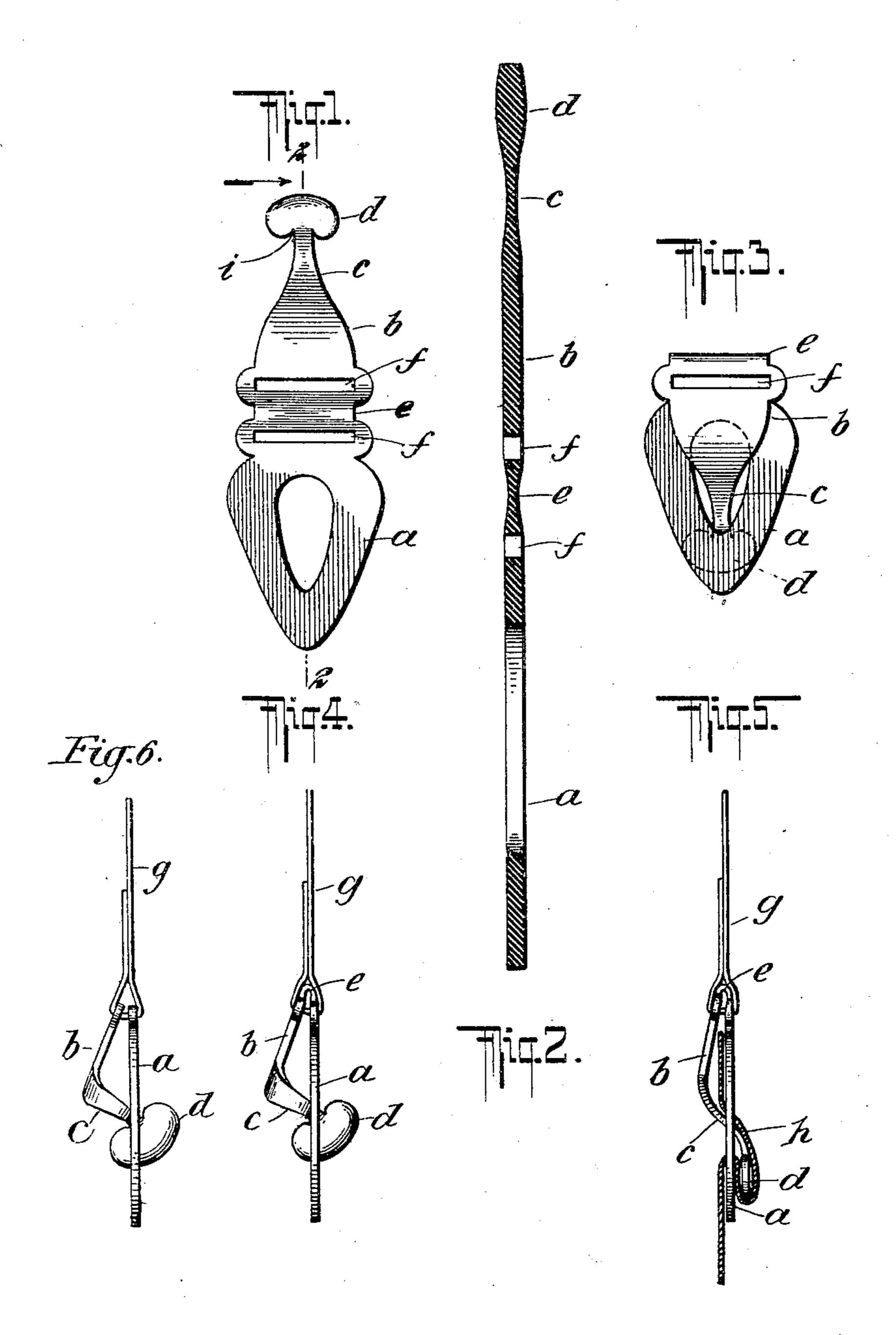
H. H. BARNUM. GARMENT CLASP.

APPLICATION FILED DEC. 30, 1903.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HENRY H. BARNUM, OF LEONIA, NEW JERSEY.

GARMENT-CLASP.

No. 824,332.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Farented June 26, 1906.

Application filed December 30, 1903. Serial No. 187, 152.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HENRY H. BARNUM, a citizen of the United States, residing in Leonia, Bergen county, and State of New Jer-5 sey, have invented a new and useful Garment-Clasp, of which the following is a specification.

The object of my invention is to furnish a simple, convenient, and substantial device 10 for use in supporting stockings, skirts, and other garments and one that can be cheaply made and easily applied and that will hold securely. Its main feature is a tongue of flexible material which, together with a loop, 15 through which it passes, pinches the garment to be held.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a plan view of my garment-clasp open and before the suspending-strap is attached to it. Fig. 2 is a 20 cross-section on line 2 2 of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 shows the clasp in the position which it assumes when in use. Fig. 4 shows my garment-clasp with the suspending-strap attached and the manner of inserting the 25 tongue-anchorintotheloop. Fig. 5 shows my garment-clasp with the suspending-straps attached as it appears when it supports a stocking or other piece of fabric. Fig. 6 shows a modification in which the loop and

rial. Similar letters refer to similar parts

30 tongue are made of separate pieces of mate-

throughout the several views.

My garment-clasp is preferably made of a 35 single piece, as shown in Fig. 1, so that it may conveniently be stamped out of a strip of the material of which it is to be made and may conveniently be handled or manipulated. I prefer to make my garment-clasp of leather, 40 or rubber, or rubber reinforced by cloth, or other flexible material having a yielding surface; but any flexible material of sufficient rigidity will serve my purpose.

My garment-clasp consists of a loop a, pref-45 erably having an opening larger at its upper than at its lower end, and a tongue b, having a tapering neck c and ending in an anchor d. The tongue and the loop are joined by a connecting-piece e and are provided each with a

50 slot or opening f.

My clasp when in use is folded, as shown in Figs. 3, 4, and 5, and is provided with the suspending-strap, of elastic or other fabric, g, which is inserted through the two slots or 55 openings f, as shown in Figs. 4 and 5, and sewed down upon itself, so as to form a

means of supporting the clasp from some portion of the body of the wearer in the usual manner.

When it is intended to support a piece of 60 fabric by means of the clasp, the fabric is laid upon the tongue b, its tapering neck c and anchor d, and between the same and the loop a. The anchor d, pushing the fabric before it, is then pushed through the upper larger 65 portion of the opening of the loop or is given a slight turn and pushed through any convenient portion of the loop in the manner shown in Fig. 4 and pulls through the opening a portion of the fabric. The anchor is then 70 drawn downward by a pull upon the fabric, and the respective parts assume the position shown in Fig. 5, in which h represents the piece of fabric. The fabric is prevented from slipping by being pinched between the tongue 75 and the loop and also by the anchor d. The sides of the opening in the loop are tapered in order to assist in securing a grip upon the fabric.

The clasp is easily and quickly manipu- 80 lated and because of its flexibility and the yielding nature of its surface prevents a slipping or a tearing of the garment.

By the word "connected" I intend to refer to any means for joining the tongue and 85 the loop, whether by the web e or otherwise.

The clasp may be made of the same thickness throughout; but I prefer to make the connecting-piece e somewhat thinner than the remaining portion of the clasp in order to 90 facilitate the folding of the clasp into the position shown in Figs. 3, 4, and 5, and I also prefer to make the tapering neck c somewhat thinner than the remaining portion of the clasp in order to render it more flexible, 95 and thus to facilitate the introduction of the anchor into the loop a. I prefer to provide the anchor d with one or more indentations iin order to make the grip upon the fabric more secure.

The loop a may be made of metal without departing from the spirit of my invention, or it may be made of metal covered with rubber, cloth, leather, or other material having a yielding surface. However, I prefer to 105 make the entire loop of rubber or leather or rubber reinforced by a textile material, so as to insure the flexibility and elasticity of the entire clasp.

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The clasp may be made in two parts by 110 omitting the connecting-piece e, as shown in Fig. 6, in which case the supporting-strip,

looped through the two slots, serves to hold

the two parts in place.

By the word "anchor" used in the specification and claims I intend to designate the 5 attachment or extension at the lower end of the tongue broader than said end of the tongue, the purpose of the attachment or extension being to afford a grip upon the textile or fabric which partially surrounds the to same.

What I claim, and desire to secure by Let-

tert Patent, is—

1. A garment-clasp comprising a loop and a tongue, the tongue being made of flexible 15 material and having a relatively flat anchor, of flexible material, said tongue and loop being connected so as to be normally parallel when in inoperative position, the anchor being of such proportions as to permit it to 20 pass entirely through the loop, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

2. A garment-clasp comprising a loop and a tongue, the tongue being made of flexible material and having a relatively flat anchor, 25 said tongue and loop being connected so as to be normally parallel when in inoperative position, the anchor being composed of flexible material having a yielding surface and being of such proportions as to permit it to pass en-30 tirely through the loop, substantially as and

for the purpose set forth.

3. A garment-clasp comprising a loop provided with an opening larger at its upper than at its lower portion and a tongue made 35 of flexible material connected therewith so as to be normally parallel therewith when in inoperative position, the tongue having a relatively flat anchor, which anchor is composed of flexible material having a yielding 40 surface and is of such proportions as to permit it to pass entirely through the loop, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

4. A garment-clasp comprising a loop and a tongue so connected as to be normally par-45 allel when in inoperative position, the tongue being made of flexible material and having an anchor at its end, which anchor has indentations at its point of meeting with the tongue and is of such proportions as to permit it to 50 pass entirely through the loop, substantially

as and for the purpose set forth.

5. A garment-clasp comprising a loop and a tongue so connected as to be normally parallel when in inoperative position, the tongue 55 being made of flexible material and having a relatively flat anchor which is composed of flexible material and has indentations at its point of meeting with the tongue and is of such proportions as to permit it to pass en-60 tirely through the loop, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

6. A garment-clasp comprising a loop of flexible material and a tongue so connected therewith as to be normally parallel there-65 with when in inoperative position, the tongue

being made of flexible material and having a relatively flat anchor composed of flexible material and of such proportions as to permit it to pass entirely through the loop, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

7. A garment-clasp comprising a loop of flexible material and a tongue so connected therewith as to be normally parallel therewith when in inoperative position, the tongue being made of flexible material and having a 75 relatively flat anchor composed of flexible material having a yielding surface, the anchor being of such proportions as to permit it to pass entirely through the loop, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

8. A garment-clasp comprising a loop of flexible material provided with an opening larger at its upper than at its lower portion and a tongue so connected therewith as to be normally parallel therewith when in inopera- 85 tive position, the tongue being made of flexible material and having a relatively flat anchor, which anchor is composed of flexible material and is of such proportions as to permit it to pass entirely through the loop, sub- 90 stantially as and for the purpose set forth.

9. A garment-clasp comprising a loop of flexible material provided with an opening larger at its upper than at its lower portion and a tongue so connected therewith as to be 95 normally parallel therewith when in inoperative position, the tongue being made of flexible material and having a relatively flat anchor, which anchor is composed of flexible material having a yielding surface and is of 100 such proportions as to permit it to pass entirely through the loop, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

10. A garment-clasp comprising a loop and a tapering tongue of flexible material so 105 connected as to be normally parallel when in inoperative position, the tongue having at its narrower end a relatively flat anchor composed of material having a yielding surface and of such proportions as to permit it to 110 pass entirely through the loop, substantially

as and for the purpose set forth.

11. A garment-clasp comprising a loop provided with an opening larger at its upper than at its lower portion and a tapering 115 tongue of flexible material so connected therewith as to be normally parallel therewith when in inoperative position, said tongue having at its narrower end a relatively flat anchor, which anchor is composed of mate- 120 rial having a yielding surface and is of such proportions as to enable it to pass entirely through the loop, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

12. A garment-clasp comprising a loop 125 and a tapering tongue of flexible material so connected therewith as to be normally parallel therewith when in inoperative position, said tongue having at its narrower end a relatively flat anchor composed of flexible mate- 130

rial having a yielding surface, the anchor being of such proportions as to permit it to pass entirely through the loop, substantially as

and for the purpose set forth.

and a tongue of flexible material so connected therewith as to be normally parallel therewith when in inoperative position, said tongue having an anchor of such proportions as to permit it to pass entirely through a loop, that portion of the tongue where it meets the anchor being more flexible than the body of the tongue.

14. A garment-clasp comprising a loop and a tapering tongue of flexible material so connected therewith as to be normally parallel therewith when in inoperative position, said tongue having at its narrower end an anchor of such proportions as to permit it to pass entirely through the loop, that portion

of the tongue where it meets the anchor being more flexible than the body of the tongue.

15. A garment-clasp comprising a flexible loop, a tongue, normally parallel to said loop and made of flexible material, having a relatively flat anchor of flexible material, said tongue and loop being connected, the anchor being of such proportions as to permit it to pass entirely through the loop, and said clasp being provided with means adjacent 30 the connected ends of the tongue and loop whereby it may be connected with a suspending-strap, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of 35

two subscribing witnesses.

HENRY H. BARNUM

Witnesses:

FRITZ V. BRIESEN, OTTO V. SCHRENK.