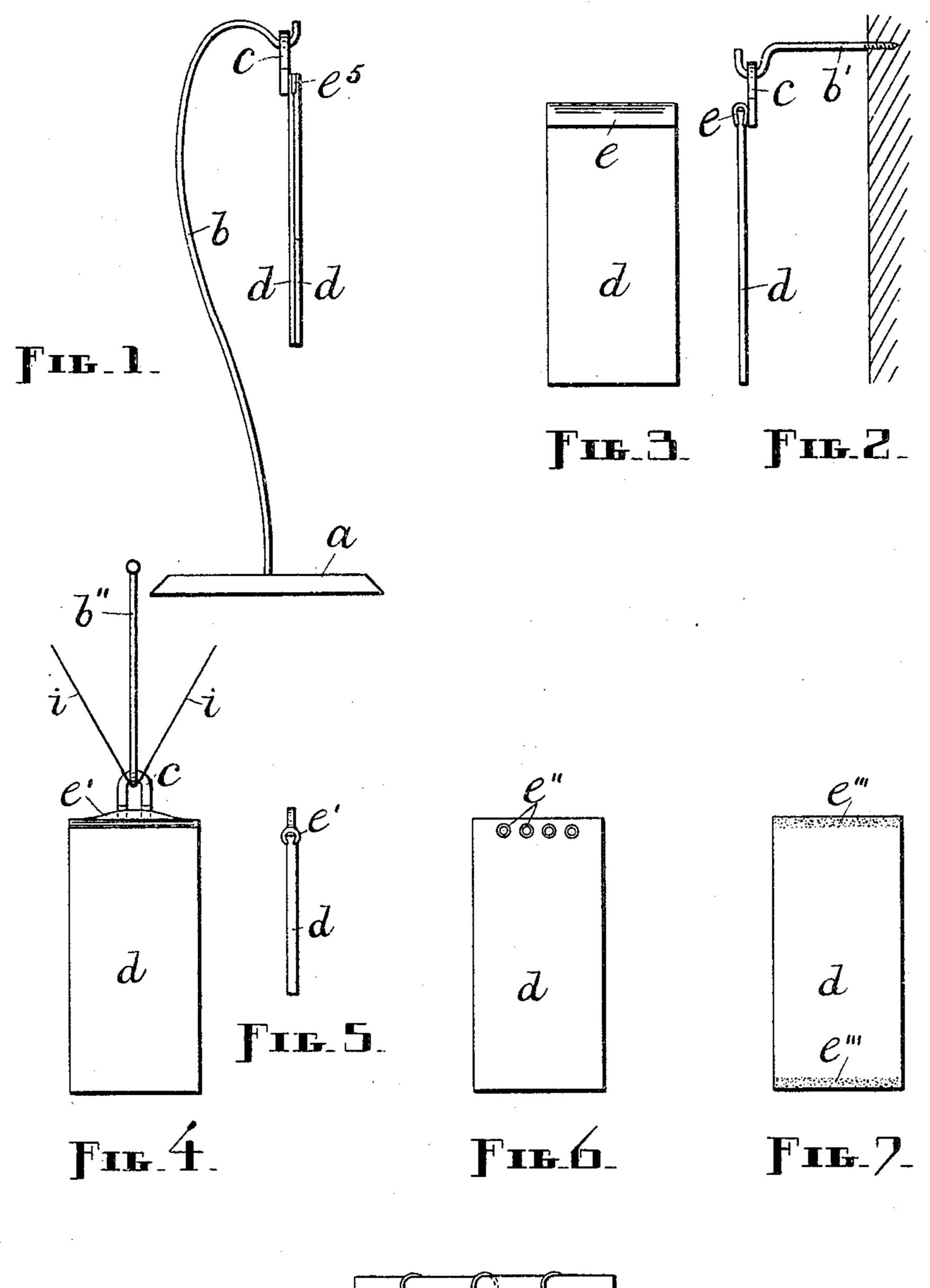
A. WEBSTER.

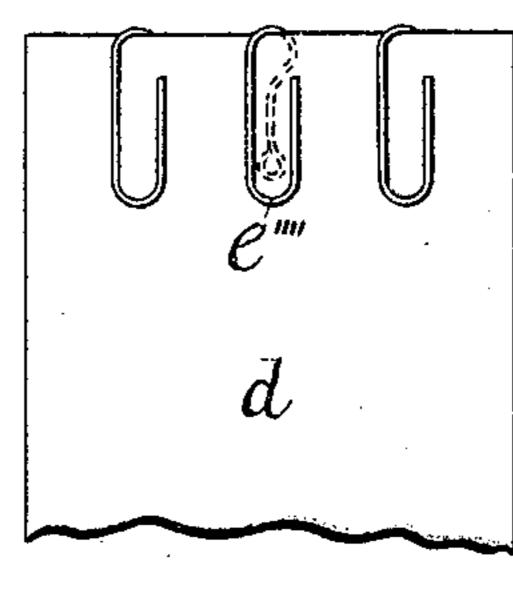
SUPPORT FOR BLOTTERS, &c.

APPLICATION FILED APR. 24, 1903.



Witnesses

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ALLEN WEBSTER, OF SPRINGFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS.

SUPPORT FOR BLOTTERS, &c.

No. 803,039.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Oct. 31, 1905.

Application filed April 24, 1903. Serial No. 154,120.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Allen Webster, of Springfield, Hampden county, Massachusetts, have invented new and useful Improvements 5 in Supports for Blotters, &c., of which the following is a specification, reference being had to the accompanying drawings and letters of reference marked thereon.

The invention relates to devices for support-

10 ing blotters.

A preferred means of carrying out my in-

vention is herein described.

It is a well-known fact that a blotter is generally in the way, on the one hand, or difficult 15 to find, on the other, and it is not practicable to provide means for supporting the same on a hook where it may be easily reached, as it could not under such circumstances be readily returned to place.

The object of my invention is to provide a device whereby the blotter may be supported in the desired convenient location, readily detached from its support, and easily and con-

veniently returned and supported.

of a magnet with a sheet of blotting or other paper provided with electromagnetic material or armature which will be attracted to the magnet, so that when the sheet so provided 30 is brought within the field of the magnet its attractive force will hold said sheet in the desired position, such armature being attached to the sheet by being embedded therein either by temporary compression or permanently.

In the accompanying drawings, in which like letters of reference indicate like parts, Figure 1 is a side elevation of a simple form of supporting-stand comprising a base a, a supporting-rod b, and a magnet c. Fig. 2 is 40 a view of a simple supporting contrivance comprising a horizontally-supported rod b'and a magnet c. Fig. 3 is a side view of a sheet of blotting-paper d, having a removable metal piece e attached to one end thereof. 45 Fig. 4 is a view of a supporting contrivance comprising a rod or cord b'' with a magnet cattached thereto and a sheet of blotting-paper d with a metallic holder e' connected with one end of the sheet. Fig. 5 is an enlarged 50 edge view of the blotter and the holding contrivance e'. Fig. 6 illustrates a modification in the electromagnetic material attached to the blotting-sheet, the same comprising eye-

lets e''. Fig. 7 is another modification show-

tromagnetic material attached to or incorpo-

55 ing iron filings e''' or particles of other elec-

rated with the end portion or portions of the blotter, and Fig. 8 illustrates another modification comprising wire clips $e^{\prime\prime\prime\prime}$ slipped upon

the end of the blotter.

It will be readily seen that the particular means for supporting the magnet is immaterial. It will also be seen that the magnet may be of any kind. A permanent magnet of the horseshoe type is, however, as at present ad- 65 vised, considered preferable, because simple and most economical. It will also be seen that the electromagnetic material secured to the sheet may be of various kinds and forms. By preference, however, it is thought most 70 convenient to provide a metallic clip (one similar to that shown in Figs. 2 and 3, for example) preferably made of spring metal and adapted to slip over the edge of the sheet and grasp the same and be embedded therein with 75 sufficient firmness to hold it and which may be removed and applied to another sheet when desired.

In some instances I employ two or more sheets and secure metallic pieces between the 80 The invention comprises the employment | faces of the sheets adjacent to the end por-. tions thereof, these being embedded therein. This method is shown in Fig. 1, where a metallic strip e^5 is inserted between the upper adjacent surfaces of two blotters. If the 85 magnet be of sufficient strength, the fact that a sheet of paper intervenes between the electromagnetic material held thereby and the magnet does not interfere with the operation.

In some instances I prefer that the magnet 90 be supported by cords or light rods, one attached to each edge, as illustrated at i i in Fig. 4, so that the magnet will be restrained from rotation and be held more firmly in the desired position.

The armature e' (shown in Figs. 4 and 5) has its edges which are embedded in and engage the blotter d rather sharper than corresponding edges of the piece e in the two preceding views and is provided with a flat rib 100 or lug or top to contact more readily with the magnet.

The eyelets e'' in Fig. 6, which there constitute the armature, are of course put through the blotter and embedded therein in the usual 105 manner.

The iron filings e''', embedded in the blotter, Fig. 7, make an excellent armature, because of their sensitiveness to magnetic influence.

The wire clips in Fig. 8 embed themselves to a greater or less extent in the blotter when

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forced into place thereon and serve as a convenient form of armature, retaining a sufficient hold on the blotter to come away with the same when taken down for use and not stay behind on the magnet.

It will be readily seen that very many modifications may be employed without departing

from my invention.

Having, therefore, described my invention,

10 what I claim is—

1. The combination of a magnet suitably supported, a sheet of blotting-paper, and an armature having inwardly-projecting engaging edges attached to the sheet.

2. The combination with a suitably-supported magnet, of a sheet of blotting-paper

having an armature formed of a material to be sprung open and having inwardly-projecting edges adapted to be embedded in the blotting-sheet.

3. The combination with a suitably-supported magnet, of a sheet of blotting-paper, and an armature attached to said sheet, by

being embedded therein.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name 25 to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

ALLEN WEBSTER.

Witnesses:

FRANK A. CUTTER, A. L. STEVENS.