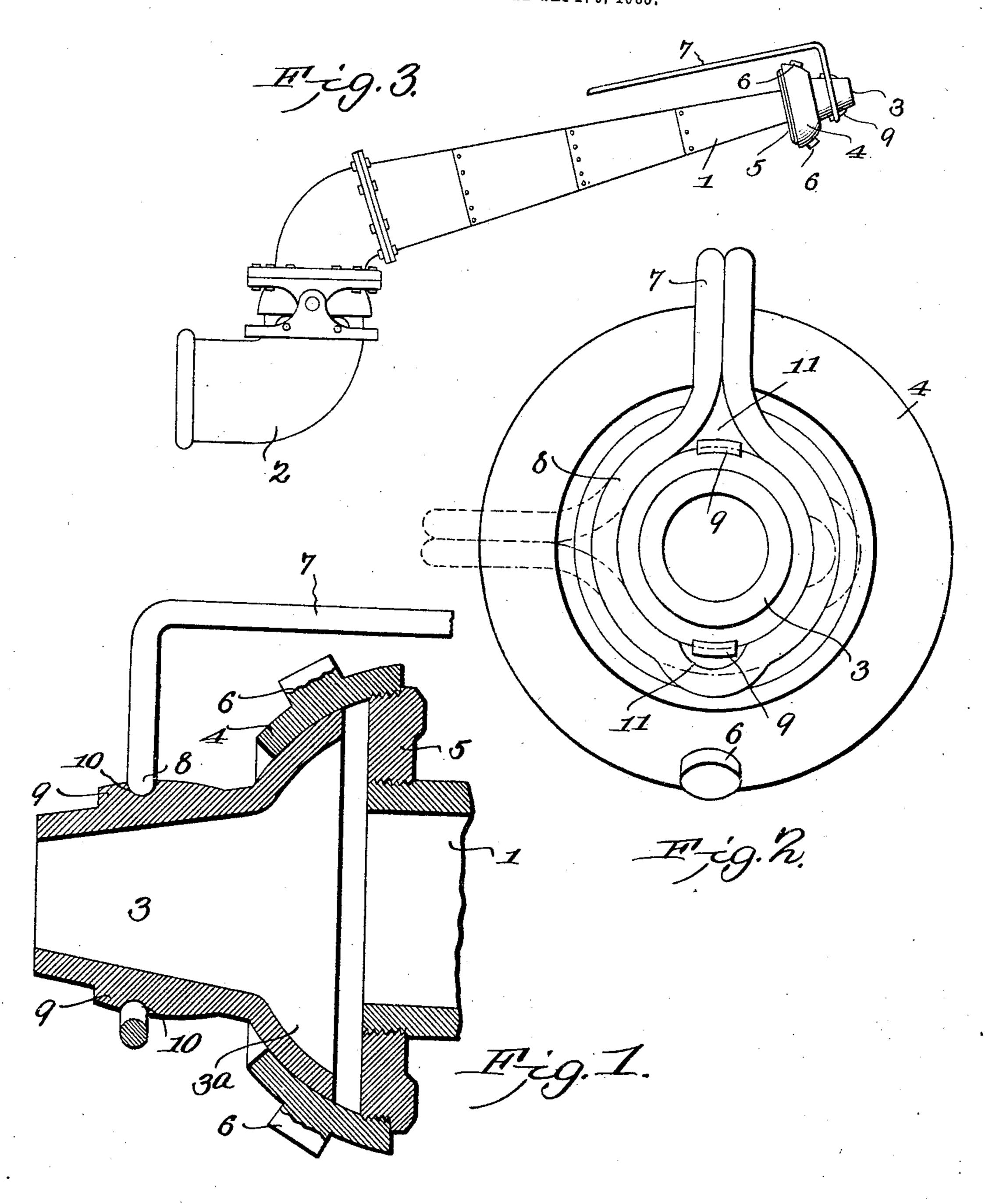
## J. LARSEN. HYDRAULIC MINING APPARATUS. APPLICATION FILED SEPT. 6, 1905.



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## ITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

## JOHN LARSEN, OF BURNTRANCH, CALIFORNIA.

## HYDRAULIC MINING APPARATUS.

No. 832,066.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Oct. 2, 1906.

Application filed September 6, 1905. Serial No. 277,252.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John Larsen, a citizen of the United States, residing at Burntranch, in the county of Trinity and State of Califor-5 nia, have invented a new and useful Hydraulic Mining Apparatus, of which the fol-

lowing is a specification.

This invention relates to hydraulic mining apparatus, and has for its object to provide 10 improved means for shifting the nozzle in a simple and efficient manner. In this connection it is proposed to provide a novel form of deflector which is controllable by hand and is arranged to make use of the force of the 15 stream passing through the nozzle to shift the latter in any direction, and thereby avoid manual shifting of the nozzle.

With these and other objects in view the present invention consists in the combination 20 and arrangement of parts, as will be hereinafter more fully described, shown in the accompanying drawings, and particularly pointed

out in the appended claims.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a longitudinal 25 sectional view of a nozzle for hydraulic mining involving the principles of the present invention. Fig. 2 is a front view thereof. Fig. 3 is a side elevation, on a small scale, of a hydraulic giant equipped with the deflector of 30 the present invention.

Like characters of reference designate corresponding parts in all figures of the drawings.

In explanation of the present invention there has been shown in the accompanying 35 drawings the nozzle 1 of the discharge-pipe of a hydraulic mining apparatus which is swiveled to swing in any direction upon the supply-pipe 2 in any suitable or approved manner, as shown in Fig. 3 of the drawings. 40 A tubular deflector 3 is associated with the nozzle and is provided at its rear end with a substantially semispherical flange 3a, which has a working fit within a substantially semispherical member 4, the latter being con-45 nected to the nozzle 1—as, for instance, by being threaded to an annular flange or collar 5, provided upon the extremity of the nozzle 1. If desired, the flange or enlargement 5 may be formed as an integral part 50 of the nozzle, or it may be in the nature of a ring or collar threaded thereon, as indicated in the drawings. When the coupling member 4 is threaded upon the part 5, it is preferably provided with a pair of ears or

55 projections 6 for engagement by a spanner to

member 4 with respect to the flange 5. The engaging faces of the parts 3 and 4 are ground, so as to have a snug working fit, and thereby produce a water-tight joint between 60 the members without requiring the employ-

ment of packing.

For the manual control of the deflector there is provided a handle or controlling element 7, which is provided at its outer end 65 with a loop or ring 8, disposed at substantially right angles to the handle-bar 7 and arranged to embrace the deflector, whereby the latter may be tilted in any direction upon the member 4 by manipulation of the handle 70 7. For convenience in assembling and removing the handle it is proposed to provide the deflector with diametrically opposite external lugs or ears 9, which are provided in their outer ends with transverse seats or 75 grooves 10 for the reception of the ring 8, the latter being provided with diametrically opposite outwardly-extending seats or recesses 11, designed to receive the projections 9, as shown in Fig. 2 of the drawings, when apply- 80 ing and removing the handle, the ring of course being turned so as to disaline its seats and the projections 9, whereupon the ring will be fitted in the grooves or seats 10, and thereby held against lateral displacement 85 along the deflector.

In practice when it is desired to change the direction of the stream issuing from the nozzle the handle 7 is manipulated to tilt the deflector in the desired direction upon its uni- 90

versal connection with the nozzle 1, whereupon the force of the stream against that side of the deflector which is inclined across the end of the nozzle tends to swing the nozzle slowly to the right or the left upon its 95 swiveled connection with the supply-pipe 2

until it has assumed the desired position, and then the handle is released, and the force of the water will return the deflector into longitudinal alinement with the nozzle. The ad- 100 vantage of this feature is that it employs the

force of the water, rather than manual force, to shift the nozzle from the right to the left, and as this shifting is comparatively slow it prevents the sudden changing of the direc- 105 tion of the stream. The direction of the noz-

zle may be changed vertically by vertically tilting the deflector and the direction of the stream may be changed horizontally by hori-

zontally tilting the deflector. Attention is directed to the fact that the enable the convenient application of the member 4 is removable from the nozzle 1,

and the member 3 is removable rearwardly through the member 4, whereby these members may be removed and another member 3 of a different diameter assembled with the 5 member 4 and then connected, through the medium of the latter, to the nozzle 1. By this arrangement of parts the diameter of the stream issuing from the nozzle may be changed to suit various conditions without 19 replacing the entire nozzle.

The particular advantage of the ball-andsocket connection between the nozzle 1 and the deflector 3 resides in the fact that a water-tight joint is provided, and there are no 15 sockets or recesses wherein dirt and the like may accumulate and interfere with the adjustment of the deflector.

Having thus described the invention, what

is claimed is—

1. The combination with the nozzle of a hydraulic mining apparatus, of a tubular deflector having a swinging connection with the nozzle and provided with external projections, and a controlling-handle having a loop

embracing the deflector back of the projec- 25 tions, the loop being provided with internal seats capable of alinement with the projections to permit application and removal of

the loop.

2. The combination with the nozzle of a 30 hydraulic mining apparatus, of a tubular deflector having a swinging connection with the nozzle and provided with external projections, said projections having transverse recesses in their outer ends, and a controlling- 35 handle having a loop embracing the deflector and received within the recesses of the projections, the loop being provided with internal seats to pass over the projections when applying and removing the loop.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my own I have hereto affixed my signature

in the presence of two witnesses.

JOHN LARSEN.

Witnesses:

J. L. Ammon, THOS. H. BRETT.