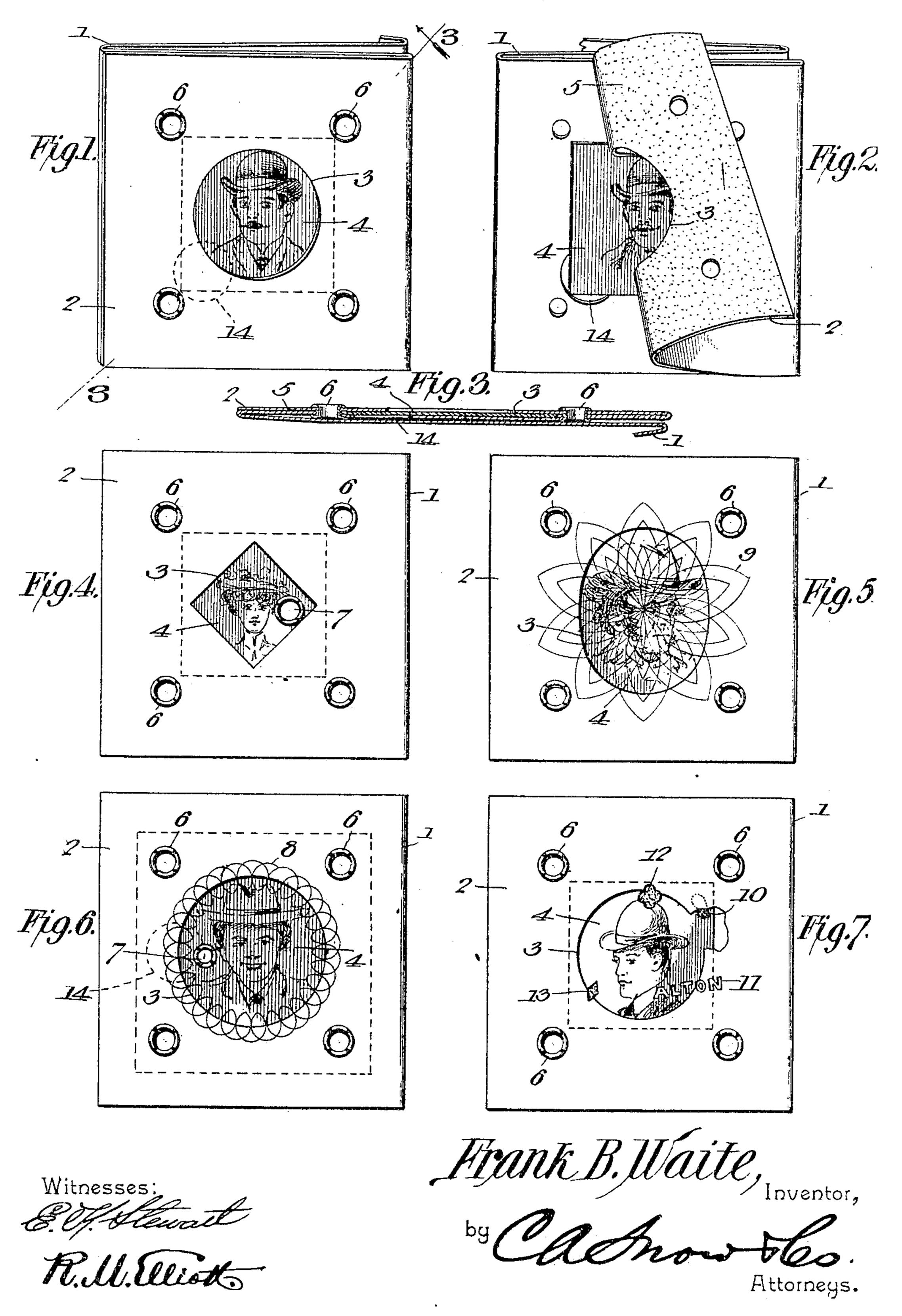
## F. B. WAITE. RAILWAY AND OTHER TICKET.

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## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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## RAILWAY AND OTHER TICKET.

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Specification of Letters Patent.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Frank Brown Waite, a citizen of the United States, residing at Worcester, in the county of Worcester and 5 State of Massachusetts, have invented a new and useful Railway and other Ticket, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to railway and other

tickets.

In many parts of the United States it is unlawful for any other than the purchaser of a ticket to use it, and with this end in view many schemes have been tried, such as the requirement of the signature of the purchaser of 15 the ticket, a personal description of the holder, and other data that would operate under ordinary circumstances to prevent wrongful use of a ticket. These means have, however, proved abortive, for the reason that it is an 20 easy matter for a so-called "scalper" by chemicals to remove the written descriptive matter and insert another that will apply to the person holding the ticket. The signature of the purchaser has also not proved ef-25 fective for the purposes designed, for the reason that it is almost impossible upon a rapidly-moving train for a person to sign his or her signature with anything like a degree of perfection, and this very fact enables a spu-30 rious owner of a ticket to simulate the signature with sufficient accuracy to secure its acceptance by the conductor. Photographs have also been used as an identifying means; but owing to the manner in which they were 35 attached to the ticket they could easily be detached and others substituted therefor.

The object of the present invention is in a ready, simple, thoroughly feasible, practical, and positive manner so to combine an iden-4° tifying means with a ticket as to preclude the possibility of its being altered or changed without detection. Furthermore, to enable a conductor or other official merely by the sense of touch to determine whether or not 45 an attempt has been made to molest or tamper with the identifying means. By employing the sense of touch and sight in determining whether or not the holder of a ticket is entitled to use it double protection for rail-50 ways and steamboat companies against the illegal use of tickets is secured, and, further, mistakes that sometimes occur even with the proper owner of the ticket to establish his or her identity are obviated.

With the above and other objects in view, as will appear as the nature of the invention |

is better understood, the same consists in the novel construction and combination of parts of a railway-ticket, as will be hereinafter fully

described and claimed.

In the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, and in which like characters of reference indicate corresponding parts, there are illustrated five forms of embodiment of the invention each capable of 65 carrying the same into practical operation, it being understood that the elements therein exhibited may be varied or changed as to shape, proportion, and exact manner of assemblage without departing from the spirit 70 thereof.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a view in elevation of the simplest form of embodiment of the invention, exhibiting a portion of a railway-ticket having combined with it one 75 of the identifying means of the invention. Fig. 2 is a view in elevation of a portion of a railway-ticket with the flap turned back to exhibit the manner in which the parts are assembled. Fig. 3 is a view in diagonal 80 cross-section taken on the line 3 3, Fig. 1. Figs. 4, 5, 6, and 7 are views in elevation of different modified forms of the invention.

Referring to the drawings and to Figs. 1 to 3 thereof, 1 designates the body of the 85 ticket, which, as usual, bears printed matter such as the names of different stations, directions for using the ticket, &c. One end of the ticket is furnished with a flap 2, that is coextensive in length and breadth with 90 the folded end portion of the body and is provided with an opening 3, which may be circular, as shown in Fig. 1, quadrangular, as shown in Fig. 4, substantially oval, as shown in Fig. 5, or of any other contour. 95 Secured to the body of the ticket, back of the opening, is a portrait 4 of the owner of the ticket, which will be taken at the time the ticket is purchased and applied to the body of the ticket at the station. The back of the 100 flap is shown as provided with a coating of mucilage 5, and this may be a dry adhesive, or be applied at the time the ticket is purchased in moist form. As will be seen by reference to Fig. 1, the opening 3 is of less 105 extent than the area of the picture, so that the adhesive surrounding the opening will firmly adhere to the portrait, which itself may also be pasted to the body 4, thereby securing a double attachment. After the 110 flap has been turned to the position shown. in Fig. 1 and pasted eyelets 6 (in this in-

stance four) are clenched through the body of the ticket and through the flap. By clenching the margins or edges of the burred portions of the eyelets into the body of the 5 ticket and into the flap it will be seen that it will be impossible to remove these eyelets without marring the ticket to such extent as to attract attention, and thus notify the conductor that the ticket has been tampered 10 with. As an additional means of security an eyelet 7 may be clenched through the portrait and body portion, as in Fig. 4. the portrait is in the position shown, if the conductor rubs his thumb over the face of the 15 portrait and it contacts with the wall of the opening this will show that the ticket is intact, and thus serve as tactile means of detection, for should an attempt be made to insert a portrait within the opening without zo removing the original this will immediately be detected, as the wall of the opening will then not present an obstruction to the sense of touch. Owing to the fact that the adhesive is applied to the portrait entirely around' 25 the opening 3, it will be impossible for a knife to be inserted under the flap for the purpose of lifting it to insert a photograph without detection, and, further, as the eyelets are disposed quite close to the opening 3 30 even if the flap should be detached from the photograph it could not be lifted a sufficient distance to permit the insertion of another photograph.

In order still further to prevent the un-35 lawful use of the ticket, scroll or fret work 8, as shown in Fig. 6, may be employed, which would be imprinted upon or impressed into the flap and photograph. By varying the is claimed is designs of this marking it will be impossible 40 for a scalper to remove the photograph and substitute another having thereon markings that will register with those on the flap. As shown in Fig. 6, the markings are applied immediately around the opening and upon 45 the portrait adjacent to its edges; but, as shown in Fig. 5, the scroll or net work 9 may be printed upon or impressed into the entire surface of the photograph and also upon the

As an additional means of security there may be combined with the photograph, as shown in Fig. 7, a body of coloring material 10, such as analin dye, which if an attempt be made to soak the ticket for the purpose of 55 loosening the adhesive for removing the portrait will instantly run and stain both the photograph and the ticket, and thereby give further and positive visual indication of the

fact that an attempt has been made unlaw-60 fully to change the ticket.

ticket surrounding it.

If desired, the station using the ticket may have a stamp bearing its name, as shown at 11 in Fig. 7, which may be stamped partly upon the portrait and partly upon the ticket, 65 or each station-master or each conductor

may have a distinctive mark, as at 12 and 13, which may be imprinted upon the ticket and

portrait.

A still further means of preventing illegal use of the ticket may be provided by cutting 70 an opening 14 in the body of the ticket back. of the portrait, whereby the latter may be inspected, it being designed to use a particular kind of photographic mount in connection with this invention, which if removed or re- 75 placed by another could immediately be detected. This detective-opening 14 is shown only in Figs. 1, 2, and 6; but, as will be evident, it may be employed in connection with the forms of invention and still be within the 80 scope of the invention. The additional eyelet 7 (shown in Fig. 4) is also combined with Fig. 6, and this figure embodies all the features exhibited in the other figures with the exception of the coloring-matter, (shown in 85 Fig. 7.)

It will be seen from the foregoing description that although the means employed for preventing unlawful use of the ticket as herein defined, are simple that they will be 90 thoroughly effective for use for the purposes defined, and will in a ready and practical manner preclude the possibility of a ticket being used by any other than the proper person.

It is to be understood that all of the identi- 95 fying-marks and means for preventing improper uses may be combined with any form of ticket other than that shown in Fig. 6, and as this will be obvious detailed illustration of such application is deemed unneces- 100 sary.

Having thus described the invention, what

1. A railway or other ticket comprising a body portion having an opening, a flap se- 105 cured to the body portion and having an opening, and a portrait secured between the body portion and the flap and having the face thereof showing through one opening and the back through the other opening.

2. A railway or other ticket provided with a portrait of the owner permanently associated therewith, and with distinctive markings displayed partly upon the ticket and partly upon the portrait, the body of the 115 ticket having an opening to permit inspec-

tion of the back of the portrait.

3. A railway or other ticket having at one end a flap provided with an opening, and a body portion to which the flap is secured and 120 having also an opening, a portrait secured between the flap and the body portion and having the face showing through the opening in the flap and its back through the opening in the body portion, and eyelets clenched 125 through the flap and body of the ticket and through the portrait.

4. A railway or other ticket provided with a portrait of the owner permanently associated therewith, and with distinctive mark- 130

ings displayed partly upon the ticket and partly upon the portrait, the body of the ticket having an opening to permit inspection of the back of the portrait, and eyelets clenched through the ticket and the portrait.

5. A railway or other ticket provided with a portrait of the owner permanently associated therewith, the body of the ticket having an opening to permit inspection of the 10 back of the portrait.

6. A railway or other ticket comprising a body portion having an opening, a flap secured to the body portion and having an

opening, a portrait secured between the body portion and the flap and having the face 15 thereof showing through one opening and the back through the other opening, and an eyelet clenched through the body and flap of the ticket and through the portrait.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as 20 my own I have hereto affixed my signature in the presence of two witnesses.

FRANK BROWN WAITE.

Witnesses:

HARRY H. THAYER, CARL M. BLAIR.