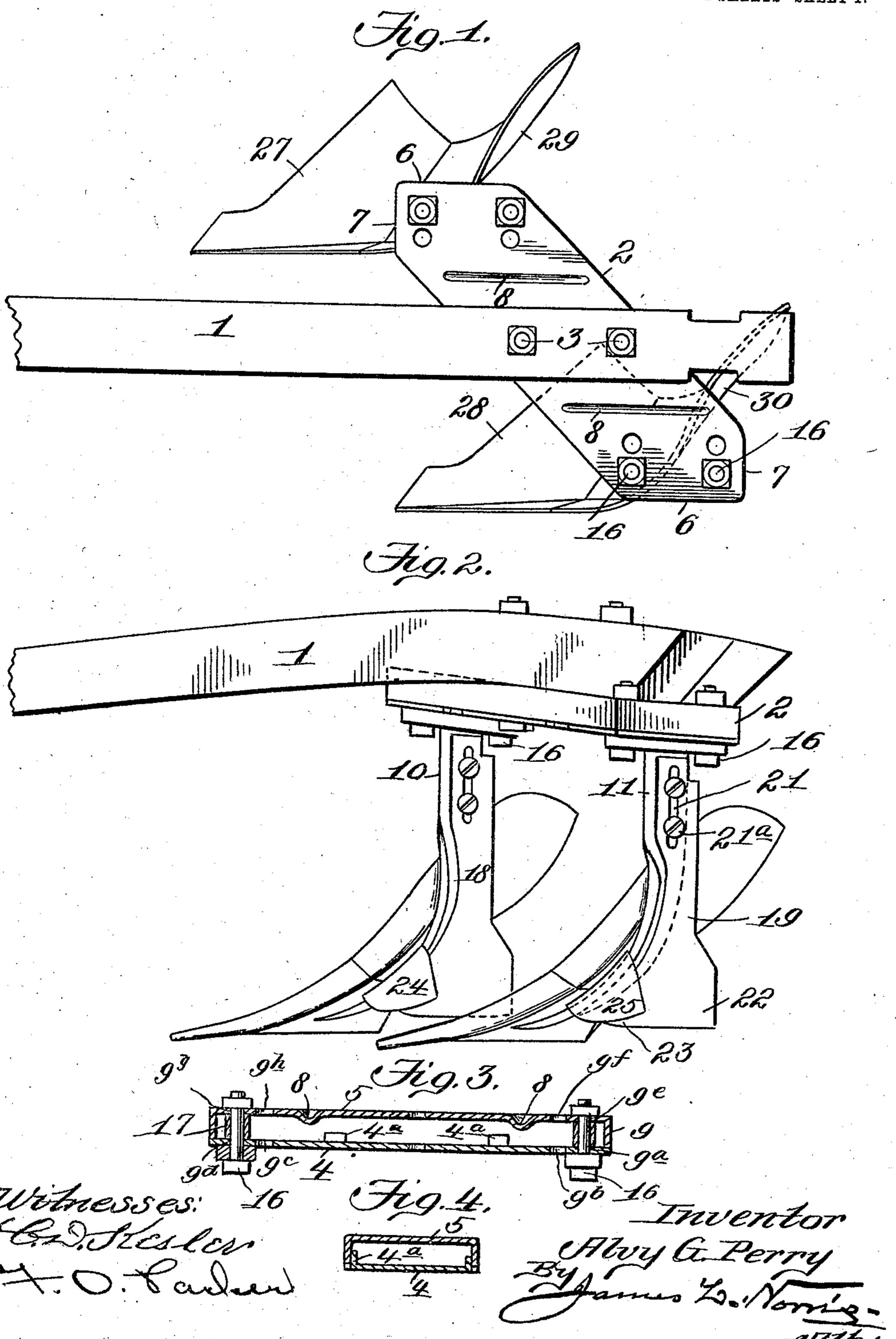
A. G. PERRY.
PLOW.

APPLICATION FILED SEPT. 16, 1905.

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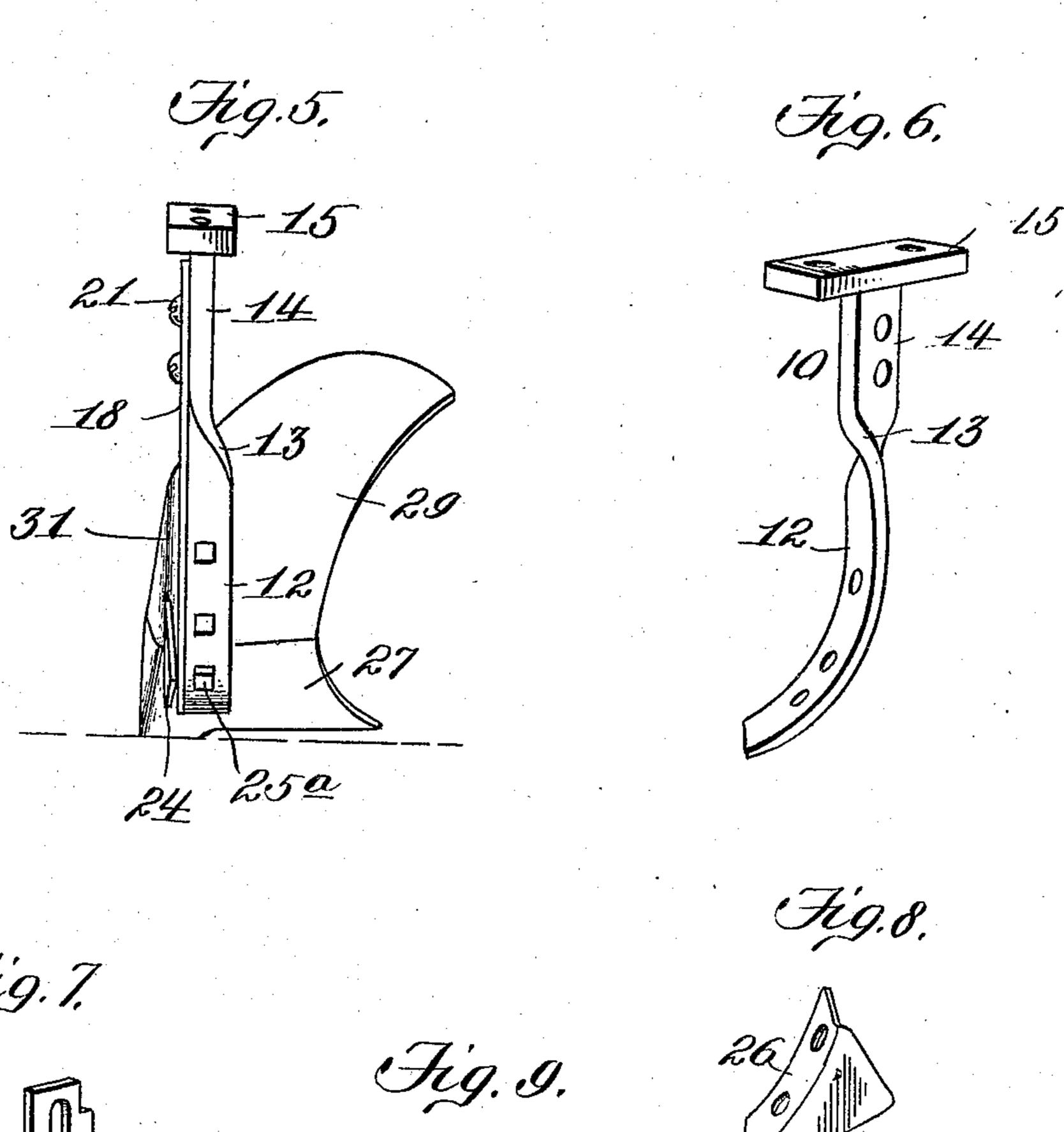


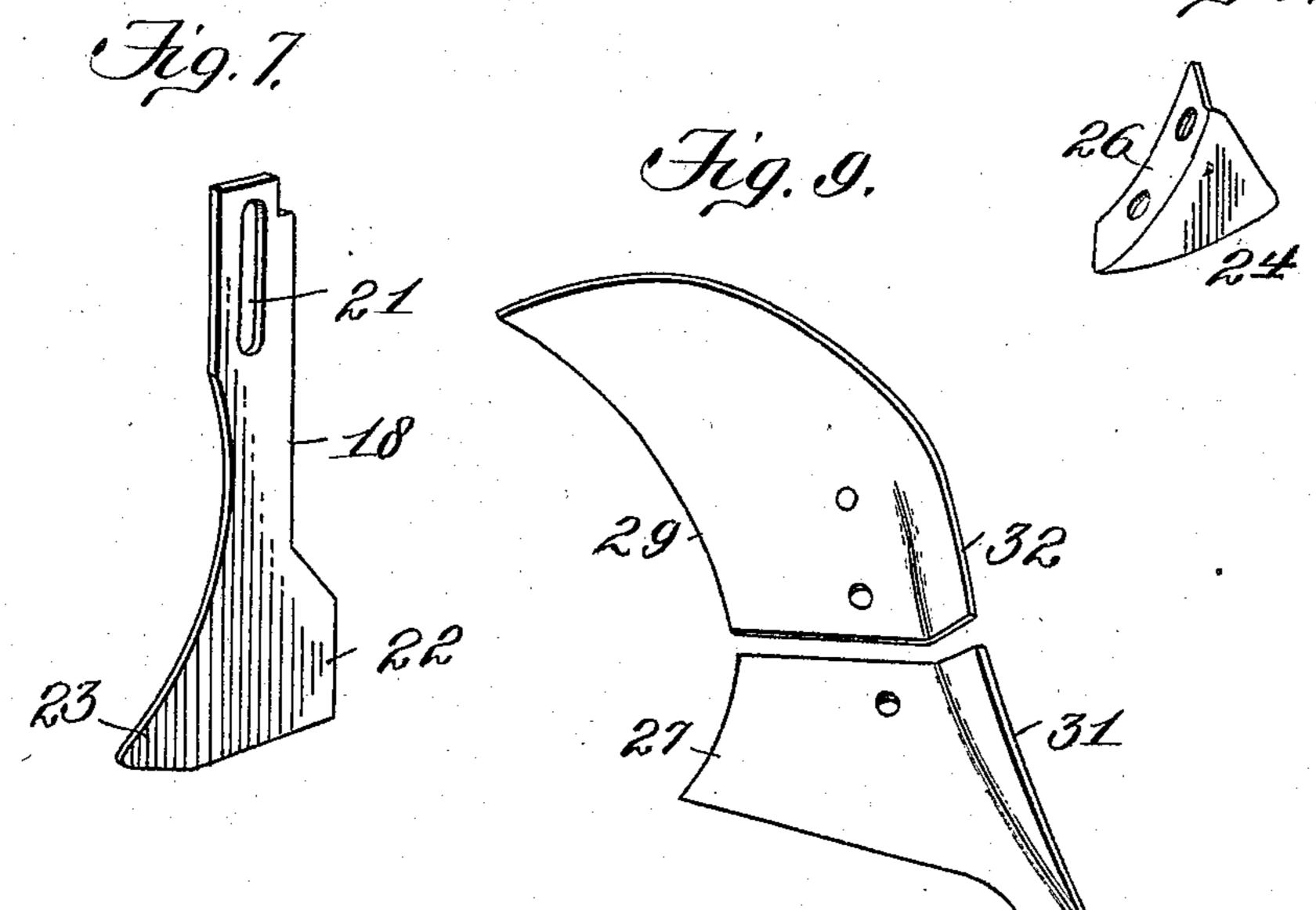
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PLOW.

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2 SHEETS—SHEET 2.





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CAlvy G. Perry

By

James Zo. Norms.

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## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

## ALVY G. PERRY, OF COLDWATER, MISSISSIPPI.

## PLOW.

No. 815,036.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented March 13, 1906.

Application filed September 16, 1905. Serial No. 278,742.

To all whom it may concern.

Be it known that I, ALVY G. PERRY, a citizen of the United States, residing at Coldwater, in the county of Tate and State of 5 Mississippi, have invented new and useful Improvements in Plows, of which the follow-

ing is a specification.

This invention relates to double-turning plows for bedding and breaking land; and the ro object thereof is to construct a plow for the purpose set forth which shall be simple in its construction, strong, durable, dispense with the ordinary landside, efficient in its use, reduce the friction and draft on the plowshare, 15 and comparatively inexpensive to set up.

With the foregoing and other objects in view the invention consists of the novel construction, combination, and arrangement of parts hereinafter more specifically described, 20 illustrated in the accompanying drawings, which form a part of this specification, and wherein is shown the preferred embodiment of the invention; but it is to be understood that changes, variations, and modifications 25 can be resorted to which come within the scope of the claims hereunto appended.

In describing the invention in detail reference is had to the accompanying drawings, in which like characters of reference denote 30 corresponding parts throughout the several

views, and in which—

Figure 1 is a top plan; Fig. 2, a side elevation. Fig. 3 is a longitudinal section of the cross-head. Fig. 4 is a transverse section of 35 the cross-head. Fig. 5 is a rear elevation of one of the standards combined with the plowshare, moldboard, rudder, and fender. Fig. 6 is a detail of one of the standards. Fig. 7 is a detail of one of the rudders. Fig. 8 is a 40 detail of one of the fenders, and Fig. 9 is a like view of one of the plowshares and moldboards.

A double plow constructed in accordance with this invention comprises a beam, a 45 cross-head to which the beam is attached, a pair of plowshare-standards, one of less height than the other, but otherwise constructed in a similar manner, a vertically-adjustable rudder attached to each of the 50 standards, a fender attached to each of the standards, a flanged plowshare connected to each of the standards, and a flanged moldboard connected to each of the standards and forming a continuation of the shares. The plow-beam 1 is arranged at an angle

with respect to the cross-head 2. The said

the plowshare-standards to the cross-head 105 extend through the pairs of openings 9e 9a 9g 9<sup>d</sup>. The two extra pairs of openings in each plate are provided to permit of setting the plowshares closer together or farther apart, so as to enable the keeping of the plowshares 110 in perfect alinement with the draft on the plow-beam and at the same time to keep the

plow-beam is detachably connected with the cross-head 2 through the medium of the holdfast devices 3, each of which consists of a headed bolt and nut, the bolts extending up- 60 wardly through the cross-head 2 and plowbeam 1 and the nuts mounted upon the upper end of the bolt. The cross-head 2 is hollow and is constructed of a lower flat metallic plate 4 and an upper flanged metallic 65 plate 5. The flanges of the plate 5 are mounted upon the upper face of the plate 4, and the manner in which the plates are connected together will be hereinafter referred to. The ends of the cross-head are cut away 70 in a diagonal manner, as at 67, that portion 7 of each end extending in an opposite direction with respect to that portion indicated by the reference character 6, the portion 6 being of greater length than the portion 7.

The plates 4 5 are secured together through the medium of the holdfast devices 3 and also through the medium of the holdfast devices hereinafter referred to for securing the plowshare-standards to the cross-head 2. The 80 plate 5 is provided with a series of strengthening-ribs 8, and the flanges of the said plate are indicated by the reference character 9. The plate 4 is provided with stop-lugs 4<sup>a</sup>, extending at the rear of the flanges 9, so as to 85 facilitate the positioning of the plate 5 and also to act as stops so as to prevent the shifting of the plate 5 upon the plate 4. The plate 4, as well as the plate 5, at each end thereof is provided with two pairs of openings. The 90 pairs of openings at one end of the plate 4 are indicated by the reference characters 9<sup>a</sup> and 9<sup>b</sup> and at the other end by the reference characters 9<sup>c</sup> and 9<sup>d</sup>. The pairs of openings in the plate 5 at one end thereof are indi- 95 cated by the reference characters 9e and 9f, and at the other end by the reference characters 9g and 9h. The pair of openings 9e aline with the pair of openings 9<sup>a</sup>. The pair of openings 9f aline with the pair of openings 9b. 100 The pair of openings 9g aline with the pair of openings 9<sup>d</sup>, and the pair of openings 9<sup>h</sup> aline with the openings 9°.

As shown, the holdfast devices for securing

in front of each other, so as not to change the depth of furrow by each plowshare, thereby obtaining uniform work with the plowshares. 5 By such an arrangement means is provided whereby the plowshares are moved in or out at right angles with respect to the plow-beam. Furthermore, the construction does not cause a change in the direction the plow would 10 want to run, no matter how close the plowshares would be set, for the reason that the plowshares will remain in perfect alinement with the beam.

The reference character 10 indicates the 15 forward plowshare-supporting standard and the reference character 11 the rearward plowshare-supporting standard, the standard 10 being of greater height than the standard 11. Each of the standards 10 11 have their lower 20 portions formed in forwardly-extending curvilinear manner, as at 12, and each of the standards are torsionally twisted, as at 13. The torsionally twisting of the standards causes the curvilinear portions 12 to project 25 forwardly in a manner as shown, and to the said curvilinear portions are secured the plowshares by any suitable holdfast device.

The reference character 14 denotes the upper portion of the standard. The upper por-30 tion 14 of each of the standards extends in a direction corresponding to the direction in which the portion 6 of the end of the crosshead 2 extends—that is to say, longitudinally—and the said upper portions of the 35 standards terminate into and approximately centrally of the cross-pieces 15, which abut against the lower face of the plate 4 at the ends thereof. Through the cross-pieces 15 extend the holdfast devices 16, each consist-40 ing of a pair of headed bolts and nuts, the bolts passing upwardly through the crosspieces and ends of the cross-head.

To prevent the collapsing of the plate 5, each of the bolts of each of the holdfast de-45 vices is provided with supporting-collars 17, acting as braces, and which are interposed between the inner face of the plate 5 and upper face of the plate 4 and surround the bolts.

The reference characters 18 19 denote the 50 rudders, there being a rudder for each standard. As the construction and manner of attaching the rudders are the same, but one rudder and attaching means will be described, the same reference characters being applied 55 thereto. Each of the rudders is formed of yieldable metallic material and of a length substantially equal to its respective standard. The upper end of each of the rudders is slotted, as at 21, to permit of adjustably connecting 60 the rudders with the standards through the medium of the removable holdfast devices 21 and 21<sup>a</sup>, these devices 21 and 21<sup>a</sup> detachably engaging in the standards, and by such an arrangement it permits of the vertical ad-65 justment of the rudders, as will be evident.

plowshares at the same distance behind and I The rudders have the lower end thereof enlarged, and the said enlarged lower end projects forwardly and rearwardly, as at 22 and 23, and in a direction corresponding to the direction of the upper portion of the stand- 70 ards. The rudders from that point below the holdfast devices 21 are free of the standards, so that the lower portion of each of the rudders is free to yield when occasion so requires. The forward edge of each of the 75 rudders corresponds in contour to the standards in the manner as shown.

The rudders are adapted to carry the weight of the plows and to govern the depth of the cut of the plowshare as it is run into the 80 soil and at the same time steady the share and make it run smoothly with even depth of cut. By constructing the rudders in a manner as set forth the neck portions of the rudders are of considerable length, which enables 85 the rudders to readily spring aside when meeting an obstacle, and thereby allowing considerably more space for hard substances, such as roots or stones, to pass through between the front and rear plow when turning 90 the soil. It will be observed that the rudders are not landsides to press against the sides of the furrow, but when in use are positioned over near the middle of the furrow at the rear of the share when the soil is being 95 turned. By setting up the rudder in the manner as stated the position thereof will be as far from the right-hand corner of the rear share as is possible, which enables the rear share to be arranged at a point nearer the 100 front share than would be the case with the landside that is used on the ordinary turningplow. The construction and arrangement of the rudder permit of two turning-plows being worked close together without the plows being 105 forced apart when the rear plow runs astride the hard substances, such as roots and stones, the neck of the rudder enabling the rudder to spring from three to four inches, consequently creating a greater space between the two 110 plows for the hard substances to pass through when turning the soil. After the rudder passes by the obstacle the rudder will spring to its normal position, which will be to a point about the middle of the furrow. At 115 the same time it slides smoothly and supports the weight of the plow.

The fenders are indicated by the reference characters 24 25. Each of the fenders is formed with an angularly-extending curvi- 120 linear portion 26, which is interposed between the plowshare, moldboard, and standard. The holdfast devices 25<sup>a</sup>, which are adapted to secure the plowshares and moldboards to the standards, also retain in posi- 125 tion the fenders. Each of the fenders is substantially triangular in contour and extends rearwardly from its respective standard and overlaps the rudder. For example, the fender 24 extends rearwardly and overlaps the 130

rudder 18, and the fender 25 extends rear- | plate and a plate provided with lugs, said wardly and overlaps the rudder 19. The | flanges abutting against one face of the said fenders are adapted to protect the front ends | plate provided with the lugs, and the said of the rudders and to keep any roots or other substances from coming between the front ends of the rudders and the standards. The fenders are very essential in rough land to protect the rudders; but in clean soil they can

be dispensed with.

The plowshares are indicated by the reference characters 27 28 and the moldboard by | plate and a plate provided with lugs, said the reference characters 29 and 30. As both | flanges abutting against one face of the said of the plowshares are constructed alike and also both moldboards, but one plowshare and 15 one moldboard will be described, the same reference characters being applied thereto. The moldboard 29 is so positioned as to be a continuation of the plowshare 27, and the said share 27 and moldboard 29 are fixedly 20 secured in the seat formed by the curvilinear end 12 of the standard. Each of the shares and each of the moldboards is provided with an upwardly-extending flange 31 32, respectively, the latter being a continuation of the 25 former. The flanges, when a share and a moldboard are in position, form a rib which is substantially segment-shaped in contour. The flange 31 begins at the tip or point of the plowshare and extends rearwardly and grad-30 ually increases in width until the flange 32 of the moldboard is reached, the flange 32 of the moldboard extending rearwardly, but gradually decreasing in width until it disappears. The rib formed by a flange 31 and a flange 32, 35 when the shares and moldboards are in position, has the upper edge thereof extending in the arc of a circle. The contour of the body of each of the plowshares is also segmentshaped. The moldboards are also curvi-40 linear in contour and have the upper or free ends thereof extending in an angular manner with respect to the standards. By setting up the shares and moldboards in a manner as stated the flanges of the shares and mold-45 boards bear against the side of the furrow as the soil is being cut and torn away, thereby enabling the guiding of the plowshare in perfect alinement with the draft on the beam and doing away with the necessity of a land-50 side of the old style. Furthermore, it greatly reduces the friction and draft on the share.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by

Letters Patent, is—

1. A plow of the character described, having a hollow cross-head formed of a flanged plate and a plate provided with lugs, said flanges abutting against one face of the said plate provided with the lugs, and the said 6c lugs adapted to engage said flanges to position said flanged plate upon the other of the plates, and means for securing the plates together.

2. A plow of the character described hav-65 ing a hollow cross-head formed of a flanged

lugs adapted to engage said flanges to position said flanged plate upon the other of the 70 plates, collars interposed between the plates to prevent the collapsing thereof, and means

for securing the plates together.

3. A plow of the character described having a hollow cross-head formed of a flanged 75 plate provided with the lugs, and the said lugs adapted to engage said flanges to position said flanged plate upon the other of the 80 plates, collars interposed between the plates to prevent the collapsing thereof, and means extending through the collars and plates for

connecting the plates together.

4. A plow of the character described hav- 85 ing a hollow cross-head formed of a flanged plate and a plate provided with lugs, said flanges abutting against one face of the said plate provided with lugs, said lugs adapted to engage said flanges to position said flanged 90 plate upon the other of the plates, each of said plates provided at each end with two pairs of openings, the pairs of openings of one plate alining with the pairs of openings of the other of the plates, and means extending 95 through the pair of openings at each end of the cross-head for connecting the plates together.

5. A plow of the character described having a hollow cross-head formed of a flanged 100 plate and a plate provided with lugs, said flanges abutting against one face of the said plate provided with lugs, said lugs adapted to engage said flanges to position said flanged plate upon the other of the plates, each of 105 said plates provided at each end with two pairs of openings, the pairs of openings of one plate alining with the pairs of openings of the other of the plates, collars in alinement with the alining pairs of openings, and means ex- 110 tending through the alining pairs of openings

and the collars for connecting the plates together.

6. A hollow cross-head having its top and bottom provided at each end with two pairs 115 of openings, the two pairs of openings at each end of the top of the cross-head alining with the two pairs of openings at each end of the bottom of the cross-head, said plurality of pairs of openings adapted to permit of adjust- 120 ably connecting a pair of plowshare-supporting standards to the cross-head, combined with a pair of plowshare-supporting standards, each of said standards provided with a cross-piece, and means extending through 125 said cross-piece of each of the standards and two pairs of alining openings at each end of the cross-head for adjustably connecting the standards to the cross-head.

7. A hollow cross-head provided with two 130

pairs of alining openings at each end thereof to permit of adjustably connecting a pair of standards to the cross-head, the pair of standards, each of said standards provided with a 5 cross-piece abutting against the cross-head, a pair of collars within said cross-head at each end thereof, said pair of collars at each end of the cross-head in alinement with a pair of openings at each end of the cross-head, and 10 means extending through said cross-pieces, said collars and a pair of alining openings at each end of the cross-head for adjustably connecting the standards to the cross-head.

8. A plow comprising a pair of plates suit-15 ably spaced apart and constituting a crosshead, a pair of standards adjustably connected thereto, extending in a diagonal direction with respect to the direction in which the cross-head extends and torsionally twisted 20 near the upper end thereof, said standards having their lower portions formed in a curvilinear manner and constituting seats, a moldboard and a plowshare mounted in each of said seats and suitably connected to 25 the standards, and rudders having elongated neck portions, the upper end of said neck portions being secured to the standards above the twist therein and that portion of the rudders below the twist in the standards 30 being free of the standards.

9. A plow of the character described, comprising a standard, a plowshare connected thereto, a moldboard connected to the standard, a rearwardly-extending fender attached 35 to the standard, and a rearwardly-extending rudder adjustably connected with the stand-

ard.

10. A plow of the character described, comprising a cross-head, a pair of standards de-40 pending therefrom, a flanged plowshare connected to each of the standards, a flanged moldboard connected to each of the standards and forming a continuation of the share, a rearwardly-extending fender attached to 45 each of the standards, and an adjustable rudder suitably connected with each of the stand-

ards and extending rearwardly.

11. A plow comprising a pair of plates constituting a cross-head, a pair of standards 50 each provided with a cross-piece, means extending through the said cross-pieces and through the said plates for connecting the latter together and to the standards, a plowshare and a moldboard secured to each of the 55 standards, and a yielding and vertically-adjustable rudder connected to and extending rearwardly from each of the standards.

12. A plow comprising a pair of plates constituting a cross-head, a pair of standards, 60 each provided with a cross-piece, means extending through the said cross-pieces and through the said plates for connecting the latter together and to the standards, a plowshare and a moldboard secured to each of the 65 standards, a yielding and vertically-adjust-

able rudder connected to and extending rearwardly from each of the standards, and a rearwardly-extending fender connected to each of the standards and overlapping the lower

portion of the rudders.

13. A plow of the character described, comprising a cross-head, a pair of standards suitably connected thereto, extending diagonally with respect to the direction in which the cross-head extends and torsionally twisted 75 near the upper end thereof, said standards having their lower portions formed in a curvilinear manner constituting seats, a moldboard and a plowshare mounted in each of said seats and suitably connected to the 80 standards, said moldboard and share having a portion thereof bent to form an upwardly-extending flange substantially segment-shaped in contour, and rudders having their upper portions adjustably connected to the stand- 85 ards above the curvilinear portions of the standards, said rudders having the portions thereof opposing the curvilinear portions of the standards shaped to conform to said curvilinear portions and free of the said curvi- 90 linear portions.

14. A plow of the character described, comprising a pair of plates, one of said plates being flanged and abutting against the other of said plates and constituting a hollow cross- 95 head, a pair of plowshare-supporting standards, a series of bolts extending through the plates and adapted to connect the said standards to the cross-head, and means mounted upon the said bolts and interposed between 100 the plates to prevent the collapsing of the

cross-head.

15. A plow of the character described, comprising a pair of plates, one of said plates being flanged and abutting against the other of 105 said plates and constituting a hollow crosshead, a pair of plowshare-supporting standards, a series of bolts extending through the plates and adapted to connect the said standards to the cross-head, means mounted upon 110 the said bolts and interposed between the plates to prevent the collapsing of the crosshead, a plow-beam mounted upon the crosshead, bolts extending through the plates and through the beam for connecting the latter to 115 the cross-head, and means mounted upon the said last-mentioned bolts to prevent the collapsing of the cross-head.

16. A plow of the character described, provided with a vertically-adjustable and yield- 120

ing rearwardly-extending rudder.

17. A plow of the character described, provided with a vertically-adjustable and yielding rearwardly-extending rudder, and a rearwardly-extending fender for said rudder.

18. A plow of the character described, provided with a vertically-adjustable and yielding rearwardly-extending rudder, and a rearwardly-extending fender overlapping said rudder.

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19. A plow of the character described, comprising a plowshare-supporting standard, a share suitably connected therewith, and a rearwardly-extending rudder having its upper end adjustably connected to said stand-

ards and its lower end yielding.

20. A plow of the character described, comprising a pair of plowshare-supporting standards, a plowshare connected to each of said standards, and a rearwardly-extending rudder for each of the shares, said rudders having their upper ends adjustably connected to the standards and their lower ends yieldable.

21. A plow of the character described, com-

prising a vertically-adjustable rudder having an enlarged and yieldable lower end.

22. A plow having a hollow cross-head consisting of a pair of plates, one of said plates ribbed and provided with side flanges extending at an angle with respect to the plate and the other of said plates having stop-lugs at each side extending at the rear of the flanges.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand in presence of two subscribing wit- 25

nesses.

ALVY G. PERRY.

Witnesses:

E. C. GILLILAND, L. WALTHALL.