No. 829,752.

PATENTED AUG. 28, 1906.

## F. M. ASHLEY. INKSTAND.

APPLICATION FILED JAN. 12, 1906.

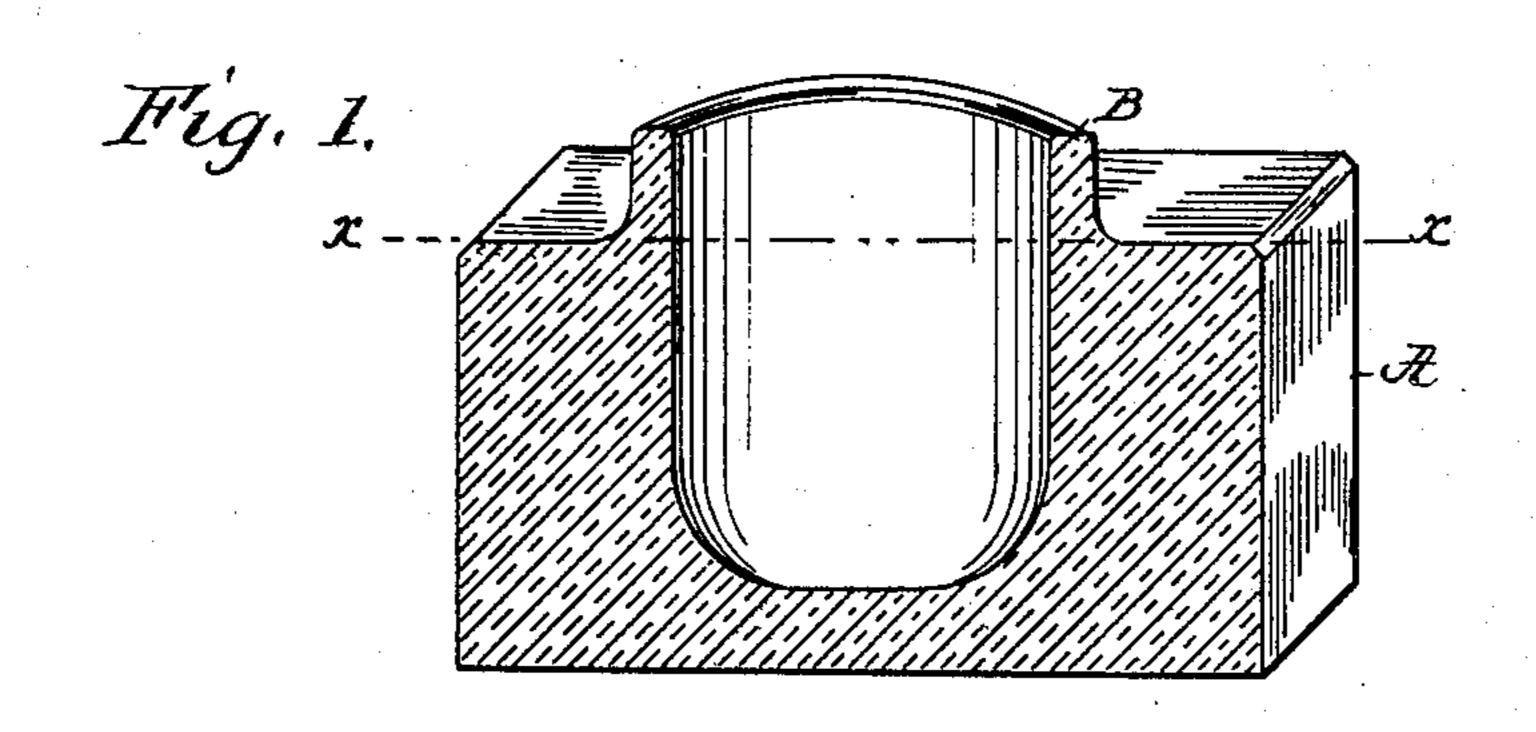
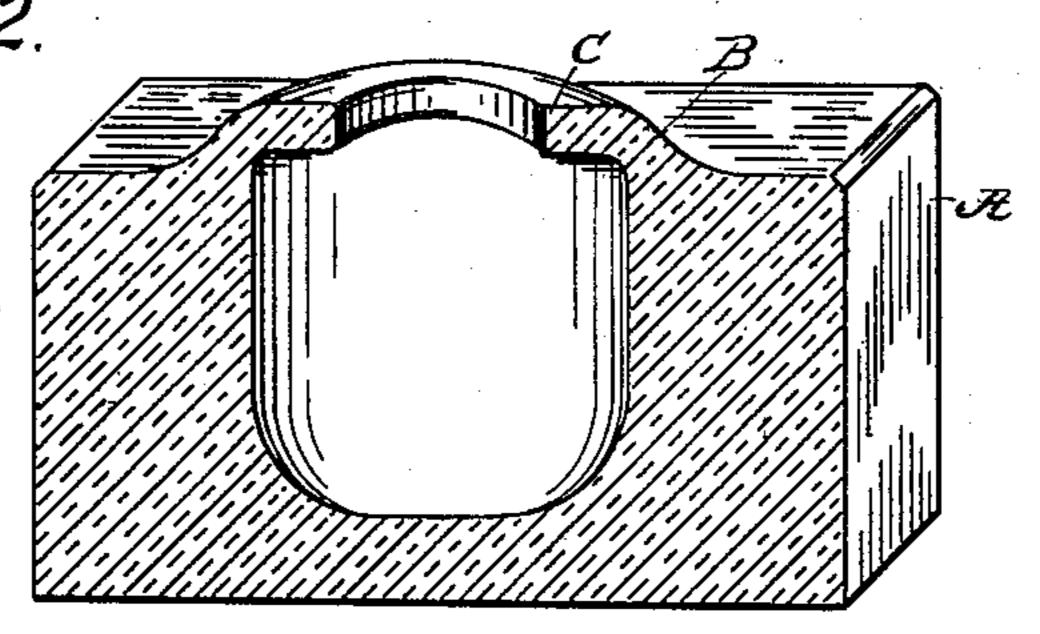


Fig. 2.



Witnesses We Bodge. Costs Paynor

Frank Holley.

## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

FRANK M. ASHLEY, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

## INKSTAND.

No. 829,752.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Aug. 28, 1906.

Application filed January 12, 1906. Serial No. 295,781.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Frank M. Ashley, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of New York city, in the county of New York 5 and State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Inkstands, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to inkstands, and parto ticularly to that type which is pressed in iron molds and has a base portion of a different form from the ink-well therein, and particularly to a square inkstand having a circular well formed therein and made of pressed

15 glass

The square glass inkstands made of pressed glass are generally formed by an iron mold, and a round plunger is forced into the mold when the glass is in a molten state, and as the 20 glass sets or crystallizes the plunger is withdrawn and the glass turned out of the mold, leaving a base square in cross-section and a circular opening usually beginning flush with the surface of the square, as indicated by line 25 x x on Figure 1 of the drawings herewith. Therefore when the bases are used for the automatic type of inkstand which use floats of hard rubber and are of much smaller diameter than the opening of the well proper it is 30 necessary to use an extra top disk of hard rubber as a cover for the reservoir and to support the float and other parts of the automatic combination. By my invention I obviate the necessity of using this extra disk

than has heretofore been constructed. The object of my invention is to provide an inkstand-base of square or irregular crosssection having a circular reservoir and a turned-in glass top or cover for the reservoir formed integral with the base and turned in 45 toward the center of the stand at a point di-

35 cover and have conceived a method of con-

struction, as well as a new construction,

which makes a far better, cheaper, and hand-

somer and more durable stand of this form

rectly above the square of the base.

The construction is very simple and effective.

Referring to the drawings, which form part of this specification, Fig. 1 is a vertical 50 sectional view showing the shape of the glass as it comes from the mold, and Fig. 2 is a vertical sectional view showing the stand with the top turned in.

A indicates the square base, B the top ring 55 as it is first formed, and C shows the stand after the ring B has been turned inward while

in a molten condition.

Those skilled in the art will have no difficulty in making the stand from the drawings 60 and will appreciate the advance made from the standpoint of beauty, durability, and utility.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Let- 65

ters Patent, is—

1. An inkstand made in a single piece having a body angular in cross-section and provided with a substantially flat top, a circular reservoir therein, and a turned-in portion di- 70 rectly above the top forming a low dome, substantially as shown and described.

2. An inkstand having a reservoir-body with thickened walls and a dome-shaped cover therefor made integral therewith and 75 of less diameter than the body and having its wall of less thickness than the body portion.

3. An inkstand having a reservoir-body with thickened walls and a cover therefor made integral therewith and of less diameter 80 than the body and having its wall of less thickness than the body portion and formed above the body portion and provided with an opening, substantially as described.

Signed at New York, in the county of New 85 York and State of New York, this 30th day

of December, A. D. 1905.

FRANK M. ASHLEY.

Witnesses:

A. T. Scharps, A. M. LYNCH.