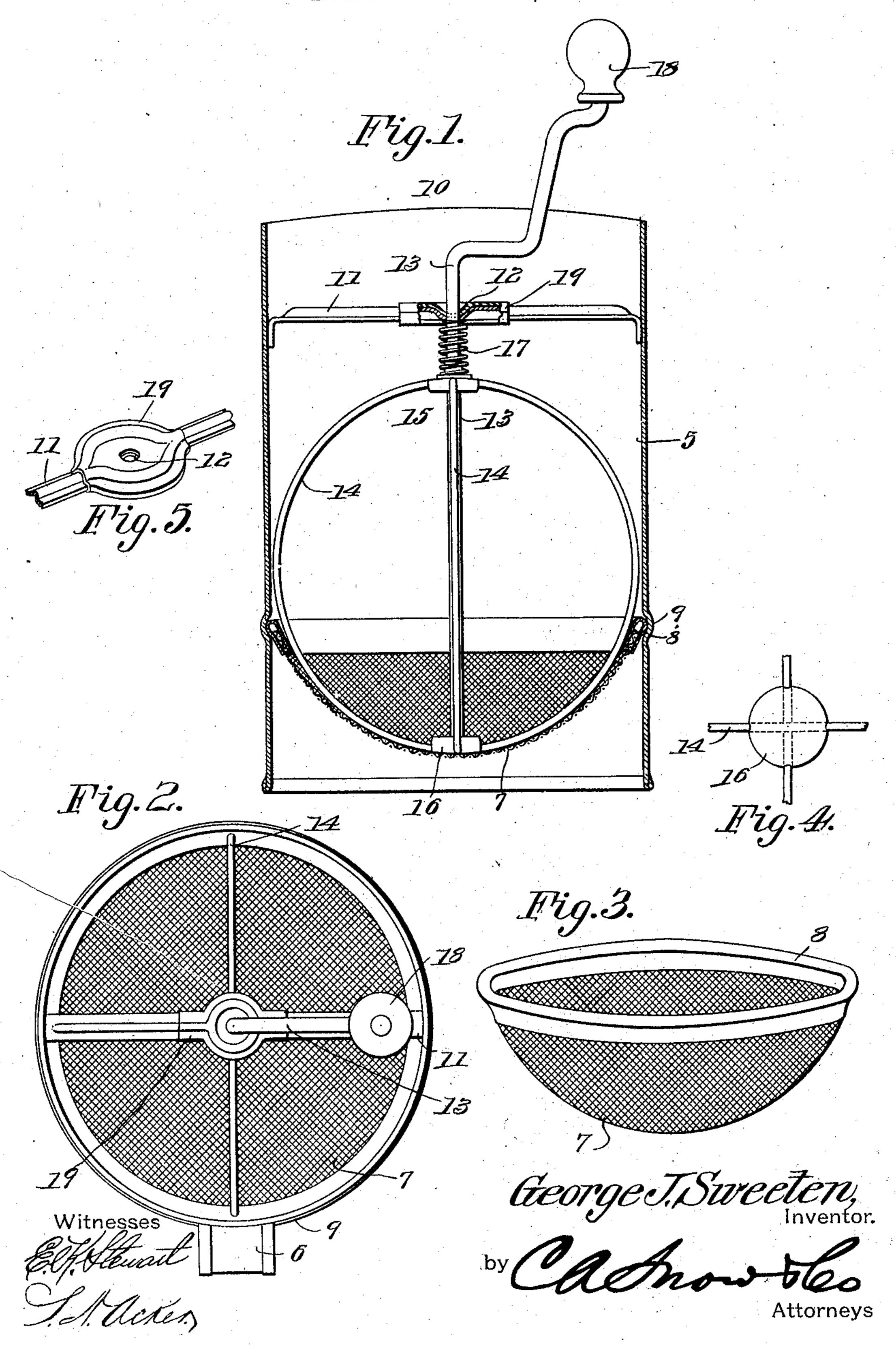
G. J. SWEETEN.

ROTARY FLOUR SIFTER.

APPLICATION FILED MAY 6, 1905.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

GEORGE JULIAN SWEETEN, OF RUSSELLVILLE, ARKANSAS.

## ROTARY FLOUR-SIFTER.

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Specification of Letters Patent.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, George Julian Sweeten, a citizen of the United States, residing at Russellville, in the county of Pope | and State of Arkansas, have invented a new and useful Rotary Flour-Sifter, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to sifters for domestic purposes, and more particularly to a sifter 10 especially designed for sifting flour and simi-

lar materials.

The object of the invention is to provide a simple, inexpensive, and durable device of this character capable of being conveniently 15 supported in the hand and one in which the material will be subjected to a constant agitation during the sifting process.

A further object of the invention is to provide a sifter in which the reticulated bottom 20 thereof is detachable to thereby permit the same to be readily removed and replaced by a new one when worn or otherwise injured

from constant use.

A still further object is to provide a device 25 having a continuous sifting-surface, the agitator being centered in a bearing disposed above the reticulated bottom and normally held in contact with the latter by means of a coil-spring, thereby permitting said agitator 30 to move upwardly in crushing lumps of flour or other material and also to permit the agitator to be retracted when necessary in order to release any particles of flour which may adhere to and clog or otherwise obstruct the 35 reticulated bottom of the sifter.

The invention consists in the construction and novel combination and arrangement of parts hereinafter fully described, illustrated in the accompanying drawings, and pointed 40 out in the claim hereto appended, it being understood that various changes in form, proportions, and minor details of construction may be resorted to without departing from the principle or sacrificing any of the

45 advantages of this invention.

In the accompanying drawings, forming a cal sectional view of a sifter constructed in accordance with my invention. Fig. 2 is a 50 top plan view of the same. Fig. 3 is a perspective view of the reticulated bottom detached. Fig. 4 is a bottom plan view of a portion of the agitator. Fig. 5 is a detail perspective view of the reinforcing-plate and 55 a portion of the transverse brace.

Similar numerals of reference indicate cor-

responding parts in all the figures of the

drawings.

The device consists of a vessel or receptacle 5, preferably cylindrical in shape, as 60 shown, and formed of metal or other suitable material, said vessel being provided with a suitable handle 6 and having its upper end open and its lower end provided with a reticulated bottom 7, composed, preferably, of 65 wire-gauze constituting a sifter, as shown. The bottom 7 is provided with a spring-metal reinforcing-ring 8 and is detachably secured within the vessel by engagement with an annular rib or depression 9, whereby said per- 70 forated bottom may be readily removed when worn or otherwise injured from constant use or other causes and replaced by a new one. Extending transversely across the open end 10 of the vessel and soldered or oth- 75 erwise rigidly secured to the vertical walls of the latter is a brace or bar 11, provided with a central depression having an opening 12 formed therein, adapted to receive the vertical shaft 13 of a rotary agitator, the latter 80 preferably comprising a plurality of curved arms 14, connected to the shaft at the upper end thereof by a casting 15 and at the lower end of said shaft by a similar casting 16. The lower face of the casting 16 is curved to 85 conform to the contour of the screening-surface of the detachable bottom and is yieldably held in contact therewith by a coilspring 17, interposed between the casting 15 and the brace or bar 11. The shaft carrying 90 the agitating-arms 14 is mounted for vertical movement in the opening 12, which latter serves to properly center the agitator within the vessel 5, so that under normal conditions the coil-spring will force the casting 16 in 95 contact with the screen, but permit the agitator to move upwardly in crushing lumps of flour or other material.

By having the shaft mounted for vertical movement in the manner described the agi- 100 tator may be also vibrated against the perforated bottom or screen in order to detach part of this specification, Figure 1 is a verti- any particles of flour which may adhere to or clog the mesh of the latter, thus insuring a continuous and unobstructed screening-sur- 105

face at all times.

The shaft 13 terminates in a crank-handle 18, by means of which the device may be conveniently operated, and where said shaft passes through the opening in the transverse 110 bar the latter is preferably reinforced by a sheet-metal disk 19, the edges of which are

folded or crimped around the edges of the

bar, as shown.

From the foregoing it is apparent that there is produced a device of simple construction during the operation of which the material will be constantly agitated to prevent packing and feed evenly and rapidly to the screen or sifter.

Having thus described the invention, what

ro is claimed is—

In a device of the class described, a cylindrical vessel having its opposite ends open and provided with an annular retaining flange, a detachable reticulated bottom adapted to engage said rib and having its central portion curved toward the lower end of the vessel, a brace extending transversely of the vessel at the upper end thereof and provided with a central depression having an opening formed therein, a reinforcing-disk secured to the brace at said depression and provided with an opening adapted to register

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with the opening in the depression, an operating-shaft journaled in said openings and having a free vertical movement, a pair of 25 spaced castings carried by the shaft the lower one of which is curved to conform to the bottom of the reticulated bottom, a plurality of curved agitator-arms secured to the upper casting and intersecting the longitudinal axis of the vertical shaft at the lower casting, a coil-spring interposed between the upper casting and the central depression for normally holding the agitator-arms in yieldable engagement with the reticulated bottom, and a handle carried by the free end of the operating-shaft.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my own I have hereto affixed my signature

in the presence of two witnesses.

GEORGE JULIAN SWEETEN.

Witnesses:

J. F. Leonard, R. C. Harbison.