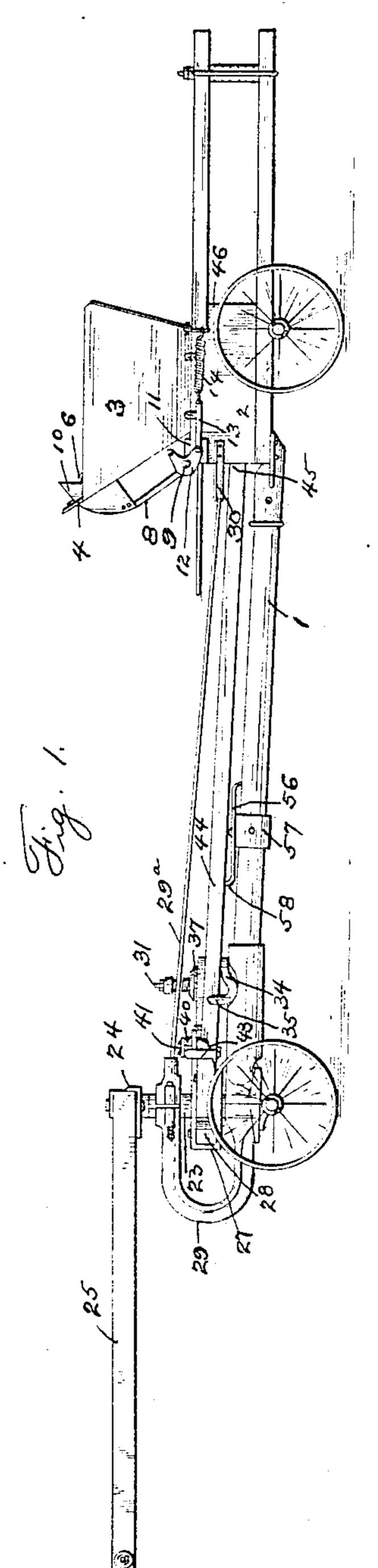
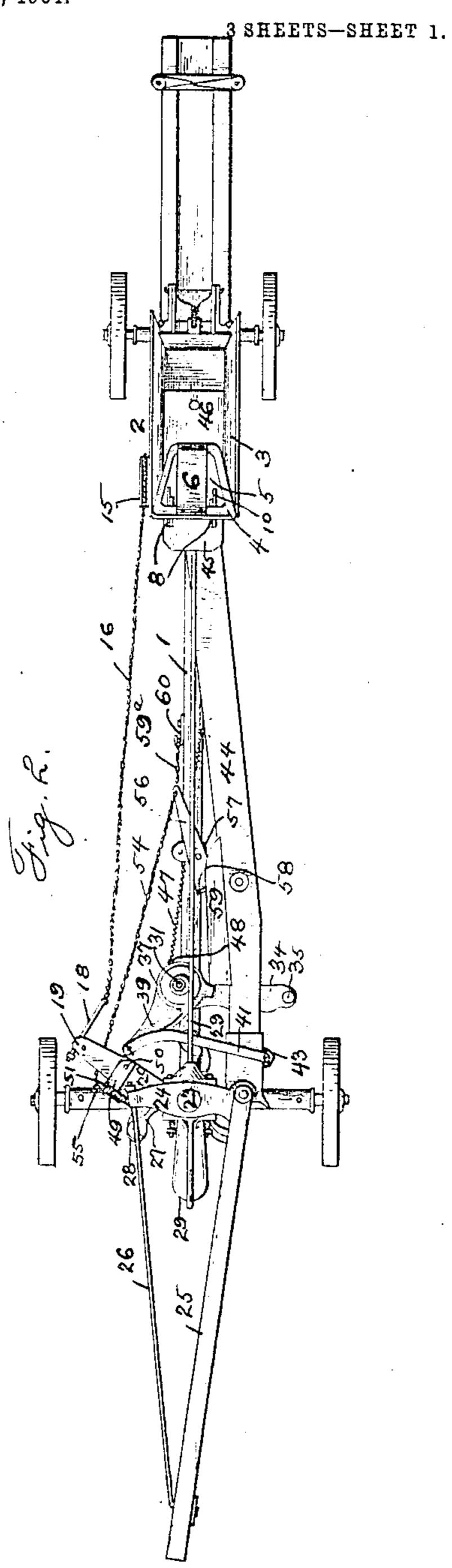
H. M. TALLMAN. HAY PRESS.

APPLICATION FILED JAN. 7, 1904.





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Horace M. Tallman,

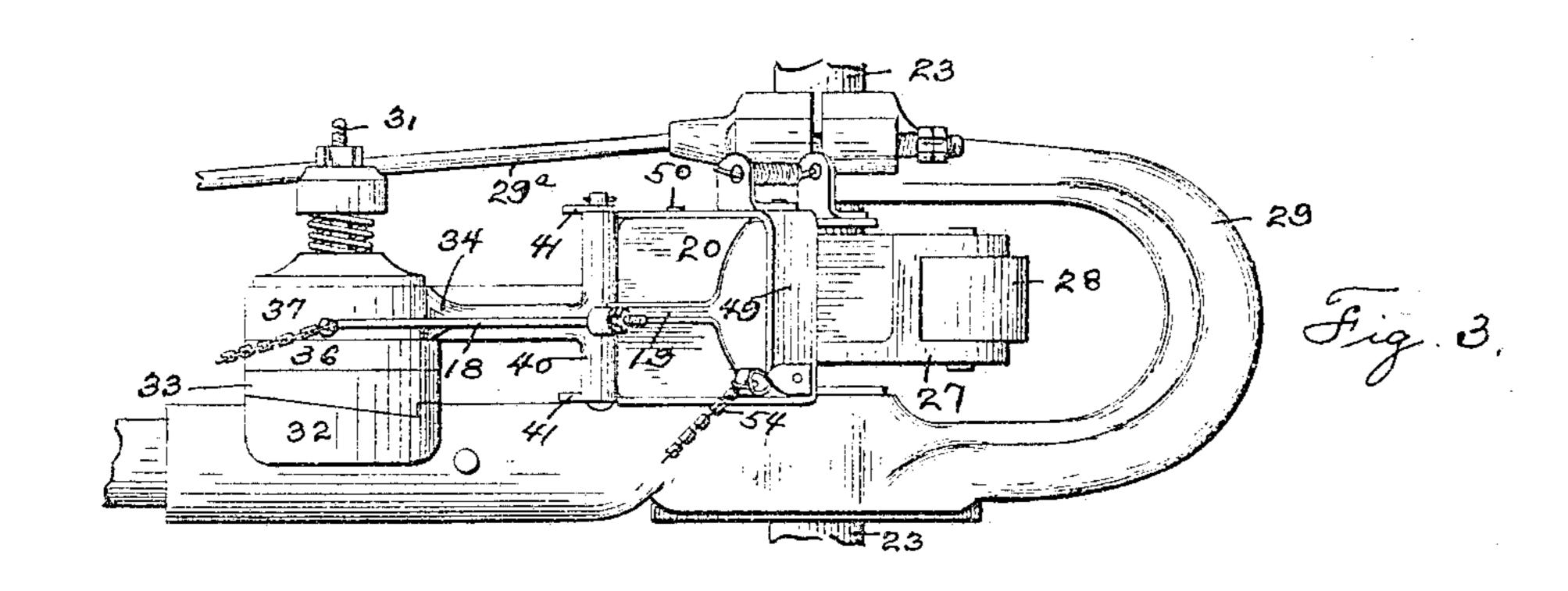
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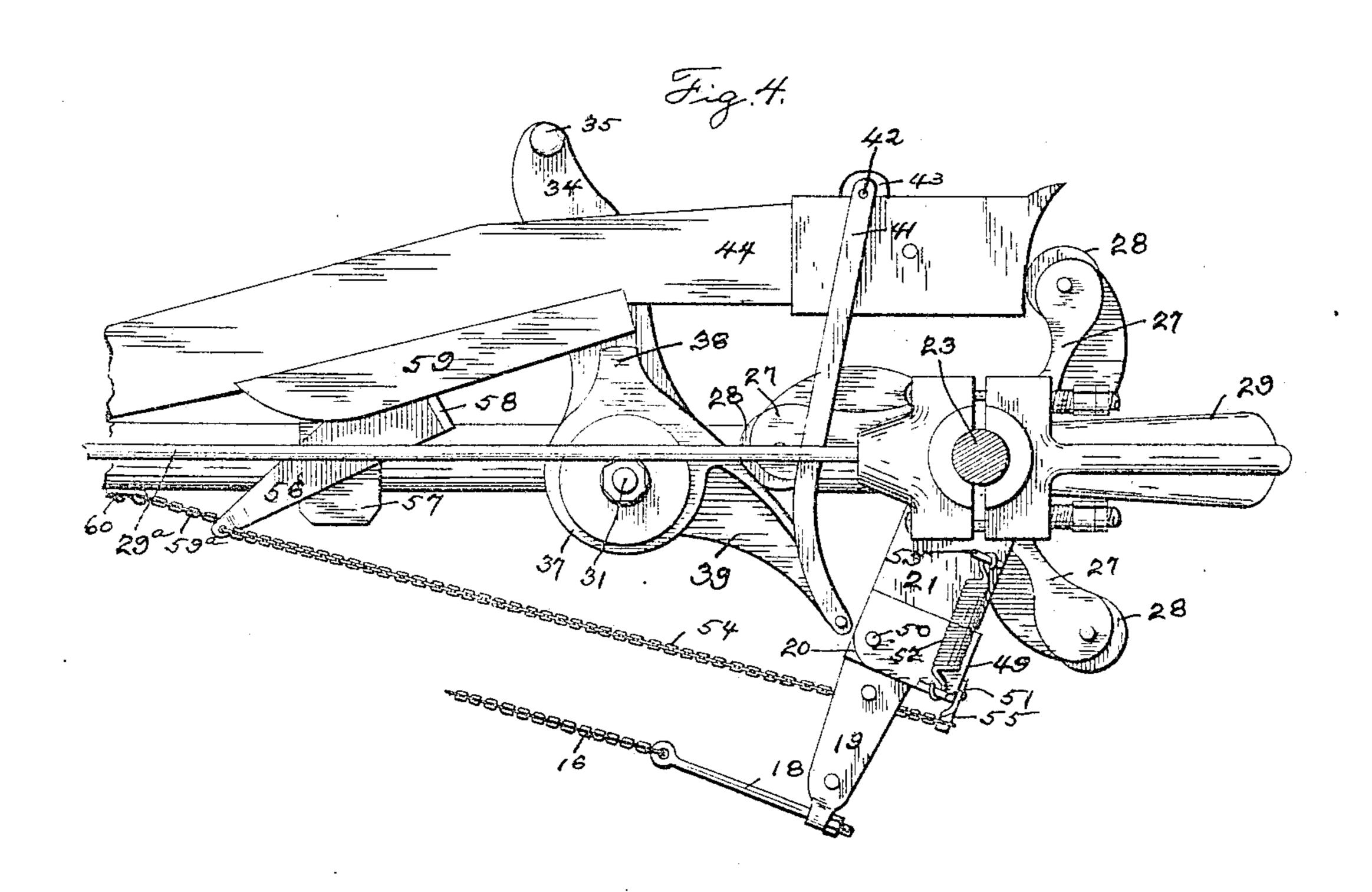
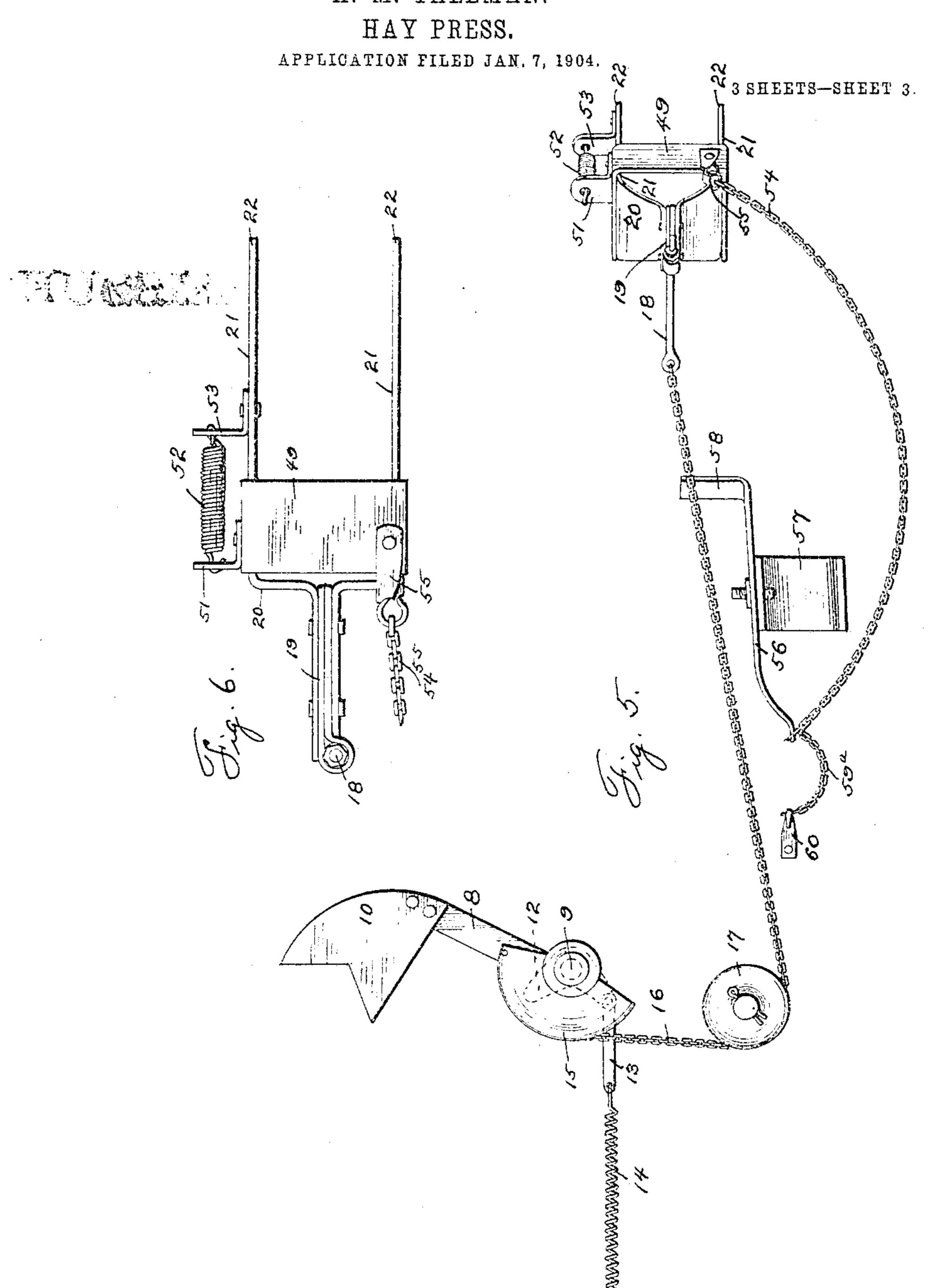


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United States Patent Office.

HORACE M. TALLMAN, OF SHELBYVILLE, ILLINOIS.

HAY-PRESS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 787,132, dated April 11, 1905.

application filed January 7, 1904. Serial No. 188,070.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Horace M. Tallman, a citizen of the United States, residing at Shelby ville, in the county of Shelby and State of 5 Illinois, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Hay-Presses, of which the following is a specification.

My present invention relates to improvements in hay-presses, and has special refer-10 ence to an improved horse-power press in which a novel and satisfactory form of selffeed is employed, my self-feed attachment being so constructed as to have the necessary power and strength to feed the hay to the press 15 in heavy feeds, as is desired in two-beat presses. The same, however, can be used in connection with three-beat presses, as will be hereinafter shown.

Another object of my invention is to pro-20 vide a straight direct-pull self-feeding mechanism which has power enough to push down the heaviest feeds of hay that is possible to feed in any press, large or small, the said feeding mechanism being operated simultane-25 ously with the compressing mechanism, so that the hay is fed directly into the hopper in front of the plunger at the desired time and in uniform bulks.

Another object of my invention is the pro-3º vision of a tripping device which will not allow the feed-arms to be pulled down into the press in the event the follower does not rebound clear, so that the arms of the self-feed can go to the bottom of the press, the said 35 tripping device operating the self-feed, so as to prevent the same from being forced down upon the follower to prevent the self-feed from being broken, this trip device being entirely actuated by the plunger-actuating de-4° vice.

I would have it understood that my imdevice can be employed on two-beat presses as well as three-beat presses and that the trip-45 ping attachment can be used with other forms of self-feeders.

To attain these objects, the invention consists of novel features of construction and combination of parts, substantially as dis-5° closed herein.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a side elevation of my complete hay-press. Fig. 2 is a top plan view thereof. Fig. 3 is an enlarged side elevation of the three-beat and trip mechanism of the press. Fig. 4 is a top 55 plan view thereof. Fig. 5 is an enlarged detail view of the feeding mechanism detached from the baling apparatus. Fig. 6 is an enlarged detail view of the tripping device for the self-feeding mechanism detached.

Referring to the drawings, the numeral 1 designates the bed of the hay-press, 2 the baling-case at one end of the same, and 3 the hopper, said hopper being so arranged with respect to and in communication with the baling 65 chamber or case as to allow the hay to be properly fed therein. In the front wall 4 of the hopper I provide an opening 5, and upon the inner face of said wall, having both of its ends attached thereto, is an inwardly-curved plate 7º or guide-wall 6. This guide-wall may be formed integral with the wall of the hopper, but is so constructed as to provide two substantially parallel slots 7, so that the feeding-arms 8, carried by the rock-shaft 9, may 75 have their upper two point ends 10 project into the hopper through said slots and be operated so as to feed the hay into the baling chamber or case. This rock-shaft 9 is journaled in the bearings of the bracket 11 and 80 has upon one end a double crank-arm 12, having pivotally connected thereto a link 13, which has connected to it the returning-spring 14, which is adapted to automatically return the feeding-arms to their upright position. 85 Carried upon the opposite end of the rockshaft 9 is a grooved segment 15, which has mounted therein the operating-chain 16, which passes over the guide-pulley 17 and is connected to a rod 18, adjustably secured to the 90 end of the arm 19, carried by the frame 20. proved self-feeding attachment and tripping | This frame 20 consists of the two side pieces 21, which have their inner ends 22 pivotally connected to the vertical power-shaft 23. This much of the mechanism comprises my 95 self-feeding attachment, and it can be readily seen that the same can be attached to any form, either a two or three beat baling-press.

Connected to the upper end of the powershaft 23 is a two-arm casting 24, to whose 100

ends are secured the power-pole 25 and bracing-rod 26, respectively. By this means horsepower is transmitted to the power-shaft, and consequently to the triple-arm trip-lever 27, 5 the same being rigidly secured to and revoluble with the power-shaft 23. In the outer end of each one of the arms of this trip-lever is mounted an antifriction-roller 28.

Connected to the forward end of the bed of 10 the hay-press is a yoke 29, whose upper end surrounds and forms one of the upper bearings for the power-shaft 23, an adjustable strengthening-rod 29^a being secured to the upper end of said yoke and to the yoke 30, se-

15 cured to the forward portion of the baling-

casing. Secured to the bed and rear of the powershaft 23 is a vertical axle 31 and a circular disk 32, whose upper face is inclined or bev-20 eled toward the front of the bed, and rotatably mounted upon said shaft and provided with a corresponding inclined disk 33 is a guide-arm 34, provided upon its free end with the upwardly-extending guide 35. Surround-25 ing the said axle above the disk of the arm is a washer 36, and pivotally mounted above said washer is a disk 37, carrying a stop-lug 38 and a curved arm 39, provided with a vertical sleeve 40, to which is pivotally secured a pair 30 of curved arms 41, whose outer free ends are pivotally secured to the pin 42 of the projection 43, carried upon the outer end of the pitman 44. Carried upon the extreme other end 45 of the pitman is the plunger 46, which

35 is adapted to slidably operate within the baling-chamber. In order to properly return the pitman after the compression of the bundle of hay, I provide a spring 47, which is connected to the pitman intermediate of its length

40 and to the eyed lug 48.

Thus far I have described the compressing mechanism and the automatic feeding mechanism; but in order to allow the feeding-arms to at all times be free of the plunger, so as not 45 to be injured thereby, I provide a frame 49, which is pivotally secured at 50 to the outer portion of the frame 20, to which the feeding mechanism is connected. This frame is provided upon its upper face with a lug 51, to which 50 is secured a spring 52, whose other end is secured to a lug 53, rigidly secured upon the feed-operating frame. From this construction it will be seen that while one of the triparms is pushing the plunger forward and com-55 pressing a bundle of hay the arm forward thereof is about to contact the frame 49 and slightly pull the automatic feed-operating frame rearward, and as soon as the first-mentioned arm has released the pitman the pit-60 man and plunger are returned, and the feeding-arms of the feeding mechanism are operated to feed a bundle of hay into the hopper in front of the plunger, this feeding operation being continued until the arm which has just 65 been released from the end of the pitman is in

contact with the curved arm 41 and the pitman is about to be pushed forward by said contact. At this juncture the trip-arm which is in engagement with the spring-actuated frame 49 is in such a position that the pressure thereon 7° moves the spring-actuated frame 49 to one side, and thereby releases the feed-actuated frame 20 and allows the spring connected to the rock-shaft of the feed-arms to return said feed-arms to their upright position, so that 75 the next action of the pitman will properly compress the bundle of hay just fed into the

compressing-chamber.

In order that the feed mechanism will not be broken in the event that the follower or 80 plunger does not rebound clear of the lever or to its farthest rearward point, I provide a chain 54, which has one end connected to the lug 55, carried upon the lower front wall of the spring-actuated frame 49, and the other 85 end of said chain is connected to the doubleended trip-lever 56, which is pivotally mounted intermediate of its length to the plate 57, carried upon the bed 1 of the press. Upon the other end of this trip-lever I provide an 90 upwardly-projecting lug 58, while a trippingplate 59 is carried upon the inner face of the pitman, another chain 59^a being connected at the opposite end of said trip-lever and to the lug 60, secured upon the bed of the press.

The trip mechanism for releasing the feeding mechanism and providing a means whereby the feeders are released when the plunger sticks in the baling-chamber is the gist of my invention and resides in the feeder 8, chain 16, 100 arm 19, frame 20, and the small trip-frame 49, combined with the tripping-lever 27, any one of whose members while in operation is in engagement with the frame 49. Should the feeder be in danger, the trip-plate 59 engages 105 or contacts the lugs 58, holding the lever 56 stationary, the said lever holding the chain 54, which in turn holds the frame 49, causing the disengaging of the same from one of the levers 27, and thus releasing the frame 20, 110 arm 19, and chain 16, so that the spring 14 is free to operate the feed and lift the same out of the hopper, and consequently out of the path of the pitman's plunger. This releasing operation takes place as the pitman and plun- 115 ger is moving toward the hopper.

The automatically-operated self-feeding attachment is constructed so as to operate just after the return of the plunger, so as to feed the hay within the baling-chamber and be 120 itself returned out of the way of the plunger before the plunger compresses the hay just fed, the said feed mechanism being combined with an automatic trip, which is arranged to be operated by the pitman and to return the 125 feed mechanism to its inoperative position in case the pitman and plunger are not returned to the proper position. In this way the hay is at all times properly fed to the compressing-chamber and the feeding device is pre- 130

vented from being broken by the plunger or compressing mechanism.

All of the mechanism combined in this machine are controlled primarily and automatically by the trip-lever, which in this case is a three-armed member; but it can be constructed with a two-armed member, the construction herein shown being not intended to limit me to the three-armed trip-lever.

What I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. In a hay-press, the combination of a bed, a baling-chamber, a hopper in communication therewith, compressing mechanism, feeding mechanism, mechanism for actuating the feed and compressing mechanism in succession, and mechanism for returning the feed mechanism to inoperative position should the compressing mechanism stick in the baling-chamo ber.

2. In a hay-press, the combination of a bed, a baling-chamber, a hopper in communication therewith, compressing mechanism, feeding mechanism, mechanism for actuating the feeding and compressing mechanism in succession, and a trip mechanism operated by the compressing mechanism to release the feeding mechanism to prevent accident to the same.

3. In a hay-press, the combination with a bed, a baling-chamber, a hopper, and compression mechanism, of a feeding mechanism comprising a rock-shaft pivotally mounted in front of the hopper having arms carried by said rock-shaft and adapted to be projected into the hopper, a frame connected to said rock-shaft through a flexible connection, and means for operating said frame to feed hay within the hopper and means to operate the compression mechanism after the feeding mechanism.

4. In a hay-press, the combination with a bed, a baling-chamber, a hopper, and compression mechanism, of a feeding mechanism comprising a rock-shaft pivotally mounted in 5 front of the hopper having arms carried by said rock-shaft and adapted to be projected into the hopper, a frame connected to said rock-shaft through a flexible connection, mechanism for operating said frame to feed hay within the hopper and mechanism to operate the compression mechanism after the feeding mechanism, and a trip mechanism connected to the feed mechanism and adapted to be operated by the compression mechanism to allow the premature return of the feeding mechanism.

5. In a baling-press, the combination with a bed, a baling-case, a hopper and compressing mechanism, of a feeding mechanism, a trip mechanism for prematurely releasing the feeding mechanism, and mechanism for operating the feed mechanism and compressing mechanism.

6. The combination in a baling-press, of feeding mechanism therefor comprising a pair

of pivoted arms, a flexible connection connecting said pivoted arms, a vertical power-shaft, an arm rotatably mounted on said power-shaft, and a trip-lever having a plurality of arms connected to the power-shaft and adapted to 70 contact one of said pivoted arms to operate the feeding mechanism.

7. The combination in a baling-press, with a compressing mechanism, of a feeding mechanism, comprising a pair of pivoted arms, a 75 flexible connection connecting said pivoted arms, a vertical power-shaft, an arm rotatably mounted on said power-shaft, and a trip mechanism connected to said arm and to the bedplate adapted to be operated by the compress- 80 ing mechanism to prematurely return the feeding mechanism in inoperative position.

8. In combination with a baling-press provided with a feeding and compressing mechanism, of a trip mechanism for prematurely 85 releasing the feeding mechanism, consisting of a trip pivotally mounted in the press, a flexible connection connected to said trip and the feeding mechanism, and means connected to the compressing mechanism adapted to engage said trip to pull upon the flexible connection and release the feeding mechanism.

9. In a hay-press, the combination with a bed, a baling-chamber, a hopper in communication therewith, compressing mechanism, 95 feeding mechanism, and mechanism for actuating the feed and compressing mechanism in succession, of a trip mechanism for prematurely releasing the feeding mechanism, consisting of a trip pivotally mounted in the press, 100 a flexible connection connected to said trip and the feeding mechanism, and means connected to the compressing mechanism adapted to engage said trip to pull upon the flexible connection and release the feeding mechanism.

10. In a hay-press, the combination with a bed, a baling-chamber, a hopper in communication therewith, compressing mechanism, feeding mechanism, and mechanism for actuating the feeding and compressing mechanism in succession, of a trip mechanism for prematurely releasing the feeding mechanism, consisting of a trip pivotally mounted in the press, a flexible connection connected to said trip and the feeding mechanism, and means connected to the compressing mechanism adapted to engage said trip to pull upon the flexible connection and release the feeding mechanism.

11. In a hay-press, the combination with a bed, a baling-chamber, a hopper, compressing mechanism, feeding mechanism comprising a rock-shaft pivotally mounted in front of the hopper having arms carried by said rock-shaft and adapted to be projected into the hopper, a frame connected to said rock-shaft through 125 a flexible connection, mechanism for operating said frame to feed hay within the hopper and to operate the compression mechanism after the feeding mechanism, of a trip mechanism for prematurely releasing the feeding 130

mechanism consisting of a trip pivotally mounted in the press, a flexible connection connected to said trip and the feeding mechanism and means connected to the compressing mechanism adapted to engage said trip to pull upon the flexible connection and release the feeding mechanism.

12. In a baling-press, the combination with a bed, a baling-casing, a hopper and compression mechanism, of a feeding mechanism, a trip mechanism for prematurely releasing the feeding mechanism, consisting of a trip pivotally mounted in the press, a flexible connection connected to said trip and the feeding mechanism, and means connected to the compressing mechanism adapted to engage the trip to pull upon the flexible connection and release the feeding mechanism, and mechanism for operating the feed mechanism and compressing mechanism.

13. The combination in a baling-press with a feeding mechanism therefor comprising a pair of pivoted arms, a flexible connection connected to said pivoted arms, a vertical power-shaft, an arm rotatably mounted on said power-shaft, of a trip mechanism for prematurely releasing the feeding mechanism consisting of a

trip pivotally mounted in the press, a flexible connection connected to said trip and the feeding mechanism, and means connected to the 3° compression mechanism of the press adapted to engage said trip to pull upon the flexible connection and release the feeding mechanism.

14. The combination in a baling-press, with a compressing mechanism, of a feeding mechanism, comprising a pair of pivoted arms, a flexible connection connected to said pivoted arms, a vertical power-shaft, an arm rotatably mounted on said power-shaft, of a trip mechanism for prematurely releasing the feeding 4c mechanism, consisting of a trip pivotally mounted in the press, a flexible connection connected to said trip and the feeding mechanism, and means connected to the compressing mechanism adapted to engage said trip to 45 pull upon the flexible connection and release the feeding mechanism.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in

presence of two witnesses.

HORACE M. TALLMAN.

Witnesses:

WILLIAM H. HAGER, C. J. KURTZ.