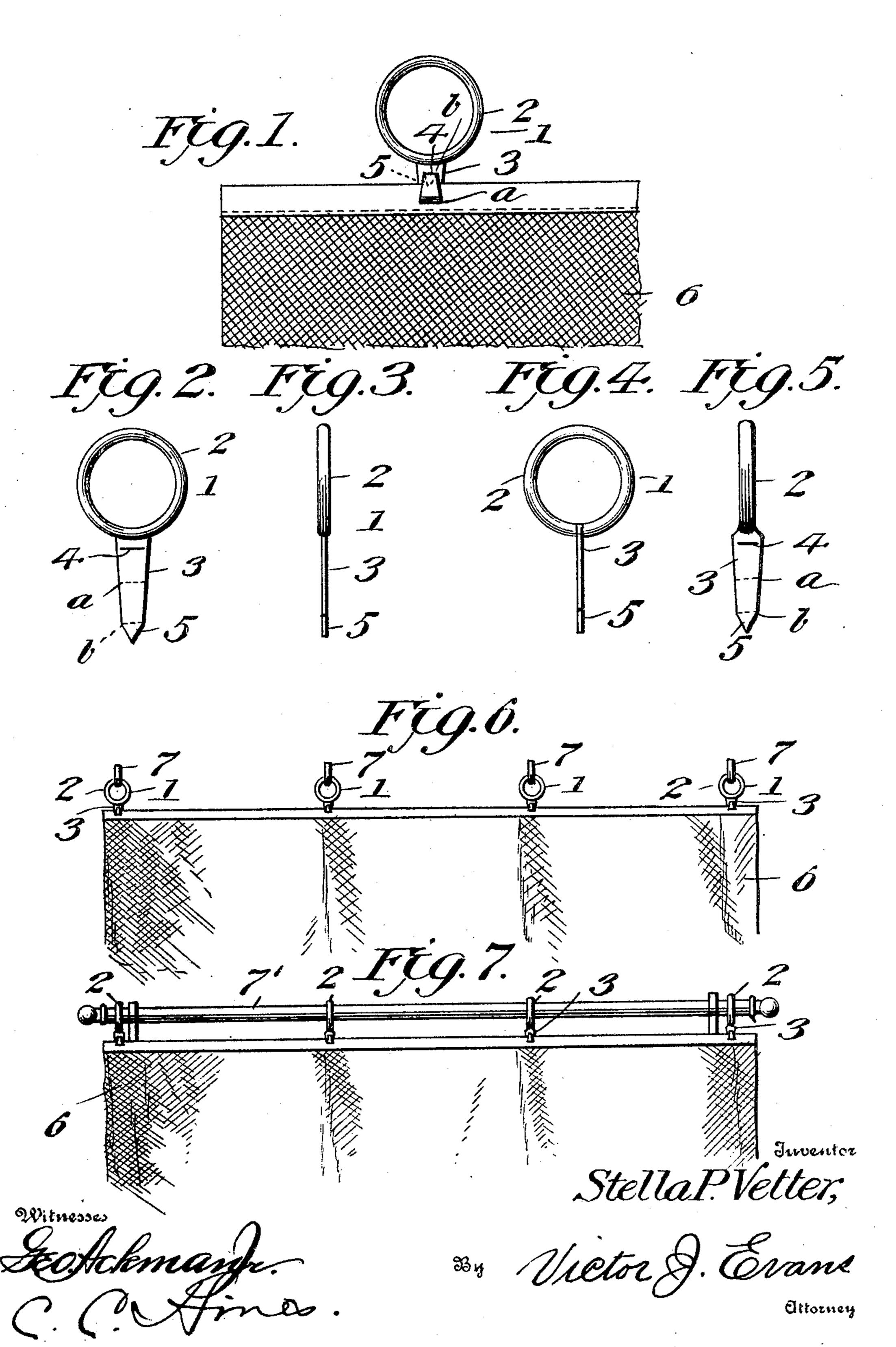
## S. P. VETTER. SUSPENDING RING.

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## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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## SUSPENDING-RING.

No. 798,545.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Aug. 29, 1905.

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To all whom it may concern:

Beitknown that I. STELLA P. VETTER, a citizen of the United States, residing at Patterson, in the parish of St. Mary and State of Louisiana, have invented new and useful Improvements in Suspending-Rings, of which the

following is a specification.

This invention relates to a ring or suspending device designed for supporting mosquitonetting, curtains, portières, and other like articles or draperies from a bar, pole, or other suitable support, and aims to provide a suspending device which may be conveniently attached without sewing it to the article which is to be hung or suspended and which may be indefinitely used and cheaply manufactured.

In the drawings hereto annexed and forming part of this specification, Figure 1 is a front elevation showing the device attached 20 to a mosquito-bar which is to be suspended from a support. Fig. 2 is a plan view of the device as it appears in its primal form or before bending of the locking-tongue. Fig. 3 is an edge view of the same. Figs. 4 and 5 25 are views similar to Figs. 2 and 3, showing the suspending-ring differently arranged. Fig. 6 is a view showing the manner of supporting a netting by the use of the suspending-ring shown in Figs. 2 and 3, and Fig. 7 is a simi-30 lar view showing the manner of suspending the netting by the use of the suspending-ring shown in Figs. 4 and 5.

Referring now more particularly to the drawings, the numeral 1 represents the suspending device, which is provided with a ring or other desired form of hanging or suspending portion 2, which may be of any preferred form or configuration. From one point of the periphery of this ring or suspending portion 4° projects a tongue 3, provided at or near its inner end with a slit 4 and at its outer end with a reduced terminal 5, forming a locking portion adapted to be passed through said slit

tion, the slit thus acting as a keeper to retain the locking portion. The device in practice will be made of some suitable malleable metal, and the suspending device 2 and tongue 3 preferably form component parts of an integral structure. The tongue 3 may extend in the plane of the ring, as shown in Figs. 2 and

and bent to hold the tongue in folded condi-

the plane of the ring, as shown in Figs. 2 and 3, or at right angles thereto, as shown in Figs. 4 and 5, according to the arrangement of the support or supports and curtain in connection with which it is to be used.

In applying the device to a mosquito bar

or netting, curtain, portière, or other like article or drapery which is to be suspended or supported the tongue 3 is first passed through the binding or other attaching portion of the 60 said article and bent or folded upon the dotted line a to form a loop to retain said portion, and then the tip or reduced portion 5 is passed through the slit 4 and bent down upon the dotted line b against the opposite side of the 65 tongue from that on which the loop is formed, the tip or locking portion 5 thus being retained from disengagement, so that the loop formed by the folded portion of the tongue will firmly engage and support the mosquito- 70 bar or other article. In thus applying the device it will be observed that the tip portion 5 of the tongue performs a double function, in that its reduced form adapts it to serve as a point which facilitates the passage of the 75 tongue through the fabric as well as a locking member to hold the tongue in engagement therewith.

Fig. 6 shows a netting 6 supported by a series of suspending devices embodying my 80 invention and in which the tongues of the suspending devices are arranged in the plane of the suspending-ring 2, as shown in Figs. 2 and 3, from which it will be observed that the rings 2 are hung upon or engaged with a 85 series of supporting-hooks, rods, or hangers 7, arranged at right angles to the netting. When it is desired to hang the netting from a single rod or support, the locking-tongues are arranged at right angles to the suspending- 90 rings 2, thus positioning the rings at right angles to the direction of its tension of the netting and permitting the same to be slipped upon and hung from a single bar or support 7', as shown in Fig. 7.

A suspending device constructed in accordance with my invention may be cheaply manufactured and quickly attached to and removed from the article to be suspended, and it may be repeatedly employed for suspending purposes, as when the article suspended is worn out or requires removal for any other purpose the tongue may be unbent to release it and then employed for supporting or suspending another article of drapery applied to take 105 the place of the one removed.

From the foregoing description, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, the construction and mode of operation of the invention will be understood without a further extended description.

Changes in the form, proportions, and mi-

nor details of construction may be made within the scope of the invention without departing from the spirit or sacrificing any of the advantages thereof.

Having thus described the invention, what

is claimed as new is—

As a new article of manufacture, a device for suspending curtains, nettings, &c., from bars or poles, the same comprising a permanent ring having a flat bendable tongue projecting outward from the periphery thereof, said tongue being provided with a slit at its inner end and a reduced outer end, the latter forming a locking portion, said tongue adapted

to be bent intermediate its ends to provide a 15 supporting fold or loop and a locking portion to be passed through said slit and bent at its point of junction with the body portion of the tongue upon the opposite side of the tongue from the loop to retain the tongue in 20 folded condition.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

STELLA P. VETTER.

Witnesses:

J. E. Munson, Jr.,

C. P. DAIGLE.