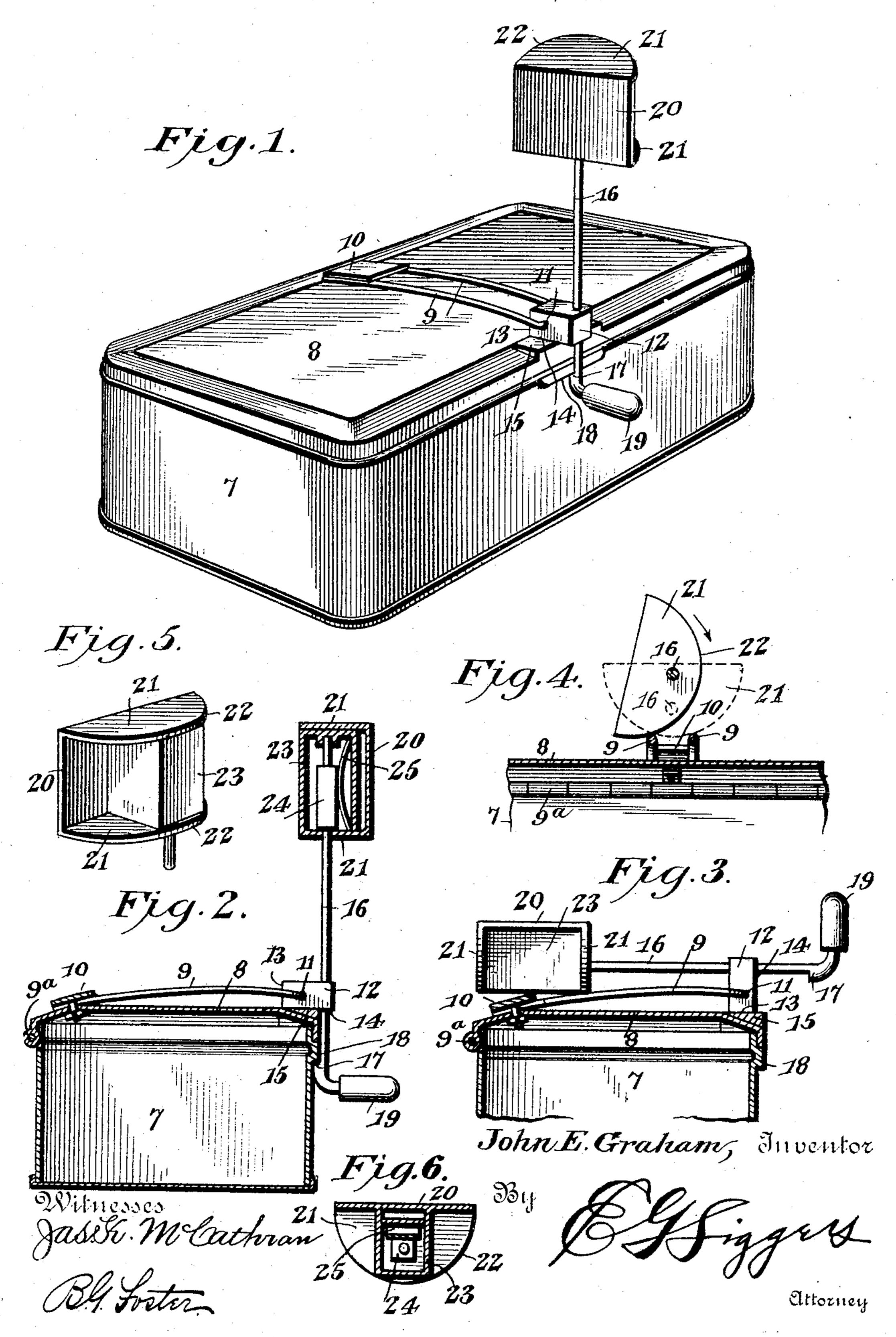
J. E. GRAHAM.

MAIL BOX.

APPLICATION FILED MAY 28, 1904.



## United States Patent Office.

JOHN E. GRAHAM, OF GREENVILLE, MICHIGAN.

## MAIL-BOX.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 782,748, dated February 14, 1905.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John E. Graham, a citizen of the United States, residing at Greenville, in the county of Montcalm and State of Michigan, have invented a new and useful Mail-Box, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to improvements in mail-boxes employed in the rural free-delivery system. As is well known, the great desideratum in this type of box is a structure which may be opened, closed, and the signal properly positioned with the greatest ease and convenience and in the least amount of time possible on the part of the collector and distributer.

It is the aim in the present instance to secure a box having all the above advantages, the number of necessary operations on the part of the collector being reduced to a minimum and said operations being extremely simple and readily performed. Moreover, said structure is capable of being cheaply manufactured, and the parts are such that they are not liable to become injured or deranged through usage or exposure to the elements.

The preferred embodiment of the invention is illustrated in the accompanying drawings, wherein—

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a mail-box with the signal elevated and in position to indicate that there are contents contained in the box to be collected. Fig. 2 is a vertical cross-sectional view through the box with the signal turned at right angles to the position shown in Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a detail view similar to Fig. 2, but showing the signal depressed. Fig. 4 is a detail longitudinal sectional view showing the signal partially depressed and indicating its position when at a state of rest and totally depressed. Fig. 5 is a detail perspective view of said signal. Fig. 6 is a horizontal sectional view through the signal.

Similar reference - numerals indicate like parts throughout the several figures of the drawings.

In the embodiment illustrated the mail-box comprises merely a body 7, that is oblong in form and has a top 8 hinged thereto along one 5° edge, as shown at 9°, said top constituting the

closure for the body. These parts in themselves constitute no portion of the present invention and may be changed as desired.

Secured to the cover or top 8, contiguous to the rear edge of the same and extending trans- 55 versely of said cover, is a spring 9, comprising a looped wire the spaced legs of which are secured at their rear ends to the cover by means of a plate 10. The front ends of said legs are connected by a cross-piece 11, con- 60 stituting a pivot upon which the block 12 is journaled, said block having angularly-disposed bearing-surfaces 13 and 14, adapted to respectively rest on a shoulder 15, formed on the front portion of the cover when said block 65 is turned and being held in this position by the spring 9. The block 12 carries a standard 16, rigidly secured thereto and swinging therewith. This standard projects below the block and has an offset hook portion consti- 70 tuting a latch 17, adapted to engage a rib 18, formed upon the adjacent portion of the body 7. The lower end is, moreover, provided with an outstanding handle 19, by means of which the standard may be swung from an 75 upright to a depressed position, or vice versa.

The upper end of the standard 16 constitutes a journal upon which a signal is rotatably mounted, said signal comprising a faceplate 20, having rearwardly-turned ears 21, 80 the rear edges of which are curved, as shown at 22. Located between the ears and suitably secured thereto is a boxing 23, through which the upper end of the standard 16 extends. The portion of the standard within 85 the boxing has an angular block 24, against the sides of which bears a spring 25, also located within the boxing. When there is no mail in the box, the signal is depressed, as shown in Fig. 3, being held in this position 90 by the flat face 13 bearing against the abutment 15 of the cover. If now the patron introduces mail which is to be collected, the cover is simply opened, the mail deposited, and the signal raised. This latches the cover, 95 as will be evident, and the said patron then turns the signal so that the face-plate thereof can be seen by the collector. This indicates that there is mail in the box to be collected. The collector on reaching the box merely 100

throws the standard to its depressed position, thereby effecting two operations—first, the unlocking of the cover, and, second, the turning of the signal from its position transversely 5 of the box to one longitudinal of the same, or, in other words, facing the home of the patron. This movement will be apparent by reference to Fig. 3. As the standard swings toward its horizontal position and the face 13 of the 10 bearing-block is brought down flat against the abutment 15 by the action of the spring 9 the rounded edges 22 of the ears 21 will strike one of the legs of the spring 9, and consequently the signal will be partially re-15 volved upon the standard to the position indicated in dotted lines in Fig. 4. In this position it is held by the spring 25 bearing against one face of the block 24, and said spring also serves to hold the signal in its 20 other position, as will be clearly evident. After having withdrawn the matter within the box if there is mail for the patron the collector deposits the same in said box, closes the cover, and swings the standard to an upright 25 position. This effects the latching of the cover, and the signal will be in position to indicate to said patron that there is mail delivered. On the other hand, if no mail is to be delivered the signal is allowed to remain in 3° its depressed position.

With this structure it will be seen that the collector has very little to do, merely unlatching the cover, and thereby effecting the change of the signal, afterward, if necessary, again 35 elevating the standard. These operations are not only simple, but may be easily and expeditiously performed. The structure itself is also of a very simple character, and the parts are such that they are not liable to become 40 damaged or deranged through long or rough

usage or exposure to the elements.

From the foregoing it is thought that the construction, operation, and many advantages of the herein-described invention will 45 be apparent to those skilled in the art without further description, and it will be understood that various changes in the size, shape, proportion, and minor details of construction may be resorted to without departing from 50 the spirit or sacrificing any of the advantages of the invention.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent, is—

1. In a mail-box, the combination with a body, of a closure therefor, a signal, and a locking member for the closure movable toward and from an operative position, said locking member constituting actuating means for 60 simultaneously moving the signal upon the movement of said member from its operative position.

2. In a mail-box, the combination with a body, of a closure therefor, a locking mem-65 ber for the closure having a movement to and | yielding member and having angularly-dis-130

from an operative position, and a movable signal rigidly associated with the operative member and being moved to and from an operative position upon the corresponding movement of said locking member.

3. In a mail-box, the combination with a body, of a closure therefor, a locking member for the closure pivoted between its ends, and a signal associated with one end of the locking member and movable upon the move- 75

ment of said end.

4. In a mail-box, the combination with a body and closure, of a latch for securing the closure, a pivotal support for the latch and a signal carried by and swinging with the latch 80 upon the movement of said latch upon its pivotal support.

5. In a mail-box, the combination with a body and closure, of a latch pivoted to the closure and arranged to engage the body, said 85 latch carrying a standard that is movable therewith, and a signal carried by the stand-

ard and swinging with the latch.

6. In a mail-box, the combination with the body, of a closure therefor, a standard piv- 99 oted between its ends and arranged to assume an upright or a depressed position, a signal carried by and supported on the upper end of the standard and swinging therewith, and a latch carried by and swinging with the lower end 95 of the standard for securing the closure in closed position.

7. In a mail-box, the combination with the body, of a closure hinged thereto, a standard pivoted between its ends upon the closure, a 100 signal carried by the upper end of the standard and swinging therewith, and a latch carried by the lower end of the standard and arranged to engage the body for securing the

closure in its closed position.

8. The combination with a receptacle, of a yielding support, and a signal mounted on the support and having angularly-disposed bearing-faces for holding said signal in different positions.

9. In a mail-box, the combination with a receptacle, of a swinging signal having angularly-disposed bearing-surfaces adapted to hold the signal in different positions, and a yielding pivot-support for the signal, said sup- 115 port maintaining the signal in such different

positions.

10. In a mail-box, the combination with a receptacle, of a spring secured at one end to the receptacle, a bearing-block pivotally 120 mounted on the other end of the spring and having angularly-disposed bearing-surfaces adapted to rest upon a portion of the receptacle when said block is turned, a standard carried by the block, and a signal mounted on 125 the standard.

11. In a mail-box, the combination with a receptacle having a movable closure, of a yielding member, a bearing element carried by the

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posed bearing-surfaces, a signal, and a latch connected with the bearing element.

12. In a mail-box, the combination with a body, of a movable closure for the same, a spring mounted on the closure, a bearing-block secured to the spring and having angularly-disposed bearing-faces adapted to rest upon such closure when the block is turned, a standard carried by and projecting beyond opposite sides of the block, a latch carried by one end of the standard and arranged to engage the body, and a signal mounted on the opposite end of the standard.

13. In a mail-box, the combination of a support movable to different positions, of a signal mounted on the support and movable thereon to different positions, and means for automatically effecting the movement of the signal on the support when said support is moved.

20 14. In a mail-box, the combination with a swinging support movable to different positions, of a signal mounted on the support and movable thereon to different positions, and means located in the path of movement of the 25 signal for automatically effecting the movement of the same on the support when said support is swung.

15. In a mail-box, the combination with a swinging support movable to different positions, of a signal rotatably mounted on the support, and means for automatically effecting a partial rotation of the signal on the support when said support is swung to a predetermined position.

35 16. In a mail-box, the combination with a swingingly-supported standard, of a signal rotatably mounted thereon, said standard having angularly-disposed faces, and a spring carried by the signal and arranged to engage the different faces upon the rotation of said signal.

17. In a mail-box, the combination with a swinging standard, of a signal rotatably

mounted on said standard and having curved portions, and means located in the path of movement of said curved portions when the 45 standard is swung, to effect a partial rotation of the signal on the standard.

18. In a mail-box, the combination with a body having a movable closure, of a movable latch for holding the closure in closed position, 50 a signal movable with the latch and also having rotative movement with respect thereto, and means for automatically effecting such rotative movement when the latch is swung to a predetermined position.

19. In a mail-box, the combination with the body, of a closure for the same, a standard pivoted between its ends, a latch carried by one end of the standard for holding the closure in closed position, and a signal rotatably 60 mounted on the other end of the standard.

20. In a mail-box, the combination with a body, of a hinged cover for the same, a spring secured at one end to the cover, a bearing-block having angularly-disposed faces, said 65 bearing-block being pivoted upon the spring, a standard secured between its ends to the bearing-block, a latch formed upon the lower end of the standard and adapted to engage the body, a signal rotatably mounted upon the 70 upper end of the standard, and means for holding the signal in different positions upon the standard, said signal being arranged to engage the spring when the standard is swung to a substantially horizontal position and being 75 thereby partially rotated upon the standard.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my own I have hereto affixed my signature in the presence of two witnesses.

JOHN E. GRAHAM.

Witnesses:

ALBERT BECK,
SMITH A. BOOTH.