E. L. FLINT.

TRAP.

APPLICATION FILED JULY 18, 1905.

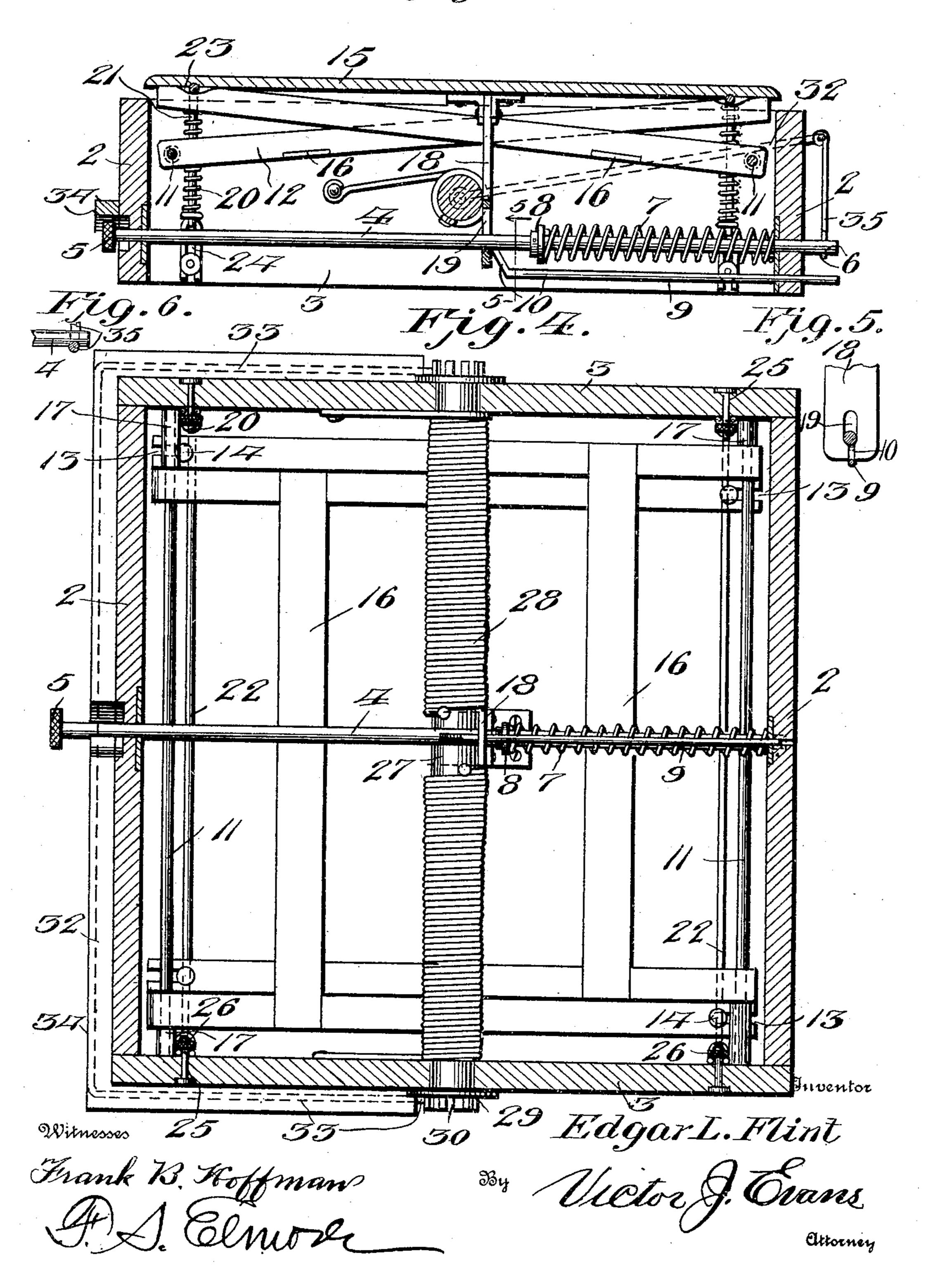
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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

EDGAR L. FLINT, OF EAST HIRAM, MAINE.

TRAP.

No. 814,527.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented March 6, 1906.

Application filed July 18, 1905. Serial No. 270,282.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Edgar L. Flint, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at East Hiram, in the county of Oxford 5 and State of Maine, have invented new and useful Improvements in Traps, of which the

following is a specification.

This invention relates to bird-traps, and has for its objects to produce a comparatively ro simple inexpensive device of this character which in practice may be readily set for catching birds, one which may be adjusted for trapping a single or any number of birds, and one by which the trapped birds will be 15 entirely unharmed.

A further object of the invention is to provide a device of this character in which the trapping member or net will be automatically released by the weight of the bird, one in 20 which the net may be locked in open position, and one from which the birds may be

readily removed.

With these and other objects in view the invention comprises the novel features of 25 construction and combination of parts more fully hereinafter described.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a side elevation of a trap embodying the invention and showing the parts in trapping 3º position. Fig. 2 is a top plan view of the same. Fig. 3 is a section taken on the line 3 3 of Fig. 2 with the net removed; and Fig. 4 is a plan view, partly in section. Fig. 5 is a detail sectional view taken on the line 5 5 of 35 Fig. 3 and looking in the direction of the arrow. Fig. 6 is a detail view of the lockingrod. Fig. 7 is a detail perspective view of one of the recessed engaging hubs, showing one arm of the net-holding bail engaged there-

40 with. Referring to the drawings, 1 designates a box-like casing comprising front and rear end walls 2 and side walls 3, there being extended through the casing from front to rear and slidably sustained in bearing-openings in the walls 2 a latch member or rod 4, provided at its forward end with a finger-piece or button 5 and its rear end with a notch or recess 6. Mounted upon the rod 4 is an expansible spring 7, bearing at one end against the rear wall 2 and at its other end against a collar 8, fixed upon the rod, to which latter there is attached the forward end of a guide-

rod 9, angularly bent at its front end to present a downwardly and rearwardly inclined 55 portion 10 and having its rear end slidably disposed in a suitable opening formed in the

rear wall 2.

Extending through the casing 1 and having bearing at their ends in the side walls 3 60 are pivoting members or rods 11, disposed, respectively, adjacent the front and rear walls, there being pivoted on said rods crossed supporting members or links 12, arranged in pairs adjacent opposite sides of the 65 casing and having their free ends slotted, as at 13, for the reception of headed fastening members 14, by means of which the links are slidably engaged with a depressible member or platform 15, said links being connected in 70 pairs for uniform movement with strips 16 and are spaced from the walls 3 of the casing by means of sleeves or thimbles 17, loosely

mounted upon the rods 11.

Attached to and depending from the plat- 75 form 15 is a keeper 18, preferably in the form of a metal plate or bracket, having a longitudinal opening 19, through which the locking element 4 extends, and the platform being sustained by normally expanded springs 80 20, disposed upon the vertically depending portions or arms 21 of U-shaped members or bails 22, composed of wire and extended across the platform at points adjacent the front and rear ends thereof, the horizontal 85 portions of said bails being received by recesses 23 at the outer ends of the links 12 and the depending portions or arms 21 having at their lower ends slots 24, designed to receive clamping members or bolts 25, en- 90 tered through the side walls 3 and provided with thumb-nuts 26, by means of which the lower ends of the arms 21 are clamped after adjustment to vary the tension of springs 20.

Extended transversely of the casing I and 95 journaled at its ends in the side walls 3 is a rotary shaft 27, having wound thereon a pair of power-springs, each attached at one end to the shaft and at its other end to the adjacent side wall of the casing, there being fixed upon 100 the ends of the shaft for rotation therewith and at the outer faces of the walls 3 engaging hubs 29, each provided with a series of slots or recesses 30, while pivoted to the side walls 3, as at 31, is a U-shaped bail or frame 32, 105 composed of wire or other suitable material,

bent into shape and having its side portions or arms 33 engaged with the heads 29 by entrance into one of slots 30, whereby the frame will swing with the shaft during rota-5 tion of the latter under the influence of

springs 28.

Fixed upon the casing 1 is a projecting ledge or flange 34, constituting an abutment for limiting the forward swinging movement 10 of the bail 32, to which latter there is pivoted a latch member or loop 35, composed of wire and designed for engagement with the rear end of the locking element 4 and to be received by the recess 6 when the parts are in 15 engaged or locked position, there being arranged over the frame an open-work trapping member or net 36, composed of any suitable pliable material and attached at its lower edge in part to the swinging member or 20 bail 32 and throughout the remainder of its. extent to the casing 1. Fixed in the top of the net 36 is a ring or annulus 37, within which the net is closed by a running string or other suitable element 38, thus to provide an 25 entrance-opening for the introduction of the hand to the interior of the net when in trapping position.

In practice to set the trap the swinging member or bail 32 is turned to the position 30 illustrated in Fig. 3 and the latch member 35 engaged with the rear end of the rod 4, which under these conditions is maintained in locking position with the spring 7 under tension, owing to the engagement of the forward in-35 clined portion 10 of element 9 with the slot 19 in keeper 18, it being understood that the platform 15 is normally forced upward under

the action of springs 20. Under these conditions the net 36 will be turned backward 40 from over the platform, which latter is intended to receive seed or other bait for attracting the birds. As soon as a sufficient number of birds have settled upon the platform the latter will under the influence of the

45 weight of the birds be depressed against the action of springs 20, thereby moving the keeper 18 downward until the element 10 can pass through the slot 19, whereupon the spring 7 will expand and force the rod 4 for-50 ward, thereby releasing latch 35 and permit-

ting the shaft 27 to rotate under the influence of springs 28 for swinging the frame 32 to the position illustrated by dotted lines in Fig. 4, to thus throw the net 36 over the birds. 55 After the birds have been trapped in this

manner they may be removed from beneath the net by introducing the hand through the opening of the net contained within the ring 37. It is to be noted that the shaft 27 may

60 be rotated for regulating the tension of the power-springs 28 and that after the proper tension has been attained the arms 33 are entered in the proper slots or recesses 30 of the heads 29 and, furthermore, that the tension

of springs 20 may be varied by loosening the 65 thumb-nuts 26 and adjusting the arms 21 through the medium of the slots 24, provided at their lower ends.

From the foregoing it is apparent that I produce a simple inexpensive device admi- 70 rably adapted for the attainment of the ends in view and one which in practice will effectually trap the birds without injuring the latter.

Having thus described my invention, what 75 I claim is—

1. In a device of the class described, a pivoted frame adapted for movement from nontrapping to trapping position, a net operatively connected with the frame, means for 80 swinging the latter to trapping position, means for locking the frame in non-trapping position, and a depressible platform operable for automatically releasing the frame to permit movement of the latter to trapping po- 85 sition.

2. In a device of the class described, a pivoted frame, a trapping-net operatively connected therewith for movement to trapping position, a movable locking member adapted 90 for operative engagement with the frame to lock the same in normal position, a depressible platform, a keeper thereon for maintaining the locking member in frame-locking position, said platform being operable for auto- 95 matically releasing the locking member and frame, and means for automatically throwing the latter to trapping position.

3. In a device of the class described, a pivoted trapping member equipped with a trap- 100 ping-net, a longitudinally-movable lockingrod, a locking device on the member for engagement with said rod, a depressible platform, a keeper thereon adapted for engagement with the rod to maintain the same in 105 locking position, a spring for moving the rod to releasing position, and means for automatically moving the trapping member and

net to trapping position.

4. In a device of the class described, a piv- 110 oted trapping member equipped with a trapping-net, a movable locking member operatively engaged with and for maintaining the trapping member in open position, a depressible platform, a keeper carried thereby for 115 engagement with and to maintain the locking member in locking position, means for moving the locking member to releasing position, and means for automatically moving the trapping member when released to trap- 120 ping position.

5. In a device of the class described, a casing, a shaft journaled therein, means for automatically rotating the shaft, a frame connected with and for swinging movement by 125 the latter, a trapping-net carried by the frame, a locking member adapted for operative engagement with and to lock the frame

in open position, a depressible platform, and a keeper carried by the platform for locking or releasing the locking member.

6. In a device of the class described, a cas-5 ing, a shaft journaled therein, a power-spring for rotating the shaft, a trapping-net operatively connected with and for movement to trapping position by the shaft, a locking member adapted for maintaining the

net in open position, a depressible platform, so and a keeper carried by the platform for locking or releasing the locking member.
In testimony whereof I affix my signature

in presence of two witnesses.

EDGAR L. FLINT.

Witnesses:

CHAS. L. WILSON, JAMES EVANS.