## F. B. GILBRETH. CONCRETE WINDOW CONSTRUCTION.

APPLICATION FILED MAY 9, 1905. Fig.1. Witnesses: Inventor: Frank B. Gilbreth Horace A. Crossman by Enery Booth Bornell Attys Event & Enny.

THE NORRIS FETER WASHINGTON, D. C.

## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

FRANK B. GILBRETH, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

## CONCRETE WINDOW CONSTRUCTION.

No. 835,241.

20 wholly of concrete.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Nov. 6, 1906.

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To all whom it may concern:

citizen of the United States, residing at New York, in the borough of Manhattan, county 5 and State of New York, have invented an Improvement in Concrete Window Construction, of which the following description, in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a specification, like letters on the drawings

10 representing like parts. My invention consists in improvements in building construction, and particularly in providing a window construction largely or wholly of concrete, thereby extending the 15 possibilities of fireproof concrete construction and eliminating all or a large part of the combustible woodwork heretofore employed in connection with window construction even on buildings otherwise constructed

My invention will be best understood by reference to the following specification, taken in connection with the accompanying illustration of one specific embodiment there-25 of, while its scope will be pointed out in the

appended claims. In the drawings, Figure 1 is an elevation, partially in section, showing one embodiment of my invention in the form of an ordi-30 nary vertically-slidable window-sash. Fig. 2 is a section on the line 2 2 in Fig. 1, and

Fig. 3 is a section on the line 3 3, Fig. 2. In the drawings I have shown my invention as embodied in upper and lower sashes 35 a a of the conventional rectangular singlepanel type. In the illustrated embodiment of my invention each sash is formed of molded concrete or the like, any suitable metallic reinforcement, if desired, such as indicated at 40 b, being molded into each member of the sash when formed to give increased strength and rigidity thereto. The vertical members of this reinforcement may and preferably do project above each sash at the sides there-45 of to present the exteriorly-exposed fastening-eyes c, to which may be attached the

molded reinforcement of the sash. The glass-receiving portion of the sash is formed to receive the appropriately-dimensioned pare e, there being formed, however,

weight-holding chains d, thereby connecting

the sash-weights directly with the interiorly-

o all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Frank B. Gilbreth, a series of crevices to receive the usual glaziers' points which are employed for temporarily 55 holding glass in position before cementing the same in place.

Instead of the putty usually employed for holding the glass in place I may and preferably do make use of concrete for this purpose, and 60 in order that the same may have firm adherence when applied I form one or more locking-grooves  $\bar{g}$  in the body of the sash, so that the concrete (shown at h) may enter into the said grooves when applied for retaining the 65 pane in position.

If the building to which my invention is applied is constructed of concrete, the sill and lintel for the window may be molded out of the material of the building itself. In the 7° drawings I have shown the window-jambs formed each of a separate and removable piece of concrete j. These are designed to guide the sashes as the latter are slid vertically up or down and for this purpose are 75 provided with suitable vertically-arranged grooves adapted to receive and fit the projecting vertical ribs k, formed on the sides of each sash. These ribs, as well as all parts of the concrete construction, are molded with 80 rounded edges to avoid the chipping or fracture of the material. Each jamb-piece carries at its upper end molded therein a pair of metal journals l, and on these are journaled the weight-rollers m, over which pass the 85 weight-chains d, carrying the weights u, the latter being suspended in a molded space formed between the jamb-pieces and the material of the building.

The jamb-pieces may be fitted and re- 90 tained in position in any desired manner as, for example, at the lower end by the wedge or key piece o, which is forced into an appropriately-molded opening, partly in the concrete of the building and partly in the 95 concrete of the jamb, and at its upper end by the dowel-pin p. The wedge o and the dowel-pin p, if desired, may be made to fit somewhat loosely, so that the jamb after being placed in position may be adjusted some- 100 what to suitably fit the window-sash and then fixed in its adjusted position, either removably so, or by cementing, or in any other

desired manner.



After the jamb has been placed in position it may be covered by the retaining member q, also of concrete, partially overlying the lower sash and acting, therefore, in conjunc-5 tion with the jambs and a corresponding overlying portion of the building itself at the front of the window to serve as the window-frame. The retaining member q may be fitted into position by means of 10 concrete wedges or keys r and when adjusted to a fit may be cemented or otherwise fastened in place.

If desired, the glass may be strengthened for fireproofing or any other desired purpose 15 by the interiorly-molded reinforcement

shown at S.

While I have herein shown one specific embodiment of my invention for illustrative purposes, it is to be understood that it is not 20 limited to the details shown, but that many modifications may be made in the described embodiment thereof without departing from the spirit of my invention.

I claim—

1. In a building construction the combination with a molded concrete window-sash, of a reinforcement therefor molded within the same, but presenting an exteriorly-exposed attached member.

2. In a building construction the combination with a molded interiorly-reinforced concrete window-sash, of molded concrete win-

dow-jambs therefor.

3. In a building construction the combina-35 tion with a molded reinforced concrete window-sash, of a molded concrete window-frame therefor.

4. In a concrete building having a windowopening, a molded concrete window-sash fit-40 ting the concrete formation of said windowopening.

5. In a concrete building having a windowopening, a sliding molded concrete windowsash fitting the concrete formation of said

45 opening.

6. In a building construction the combination with a molded concrete window-sash, of a removable molded reinforced concrete

jamb fitted thereto.

50 7. In a building construction the combination with a molded concrete window-sash of a removable molded concrete jamb and a molded concrete retaining member for said jamb.

8. In a building construction the combination with a concrete wall having a windowopening therein, of a concrete window-sash

therefor.

9. In a building construction the combina-60 tion with a concrete wall having a windowopening therein, of a slidably-mounted concrete window-sash therefor.

nation with a molded wall, having a molded opening therein, of a concrete window-sash 65 fitting the said opening and weights for said sash movable in a molded recess in said wall.

11. In a building construction a concrete wall having a molded window-opening there- 70 in and provided with a weight-receiving

recess also molded in the wall.

12. In a building construction a molded interiorly-reinforced concrete window-sash.

13. In a building construction a concrete 75 wall having a window-opening therein and having a pulley-recess molded in said opening.

14. A molded concrete window-sash having rounded guiding-ribs molded in the con- 80

crete edges thereof.

15. A molded concrete window-sash hav-

ing molded rounded concrete edges.

16. In a building construction a window having a molded concrete sash and a rein- 85 forced pane.

17. In a building construction a window having a reinforced concrete sash and a rein-

forced pane.

18. In a building construction a concrete 90 window-sash provided with one or more retaining-recesses for the glazier's points molded into the concrete material of the sash.

19. In a building construction a concrete window-sash provided with a pane and a 95 cement-retaining recess adjacent the edges of the pane molded into the concrete of the window-sash sides.

20. In a building construction a concrete window-sash having molded therein a recess 100

to retain the glass-holding cement.

21. In a building construction a molded concrete window-sash having a cemented window-pane.

22. In a building construction a molded 105 concrete window-sash having a cemented window-pane and a locking-recess molded into the sash to retain the cement.

23. In a building construction a concrete wall having a molded window-opening with 110 beveled edges and a concrete window-sash for said opening said sash having also beveled or rounded edges.

24. In a building construction the combination with a concrete wall having a window- 115 opening therein, of a concrete window-sash and weight-supporting pulleys having journals molded into the concrete of the wall.

25. A building construction comprising a monolithic concrete window-sash having 120 lateral interiorly-reinforced frame members provided with beveled edges and concrete jambs for the sash, there being provided between the jambs and the adjacent frame members rounded grooves and coöperating 125 10. In a building construction the combi- | ribs for guiding the sash vertically.

26. A monolithic concrete window-sash having a molded shoulder to receive the pane, said shoulder presenting an outwardly-beveled face and one or more locking-recesses molded into the body of the concrete on the opposite side of the pane to lock the glass-retaining cement.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

FRANK B. GILBRETH.

Witnesses:

L. M. GILBRETH, FREDERICK L. EMERY.