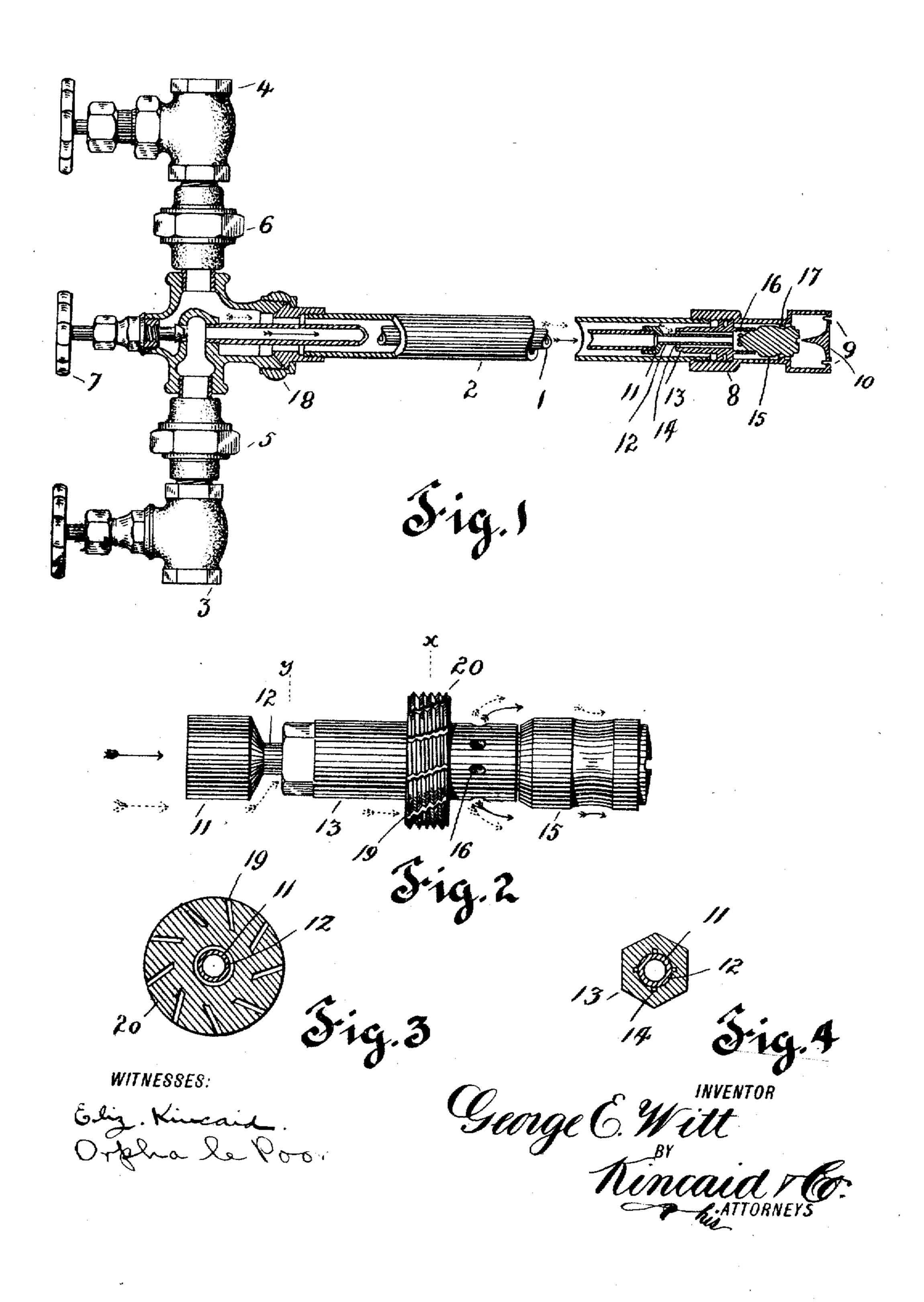
G. E. WITT.

OIL BURNER.

APPLICATION FILED AUG. 23, 1905.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

GEORGE E. WITT, OF SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

OIL-BURNER.

No. 843,381.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Feb. 5, 1907.

Application filed August 23, 1905. Serial II. 275,493.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, GEORGE E. WITT, a ! citizen of the United States, residing at San Burners; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the same, such as will enable others skilled 10 in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

The subject of my present invention is an improvement on the oil-burner shown in n y former patent, No. 741,867, October 20,

15 1903.

In addition to fulfilling all the objects set forth in said former patent my present oilburner is so arranged as to operate successfully with a minimum oil-pressure, and, fur-20 ther, the steam is so thoroughly intern ingled with the oil before they issue from the nozzle of the burner as to insure against the carbonizing and choking up of the burner.

I have made provision whereby the inte-25 rior of the burner can be instantaneously cleaned without the detaching or removing

of any of its parts.

I have set forth fully hereinafter the details of the construction and the essential 30 features thereof and illustrated them in the accompanying drawings, in which-

Figure 1 is a side elevation and partial section of the con plete burner. Fig. 2 is a side elevation of the inner plug of the nozzle. 35 Fig. 3 is a transverse section on the line x of Fig. 2. Fig. 4 is a transverse section on the line y of Fig. 2.

Referring now to the above views by numeral, 1 and 2 represent the oil and sceam 40 pipes of the burner, respectively, the latter encircling the former. The oil-pipe 1 is provided with a valve 3, while the steam-pipe 2 is connected to the valve 4, the unions 5 and 6 being provided to facilitate making the de-45 sired connections. The intermediate globevalve 7 is for the purpose of introducing a head of steam to the oil-pipe 1 for pur-

poses of cleansing. The outer extremity of the pipe 2 is threaded to the head 8, the outer 5° extremity of which is formed with the twin slots 9, from which the intermingled steam and oil issue. Within the head 8 is the curved central deflecting-web 10, which prevents the heavy oil from falling to the botslot, but causes it to issue evenly from both

The outer extremity of the oil-pipe 1 is Francisco, in the county of San Francisco | threaded to the nozzle 11, the hollow stem of 5 and State of California, have invented cet- which enters the member 13, the latter being 60 tain new and useful In provements in Oil- | threaded against a shoulder in the head 8, The n ember 13 is counterbored to form wat encircling cavity about the stem 12, into which small jets of steam are conducted through the grooves 14. Screwed into the 65 outer extren icy of the member 13 is the plug 15, the inner extremity of which is conical and is adapted to deflect the oil and steam and throw is through the perforation 16 where it strikes against the inner wall of the 75 head 8. The oil and steam are next interrupied and caused to intermingle by means of the interior flange 17, which is in line with the depressed circumferential groove in the plug 15.

The construction and arrangement of the several parts of my invention being thus made known, the operation of the same will, it is thought, be readily understood by following the solid and dotted arrows, which in- So dicate the course of the oil and steam, re

spectively.

The parts are so arranged as to be readily. connected, as the adjustable stem 12 and union 18 afford ample means for adjustment. 85

In order to further add to the thoroughness with which the steam and oil are intermingled, I have formed the diagonal grooves 19 in the threaded flange 20, which directs the steam to travel in a spiral course about the 90 member 13.

The peculiar construction and combination of parts enables the burner to be run with a very low fire, and owing to the narrowness of the oil and steam conduits the 95 burner operates with a steady flame without putling or blowing.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Let-

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ters Patent, is-

1. In an oil-burner, the combination with concentric steam and oil pipes and a head fixed to the end of the steam-pipe said head having a burner portion, of a member fixed within the head having front and rear exten- 105 sions, said rear extensions receiving the end of the oil-pipe and having passages for the flow of steam from said steam-pipe, and a plug fitted to and closing the front extension 55 tom of the head and issuing from the lower | of said member, said front extension being 110

admitted, and finally discharged through dially-perforated front end and having a cen-

2. In an oil-burner, the combination with 5 the head. concentric steam and oil pipes and a burnerhead having discharge-apertures, of a member disposed within the steam-passage and to having a threaded flange at its intermediate portion adapted to screw into engagement with the interior of the head, said member extending front and rear of the flange and having a passage longitudinally through it c5 for the reception of the nozzle end of the oilpipe, and said front extension forming a chamber into which steam and oil are delivered, a plug closing the front end of the front extension of the member said front extension 20 being radially perforated to allow the mingled oil and steam to escape into the burner-

3. The combination of a steam-pipe, a head. burner-head secured to one end thereof, a 25 member within the steam-passage having an enlarged threaded flange at its central por-

perforated back of the plug and forming a tion engaging threads on the interior of the chamber into which the steam and oil are head, said member having a chambered rasaid perforations into the burner portion of tral opening which connects at one end with 30 nects with said chamber, an oil-pipe entering said central opening in the member, a conical plug closing the chamber at the front end of the member except for the said perfora- 35 tions, said front and rear ends of the member being of less diameter than said flange and the interior of the steam-pipe, and said flange having diagonal passages for imparting a spiral motion to a portion of the steam 40 and for directing this portion of the steam into the burner-head in the presence of the oil and steam delivered by the front end of the said member.

In testimony whereof I have signed my 45 name to this specification in the presence of

two subscribing witnesses.

GEORGE E. WITT.

Witnesses: GEORGE PATTISON. ORPHA C. POOR.

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