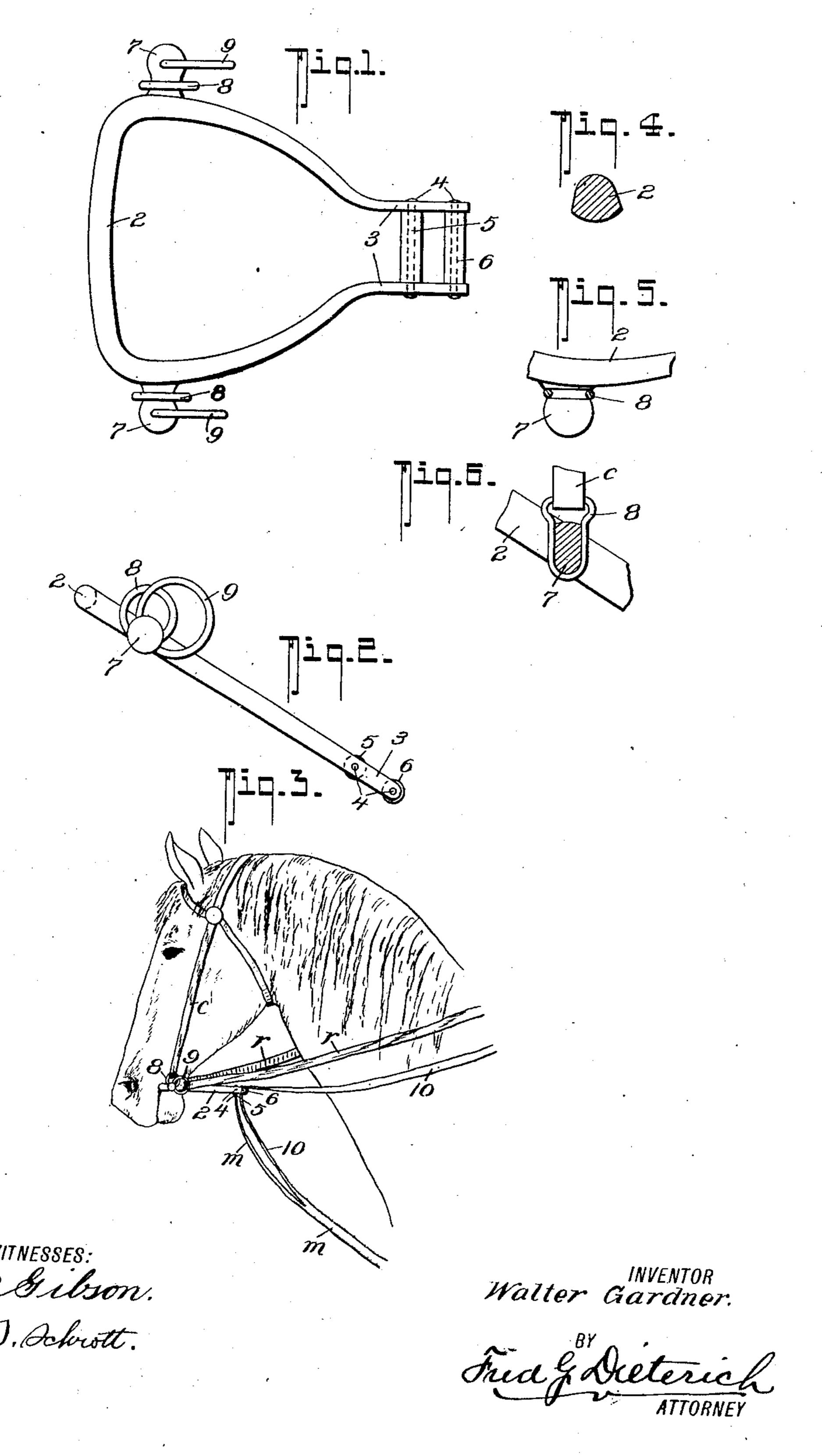
W. GARDNER. BRIDLE BIT. APPLICATION FILED AUG. 25, 1905.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WALTER GARDNER, OF ENDERBY, BRITISH COLUMBIA, CANADA.

BRIDLE-BIT.

No. 830,707.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Sept. 11, 1906.

Application filed August 25, 1905. Serial No. 275,737.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Walter Gardner, a citizen of the Dominion of Canada, residing at Enderby, in the Province of British Co-1 lumbia, Canada, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Bridle-Bits, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to an improved bridlebit which is designed to afford efficient control of a restive horse and which at the same time will be comfortable in the mouth and not liable to lacerate or injure it.

My object has been to obtain complete mastery of a horse's head without subjecting the beast to pain that would only tend to irritate and madden it.

The bit itself is a simple bar provided with rings for the attachment of the head-harness and bridle-rein; but the ends of the bit just outside the mouth are bent round and brought together under the chin to afford means for the attachment of the control-rein. This rein is designed to be attached to the belly-band or to a martingale and passing round a roller on the connected ends of the bit to the driver multiplies his effort to the mouth of the horse and subjects the head to the desired control. The control thus afforded is more effectual and complete when the bit is used in conjunction with an overdraw-check or bearing rein.

The particular construction and application of the bit is fully described in the following specification and illustrated in the drawings which accompany it, in which—

Figure 1 is a plan; Fig, 2, a side elevation. Fig. 3 shows the application of the bit to control a horse's head. Fig. 4 is a cross-section of the mouth-bar 2; Figs. 5 and 6, details showing an alternative means of connecting the cheek-strap ring.

The bit consists, essentially, of an integral mouth-bar 2, which bar is bent round outside the mouth and the two ends are curved together, as shown in Fig. 1, to the width of the control-rein, when they are bent, as at 3, so as to be parallel to one another and are secured by bars or rivets 4, on which run loose rollers 5 and 6. Approximate to the corner bend of the bit are lateral extensions or knobs 7, to which are connected rings 8 and 9 for the attachment of the cheek-strap c of the head-harness and the bridle-rein r. The location and manner of attachment of these rings is such as to enable the bit to hang at the desired angle in the mouth of the horse.

Figs. 5 and 6 show an alternative method of attaching the cheek-strap ring 8 so as to sustain the bit in the desired position of 'hang.' In this case instead of passing the 60 ring through a hole in the neck of the knob 7 the neck is rectangular in cross-section or has flattened sides to which the engaging portion of the ring 8 is shaped to conform, so that the bit is afforded support in the 65 matter of hang from the cheek-strap c.

At the bend of the bit where it will contact with the sides of the horse's mouth the bar is preferably made with a flattened inner side, as shown in the section in Fig. 4.

The bar 2 of the bit may, if found desirable, where the mouth of the horse is tender be covered with leather or other similar material.

In the application of the bit it is retained 75 in position in the mouth of the horse in the usual manner with the cheek-strap c of the head-harness attached to the ring 8, and the bridle-rein r is connected to the rings 9. The martingale m, secured to the girth or 8c belly-band, is connected to the bar or roller 5, and the control-rein 10 is either secured to the martingale m as drawn or connected direct to the belly-band and is passed round the roller 5 and led to the position of the 85 driver or rider, as the case may be.

In the operation of the bit under normal conditions, as previously remarked, it may be used as an ordinary bridle-bit, in which case it is a comfortable and effective bit, as 90 it cannot be drawn laterally out of the horse's mouth; but when the horse is inclined to be come restive the pull on the control-rein is approximately doubled in transmission to the bit in the mouth of the horse, so that 95 the head may be drawn strongly down and efficient control and mastery obtained. This control is the more complete if the bit is used in conjunction with an overdraw-check and bit, as the horse can then move his head 100 neither up nor down.

When applied to a horse with a known habit of kicking, the control-rein instead of being secured as a martingale to the belly-band may be continued through a loop on 105 the belly-band and connected to two breeching-straps secured to the rings of the breeching on each side, the breeching being lowered slightly for this purpose. This will afford mastery over the animal's hind quarters, 110 as on any attempt to kick his head and hind quarters may be by the control-rein drawn

strongly together and complete mastery be effected.

Having now particularly described my invention and the manner of its application 5 and use, I declare that what I claim as new, and desire to be protected in by Letters Pat-

ent, is—

1. In a bit of the class described, a mouthbit, the ends of which are recurved and terro minate in parallel portions under the chin of the horse, a pair of pins connecting the ends of said parallel portions together, a pair of rollers one on each pin between said parallel members, means adjacent the mouth-bar for 15 connecting the bit to the head-harness of the horse, and means for connecting the bridlerein to the bit, said rollers being arranged to permit passage of the control-rein therearound, substantially as shown and de-20 scribed.

2. A bit of the class described, comprising

a mouth-bar the ends of which are bent together and turned parallel to one another in a direction normal to the mouth-bar, being secured together by parallel bars on which 25 rollers are mounted, means for attaching the bit to the head-harness in such position in relation to the center of gravity that the bit will tend to hang in the desired position in the mouth of the horse, means for connecting 30 the bridle to the bit, and a control-rein secured to the girth or breeching and passing through the chin-loop of the bit to the position of the rider.

In testimony whereof I have signed my 35 name to this specification in the presence of

two subscribing witnesses.

WALTER GARDNER.

Witnesses:

ALBERT E. TAYLOR, ROBT. BRADLY.