W. L. WALTON. TRACE BUCKLE. APPLICATION FILED JULY 30, 1904.

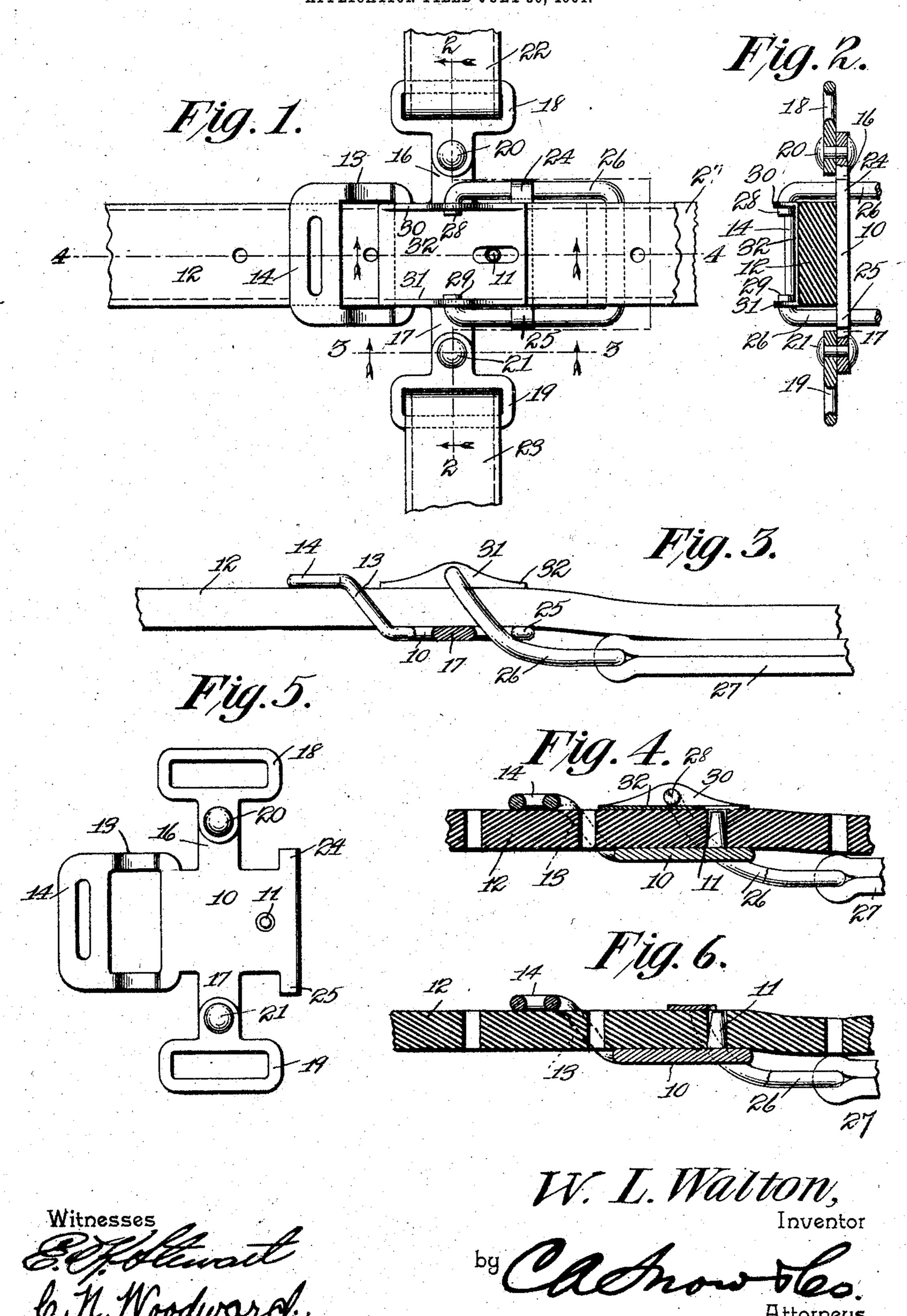


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United States Patent Office.

WILLIAM L. WALTON, OF NECHE, NORTH DAKOTA.

TRACE-BUCKLE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 787,015, dated April 11, 1905.

Application filed July 30, 1904. Serial No. 218,926.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, William L. Walton, a citizen of the United States, residing at Neche, in the county of Pembina and State of North Dakota, have invented a new and useful Trace-Buckle, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to improvements in trace-buckles, and has for its object to provide an inexpensive, durable, and efficient device of this character which may be quickly and conveniently adjusted, will hold the straps firmly in position, and will also flexibly support the back-band and girthstraps of the harness and prevent abrasion

and chafing of the same.

With these and other objects in view the invention consists in the construction and novel combination of parts hereinafter fully described, and pointed out in the claims hereto appended, it being understood that various changes in the form, proportions, and minor details of construction may be resorted to without departing from the principle or sacrificing any of the advantages of the invention.

In the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, Figure 1 is a side elevation. Fig. 2 is a transverse sectional view on the line 2 2 of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a longitudinal sectional view on the line 3 3 of Fig. 1. Fig. 4 is a longitudinal sectional view on the line 4 4 of Fig. 1. Fig. 5 is a side view of the base-frame detached. Fig. 6 is a similar view to Fig. 4, illustrating a modification of a portion of the construction.

Similar numerals of reference indicate corresponding parts in each of the several fig-

ures of the drawings.

The improved device comprises a base member 10, having a stud 11 extending laterally therefrom and preferably near one end thereof, said stud being adapted to engage one of a series of apertures in the draft-trace, a portion of which is represented at 12. The opposite end of the base member is provided with a loop 13, through which the trace passes for connection with the swingletree, said loop having an eye 14 of the usual form for the holdback-strap. The plate 10 is pro-

vided with oppositely-disposed laterally-extending ears 16 17, upon which the loops 18 19 are pivoted, as indicated at 20 and 21, said loops being adapted to receive the backband and girth-strap represented, respectively, at 22 23. By this means the girth and back straps are flexibly united to the plate 10, so that any vibrations of the traces incident to the motion of the horse in traveling will not affect the girth or back strap, 60 thereby effectually preventing abrasion or chafing of said straps.

The forward part of the plate 10 is provided with inwardly-extending lugs 24 25, which engage a U-shaped loop 26, the latter serving 65 to support a hame-tug 27 and having its adjacent ends bent inwardly, as indicated at 28 29, and pivoted in suitable ears or lugs 31, secured to a base-plate 32, bearing against the outer face of the draft-trace. The plate 70 32 is provided with a longitudinal aperture 33, through which the free end of the stud 11 may project if the trace 14 is thin enough to permit it, and thus avoid interference with the action of the plate when applied to thin 75 or partially-worn traces.

It will be obvious that when a draft is applied to the trace 14 the plate 32 will be forcibly compressed upon the trace by a strong leverage exerted upon the U-shaped loop 26, 80 and the pressure being distributed over a wide area of the surface of the strap does not produce the objectionable scissors-like action so common in devices of this character as heretofore manufactured.

In Fig. 6 there is illustrated a modified form of the invention capable of being employed in connection with some forms of harness. In this case the member 26 is provided at one end with an integral transverse plate 90 34, which serves substantially the same function as the plate 32 in Fig. 1.

Having thus described the invention, what I claim is—

1. In a buckle, a base having means for ad- 95 justably coupling the draft-trace and hametug thereto, and means for flexibly connecting the back-band and girth portions of the harness to said frame in position to swing longitudinally of the same.

2. In a buckle, a base-frame having means for adjustably coupling the draft-trace and hame-tug thereto, ears projecting laterally from the opposite edges of the frame, and 5 eyes pivoted to swing upon said ears and adapted to support the back-band and girth-

straps, respectively.

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3. In a buckle, a base having a laterallyextending stud near one end thereof for en-10 gagement with the draft-trace and provided at its opposite end with laterally-extending ears, eyes pivoted to said ears for receiving the back-band and girth-straps, respectively, and means connecting the hame-tug to the 15 frame in position to exert a bearing force upon the draft-trace.

4. In a trace-buckle, a frame having a stud near one end thereof for engagement with a

draft-trace and provided at its opposite end with a loop adapted to receive said draft- 20 trace, said frame being provided with terminal laterally-extending lugs adapted to engage the loop and intermediate lateral ears to which the back-band and girth-strap eyes are pivoted, a U-shaped frame engaging said 25 lugs and having a hame-tug connected thereto, and a plate pivoted to the U-shaped frame and bearing upon the draft-trace.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my own I have hereto affixed my signature 30

in the presence of two witnesses.

Witnesses:

ROBERT J. HADDEN, John H. MacKerracher.