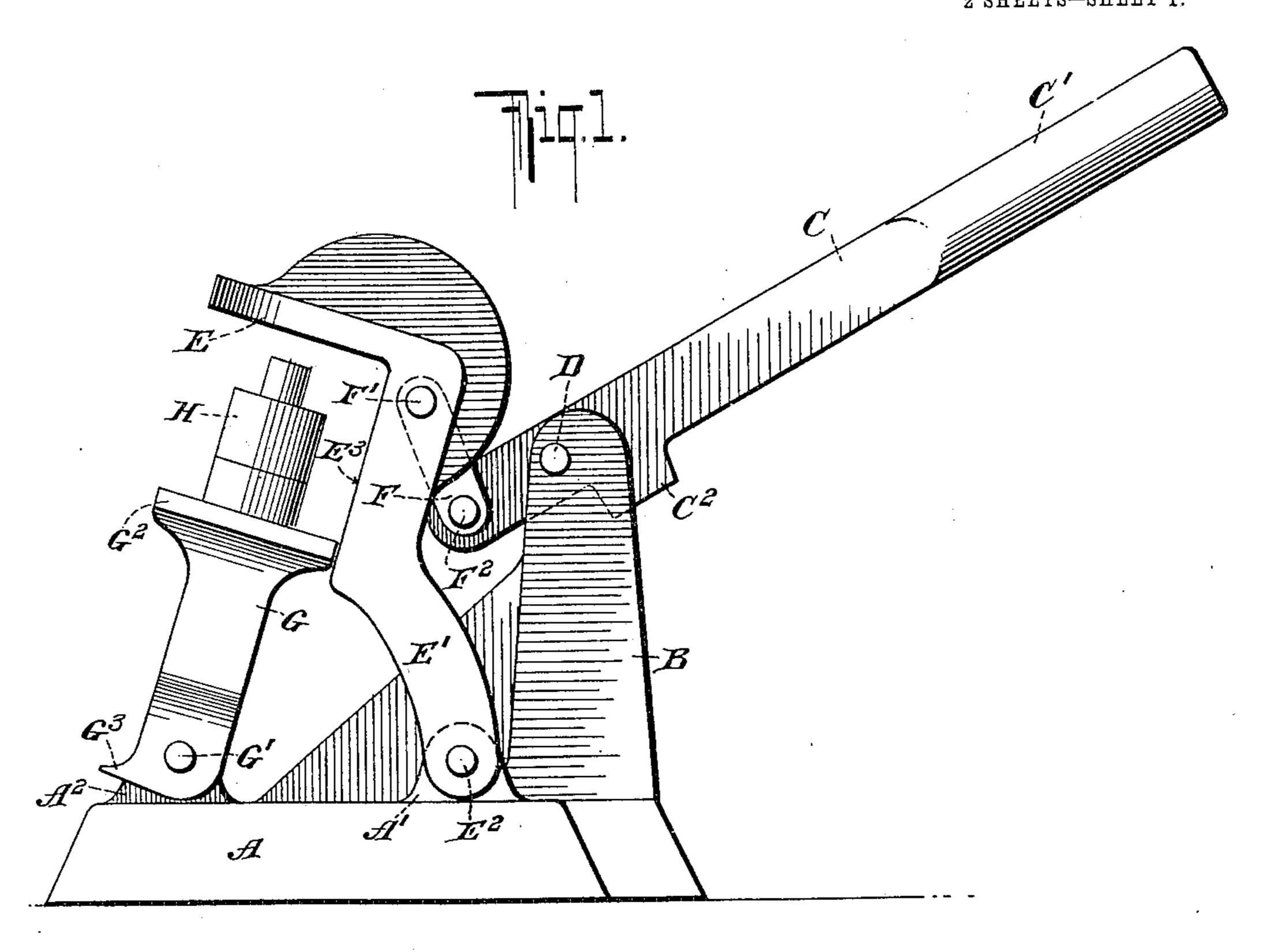
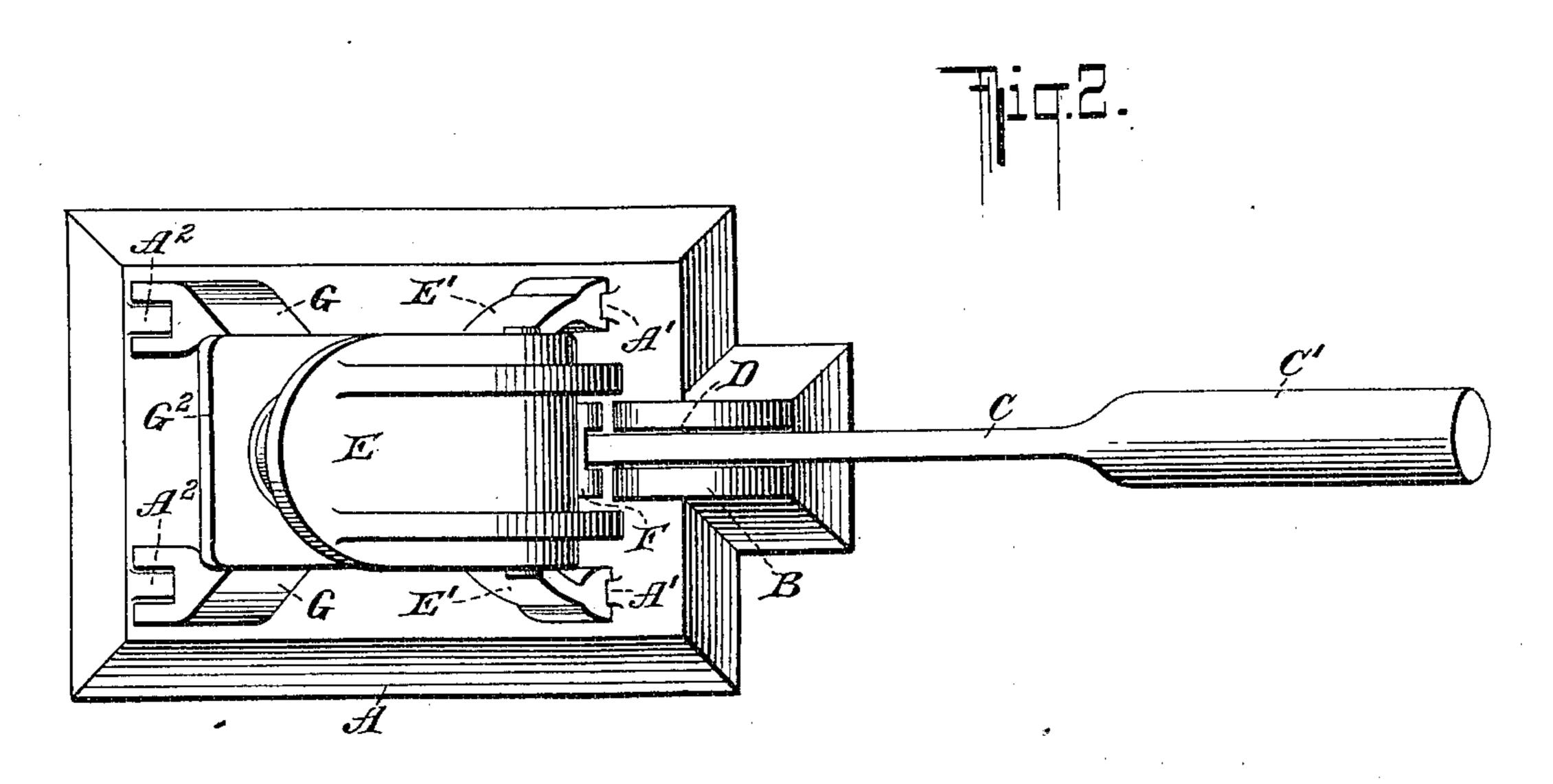
H. THURSTON.

PRESS.

APPLICATION FILED JULY 12, 1905.

2 SHEETS—SHEET 1.





WITNESSES: Stellenberk.

BY his ATTORNEYS

By an ATTORNEYS

Briesen Thurston

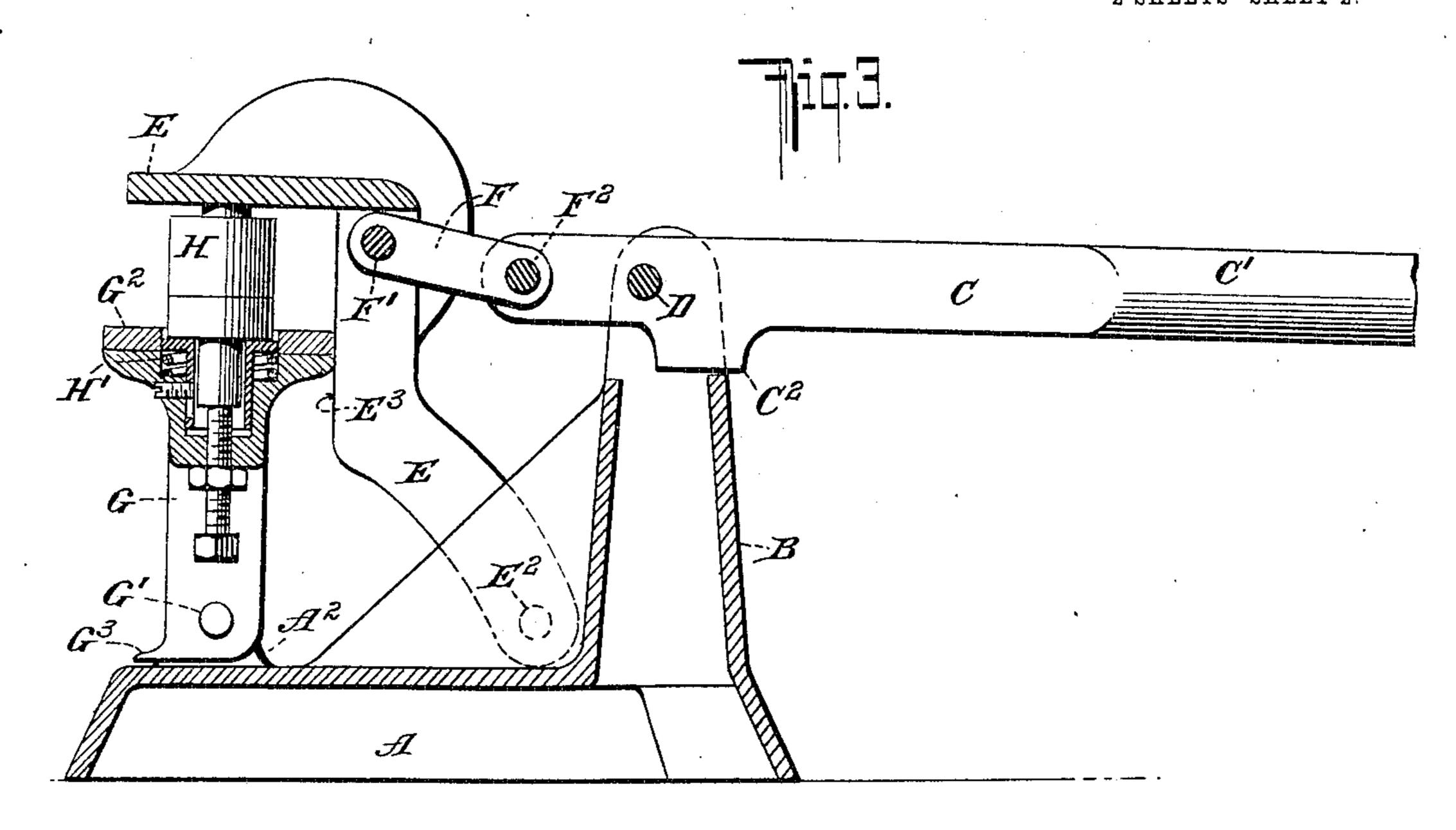
Briesen Thurston

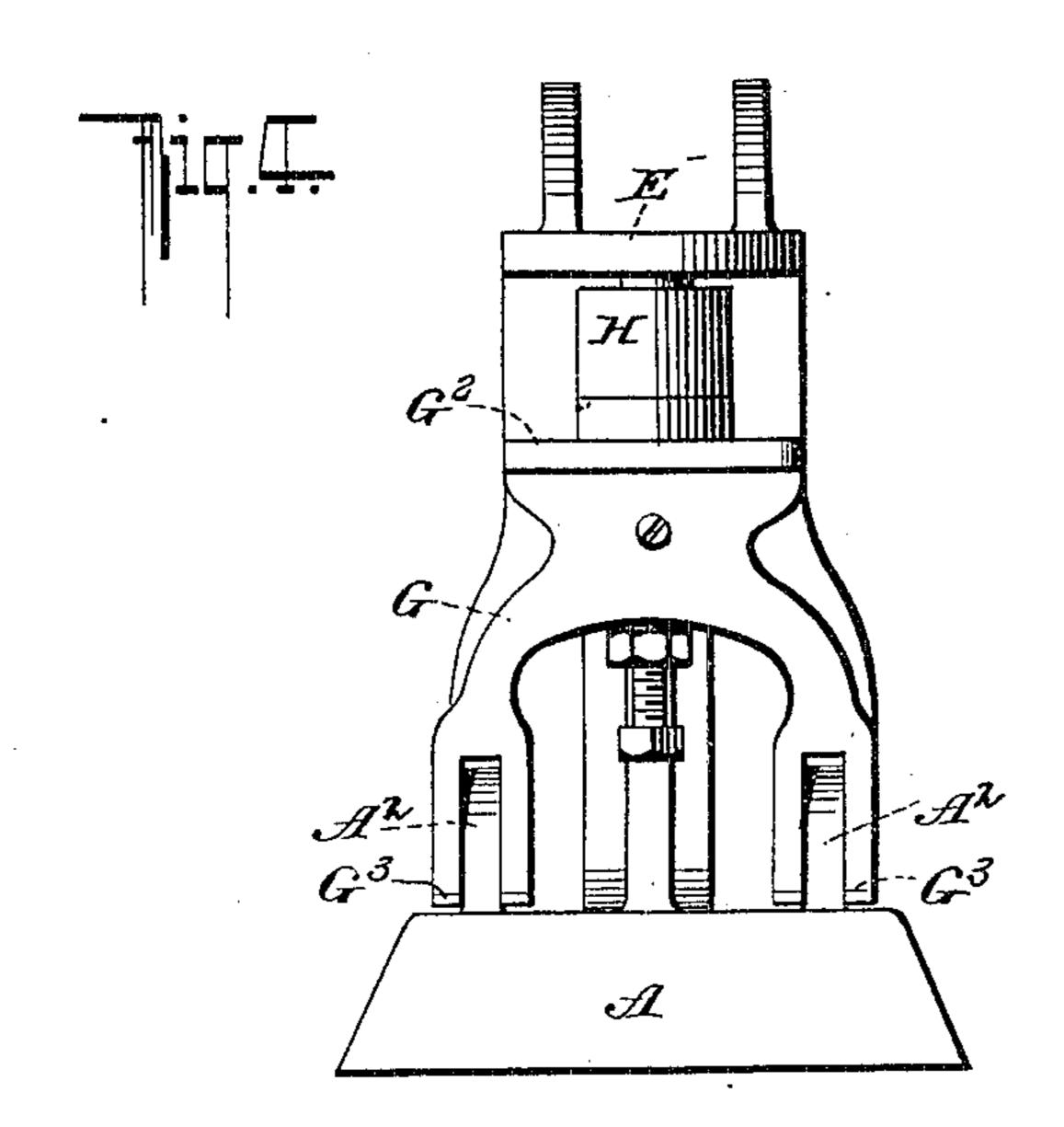
H. THURSTON.

PRESS.

APPLICATION FILED JULY 12, 1905.

2 SHEETS—SHEET 2.





WITNESSES: St. Sellenberk.

Horace Murston
BY lui ATTORNEYS

Briesen Murant

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HORACE THURSTON, OF PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO CHARLES H. SCHOTT, OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

PRESS.

No. 812,101.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Feb. 6, 1906.

Application filed July 12, 1905. Serial No. 269,335.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Horace Thurston, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Providence, county of Providence, State of 5 Rhode Island, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Presses, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to presses; and it consists in the novel construction and combination of parts, as will be hereinafter described.

The object of my invention will appear from the following detailed description, and the features of novelty will be pointed out in the appended claims.

Reference is to be had to the accompany-

ing drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a side elevation of a button-assembling press provided with my improvements. Fig. 2 is a plan view thereof. Fig. 20 3 is a side elevation, partly in section, with | jection C² serves to limit the downward an end view of the press.

A is the base of the press and is provided with a standard or lug B, which is split at its 25 upper end to receive the lever C, pivoted at D. The said lever D is provided with a handle C' and a projection C², the purpose of which will be described hereinafter. A powerjaw E is provided with arms E', pivoted at E² 30 to lugs A' on the base A. The said jaw E has pivoted thereto at F' a toggle or link F, which toggle or link F is pivotally connected at F² to the lever C. A swinging platform member or lower jaw G is pivoted at G' to a 35 lug A² on the base A and is provided near its upper portion with a flange or plate G2, the one edge of which leans and rides against the guide-surface E³ of the jaw E. A springpressed plunger H is mounted in the member 40 G and is normally held in its outward position by a spring H'. This part of the mechanism is common to a great many button-assembling presses, and I therefore do not deem it necessary to further describe it, as said 45 mechanism forms no part of my invention.

In operation the handle C' of the lever C is pressed in a downward direction, thus swinging the power-jaw E on its pivot E² into the position shown in Fig. 3. During this opera-50 tion the flange G² of the member G rides along the guide-surface E³ of the jaw E, as illustrated in Fig. 3. A projection G³ prevents the lower jaw G from being thrown too far to the left in Fig. 3.

It will be understood by reference to Figs. 55 1 and 3 that the center of gravity of the lower jaw member G should always be to the right of the supporting-pivot G', or, in other words, that a vertical line drawn through the center of gravity of the jaw G should pass be- 6c tween the centers of the pivots G' and E² during the movement of the parts from the position shown in Fig. 1 to that shown in Fig. 3.

It will be seen from the above description 65 that by having the flange G² of the jaw G riding on the guide-surface E³ of the jaw E the two jaws E and G are always retained in proper relation to each other to obtain the best results. It will also be noticed that my 70 device is very simple in construction and that a very great amount of pressure can be obtained with very little exertion. The prothe parts in a different position; and Fig. 4 is | movement of the lever C by engaging a por- 75 tion of the standard B.

Various modifications may be made without departing from the nature of my invention. I also wish it distinctly understood that while I have described my machine in 80 connection with a button-press the said invention may be used as a seal-press or, in fact, as a press of this description for any purpose. It is to be further understood that the press although described as a hand-press 85 may also be operated by foot-power by suitably connecting the lever C with a treadle.

I claim and desire to secure by Letters Patent—

1. A press comprising a base, swinging 90 jaws each pivotally connected with said base, and a lever also pivotally mounted on said base and operatively connected with one of said jaws to swing it, one of the said jaws having a guide engaged by the other jaw, to 95 cause one jaw to follow its mate as it is swung by the lever, so as to maintain both jaws in proper working relation to each other.

2. A press comprising a base, a swinging jaw pivoted thereto and provided with a roc guide, another jaw likewise pivoted to the base and arranged to lean and ride against the guide during the movement of the jaws, a lever fulcrumed on said base, and a link the ends of which are pivoted to said lever and to 105 the first-named jaw respectively.

3. A press comprising a base, two swinging jaws pivoted thereto, one of said jaws being

provided with a guide and the other with an | my hand in the presence of two subscribing engaging portion so arranged that gravity will cause one jaw to lean against the other and follow its movement, and means for 5 swinging the jaw against which the other leans.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set

witnesses.

HORACE THURSTON.

Witnesses:

ALEXANDER BEVAN, EDMUND D. SHERMAN.