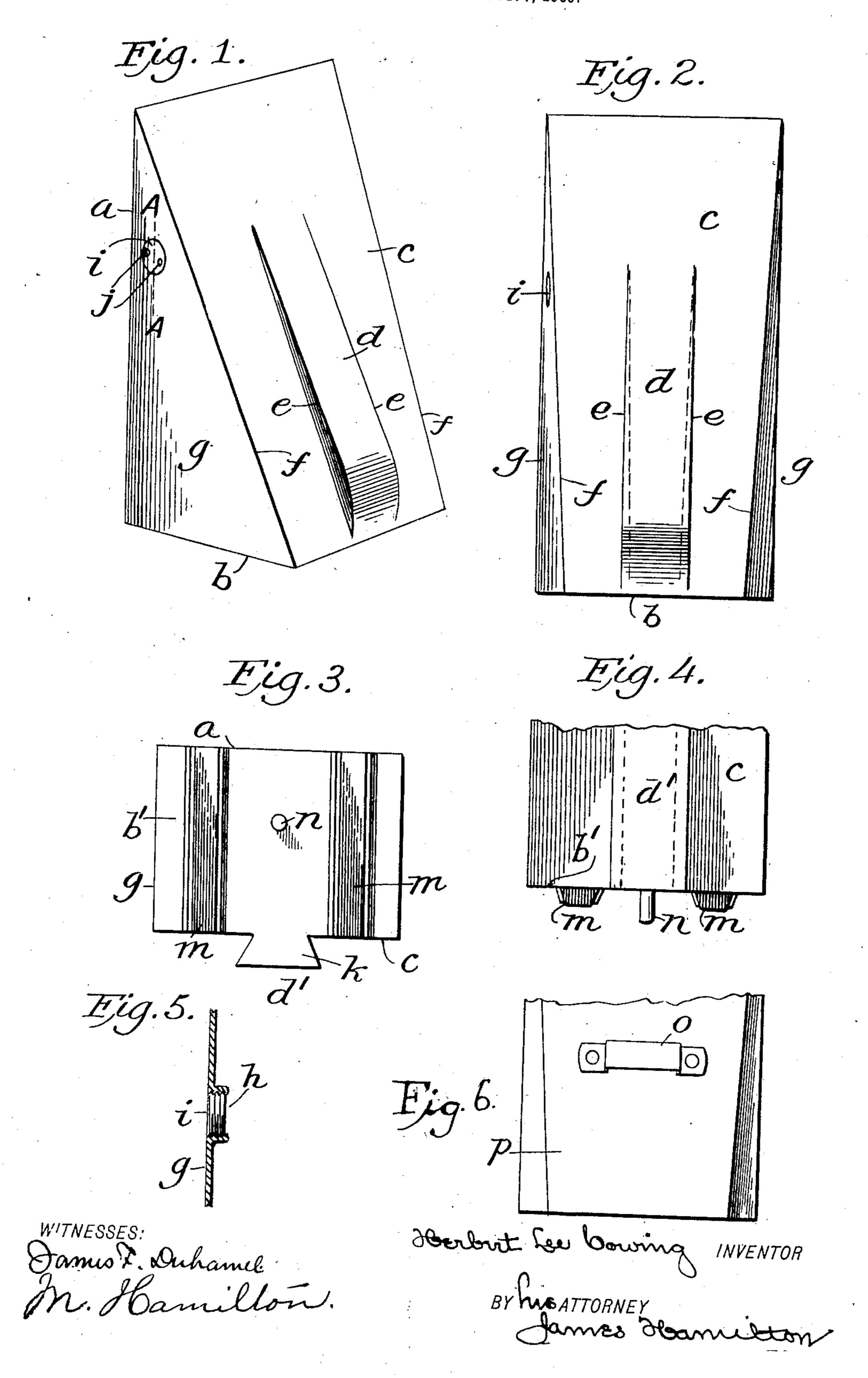
## H. L. COWING. BOOK SUPPORT. APPLICATION FILED. OCT. 7, 1906.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HERBERT LEE COWING, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

## BOOK-SUPPORT.

No. 826,767.

Specification of Letters Patent.

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Application filed October 7, 1905. Serial No. 281,732.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HERBERT LEE COWING, a citizen of the United States, residing in the borough of Brooklyn, city of New York, in 5 the county of Kings and State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Book-Supports, of which the following is a specification, reference being had to the accompanying drawings.

My invention relates to improvements for supporting books upon the shelves commonly used in libraries and like places; and the object of my invention is to provide a booksupport which will be simple in construction, 15 efficient and durable in use, cheap in manuture, and readily stored when not in use.

In the drawings illustrating the principle of my invention and the best mode now known to me of applying that principle, Fig-20 ure 1 is a perspective view of my new booksupport. Fig. 2 is a rear view of the same. Fig. 3 is a bottom plan view, and Fig. 4 a rear view, of a modification. Fig. 5 is a sectional view along the line A A, Fig. 1; and

25 Fig. 6 is a detail hereinafter referred to. My new book-support consists, essentially, of a closed receptacle preferably made of sheet metal. As shown in the drawings, the hollow closed receptacle has five sides or 30 faces. The front face a is vertical when the base b rests upon a horizontal shelf, and this front face is placed against the last book in the row upon the shelf. The rear face c is inclined and is formed with a handle d, which 35 is integral with the rear face c and is formed with overhanging edges e to leave grooves at the sides for the thumb and fingers in seizing the book-support. The handle d is punched from the metal of the rear face c, and when 40 the blank from which the rear face c is formed. is rectangular this causes the edges ff to incline inwardly toward the bottom. The side faces g are therefore converging toward the rear and the base is a trapezoid, as will be 45 readily understood. One of the side faces gis formed with a hole h, the walls of which project inwardly and are screw-threaded to receive a cap i, which when in position and screwed home has its top flush with the side 50 face g. The cap i is screwed home by means of a U-shaped or two-pronged wrench, the

ends of which engage in the holes j. This

construction prevents tampering with the

screw-cap i after it is screwed into place. In

weight to resist the pressure of the books, I

55 order to give the book-support sufficient

the receptacle is filled through the hole h with sand or other readily-obtainable ponderable substance.

The rear face may be formed from a blank 60 having the shape of a trapezoid and in such manner that the material to form the handle having been forced out the inclined edges of the trapezium are made parallel, and the rear face assumes the form in contour of a rectan- 6 gle. This is shown in Fig. 4, where the handle d' does not curve inwardly near its bottom, but continues on to meet an ear k, formed upon the base b', Fig. 3. This ear kserves to give increased resistance to tipping 70 without adding materially to the weight and forms a point for the attachment of the handle d', as will be clearly understood from a careful inspection of Figs. 3 and 4.

In order to prevent slipping of the device 75 upon the shelf, strips m of non-slippable material—such as rubber, lead, or the like may be secured to the base. Further, the base may be provided with a downwardlyprojecting lug n, adapted to engage a central 80

groove in the shelf.

Other forms of handle may be provided, as shown in Fig. 6, in which a strap-handle o is

securely attached to the rear face p.

When unfilled, my book-support is very 85 light, and therefore a large number may be stored without taxing the strength of the supporting floor-beams. Furthermore, the wedge shape of the device permits one to store a large number in a small space. No 90 skilled labor is necessary to fill the device for use, and when it is desired to discontinue its use the device may be readily emptied preparatory to its being stored. In the use of my new device the end books do not have to 95 be raised to permit of the insertion of a projecting base, nor are they subjected to the wear produced by working such a base beneath the books into position. In its preferred form my new support does not require 100 a special form of shelf, but may be used on the ordinary plain shelf, thereby contributing to the low cost of installation.

What I claim is—

1. A book-support made up of sheet mate- 105 rial and having a base, a face connected with said base and adapted to lie flat against the books, a face connecting the upper edge of the first-named face and the rear edge of said base and provided with a handle and side 110 faces to form a closed receptacle.

2. A book-support made up of a front face

adapted to rest against the books; a base at substantially right angles to said front face and adapted to rest upon a shelf, said base being formed with an ear projecting from one of its sides; a rear face connecting said front face and said base, said rear face being formed with a handle secured to said ear; and side faces connecting said front face, rear face and base to form a closed receptacle.

3. A book-support made up of sheet material and having a base, a face connected with said base and adapted to lie flat against the books, a face connecting the upper edge of

the first-named face and the rear edge of said base, and side faces to form a receptacle normally closed, one of said faces being formed with an opening and provided with a closure therefor; the face connecting the upper edge of the first-named face and the rear edge of the base being provided with an integral 20 handle.

## HERBERT LEE COWING.

Witnesses:

James Hamilton, Margaret Hamilton.