No. 829,605.

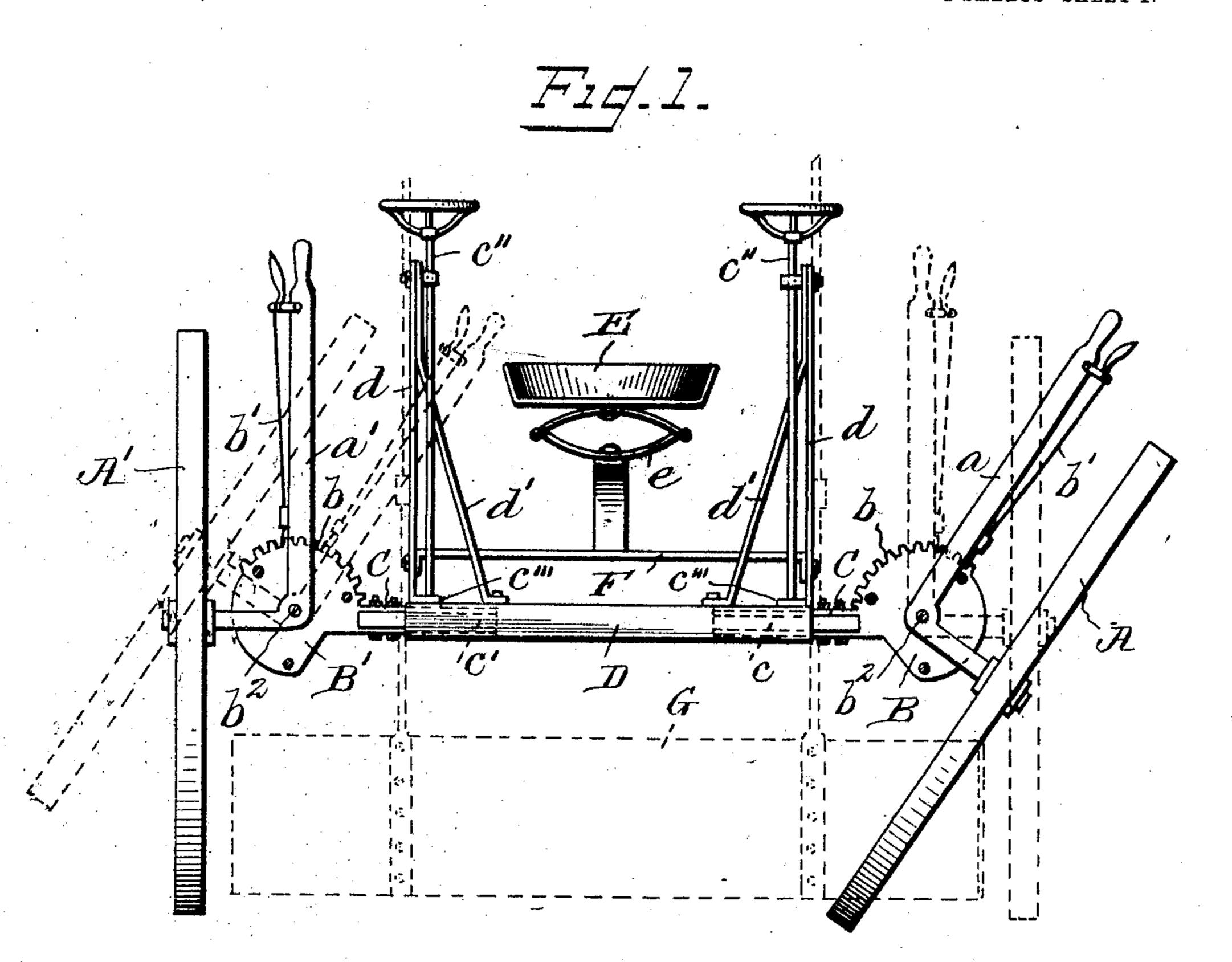
PATENTED AUG. 28, 1906.

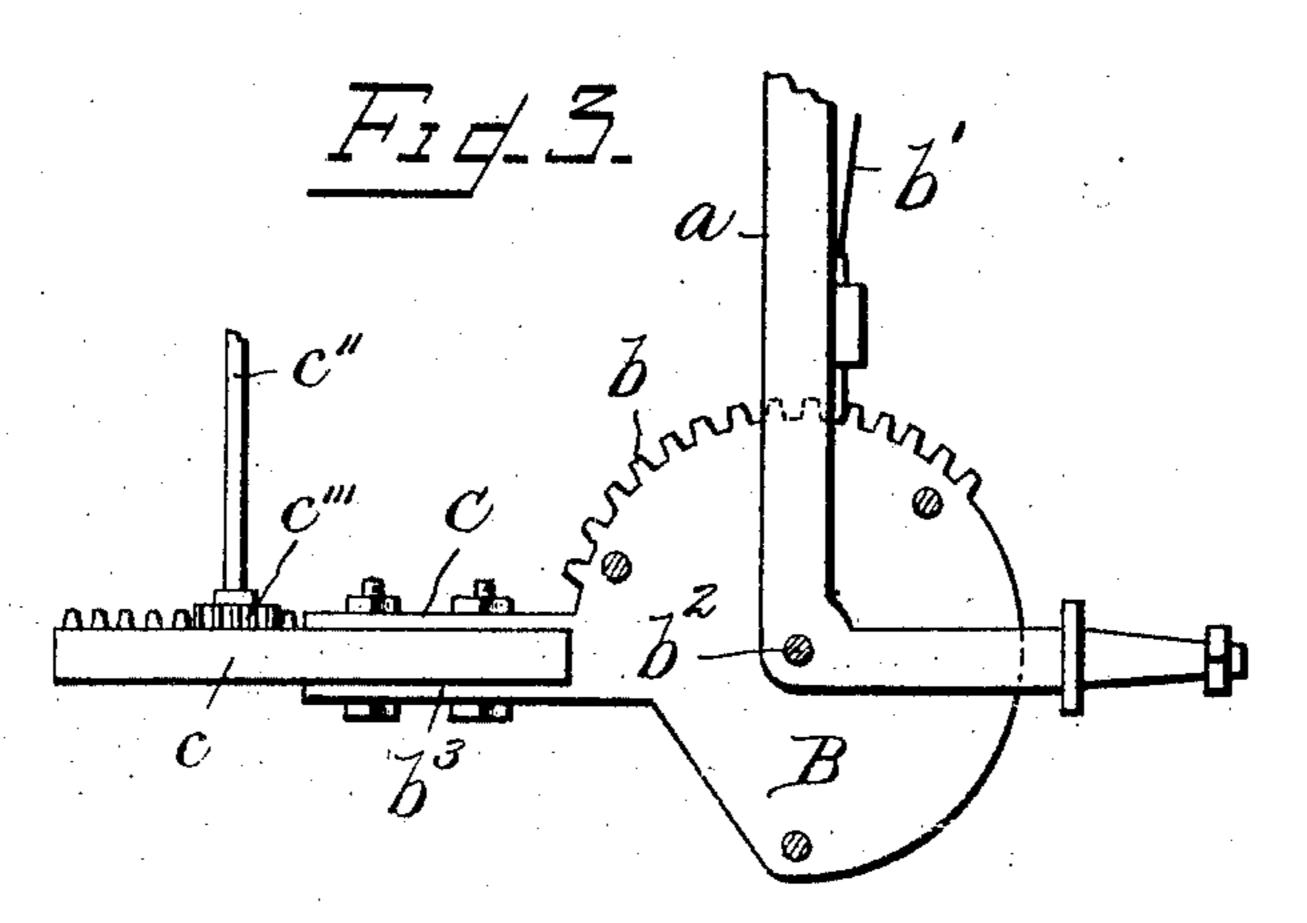
J. E. RIDINGS.

ATTACHMENT TO ROAD GRADING MACHINES.

APPLICATION FILED FEB. 19, 1906.

2 SHEETS-SHEET 1.





WITNESSES.

Harry L. Amer. John E. Burch James E. Ridings.
BY E.M. Marble
ATTY

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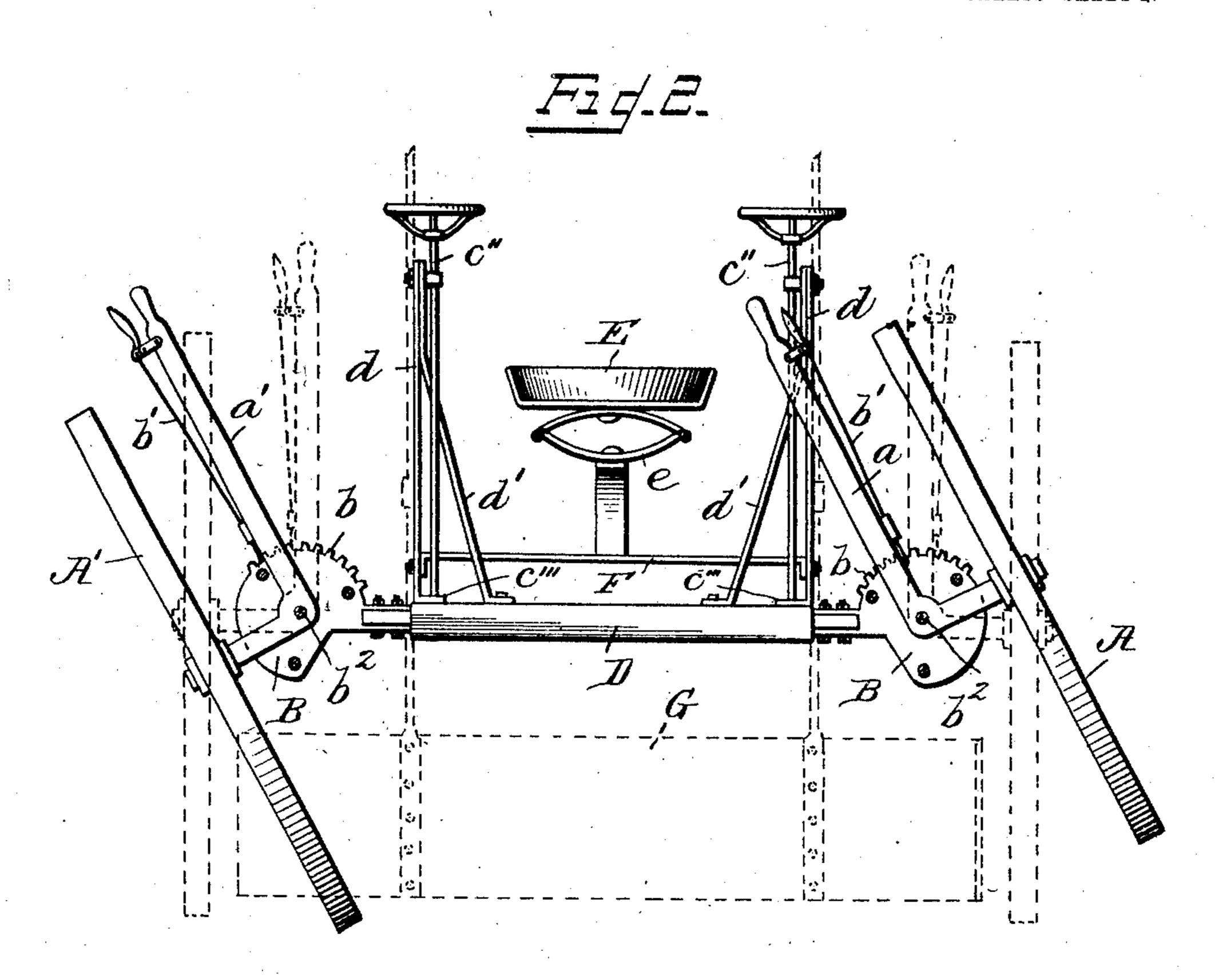
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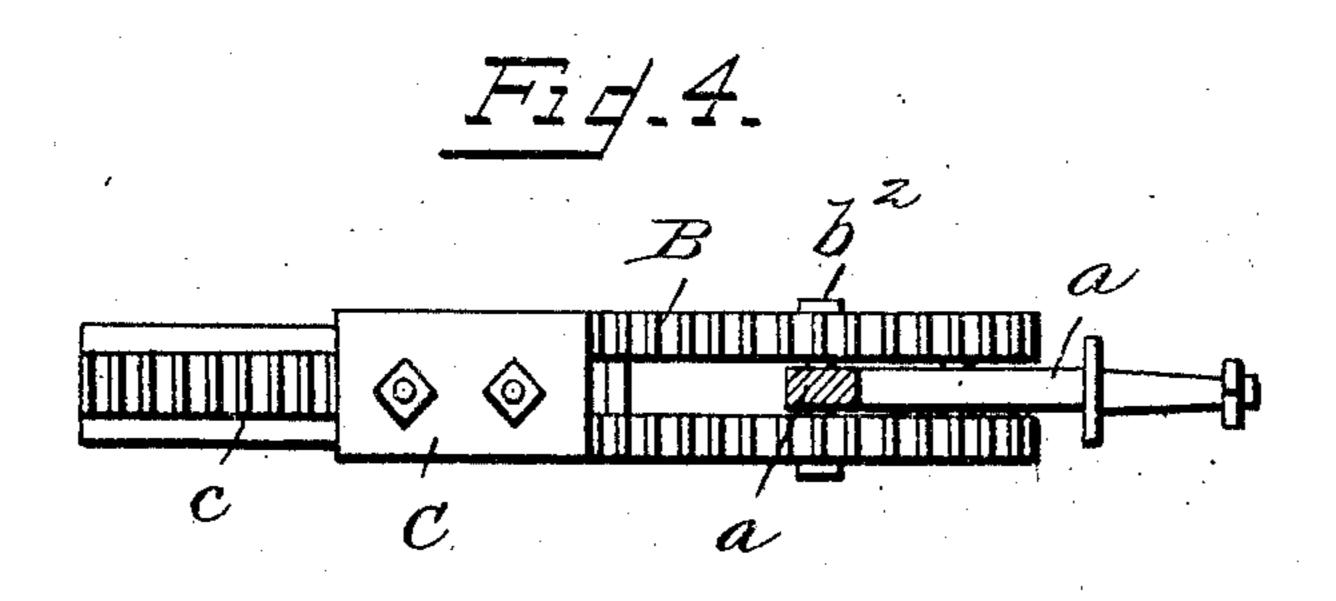
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2 SHEETS-SHEET 2.





WITNESSES.

Harry L. Amer.

James E. Ridings.

BY &. M. Marb Ce ATTY.

STATES PATENT OFFICE

JAMES EDWIN RIDINGS, OF SALINA, KANSAS.

ATTACHMENT TO ROAD-GRADING MACHINES.

No. 829,605.

Specification of Letters Patent. Patented Aug. 28, 1906.

Application filed February 19, 1906. Serial No. 301,791.

a citizen of the United States, residing at Salina, in the county of Saline and State of Kan-5 sas, have invented new and useful Improvements in Road-Grading Machines, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to attachments to road-grading machines, which will be herein-10 after more fully described, illustrated in the drawings, and particularly pointed out in the

claims.

One object of my invention is to provide an attachment for any road-grading machine 15 which will hold the grader, plow, or scraper in proper position no matter what the inclination of the ground may be.

A further object of my invention is to provide an attachment for grading-machines 20 which may be successfully used on any of the grading-machines now in use for grading roads or streets, digging aitches, or forming dikes.

A still further object of my invention is to 25 provide an attachment for grading-machines and the like which shall be simple in construction in all of its parts, durable and reliable in operation, and readily repaired.

I attain these objects by the attachment 30 shown in the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this application, in which like letters refer to similar parts, and in which—

Figure 1 represents a rear view of my attachment in connection with a grading-ma-35 chine of ordinary construction, partly in dotted lines, with the right wheel shown in full lines at an angle to the machine and in dotted lines in a vertical position, the left-hand wheel being shown in full lines in a vertical 40 position, but in dotted lines at an angle to the machine. Fig. 2 represents my attachment in connection with an ordinary road-grading machine, partly in dotted lines, with both wheels set at an angle to the machine, but in 45 proper vertical position in dotted lines. Fig. 3 represents a detail view of the sectors, the bell-crank-lever axle, and spindle, the lever being partly broken away. Fig. 4 represents a top plan view of the movable sectors, the 50 axle and spindle, and ad usting-gears.

This attachment, as heretofore stated, may be and is intended to be used with the road-graders now in use or with any other graders which may be constructed. Its con-55 struction is such that the wheels may either

To all whom it may concern: pendently of each other or on the same line of Be it known that I, James Edwin Ridings, | inclination, thus accommodating itself to any and every inclination of the ground and so that the dirt may be thrown to the right or left, as 60 desired. When applied to a new grader, it may be readily applied thereto without difficulty, as the connecting parts, as shown, can be constructed and adapted to each other. When it is applied to an old grading- 65 machine, the axle may be cut off at the ends and the attachment secured thereto without further change.

If the construction of the old machine is such that the bell-crank lever may come in 70 contact with or interfere with any parts of such machine, said levers may be bent or shortened so as to obviate such difficulty without inconvenience or detriment. By this it should be understood that this attach- 75 ment may be made a part of an entirely new machine, and thus constitute an integral part of the same or it may be applied to an old machine as an addition thereto or be substituted for some other device.

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Referring now to the drawings, A is the right-hand wheel, and A' the left-hand wheel. These wheels revolve on the spindles of the bell-crank-lever axles a and a'. These leveraxles a a' are pivoted to sectors B and B', 85 which are cast in the form shown in Figs. 1, 2, and 3 and are provided on their upper edges with teeth or cogs b b, by which they are held in any desired position by the springactuated dogs b' b' for purposes hereinafter 90 explained. These sectors are cast in pairs and are double-walled and bolted together, forming spaces between them for the movements of the lever-axles a a', which are pivoted thereto by bolts b''b''. On the inner ends 95 of said sectors projections $b^{\prime\prime\prime}$ $b^{\prime\prime\prime}$ are cast to form boxes or chambers C for the reception and movement of sliding bars c c', as shown in Fig. 1.

D is a box or chamber in which the sliding 100 bars c c' move. The box D may be a part of a new machine or may be a part of this attachment to an old machine. As shown in the drawings, it is a part of a new machine on which the rods and braces d d' rest and are 105 bolted. E is the driver's seat—a part of the machine—having a spring e and supported by a cross-bar F, secured to rods d d.

Below the box D the scraper G is shown in dotted lines. This scraper may be of any 110 preferred form and may be located at any deor both be set at any required angle inde- | sired position under the grader. Proper

mechanism will be provided for raising and lowering the scraper or other device; but as , that is not a part of my invention I will not

describe or illustrate it. 5. In the operation of my attachment the wheels A A' may be set, as shown in Figs. 1 and 2, to throw the dirt to the right or left, as desired. To do this, the bell-crank-lever axles a a' are simply thrown to the right or 10 left. As the wheels are independently adjustable, the right wheel may be thrown to the right and the left wheel remain in a vertical position, or both wheels may be thrown in the same direction. The wheels in like 15 manner may be thrown in opposite directions, as in digging a ditch or dike. The wheels A and A' may also be caused to take a wider or narrower tread by moving the bars c and c' by the use of the turning-rods c'' c''20 and the gears c''' c''' to move them inward or outward. This will bring the wheels A and A' closer together or spread them apart, as necessity or convenience may require. When the right or left wheel is thrown to the right or left, as shown in Fig. 1, the grader may be successfully used against steep banks of earth or on rough or hilly places. Many other ad-

Having thus fully described my invention and its operation, what I claim, and desire to

vantages in excavating-work might be men-

secure by Letters Patent, is-

tioned.

I. The combination with a road-grading machine, of a two-wheeled attachment, hav-35 ing wheels on opposite sides of the same, adjustable at different angles, jointly or independently, and means for adjusting the same substantially as described.

JNO. E. RYBERG.

2. In an attachment for road-grading mass chines the combination with two adjustable 40 wheels, of bell-crank-lever axles, pivoted to toothed sectors secured to said grading-machine, and means for locking said wheels in predetermined adjustments, substantially as described.

3. In an attachment for road-grading machines the combination with two doublewalled toothed sectors on opposite sides of said attachment, of a common box, and bars, moving in said box, secured to said sectors 50 and means for moving said bars toward and from each other, substantially as described.

4. In an attachment for road-grading machines the combination with independentlyadjustable wheels, of two bell-crank-lever 55 axles, two double-walled sectors, a box common to said sectors, bars sliding in said box connected to said sectors, and means for operating and locking the bars in place, substantially as described.

5. As an article of manufacture, an attachment to road-grading machines comprising two independently-adjustable wheels revolving on separately-adjustable spindles forming parts of separate axles operated by or separate bell-crank levers, pivoted to separate double-walled sectors, connected to bars moving in a common box to give a narrow or wider tread to the wheels and means to operate said bars, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two subscribing witnesses. JAMES EDWIN RIDINGS

Witnesses:

FRED F. EBERHARDT,