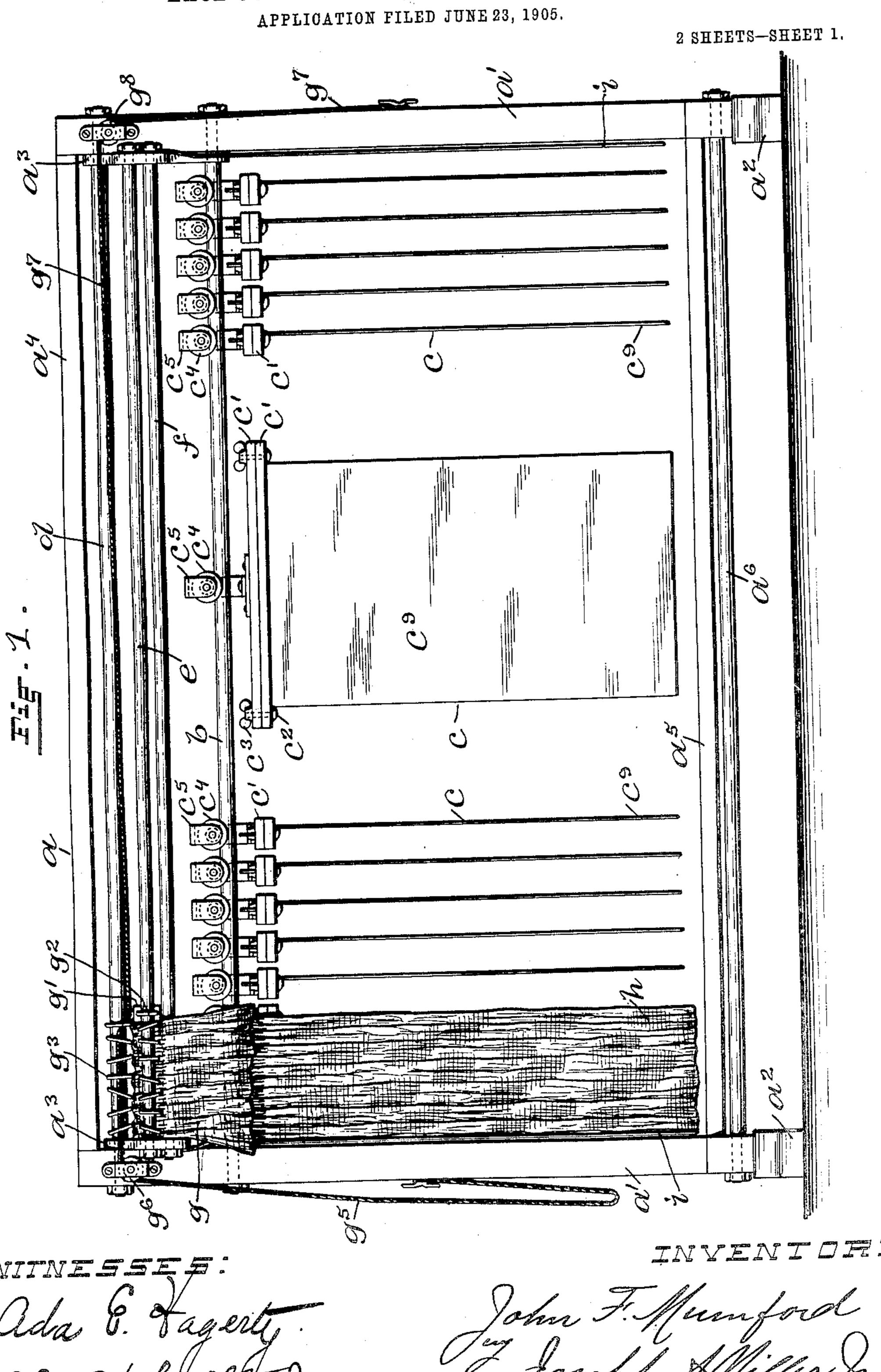
J. F. MUMFORD.

LACE CURTAIN EXHIBITING APPARATUS.

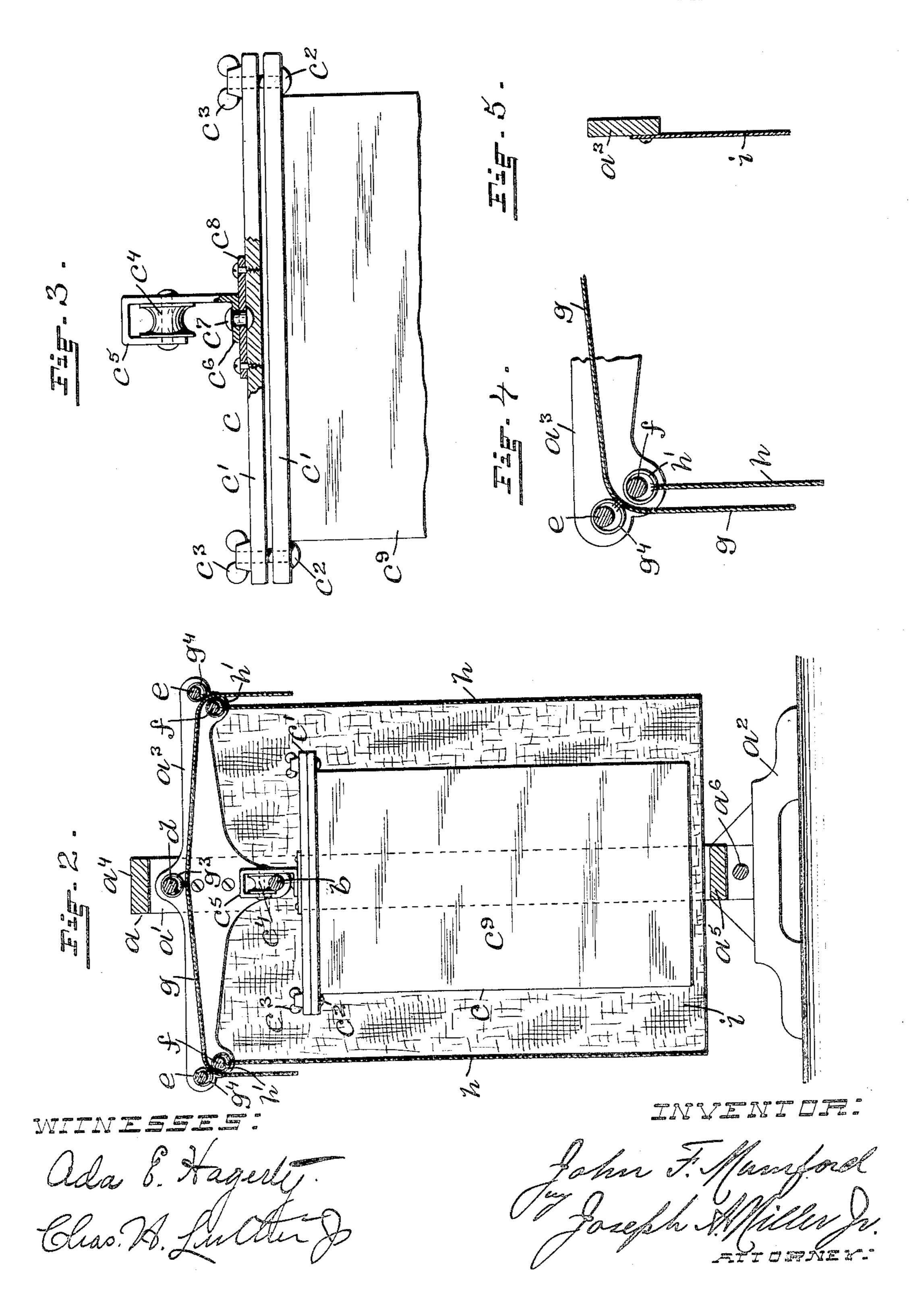
ARRIGATION FILED JUNE 23, 1905.



## J. F. MUMFORD. LACE CURTAIN EXHIBITING APPARATUS.

APPLICATION FILED JUNE 23, 1905.

2 SHEETS-SHEET 2.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN F. MUMFORD, OF FALL RIVER, MASSACHUSETTS, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO FREDERICK F. FANNING, OF PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND.

## LACE-CURTAIN-EXHIBITING APPARATUS.

No. 813,165.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Feb. 20, 1906.

Application filed June 23, 1905. Serial No. 266,551.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John F. Mumford, a citizen of the United States, residing at Fall River, in the county of Bristol and State of 5 Massachusetts, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Lace-Curtain-Exhibiting Apparatus, of which the following is a specification.

This invention has reference to an improve-10 ment in apparatus for exhibiting purposes, and more particularly to an improvement in apparatus for exhibiting lace curtains.

In the usual way of exhibiting lace curtains to the prospective buyer the seller unfolds 15 the curtain and spreads it out on the counter or holds it up for the buyer's inspection, then refolds and packs the curtain away. By this method the curtain is not shown to the best advantage and is damaged more or less in the 20 handling.

The object of my invention is to provide an apparatus having means for exhibiting lace curtains to better advantage and more expeditiously (without handling the curtains)

25 than has heretofore been done.

A further object of my invention is to provide such an apparatus with means for holding a plurality of lace curtains.

A still further object of my invention is to 30 provide such an apparatus with means for inclosing the lace curtains to protect the same from dust or other extraneous substances.

My invention consists in the peculiar and novel construction of an apparatus for ex-35 hibiting lace curtains without handling the same, said apparatus having means for holding a plurality of lace curtains, for exhibiting a curtain to the best advantage, and for protecting the curtains from dust or other for-40 eign substances, with details of construction, as will be more fully set forth hereinafter.

Figure 1 is a side elevation of my improved apparatus for exhibiting lace curtains, showing the top and side curtains pulled to one 45 end into the position they would assume when the apparatus is in use, thus showing the lace-curtain holders removably supported on a central track in the apparatus with one holder placed in the position for exhibit-50 ing a lace curtain to the best advantage. Fig. 2 is a transverse sectional view through the apparatus with the top and side curtains in the closed position. Fig. 3 is an enlarged detail view of the upper end of a curtain-

| holder, showing the clamping-bar in the open 55 position for receiving the end of a lace curtain. Fig. 4 is an enlarged detail sectional view showing the means for supporting the top and side curtains on the frame of the apparatus, and Fig. 5 is an enlarged detail sec- 60 tional view showing the means for securing the end curtains to the frame of the apparatus.

In the drawings, a indicates the frame; b, the track for supporting the curtain-holders; 65 c c, the curtain-holders; d and e e, curtainrods for supporting the top curtain; ff, curtain-rods for supporting the side curtains; g, the top curtain; h h, the side curtains, and i ithe end curtains of my improved apparatus 70

for exhibiting lace curtains.

The frame a comprises the vertical end supports a' a', secured to the base-pieces  $a^2$ a<sup>2</sup> at their lower ends and supporting the cross-arms  $a^3$   $a^3$  on their upper ends. The 75 end supports a' a' are secured together by the top bar a<sup>4</sup> and the bottom bar a<sup>5</sup>, and the whole still further strengthened by securing the ends of the rods  $a^6$  and d and the ends of the track b to the end supports a' a', as shown 80 in Fig. 1. The cross-arms  $a^3 a^3$  are each constructed to support the curtain-rods e e and ff, the ends of the rods being secured to the ends of the cross-arms, as shown in Figs. 1 and 2. The cross-arms  $a^3 a^3$  are secured cen- 85 trally to the inside of the end supports a' a', adjacent their upper ends, by screws or other means.

The track b consists of a round bar extending the length of the apparatus adjacent the 90 top and secured at each end to the end sup-

ports a' a', as shown in Fig. 1.

The lace-curtain holders c c each consist of the clamping-bars c' c', having at each end the clamping-bolts  $c^2$   $c^2$  with the thumb-nuts 95  $c^3$   $c^3$ . A grooved pulley  $c^4$  is rotatably secured in the hook-shaped frame c<sup>5</sup>, having the L-shaped lower end  $c^6$  pivotally secured by the loose rivet  $c^7$  to the plate  $c^8$ , which in turn is centrally secured to the top clamping- 100 bar c' by screws or other means. A shade  $c^9$ , constructed, preferably, of cloth in the form of a rectangle, is secured at its upper end to the lower clamping-bar c', as shown in Fig. 3.

The curtains g, h h, and i i are all made of 105 some flexible material, such as cloth. The top curtain g is secured at one end to the cross-arm  $a^3$  and at the other end to the bar g'.

This bar is supported on the curtain-rods e e by the eyes  $g^{\bar{z}} g^{\bar{z}}$  in each end of the bar. The central portion of the top curtain is supported from the curtain-rod d by the rings  $g^3$   $g^3$ , 5 secured to the curtain, and the outer portions from the rods e e by the rings  $g^4 g^4$ , secured to the curtain, as shown in Fig. 2. A cord  $g^5$  is secured to the bar g' and passes over the pulley g<sup>6</sup>, secured to the left-hand end support a', to and a cord  $g^7$  is secured to the bar  $g^4$  and passes over the pulley  $g^8$ , secured to the right-hand end support a', as shown in Fig. 1. By pulling on the cord  $g^5$  the top curtain g is opened, and by pulling on the cord  $g^7$  the top 15 curtain is closed. The two side curtains h h are each supported from the curtain-rods ff by the rings h'h', as shown in Fig. 2, and the end curtains i i are each secured at the upper end to a cross-arm  $a^3$ , as shown in Fig. 5. 20 The curtains when closed form an inclosure capable of holding a plurality of the curtainholders cc and protecting the same from dust.

In the use of my improved apparatus for exhibiting lace curtains the upper end of a 25 lace curtain is inserted between the clamping-bars c' c' of the holder c and secured by tightening the thumb-nuts  $c^3$   $c^3$ . The lace curtain now lies flat against the shade  $c^9$ , which may be of any color desired. The 30 holder c with the lace curtain is now placed in the apparatus by hooking the pulley  $c^4$ over the track b, as shown in Figs. 1 and 2, and these operations are repeated until the apparatus is filled with the holders lying flat 35 against each other, leaving sufficient space, as shown in Fig. 1, for revolving a holder to exhibit a particular curtain. As all the holders are easily moved lengthwise on the track b, any lace curtains desired may be immedi-4° ately exhibited under practically all the conditions of shade, light, or color that they would have in actual use, thus giving to the buyer advantages not heretofore attained.

If thought desirable, two lace curtains 45 could be secured to one holder, one on each side of the shade  $c^9$ , thus increasing the capacity of the apparatus.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters 50 Patent—

1. An apparatus for exhibiting lace curtains comprising a frame, a track running lengthwise in the frame, a plurality of lacecurtain holders removably suspended from the track, each holder having clamping-bars, 55 a shade secured to the lower clamping-bar, a hook-shaped frame pivotally secured to the upper clamping-bar, means for securing the clamping-bars together to clamp the end of a lace curtain between the same, and curtains 60 on the frame adapted to inclose the lace-cur-

tain holders, as described.

2. An apparatus for exhibiting lace curtains comprising a frame, a track secured at each end in the frame, a plurality of lace-cur- 65 tain holders removably suspended from the track, each holder having two clampingbars, a shade secured to the lower clampingbar, a hook-shaped frame pivotally secured to the upper clamping-bar, a pulley rotatably 70 secured in the hook-shaped frame, means for securing the clamping-bars together to clamp the end of a lace curtain between the bars, curtain-rods on the frame, and means for suspending top, side and end curtains from the 75 curtain-rods and frame in a position to inclose the lace-curtain holders, as described.

3. In an apparatus for exhibiting lace curtains, the combination of a track b secured at each end in the apparatus and a lace-curtain 80 holder c consisting of clamping-bars c' c' having at each end clamping-bolts  $c^2$   $c^2$  with thumb-nuts  $c^3$   $c^3$ , a grooved pulley  $c^4$ , a hookshaped frame c<sup>5</sup> having an L-shaped lower end  $c^6$  pivotally secured by a loose rivet  $c^7$  to 85 a plate  $c^8$  which is centrally secured to the top clamping-bar c', a shade  $c^9$  secured at its upper end to the lower clamping-bar c', and means for rotatably securing the pulley  $c^4$  in the hook-shaped frame c5, whereby a lace cur- 90 tain is secured to the holder c and the holder removably suspended from the track b, as described.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of 95 two subscribing witnesses. JOHN F. MUMFORD.

Witnesses:

ADA E. HAGERTY, J. A. MILLER, Jr.