No. 810,915.

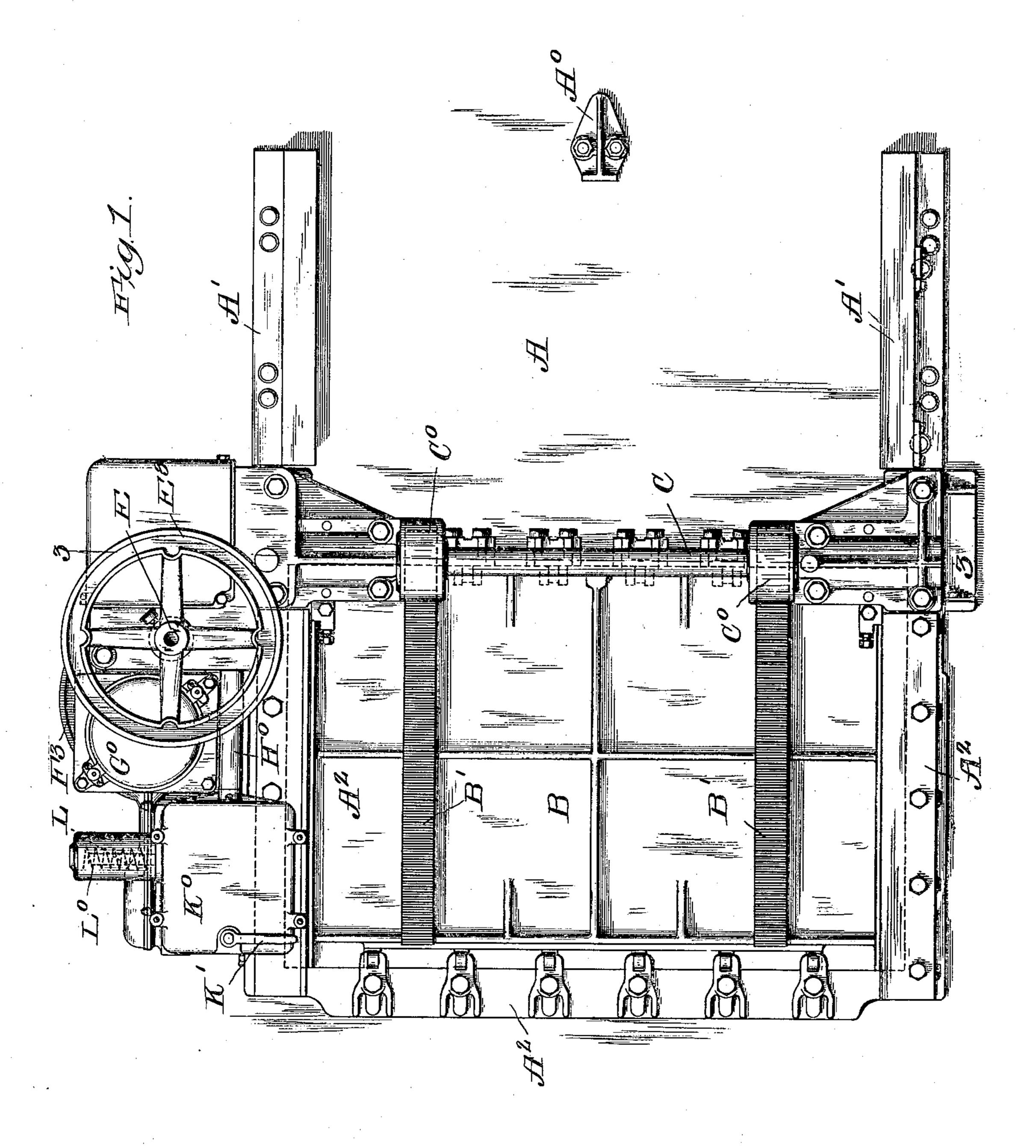
PATENTED JAN. 30, 1906.

## W. B. COWLES.

AUTOMATIC CUT-OUT MECHANISM FOR ELECTRICALLY OPERATED BULKHEAD DOORS.

APPLICATION FILED JULY 11, 1904.

3 SHEETS-SHEET 1.



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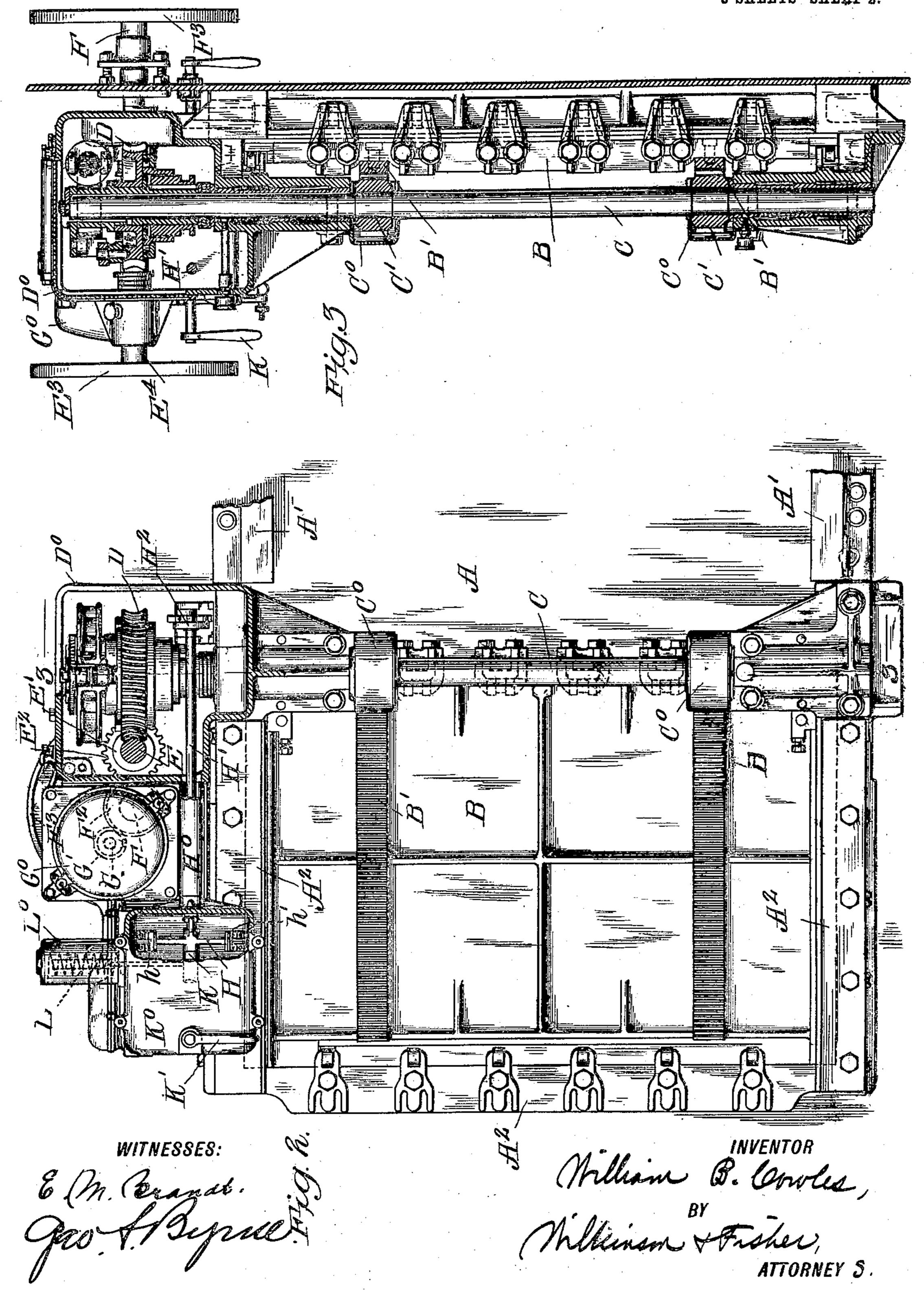
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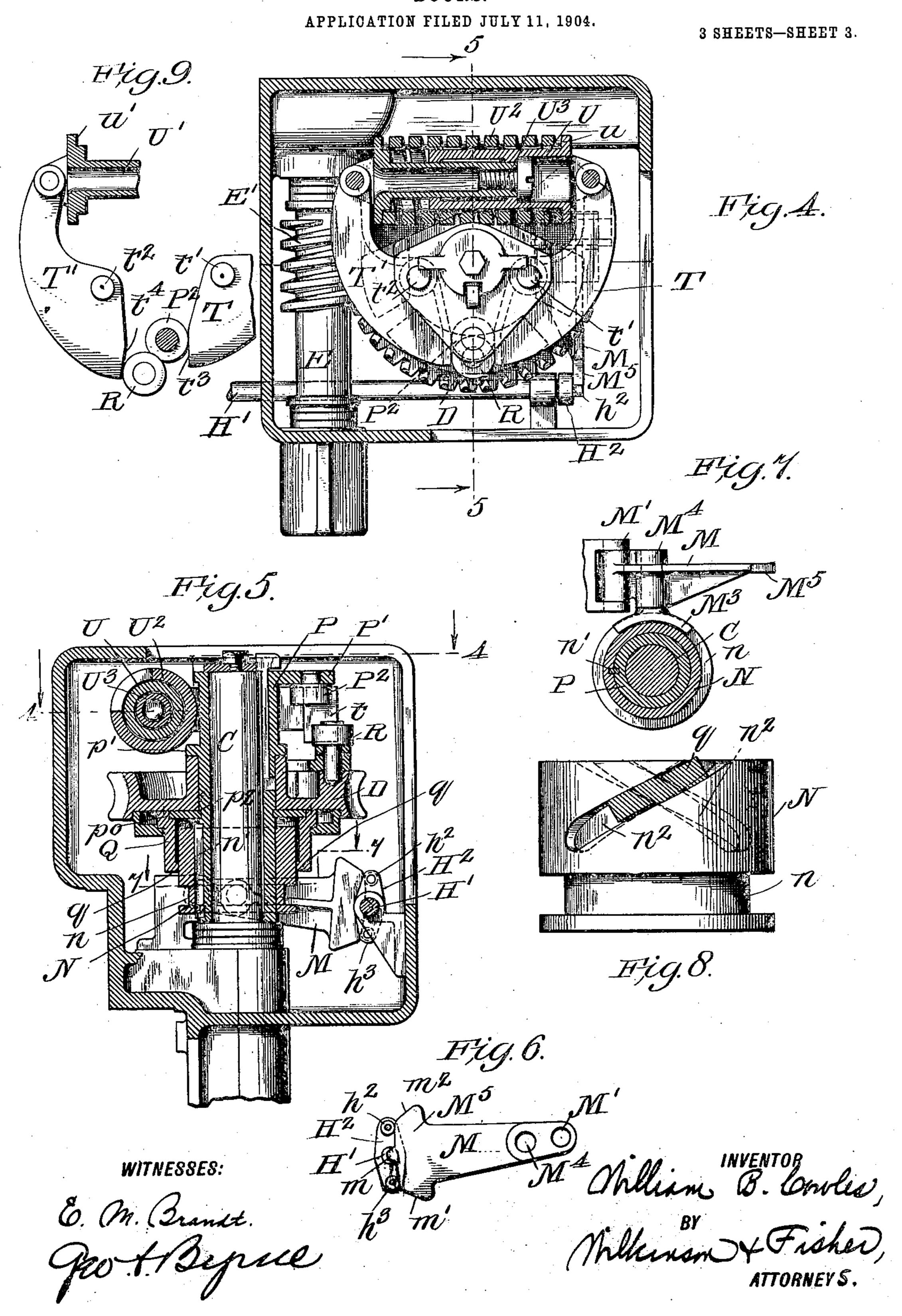


No. 810,915.

PATENTED JAN. 30, 1906.

W. B. COWLES.

AUTOMATIC CUT-OUT MECHANISM FOR ELECTRICALLY OPERATED BULKHEAD DOORS.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM BARNUM COWLES, OF CLEVELAND, OHIO, ASSIGNOR TO THE "LONG ARM" SYSTEM COMPANY, OF CLEVELAND, OHIO, A CORPORATION OF OHIO.

AUTOMATIC CUT-OUT MECHANISM FOR ELECTRICALLY-OPERATED BULKHEAD-DOORS.

No. 810,915.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Jan. 30, 1906.

Application filed July 11, 1904. Serial No. 216,143.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, William Barnum Cowles, a citizen of the United States, residing at Cleveland, in the county of Cuyahoga and State of Ohio, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Automatic Cut-Out Mechanism for Electrically-Operated Bulkhead-Doors, &c.; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

My invention relates to automatic cut-out mechanism primarily intended for use in the 15 electrical operation of water-tight doors, hatches, or the like; but it is also capable of use whenever it is desired to cut off the electric current from driving mechanism when the load exceeds a predetermined limit.

20 My invention is especially intended for automatically cutting off the current from sliding bulkhead-doors when any obstruction to the motion of the door is encountered which would impose an excessive load on the motor and either burn out the fuse or the motor.

My invention also relates to certain improved mechanism whereby the door may be moved either by electricity or by handpower and whereby the door may be operated either from a distance or locally at the door.

My invention will be understood by reference to the accompanying drawings, in which the same parts are indicated by the same letters throughout the covered views

35 ters throughout the several views. Figure 1 is a front view showing the doorframe and a horizontally-sliding vertical bulkhead-door in the closed position, together with the parts for operating the same. Fig. 40 2 is a similar view to Fig. 1, except that the part of the casing at the top of the door is broken away. Fig. 3 shows a section along the line 3 3 of Figs. 1 and 2, parts being shown in elevation. Fig. 4 shows a section 45 along the broken line 4 4 of Fig. 5 and looking down said figure. Fig. 5 shows a section along the line 5 5 of Fig. 4, parts being shown in elevation. Fig. 6 is a detail showing the pivoted arm for operating the yoke connect-50 ed to the rod for turning the limit-switch, the view being taken on the reverse side from that shown in Fig. 5. Fig. 7 shows a section along the broken line 7 7 of Fig. 5, parts be-

ing shown in elevation. Fig. 8 shows the cam engagement for operating the arm con- 55 trolling the limit-switch, and Fig. 9 is a detail showing the action of the arm for operating the limit-switch.

A represents the bulkhead, having guiderails A' for the door to run out on, and the 60 bulkhead carries a heavy frame A<sup>2</sup>, in which the door is jammed when closed, so as to be substantially water-tight, in the manner well known in the art. The manner of tightening the door is not part of my present invening the door is not part of my present invening the door is not be further described herein.

B represents the door-plate, to which horizontal racks B' are secured, which racks mesh with pinions C', secured to the shaft C. These pinions are preferably inclosed in 70 boxes Co to keep out dust, &c. Secured to the shaft C, near its head, is the worm-wheel D, which meshes with the worm E' on the counter-shaft E, which counter-shaft carries a pinion  $E^2$ , which meshes with the pinion  $F^2$  75 on the shaft F. This pinion F<sup>2</sup> is driven by the pinion G' on the armature-shaft G of the electric motor, which is contained in the casing Go. The shaft E carries the hand-wheel E<sup>3</sup> on one side of the door, by means of which 80 the worm D may be turned by hand, and the shaft F carries a hand-wheel F<sup>3</sup> at the other side of the door, which may also be used to turn the worm-wheel D. Thus it will be seen that the door may be opened by hand 85 from either side of the door. It will be obvious that both hand-wheels may be placed on the shaft E, one at either side of the bulkhead, if desired; but the interposition of the idler F<sup>2</sup> affords a more convenient arrange- 90 ment for the operative mechanism at the top of the door with regard to the structure of the ship.

In order to keep out dust, &c., the operative parts at the head of the door are mounted 95 in suitable casings D<sup>0</sup>, G<sup>0</sup>, and K<sup>0</sup>, which are secured to fixed parts of the structure.

In the box K° a suitable controller is mounted, which is operated by hand by means of the hand-lever K'. In addition to 100 this controller contained in this box there is a solenoid L, mounted in the casing L° for turning on the current from a distance by means of the switch L', which has been fully described in my application, Serial No. 216,142, 105 filed July 11, 1904. In this same box K° is

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also mounted the limit-switch H, which has two contact-points h and h', adapted to complete the circuit through the motor when it is otherwise closed. This limit-switch is rocked 5 by means of the rod H', which passes through the casing Ho and carries at its end the yoke  $H^2$ , provided with lugs  $h^2$  and  $h^3$ . These lugs are struck by the lug m on the head  $M^5$  of the arm M, which head is provided with inclined 10 faces m' and  $m^2$ , (see Fig. 6,) which permit the shaft H' to be rocked when the lug mstrikes either of the lugs  $h^2$  and  $h^3$ , but which normally holds the yoke H2 against rocking when in the initial or zero position. (Shown 15 in Figs. 5 and 6.) This arm M normally remains in this zero position and is only rocked about its pivot M' when the load on the motor exceeds a predetermined limit, and the manner in which this is accomplished will 20 now be described. The arm M being pivoted in the casing, as at M', is provided with a socket M4, in which the yoke M3 is piveted. This yoke projects into an annular groove n in the sleeve N, which is splined, as at n', (see 25 Figs. 5 and 7,) on the sleeve P, fast to the shaft C. This sleeve N is provided with camgrooves  $n^2$ , oppositely disposed, as shown in Fig. 8, into which cam-grooves project the lugs q from the interior of the sleeve Q. This 30 sleeve Q is fast to or integral with the wormwheel D, and this worm-wheel is normally held against turning on the shaft C by the spring U<sup>2</sup>, as will be hereinafter described, and it is also held against longitudinal move-35 ment on said shaft, as by means of the shoulders p' and the ring  $p^0$  projecting into the groove  $p^2$ , (see Fig. 5,) or it may be held against longitudinal motion on the shaft in any other convenient way. I have shown 40 the sleeve Q as made separate from but attached to the worm-wheel D, this for convenience of manufacture; but the two may be integral with each other, if desired. The worm-wheel D has mounted thereon,

45 preferably near the periphery thereof, the roller R, which roller projects between the downwardly-projecting lugs t of the arms T and T', which arms are pivoted, as at t' and  $t^2$ , to the bracket P', fast to or integral with 50 the sleeve P. The stop P<sup>2</sup> projects down from this bracket between the free ends  $t^3$  and t of the pivoted arms T and T', while the opposite ends of said arms are pivotally connected to the telescopic members U and U', 55 carrying the spring U<sup>2</sup>. These members are connected together by the screw U<sup>3</sup>, as shown in Fig. 4. The spring U<sup>2</sup> is held under compression between the shoulders u and u', and this spring therefore causes the oppo-60 site ends  $t^3$  and  $t^4$  of the arms T and T to press hard against the stop P2, and this stop limits the swing of the arms T and T' toward the stop. The compression of the spring U<sup>2</sup> is so adjusted that when the load on the mo-65 tor exceeds a predetermined limit the roller

R will press against one or the other of the free ends  $t^3$  and  $t^4$  of the arms T and T' with sufficient force to rock that arm against the action of said spring, as shown in Fig. 9. This will cause the shaft C to lag with regard to 70 the worm-wheel D and will cause the lugs qto cam the sleeve N up or down, rocking the arm M about its pivot, and consequently rocking the shaft H' and cutting off the current from the motor.

It will be seen that if the door is in the act of closing and encounters an obstacle—such as a bag of coal, or a piece of timber, or any other similar obstruction—the shaft C will be caused to lag slightly behind the worm- 80 wheel D against the action of the spring U<sup>3</sup>, and the current will be cut off. In a similar way, if the obstruction is encountered upon opening the door—as, for instance, when the door strikes the buffer Ao, (see Fig. 1)—the 85 worm-wheel D will be caused to lag behind the shaft C through a small angle in the opposite direction and will cut off the current equally well. The current will remain cut off unless the obstacle is removed or unless 90 the door is started in the opposite direction, which will restore the parts to the initial po tion. (Shown in Figs. 5 and 6.) Thus it will be seen that when the strain on the motor exceeds a predetermined limit, no matter 95 whether the door is opening or closing, the current will be cut off, thus preventing the burning out of the motor or injury to the mechanical parts through excessive load. This action will take place entirely independ- 100 ent of whether it is turned on from a distance, and thus each door is provided with automatic protection against injury from excessive strains.

It will be obvious that various modifica- 105 tions might be made in the herein-described apparatus which could be used without departing from the spirit of my invention.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Pat- 110 ent of the United States, is—

1. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, of an electric motor, and gearing driven by said motor for operating the door or hatch, piv- 115 oted arms with a stop therefor, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected to a member of said gearing, and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on 120 said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, and means controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

2. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, of an electric motor, and gearing driven by said motor for operating the door or hatch, pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a spring un- 13c

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der compression mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected to a member of said gearing, and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on 5 said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, and a cut-out switch controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring for cutting off the current from said motor, substan-

tially as described.

3. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, a rack or racks secured thereto, and a shaft with a pinion or pinions meshing in said rack or racks, of an electric motor, and gearing 15 driven by said motor for turning said shaft, arms pivotally mounted on said shaft and a stop for said arms, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected to a member of said gearing 20 and forcing one or the other of said arms against the action of said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, and a cut-out switch controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring, for 25 cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

4. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, a rack or racks secured thereto, and a shaft with a 30 pinion or pinions meshing in said rack or racks, of an electric motor, and gearing driven by said motor for turning said shaft, arms pivotally mounted on said shaft and a stop for said arms, a spring under compression 35 mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected to a member of said gearing and forcing one or the other of said arms against the action of said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, 40 and means controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring, for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

5. In a system of the character described, 45 the combination with a door or hatch, of an electric motor, and gearing driven by said motor for operating the door or hatch, pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, 50 means for adjusting the compression of said spring, a lug or roller connected to a member of said gearing, and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined 55 limit, and means controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

6. In a system of the character described, 60 the combination with a door or hatch, of an electric motor, and gearing driven by said motor for operating the door or hatch, pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, 65 means for adjusting the compression of said

spring, a lug or roller connected to a member of said gearing, and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, and a cut-out switch controlled by the 70 yielding of said arm against said spring for cutting off the current from said motor, sub-

stantially as described.

7. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, a rack 75 or racks secured thereto, and a shaft with a pinion or pinions meshing in said rack or racks, of an electric motor, and gearing driven by said motor for turning said shaft, arms pivotally mounted on said shaft and a stop for 80 said arms, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, means for adjusting the compression of said spring, a lug or roller connected to a member of said gearing and forcing one or the other of said arms against 85 the action of said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, and a cut-out switch controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring, for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as 90 described.

8. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, a rack or racks secured thereto, and a shaft with a pinion or pinions meshing in said rack or 95 racks, of an electric motor, and gearing driven by said motor for turning said shaft, arms pivotally mounted on said shaft and a stop for said arms, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, means for ad- 100 justing the compression of said spring, a lug or roller connected to a member of said gearing and forcing one or the other of said arms against the action of said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined 105 limit, and means controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring, for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially

as described. 9. In a system of the character described, 110 the combination with a door, of an electric motor, and gearing driven by said motor for operating the door, pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a coil-spring under compression mounted between said arms, a telescopic 115 joint for adjusting the compression of said spring, a lug or roller connected to said gearing, and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, and a 120 cut-out switch controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

10. In a system of the character described, 125 the combination with a door, of an electric motor, and gearing driven by said motor for operating the door, pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a coil-spring under compression mounted between said arms, a telescopic 130

joint for adjusting the compression of said spring, a lug or roller connected to said gearing, and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on said 5 gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, and means controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

10 11. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, of an electric motor, and a worm-wheel driven by said motor for operating the door or hatch, pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a spring 15 under compression mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected to said wormwheel and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit in 20 either direction, and means controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

12. In a system of the character described, 25 the combination with a door or hatch, of an electric motor, and a worm-wheel driven by said motor for operating the door or hatch, pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a spring under compression mounted between said 30 arms, a lug or roller connected to said wormwheel and forcing one or the other of said | arms against said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, and a cut-out switch controlled by the yield-35 ing of said arm against said spring for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

13. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, a rack 40 or racks secured thereto, and a shaft with a pinion or pinions meshing in said rack or racks, of an electric motor, and a worm-wheel mounted on said shaft and driven by said motor for turning said shaft, arms pivotally 45 mounted on said shaft and a stop for said arms, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected to said worm-wheel and forcing one or the other of said arms against the action of said 50 spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, and a cut-out switch controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring, for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

14. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, a rack or racks secured thereto, and a shaft with a pinion or pinions meshing in said rack or racks, of an electric motor, and a worm-wheel 6c mounted on said shaft and driven by said motor for turning said shaft, arms pivotally mounted on said shaft and a stop for said arms, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected to 65 said worm-wheel and forcing one or the other

of said arms against the action of said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, and means controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring, for cutting off the current from said motor, 70 substantially as described.

15. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, of an electric motor, and a worm-wheel driven by said motor for operating the door or hatch, 75 pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, means for adjusting the compression of said spring, a lug or roller connected to said worm-wheel, and forcing one or the 80 other of said arms against said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, in either direction, and means controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring for cutting off the current from 85 said motor, substantially as described.

16. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, of an electric motor, and a worm-wheel driven by said motor for operating the door or hatch, 92 pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, means for adjusting the compression of said spring, a lug or roller connected to said worm-wheel and forcing one or the other 95 of said arms against said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, and a cut-out switch controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring for cutting off the current from said motor, sub- 100 stantially as described.

17. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, a rack or racks secured thereto, and a shaft with a pinion or pinions meshing in said rack or 105 racks, of an electric motor, and a worm-wheel mounted on saidshaft and driven by said motor for turning said shaft, arms pivotally mounted on said shaft and a stop for said arms, a spring under compression mounted 110 between said arms, a lug or roller connected to said worm-wheel and forcing one or the other of said arms against the action of said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, means for adjusting 115 the compression of said spring, and a cut-out switch controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring, for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

18. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door, of an electric motor, and gearing driven by said motor for operating the door, pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a coil-spring under compression 125 mounted between said arms, a telescopic joint for adjusting the compression of said spring, a lug or roller connected to said gearing, and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on said gear- 130

120

ing exceeds a predetermined limit, and means controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

19. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door, of an electric motor, and gearing driven by said motor for operating the door, pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a coil-spring under compression 10 mounted between said arms, a telescopic joint for adjusting the compression of said spring, a lug or roller connected to said gearing, and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on said 15 gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, and a cam-sleeve controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring, and a cut-out switch operated by said cam-sleeve, for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as 20 described.

20. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, of an electric motor, and a worm-wheel driven by said motor for operating the door or hatch, 25 pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected to said wormwheel and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on 30 said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit in either direction, a cam-sleeve, cam-lugs connected to said worm-wheel and engaging said cam-sleeve, and means controlled by the motion of said cam-sleeve due to the yielding 35 of said arm against said spring, for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

21. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, of an 40 electric motor, and a worm-wheel driven by said motor for operating the door or hatch, pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected to said worm-45 wheel and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, a cam-sleeve, cam-lugs connected to said wormwheel and engaging said cam-sleeve, and a 50 cut-out switch controlled by the motion of said cam-sleeve due to the yielding of said arm against said spring for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

22. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, a rack or racks secured thereto, and a shaft with a pinion or pinions meshing in said rack or racks, of an electric motor, and a worm-wheel 60 mounted on said shaft and driven by said motor for turning said shaft, arms pivotally mounted on said shaft and a stop for said arms, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected 65 to said worm-wheel and forcing one or the

other of said arms against the action of said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, a cam-sleeve movable longitudinally on said shaft, cam-lugs connected to said worm-wheel and said cam- 70 sleeve, and a cut-out switch controlled by the motion of said cam-sleeve due to the yielding of said arm against said spring for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

23. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, a rack or racks secured thereto, and a shaft with a pinion or pinions meshing in said rack or racks, of an electric motor, and a worm- 80 wheel mounted on said shaft and driven by said motor for turning said shaft, arms pivotally mounted on said shaft and a stop for said arms, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected 85 to said worm-wheel and forcing one or the other of said arms against the action of said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, a cam-sleeve movable longitudinally on said shaft, cam-lugs con- 90 nected to said worm-wheel and engaging said cam-sleeve, and means controlled by the motion of said cam-sleeve due to the yielding of said arm against said spring, for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as 95 described.

24. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, of an electric motor, and a worm-wheel driven by said motor for operating the door or hatch, 100 pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a coilspring under compression mounted between said arms, a telescopic joint for supporting said spring and for adjusting the compression thereof, a lug or roller connected to said 105 worm-wheel, and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, in either direction, and means controlled by the yielding of said arm against 110 said spring for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

25. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, of an electric motor, and a worm-wheel driven by 115 said motor for operating the door or hatch, pivoted arms with a stop therefor, telescopic members pivoted to said arms, respectively, a coil-spring under compression mounted between said arms over said telescopic mem- 120 bers, a screw for adjusting the compression of said spring, a lug or roller connected to said worm-wheel and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined 125 limit, and a cut-out switch controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

26. In a system of the character described, 130

the combination with a door or hatch, a rack or racks secured thereto, and a shaft with a pinion or pinions meshing in said rack or racks, of an electric motor, and a worm-5 wheel mounted on said shaft and driven by said motor for turning said shaft, arms pivotally mounted on said shaft and a stop for said arms, telescopic members pivoted to said arms, respectively, a coil-spring under 10 compression mounted between said arms and inclosing said telescopic members, a lug or roller connected to said worm-wheel and forcing one or the other of said arms against the action of said spring when the load on 15 said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, a screw connecting said telescopic members for adjusting the compression of said spring, and a cut-out switch controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring, for cut-20 ting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

27. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door, of an electric motor, and gearing driven by said motor for 25 operating the door, pivoted arms with a stop therefor, telescopic members connecting said arms, a coil-spring under compression mounted between said arms, and inclosing said telescopic members, a lug or roller connected to 30 said gearing, and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, and means controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring for cutting off 35 the current from said motor, substantially as

described.

28. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, of an electric motor, and gearing driven by said 40 motor for operating the door or hatch, pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected to said gearing, and forcing one or the other of said arms against 45 said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, means controlled by the yielding of said, arm against said spring for cutting off the current from said motor, and means for operating said 50 gearing by hand from either side of the bulkhead, when desired, substantially as described.

29. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, of an ed arms with a stop therefor, a spring under | described. compression mounted between said arms, means for adjusting the compression of said spring, a lug or roller connected to said gear-60 ing, and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, a cutout switch controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring for cutting off the 65 current from said motor, and means for op-

erating said gearing by hand from either side of the bulkhead, when desired, substantially as described.

30. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, a rack 70 or racks secured thereto, and a shaft with pinions meshing in said racks, of an electric motor, and gearing driven by said motor for turning said shaft, arms pivotally mounted on said shaft and a stop therefor, a spring un- 75 der compression mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected to a member of said gearing and forcing one or the other of said arms against the action of said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predeter- 80 mined limit, a cut-out switch controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring, for cutting off the current from said motor, and means for operating said gearing by hand from either side of the bulkhead, when 85 desired, substantially as described.

31. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, a rack or racks secured thereto, and a shaft with pinions meshing in said racks, of an electric 90 motor, and gearing driven by said motor for turning said shaft, arms pivotally mounted on said shaft and a stop therefor, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected to a member of said 95 gearing and forcing one or the other of said arms against the action of said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, means controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring, for cutting off 100 the current from said motor, and means for operating said gearing by hand from either side of the bulkhead, when desired, substan-

tially as described.

32. In a system of the character described, 105 the combination with a door, of an electric motor, and gearing driven by said motor for operating the door, pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a coil-spring under compression mounted between said arms, a telescopic 110 joint for adjusting the compression of said spring, a lug or roller connected to said gearing, and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, a 115 cam-sleeve controlled by the yielding of said arm against said spring, a pivoted arm rocked by said cam-sleeve and a cut-out electric motor, and gearing driven by said || switch operated by said arm, for cutting off 55 motor for operating the door or hatch, pivot- | the current from said motor, substantially as 120

> 33. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, of an electric motor, and a worm-wheel driven by said motor for operating the door or hatch, 125 pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected to said wormwheel and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on said 130

gearing exceeds a predetermined limit in either direction, a cam-sleeve, cam-lugs connected to said worm-wheel and engaging said cam-sleeve, a pivoted arm rocked by said cam-sleeve and a cut-out switch operated by said arm, for cutting off the current from said

motor, substantially as described.

34. In a system of the character described, the combination with a door or hatch, of an re electric motor, and a worm-wheel driven by said motor for operating the door or hatch, pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected to said worm-15 wheel and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, a cam-sleeve, cam-lugs connected to said wormwheel and engaging said cam-sleeve, a piv-20 oted arm rocked by said cam-sleeve and a cut-out switch operated by said arm, for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

35. In a system of the character described, 25 the combination with a door or hatch, a rack or racks secured thereto, and a shaft with a pinion or pinions meshing in said rack or racks, of an electric motor, and a wormwheel mounted on said shaft and driven by 30 said motor for turning said shaft, arms pivotally mounted on said shaft and a stop for said arms, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected to said worm-wheel and forcing 35 one or the other of said arms against the action of said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, a cam-sleeve movable longitudinally on said shaft, cam-lugs connected to said worm-40 wheel and said cam-sleeve, a pivoted arm rocked by said cam-sleeve and a cut-out switch operated by said arm, for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as

described.

36. In a system of the character described, 45 the combination with a door or hatch, a rack or racks secured thereto, and a shaft with a pinion or pinions meshing in said rack or racks, of an electric motor, and a worm-wheel mounted on said shaft and driven by said motor for 50 turning said shaft, arms pivotally mounted on said shaft and a stop for said arms, a spring under compression mounted between said arms, a lug or roller connected to said worm-wheel and forcing one or the other of 55 said arms against the action of said spring when the load on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, a cam-sleeve movable longitudinally on said shaft, cam-lugs connected to said worm-wheel and engaging said cam- 60 sleeve, a pivoted arm rocked by said camsleeve and a cut-out switch operated by said arm, for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as described.

37. In a system of the character described, 65 the combination with a door or hatch, of an electric motor, and a worm-wheel driven by said motor for operating the door or hatch, pivoted arms with a stop therefor, a coilspring under compression mounted between 70 said arms, a telescopic joint for supporting said spring and for adjusting the compression thereof, a lug or roller connected to said worm-wheel, and forcing one or the other of said arms against said spring when the load 75 on said gearing exceeds a predetermined limit, in either direction, a pivoted arm rocked by said cam-sleeve and a cut-out switch operated by said arm, for cutting off the current from said motor, substantially as 80

described.

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In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

## WILLIAM BARNUM COWLES.

Witnesses: W. J. Sulis,

H. WATSON.