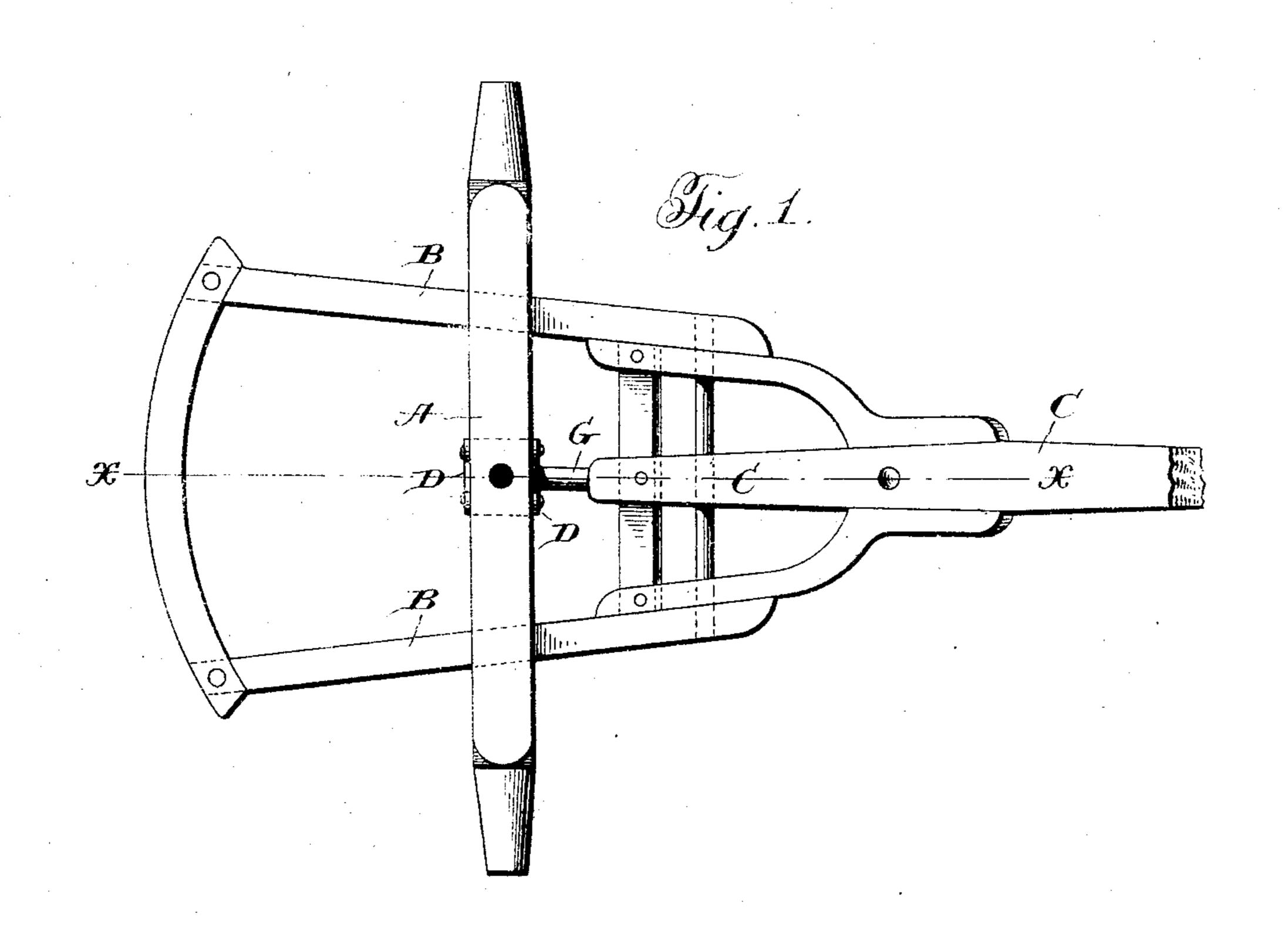
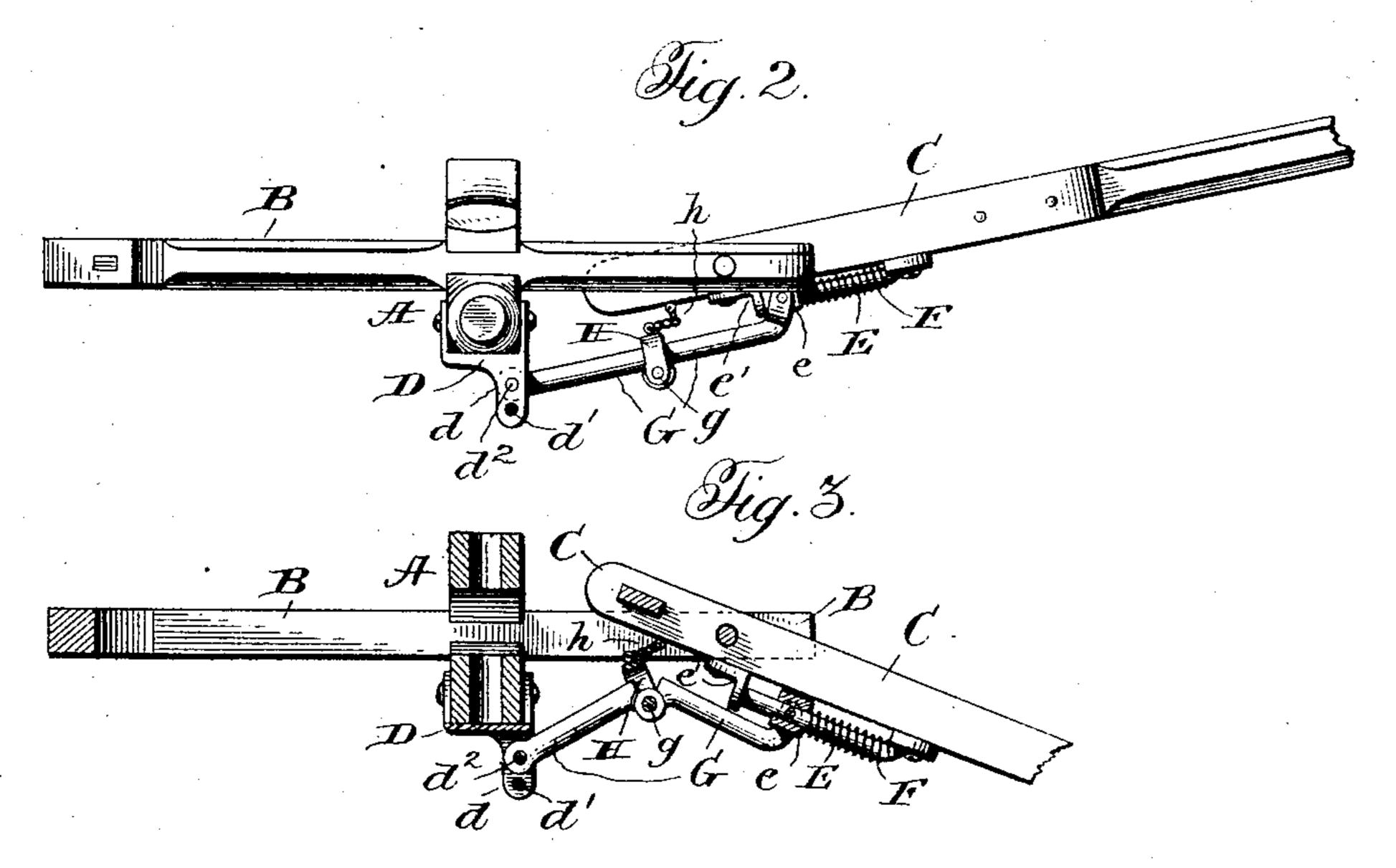
J. C. OARD.

TONGUE SUPPORT.

APPLICATION FILED APR. 20, 1904.





Witnesses: Jaslesfutchinson. Thoricsteath. James C. Oard,

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## United States Patent Office.

JAMES C. OARD, OF DECATUR, ILLINOIS, ASSIGNOR TO G. H. ZIMMERMAN AND J. S. EDMUNDSON, OF DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

## TONGUE-SUPPORT.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 779,439, dated January 10, 1905.

Application filed April 20, 1904. Serial No. 204,043.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, James C. Oard, a citizen of the United States, residing at Decatur, in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Tongue-Supports, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the accompanying drawings.

This invention relates to an improvement in 10 wagon-tongue supports; and its object is the provision of a tongue-support which will relieve the horse from the weight of the tongue and which will permit the tongue to be thrown down so that its forward end will rest on the 15 ground when the wagon is not in use.

In the drawings accompanying this specification, wherein a preferable embodiment of my invention is shown, and wherein like letters of reference refer to similar parts in the the forward portion of a running-gear with my improved tongue-support secured thereto. Fig. 2 is a side elevation of the same, and Fig. 3 is a section on line X X of Fig. 1.

Referring now more particularly to the drawings, A denotes the front axle of a running-gear, and B B the hounds, between the forward ends of which is pivoted in the usual manner the tongue C, all of said parts being 3° of the usual construction. Secured in a very suitable manner to the axle A, directly in rear of the tongue C, is the clip D, which is provided with a pair of downwardly-extending ears d, each of which is provided with a plu-35 rality of apertures d' for a purpose to be hereinafter set forth. Secured in any suitable manner to the under side of the tongue adjacent its point of pivotal connection with the hounds and spaced therefrom is the bar E, 4° upon which is adapted to slide the block e. Bolted to the under side of the tongue C is a small angle-bracket e', the depending arm of which is provided with an aperture adapted to encircle the free end of the bar E, thereby 45 serving to prevent the block e from slipping thereoff.

F is a coil-spring secured upon the rod E and interposed between the block e and the forward end of said rod, the normal tendency of said spring being to force the block e to- 50 ward the rear end of the rod E.

G is a jointed lever, the forward end of which is provided with an upwardly-extending yoke which is pivotally connected in any suitable manner to the block e. The rear end 55 of the lever is designed to fit between the depending ears d of the clip D, secured to the axle, and is pivotally connected thereto by means of a bolt  $d^2$ , which passes through any of the pairs of apertures in the clips D and 60 an aperture formed in the end of said lever. The lever G is hinged at a point intermediate its ends to form a knuckle-joint g, which is of such a construction that the sections of the lever are free to move downward, but cannot 65 move upward above a normal longitudinal plane.

H is a yoke-shaped member adapted to strad-20 several views, Figure 1 is a top plan view of | dle the lever G and pivotally secured thereto, preferably by having its sides apertured to re- 70 ceive the ends of the bolt, which constitutes the pivotal connection for the two parts of the lever G. The upper end of the yoke-shaped member H is connected by a chain or other flexible connection h to the rear end of the 75 tongue C.

From the above description it will be seen that the tongue will normally be held in a slightly upwardly inclined position, as shown in Fig. 2, and that the sections of the lever G 80 will be held in alinement by means of the spring F, which, through the sliding block e, presses on the forward end of said lever, the point of connection between the block e and the forward end of the lever being above the 85 pivotal connection g of the lever. If now it is desired to throw the tongue down, so that its forward end will rest on the ground, it is only necessary to slightly depress the same, thereby causing an upward pull on the yoke- 90 shaped member H through the chain h, which upward pull will cause the lever G to knuckle and the block e to slide forward on the rod E. The tongue should be depressed until the forward end of the lever G is forced below the 95 pivotal connection g of said lever, when the spring E, acting on the forward end of the lever, will force the tongue down against the

ground and hold it firmly. To raise the tongue to its normal position, it is necessary to elevate the same until the forward end of the lever is raised above the pivotal connection, 5 when the spring will cause the tongue to complete its upward movement. In practice the chain h is made with some little slack, so that the tongue will be permitted to have a slight vertical movement without causing the lever 10 to knuckle.

It will be seen that the upward inclination of the tongue can be varied by vertically adjusting the rear end of the lever G in the ears

d of the clip D.

I do not desire to limit myself to the precise form and construction illustrated in the drawings, as it is obvious that many minor changes might be made thereto without departing from the spirit of the invention.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent, is—

1. In a vehicle, the combination with a pivoted tongue, of holding means for said tongue, 25 including a knuckle-jointed lever between said tongue and a relatively fixed portion of the vehicle.

2. In a vehicle, the combination with a pivoted tongue, of holding means for said tongue, 30 including a knuckle-jointed lever between said tongue and a relatively fixed portion of the vehicle, and a single means for maintaining said knuckle-lever in its various positions.

3. In a vehicle, the combination with a piv-35 oted tongue, of holding means for said tongue, including a knuckle-jointed lever between said tongue and a relatively fixed portion of the vehicle, and a spring for maintaining said knuckle-lever in its various positions.

4. In a vehicle, the combination with a pivoted tongue, of holding means for said tongue, including a knuckle-jointed lever connected at its ends to the tongue and to a relatively

fixed portion of the vehicle.

5. In a vehicle, the combination with a pivoted tongue, of holding means for said tongue, including a knuckle-jointed lever connected at its ends to the tongue and to a relatively fixed portion of the vehicle, and means for 50 holding said lever in either its closed or knuckled position.

6. In a vehicle, the combination with a pivoted tongue, of holding means for said tongue, including a knuckle-jointed lever, the rear 55 end of which is pivotally connected to a relatively fixed portion of the vehicle and the forward end of which is slidably connected to the tongue, and a resilient member secured to the tongue and exerting a thrust against 60 the forward end of the lever.

7. In a vehicle, the combination with a pivoted tongue, of holding means for said tongue including a knuckle connection between said tongue and a relatively fixed portion of the 65 vehicle, means for maintaining said knuckle

connection in its closed position, and a connection between the tongue and the knuckle connection, whereby said connection will be knuckled when the tongue is lowered.

8. In a vehicle, the combination with a piv- 7° oted tongue, of holding means for said tongue including a knuckle-jointed lever pivotally connected at its forward end to the tongue and adjustably and pivotally connected at its rear end to a relatively fixed portion of the vehicle. 75

9. In a vehicle, the combination of a pivoted tongue, of holding means for said tongue including a knuckle-jointed lever pivotally connected at its forward end to the tongue and adjustably and pivotally connected at its rear 80 end to a relatively fixed portion of the vehicle, and a single means for holding said lever in either its closed or knuckled position.

10. In a vehicle, the combination with a pivoted tongue, of holding means for said tongue 85 including a knuckle-jointed lever pivotally connected at its forward end to the tongue and adjustably and pivotally connected at its rear end to a relatively fixed portion of the vehicle, and resilient means for holding said lever 9° in either its closed or knuckled position.

11. In a vehicle, the combination with a pivoted tongue, of holding means for said tongue including a block, slidably secured to said tongue, a knuckle-jointed lever having its for- 95 ward end pivotally connected to said block and its rear end pivotally connected to a relatively fixed portion of the vehicle, and a yieldable member secured to said tongue and exerting a thrust against said block.

12. In a vehicle, the combination with a pivoted tongue, of holding means for said tongue including a block, slidably secured to said tongue, a knuckle-jointed lever having its forward end pivotally connected to said block 105 and its rear end pivotally connected to a relatively fixed portion of the vehicle, a yieldable member secured to said tongue and exerting a thrust against said block, and a connection between the rear end of the tongue 110 and the knuckle-jointed lever.

13. In a vehicle, the combination with a pivoted tongue, of holding means for said tongue, including a rod secured to the under side of said tongue, a block slidable on said rod, a 115 coiled spring secured on said rod and arranged to exert a thrust on the forward face of said block, and a knuckle-jointed lever, pivotally connected at its front end to the block on the tongue and at its rear end to a relatively fixed 120 portion on the vehicle.

14. In a vehicle, the combination with a pivoted tongue, of holding means for said tongue, including a rod secured to the under side of the tongue, a block slidable on said rod, a 125 coiled spring secured on said rod and arranged to exert a thrust on the forward face of said block, a clip provided with a pair of depending ears secured to a relatively fixed portion of the vehicle, and a knuckle-jointed lever 130

having its forward end pivotally connected to the block and its rear end adjustably and pivotally secured between the depending ears of the clip.

15. In a vehicle, the combination with a pivoted tongue, of holding means for said tongue, including a rod secured to the under side of the tongue, a block slidable on said rod, a coiled spring secured on said rod and arranged 10 to exert a thrust on the forward face of said block, a clip provided with a pair of depending ears secured to a relatively fixed portion of the vehicle, a knuckle-jointed lever having L. M. Davidson.

its forward end pivotally connected to the block and its rear end adjustably and pivot- 15 ally secured between the depending ears of the clip, a yoke-shaped member pivotally secured to the lever and a connection between said yoke and the tongue.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in 20

presence of two witnesses.

JAMES C. OARD

Witnesses:

F. R. Goode,