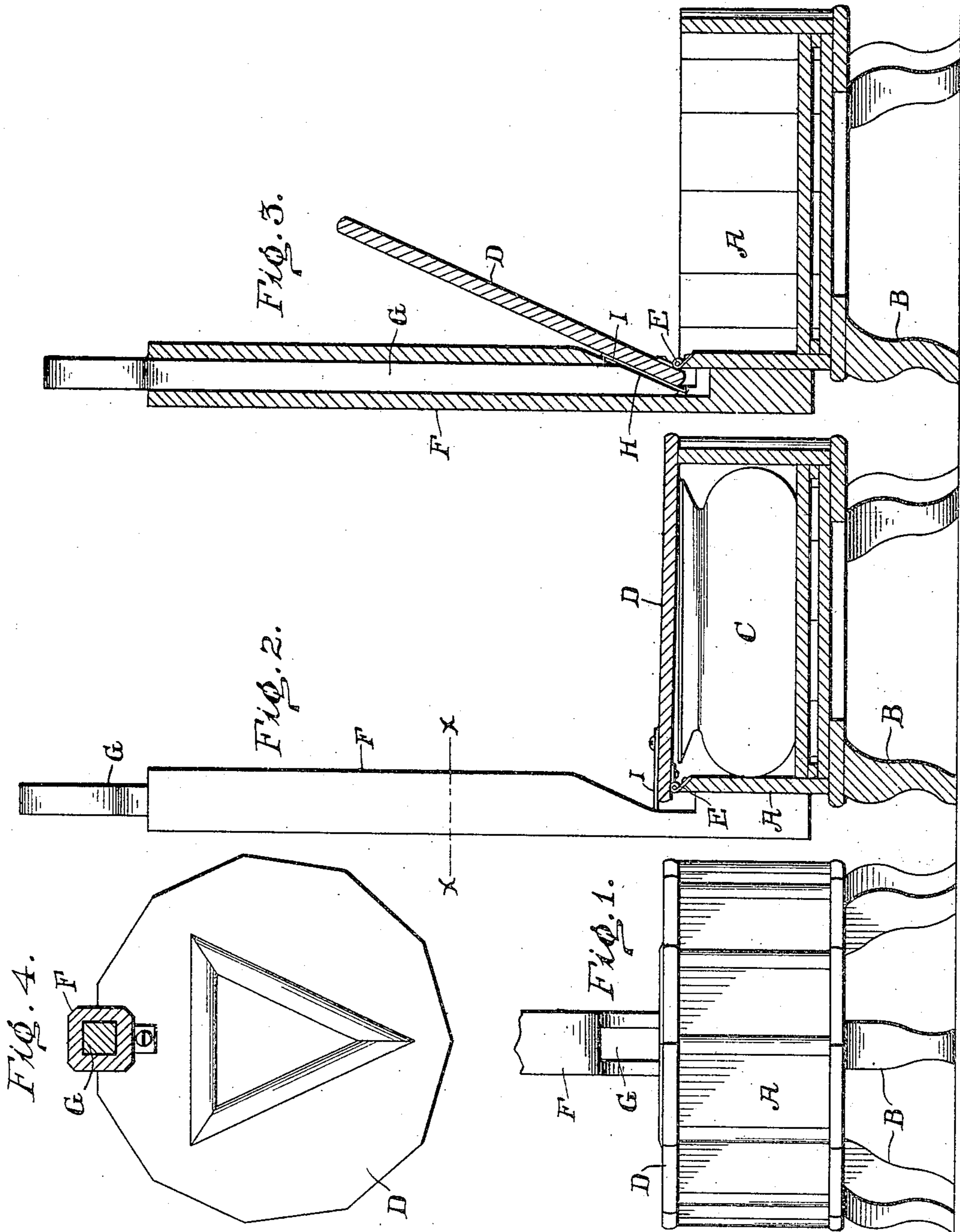


No. 817,710.

PATENTED APR. 10, 1906.

A. HEAGELE.
PORTABLE CABINET FOR CUSPIDORS.
APPLICATION FILED OCT. 6, 1905.



WITNESSES:

D. Webster, Jr.

J. Williamson

INVENTOR

Arthur Heagele

BY

J. Williamson

Attorney

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ARTHUR HEAGELE, OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA, ASSIGNOR OF
ONE-HALF TO JOHN PRICE, OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.

PORTABLE CABINET FOR CUSPIDORS.

No. 817,710.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented April 10, 1906.

Application filed October 6, 1905. Serial No. 281,687.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ARTHUR HEAGELE, a citizen of the United States, residing at Philadelphia, county of Philadelphia, and State of Pennsylvania, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Portable Cabinets for Cuspidors, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to a new and useful improvement in portable cabinets for cuspidors, and has for its object to so construct such a cabinet that a cuspidor placed therein will be concealed from view except when needed for use, when it may be readily opened by depressing a rod in easy reach; and a further object of my invention is to provide means for conveying the cabinet containing the cuspidor from one place to another.

With these ends in view my invention consists in the details of construction and combination of elements hereinafter set forth and then specifically designated by the claims.

In order that those skilled in the art to which my invention appertains may understand how to make and use the same, I will describe its construction in detail, referring by letter to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which—

Figure 1 is a front elevation of my improved cabinet, a portion of the handle being broken away. Fig. 2 is a section of the body of the cabinet, showing a cuspidor therein, the handle being in elevation and the cover closed; Fig. 3, a vertical section of the cabinet and handle, the cover being in its open position; Fig. 4, a section at the line *xx* of Fig. 2 looking downward.

A represents a cabinet of any suitable design, which may be provided with the legs B, or the legs may be omitted, as preferred. The body of this cabinet is of sufficient size to receive a cuspidor C.

A cover D is hinged at E to the cabinet, so as to be swung upward to the position shown in Fig. 3.

F is a handle secured to the back of the cabinet and extending upward to any convenient height, said handle being hollow and having fitted therein a rod G, adapted to slide vertically within the handle. The in-

ner face of the handle is flush with the edge of the cabinet, to which it is attached.

The lower end of the rod is beveled, as indicated at H, and adapted to bear against the rear end of the cover D, which projects beyond the hinge E, so that when the rod is depressed with sufficient force the bevel attached thereto will swing the cover upward to the position shown in Fig. 3, where it will be locked by the bevel H, wedging it in its elevated position. The cover D extends beyond its pivot E into the hollow handle through an opening in the inner face thereof. The cover is adapted when elevated to contact with the edges of the opening in order that the upward movement of the cover be limited.

A strip of metal I may be secured to the upper surface of the cover D at its rear end, so as to receive the thrust of the rod, thereby preventing wear upon the cover.

In practice a cuspidor being placed within the cabinet is concealed from view by the cover D; but when it is desired to use the cuspidor it is only necessary to depress the upper end of the rod G, which extends above the handle F, thereby raising and locking the cover in its open position until the handle is drawn upward, when the cover will again swing into a closed position, as will be readily understood. The handle has the further use of making it convenient to move the cabinet from one place to another, and both the cabinet and the handle may be of any ornamental design, so as to make the presence of a cuspidor in no wise objectionable or unsightly.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new and useful is—

As a new article of manufacture, a cabinet having a cover pivoted thereto, a hollow handle extending upward from one side of the cabinet, the inner face of the handle being flush with the side of the cabinet to which it is attached and in line with the pivotal points of said cover, said hollow handle having an opening in its inner face through which the cover extends, the said edges of the opening being beveled, a rod fitting within the hollow handle, the lower end of the rod being beveled on the side toward the cover on an incline equal to the beveled side edges of the

opening of the handle and adapted to contact with the cover to elevate the same, the upward movement of the cover being limited by the edges of the opening whereby the
5 bevel of the wedge-shaped end of said rod is adapted to lock said cover at the uppermost limit of its movement.

In testimony whereof I hereunto affix my signature in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

ARTHUR HEAGELE.

Witnesses:

MARY E. HAMER,
S. S. WILLIAMSON