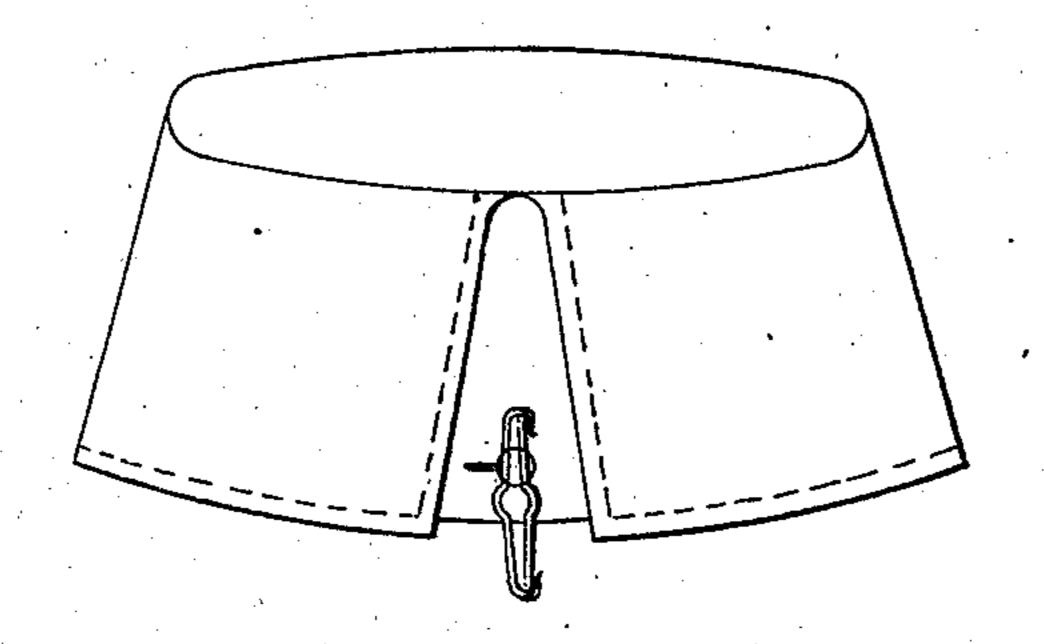
No. 814,919.

PATENTED MAR. 13, 1906.

R. RIETHMÜLLER.
HOLDER FOR CRAVATS OR TIES.
APPLICATION FILED MAR. 18, 1905.

Fig 1



They 2

a c

d

d

Witnesses af. Radday H. Powsch

Inventor
Robert Riethmüller
by his Attorney Chandan

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ROBERT RIETHMÜLLER, OF HANOVER, GERMANY.

HOLDER FOR CRAVATS OR TIES.

No. 814,919.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented March 13, 1906.

Application filed March 18, 1905. Serial No. 250,884.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Robert Riethmül-Ler, a subject of the German Emperor, and a resident of Hanover, in the Kingdom of Prussia and the Empire of Germany, have invented a new and useful Cravat-Holder, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to a holder for cravats or neckties, which is particularly convenient for use with the so-called "turn-down stand-up" collars—i. e., those consisting of a stiff encircling double band the ends of the inner fold of which lap and are provided with buttonholes, while those of the outer ones do not meet.

It is often necessary to place the knot of the cravat or necktie over the front collar-button or stud. In this position, however, the cravat or tie is liable to rise too high, leaving the collar-button or stud uncovered, and therefore not capable of firmly holding the cravat. This is especially the case with bows that are tied by the wearer, because the usual cravat-holders cannot be secured or otherwise permanently attached thereto.

In the annexed drawings, in which similar letters indicate similar parts, Figure 1 shows a collar with the improved cravat-holder in place. Fig. 2 shows the cravat-holder alone in full size.

The improved cravat-holder of this invention is constructed of a piece of wire or wires bent and attached so as to consist of two mainly parallel wires a b, slightly spaced from one another and each having a semicircular bend at the middle, so as to offer for the reception of the collar-button or stud a nearly circular opening. The wires a b run

together at their outer ends, so as to terminate in points which are turned back toward 40 each other.

When the collar is buttoned onto the neckband of the shirt, the central opening c of the cravat-holder is passed over the front button or stud, turned into a vertical position, and 45 drawn downward, so that the shank of the collar-button or stud is engaged between the wires a b, as shown in Fig. 1. The cravat or tie is then put on, its knot tied in any desired manner, and it will be held from rising or fall- 50 ing by means of the points d engaging over and under it, respectively. In the case of "ready-made" cravats or ties the cravatholder can be engaged in the same manner with the back of the knot. In order to re- 55 lease such ready-made cravat or tie, the device is grasped with the fingers behind the arms $a\ \overline{b}$ and released from the button or stud by an upward pressure until the head of the button or stud will pass through the open- 60 $\log c$.

What I claim as my invention, and desire

to secure by Letters Patent, is—

A cravat-holder comprising two parallel spaced wires connected at their outer ends 65 and curved outwardly from one another at their centers, the ends being turned back toward one another substantially as described and illustrated.

In testimony whereof I have signed my 70 name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

ROBERT RIETHMÜLLER.

Witnesses:

LEONORE RASCH, ANNA DYYREL.