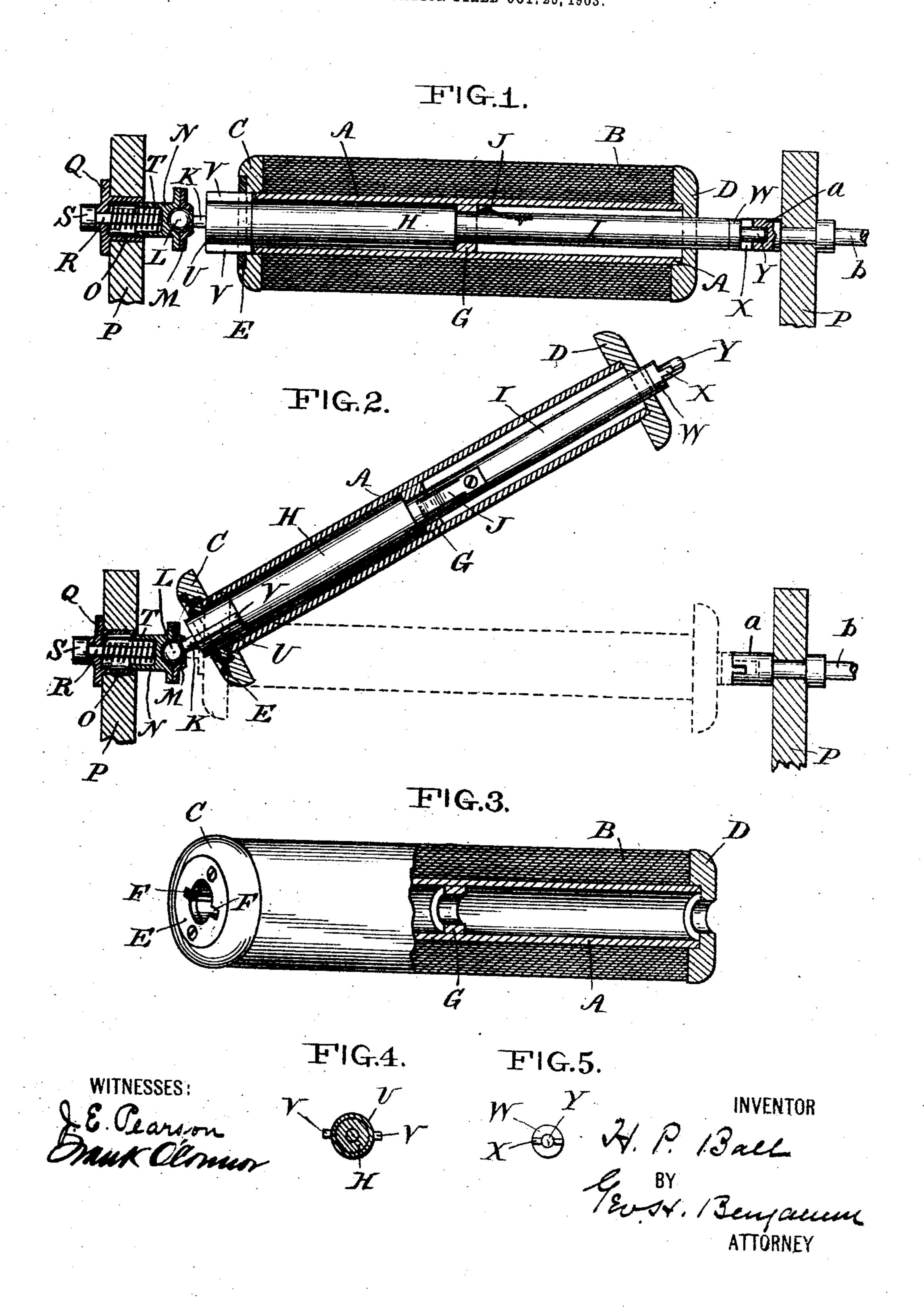
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MUSIC ROLL AND ADJUSTABLE DRIVING SUPPORT THEREFOR.

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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MUSIC-ROLL AND ADJUSTABLE DRIVING-SUPPORT THEREFOR.

No. 810,606.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Henry Price Ball, a citizen of the United States, residing at Schenectady, county of Schenectady, State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Music-Rolls and Adjustable Driving-Supports Therefor, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to the construction of the music-roll and also to the construction of

the support.

The objects of my invention are, primarily, to improve and cheapen the music-roll by doing away with the usual spindle or attaching means now furnished with every music-roll, and, secondarily, to provide means directly connected to a mechanical musical instrument by reason of which music-rolls not provided with such attaching means may be readily applied and driven.

The accompanying drawings will serve to

illustrate my invention, in which-

Figure 1 is a view, partially in section, showing the relation of the music-roll to the 25 spindle, bearings, &c. Fig. 2 is a similar view with the music-strip removed from the music-roll and the spindle in the position which it would occupy when it is desired to place a music-roll upon the spindle or remove it from the spindle. Fig. 3 is a view, partially in elevation and partially in section, showing the general construction of the music-roll with the music-strip wound thereon. Fig. 4 is a sectional end view of the spindle looking from the right. Fig. 5 is an end view of the spindle looking from the right.

I will first describe the music-roll. The music-roll is formed of a tubular body A, which is preferably of paper or other material which will have the same coefficient of expansion as the music-strip B, wound on it. Secured at the ends of the tubular body A are the annular flanges C D. Situated and secured in the end of the flange C is a metal plate E. The inner periphery of this plate E has oppositely-formed slots F, the purpose of which will hereinafter be described.

I do not limit myself in any wise to the manner of connecting the flanges C D to the body A. They may be glued on, crimped on, or otherwise fastened. The purpose of fastening the flanges C D to the body A is to provide that the flanges shall change their distance between each other as the body A and music-

strip B are expanded or contracted under 55 atmospheric conditions.

Situated within the body A is a ring G, preferably formed of the same material as the

body A.

I will now describe the support. The sup- 60 port or spindle consists of the cylindrical portions H I.. The portion H, I prefer to make approximately the diameter of the bore of the tubular body A and the portion I approximately the diameter of the inner periphery 65 of the ring G. Situated on the cylindrical portion I is a spring J, which when the tubular body A is in position is adapted to coact with the right-hand side of the inner periphery of the ring G, and thus prevent longitu- 70 dinal motion of the tubular body A upon the spindle. Secured to the outer end of the cylinder H is a short shaft K, on the end of which is a ball L, carried in the bearing M on the end of a sleeve N. The sleeve N is situ- 75 ated within a second sleeve O, secured in the frame P of the machine. Connected to the sleeve N and passing through a plate Q on the rear of the sleeve O is a rod R, provided with a head S. Situated between the sleeves 80 N and O and around the rod R is a helical tension-spring T. This spring serves to normally separate the sleeves NO, while the head S serves to limit the outward movement of the sleeve N. Surrounding the short shaft 85 K and cylindrical portion H is a sleeve U, provided with the offsets or flanges V, which are adapted to coact with the slots F in the plate E. Situated on the forward end of the cylindrical portion I of the shaft K is a head 90 portion, consisting of the cylindrical body W, having the flanges X and projecting pin ' portion Y, and which is adapted to coact with the usual driving-head a on the end of a driven shaft b.

It will be observed from the description so far as given that the music-roll consists of the tubular body A, flanges CD, and music-strip B and that it is not provided with any supporting spindle or means for mounting it in 100 and connecting it with the driving-shaft of the mechanical musical instrument. The advantage of this construction is found in the fact that it is cheaper in construction and permits the access of air into the interior of 105 the tubular body A, thereby providing for an equality of atmospheric influences.

The operation of the device will be readily

understood. When it is desired to place a music-roll upon or remove it from a spindle, the parts are in the position shown in Fig. 2. After the music-roll has been placed in posi-5 tion the spindle is brought into horizontal position and pushed to the left, which allows the sleeve N to slide in the sleeve O and the pin Y to enter the usual recess ir the drivinghead a and also the flanges X to cooperate ro with the driving-head. The flanges V on the sleeve U, coacting with the slots F in plate E, prevent movement of the music-roll relative to the cylindrical portions H I of the spindle.

Having thus described my invention, I

15 claim-

1. A music-roll comprising a tubular body portion, flange portions secured to said body portion, and a music-strip portion wound upon said body portion, said body portion 20 and music-strip portion having the same coefficient of expansion and contraction, in combination with a spindle having a hinged joint and forming a part of a mechanical musical instrument, and over which said 25 body and music-strip portions may be placed and by which they may be driven.

2. A music-roll comprising a body portion, flange portions, and a music-strip portion, in combination with a spindle hinged at one 30 end to and forming a part of a mechanical musical instrument, together with means for securing said music-roll in position upon said

spindle.

3. A music-roll comprising a body portion, 35 slange portions and a music-strip portion, in combination with a spindle forming a part of a mechanical musical instrument, said spindle hinged at one end and coacting at the

other end with driving means.

4. A music-roll comprising a tubular body portion, flange portions and a strip portion, in combination with a spindle forming a part of a mechanical musical instrument and adapted to enter said tubular portion, said 45 spindle hinged at one end in a resilient bearing, and coacting at the opposite end with the roll-driving head of a mechanical musical instrument.

5. A music-roll comprising a body portion 50 and a strip portion, in combination with a spindle forming a part of a mechanical musical instrument, and mounted at one end in a ball-and-socket joint carried by a resilient bearing, and provided at its other end with 55 means for connecting said spindle with the usual roll-driving head of a mechanical musical instrument.

6. A music-roll comprising a tubular body portion, flange portions, and a music-strip 60 portion, in combination with a spindle, a bearing for one end of the spindle permastrument and adapted to permit the oppo- driver. site end of the spindle to be moved in a cir- | 15. In a mechanical musical instrument, a

cular direction around the point of attach- 65 ment of the bearing, together with means for driving said spindle.

7. In a mechanical musical instrument, a roll-spindle secured-at one end of said instrument by a universal joint, and detachably 70 connected at its otler end with the usual roll-

driving head of the instrument.

8. In a mechanical musical instrument, a spindle secured at one end to said instrument through a ball-and-socket joint mounted in a 75 resilient sleeve, and at the other end through a device coacting with the usual roll-driving head of said instrument.

9. In a mechanical musical instrument, a spindle secured at one end to said instrument So through a ball-and-socket joint mounted in a resilient sleeve, and at the other end through a device coacting with the usual roll-driving head of said instrument, together with a separable music-roll on said spindle having its 85 body portion tubular, with flanges at the ends and carrying a perforated music-strip.

10. In a mechanical musical instrument, a spindle having two diameters, and connected at one end to said instrument through a uni- 90 versal joint, and detachably connected at its other end to said instrument through a

flange-joint.

11. In combination in a mechanical musical instrument, a driving-spindle having two 95 diameters and connected at one end to said instrument through a universal joint, means for driving said spindle, a music-roll adapted to coact with said spindle, and means on the spindle whereby the music-roll will be 10-100 tated when the spindle is rotated.

12. In combination in a mechanical musical instrument, a spindle attached at one end to said instrument through a universal joint, a longitudinally-movable bearing for said 105 joint, a removable music-roll mounted on said spindle, means for securing said musicroll on said spindle, and means for driving

said spindle.

13. In combination in a mechanical mu- 110 sical instrument, a driving-spindle connected at one end to said instrument through a universal joint, a longitudinally-movable bearing for said joint, said spindle of greater diameter at one end than at the other, a de- 115 tachable music-roll on said spindle, a ring secured to the interior of the music-roll, a spring device mounted upon the spindle for effecting engagement between the spindle and the music-roll, and means for driving the 120 music-roll.

14. In a mechanical musical instrument, a supporting-spindle for the music-roll universally mounted at one end in a longitudinallymovable bearing, a driver for the spindle, and 125 nently connected to a mechanical musical in- means for connecting the spindle to the

spindle having a ball-and-socket joint at one end, a driver therefor coacting with the opposite end of the spindle, and detachable means for detaching the spindle from the driver.

16. In a mechanical musical instrument, a spindle hinged at one end to the instrument, a driving means for the spindle, and detachable means for connecting said spindle to the driv-

ing means.

10 17. In a mechanical musical instrument, a spindle hinged to a longitudinally-movable bearing supported in the instrument, a driving means for the spindle, and detachable means for connecting said spindle with the 15 driving means.

18. In combination in a mechanical musical instrument, a music-roll having a tubular body. a structurally-independent spindle hinged to the instrument, a driver for the 20 spindle, and means for detaching the spindle

from the driver.

19. In combination in a mechanical musical instrument, a music-roll comprising a body portion, flange portions, and a strip por-25 tion, a hinged spindle, a driver for the same, and detachable means for connecting said spindle with the driver.

20. In combination in a mechanical musical instrument a music-roll having a tubu-30 lar body, a structurally-independent spindle, and means introduced between the two which will act to automatically center the music-roll longitudinally on the spindle and irrespective of the length of the music-roll.

21. In combination in a mechanical musical instrument, a perforated strip, a tubular body on which said strip is wound, a stop device inside of the tubular body, and a spindle carrying a device for engaging said stop de-

40 Vice.

22. In a mechanical musical instrument, a music-roll having a hollow body and a clutch member at its center, in combination with a structurally - independent spindle passing 45 through the body, and a resilient catch en-

gaging the spindle with the body.

23. In a mechanical musical instrument, a music-roll having a hollow body of hygroscopic material and a clutch member at its 50 center, in combination with a structurallyindependent spindle passing through the body, and a clutch member on the spindle engaging with the first-named clutch member.

24. In a mechanical musical instrument, a music-roll having a hollow paper body and a clutch member at its center, and a structurally-independent spindle passing through the body engaging with the clutch member, and means for driving the music-roll by the spin- 60 dle.

25. In a mechanical musical instrument, a music-roll having a hollow body, a flange at each end thereon, and a clutch member at its center, in combination with a structurally- 65 independent spindle passing through the body, and a clutch member thereon locating the body longitudinally on the spindle in one position.

26. In a mechanical musical instrument a 70 music-roll having a hollow body, a structurally-independent spindle, and a clutching device situated between the two members and adapted, irrespective of the length of the music-roll, to secure said two members together 75 at their centers, leaving the ends thereof free.

27. In a mechanical musical instrument a music-roll having a hollow body formed of hygroscopic material, a structurally-independent supporting spindle, a clutching de vice situated between the two members, said clutching device comprising a ring si u ed on the interior and at the center of the hollow body, and a spring device mounted on the surface and at the center of the spindle and 85 adapted to center the music-roll on the spindle and irrespective of the length of the music-roll.

28. In a mechanical musical instrument the combination of a music-roll, an independ- 90 ent supporting-spindle, a clutching device situated between the center of the music-roll and the center of the spindle and adapted to hold the music-roll in a central position on the spindle and irrespective of its length.

29. In a mechanical musical instrument, a roll-spindle having a clutch device for detachably securing the roll in one position thereon, and means for transmitting motion from the spindle to the roll.

30. In a mechanical musical instrument, the combination of a music-roll comprising a hollow supporting-body, flanges at the end of said body, a slotted plate in one of said flanges, a separate supporting-spindle pro- 105 vided with keys at one end, which coact with the slots in the slotted plate, and means situated partially on the interior of the body at its center and partially on the exterior of the spindle at its center and adapted to coact to 110 define the position of the body upon the spindle.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in the presence of two witnesses. HENRY PRICE BALL.

Witnesses:

J. E. PEARSON, FRANK O'CONNOR.