross-piece 14 of the frame will extend in a parallel direction along one edge of the spring 15 and will thus aid the outer loops 13 90 in holding said spring firmly in position.

The frame B is rotatively mounted upon the bracket A in such manner that said bracket will be adapted to be engaged with any suitable portion of the vehicle, whether 95 it be a horizontal or a vertical rod, and also the frame B after the bracket A has been secured in position will be adapted to be adjusted in any suitable manner to reflect the light of the lantern either in a horizontal di- 10c rection along the road without having the same obscured by the horses or in a down-ward direction to illuminate the road immediately in advance of the vehicle. The preferred means for rotatively connecting the 105 frame B with the bracket A consists of a thumb-screw 17, which extends through the inner cross-piece 12 of the frame B and the long arm 2 of the bracket A, the inner end of said thumb-screw being disposed at the in- 110 ner side of the long arm 2 of the bracket and to permit said adjusting-screw to be moved | the thumb portion or handle of said screw 17

being disposed at the outer side of the crosspiece 12 within the frame B, as shown.

It will be observed by the dotted line that the inner loops 10 of the frame B serve to 5 hold the inner edge of the clamping-spring 15 of the lantern a sufficient distance away from the inner cross-piece 12 to cause it to clear the outer end of the handle 18 of the thumb-screw 17, so that the operation of ro said thumb-screw will not be retarded by the clamping-spring 15. For the purpose of holding the frame B securely in adjusted position with respect to the bracket A the long arm 2 of said bracket is provided on its outer 15 face with an annular series of teeth 19, which are adapted to intermesh with a similar series of teeth 20 on the inner face of the crosspiece 12 of the frame B, so that whenever the thumb-screw 17 is tightened the sets of teeth 20 19 and 20 will be forced together, so as to hold the frame B securely in adjusted position. The central portion of the inner crosspiece 12 preferably is thickened, as indicated at 21, in order to provide space for the annu-25 lar series of teeth 20.

It will be observed that the space between the arms 1 and 2 of the U-shaped bracket A affords a clearance for the inner ends of the adjusting-screw 6 and the thumb-screw 17, so that said screws can be adujsted to the proper extent without having their inner ends abut against the opposite sides of the

bracket.

The improved lantern-holder of this invention is strong, simple, durable, and inexpensive in construction, as well as thoroughly efficient in operation.

What is claimed is—

1. A lantern-holder comprising a rectangular frame formed from a rod having 40 guard-loops bent at its corners, and a bracket adjustably connected with said

frame and having clamping means.

2. A lantern-holder comprising an approximately U-shaped bracket having a long 45 arm and a short arm, said short arm being formed in its outer face with a groove, a clamping-plate fitted against the outer face of said short arm and having a groove in its inner face, an adjusting-screw extending 50 through said clamping-plate and through the short arm of said bracket and having its inner end disposed in the space between the arms of said bracket, a frame consisting of an inner cross-piece, a bar of metal having its 55 ends connected with said cross-piece and being bent to form a rectangular structure having oppositely - extending open - ended guard-loops at its inner ends and crossed guard-loops at its outer corners, an annular 60 series of teeth upon the inner face of said cross-piece, a similar series of teeth on the outer face of the long arm of said bracket, and a thumb-screw having its handle disposed within said frame and extending 65 through said cross-piece and the long arm of said bracket.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my own I have hereto affixed my signature

in the presence of two witnesses.

WILLIAM T. GOVER.

Witnesses:

E. Hume Talbert,

E. DANIELS.