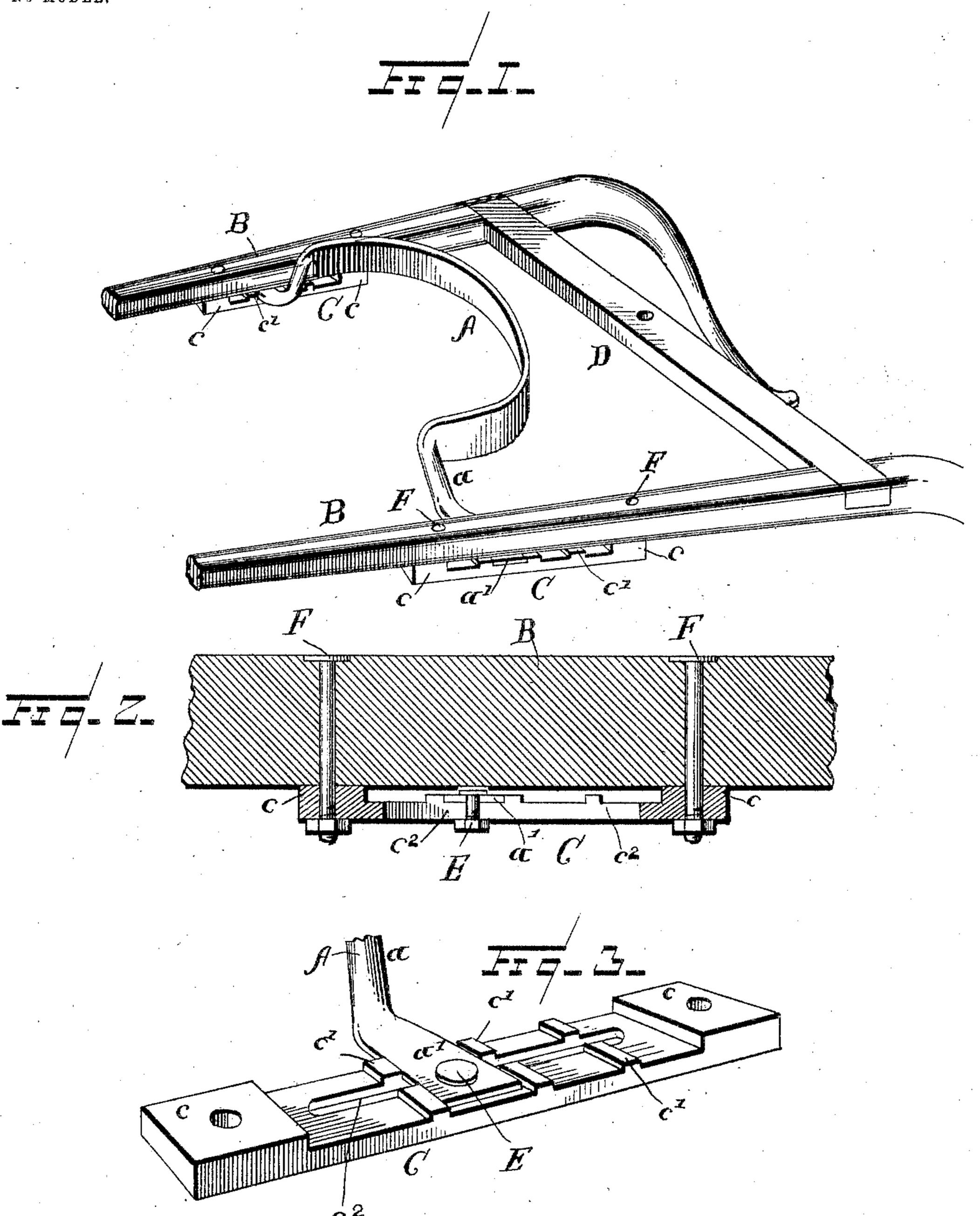
## J. T. MILLEN.

## HOLDBACK ATTACHMENT FOR VEHICLES.

APPLICATION FILED OCT. 6, 1904.

NO MODEL,



WITNESSES:

H. S. Rockwell ) Amno m. Hart James I.Millen

BY Munion C.

ATTORNEYS

## United States Patent Office.

JAMES THOMAS MILLEN, OF CLAXTON, GEORGIA.

## HOLDBACK ATTACHMENT FOR VEHICLES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 776,862, dated December 6, 1904.

Application filed October 6, 1904. Serial No. 227,473. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, James Thomas Millen. a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Claxton, in the county of Tatnall and State 5 of Georgia, have made certain new and useful Improvements in Holdback Attachments for Vehicles, of which the following is a specification.

The object of my invention is to provide an 10 improved attachment for vehicle-shafts which shall be cheap, strong, durable, and adapted for convenient adjustment to accommodate horses of different size.

The details of construction and arrangement 15 of parts constituting the attachment are as hereinafter described, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view illustrating my attachment as arranged in use. Fig. 2 is 20 a longitudinal central vertical section of the portion of a vehicle-shaft to which my attachillustrating certain details of the attachment.

The main feature of my invention is the 25 metal holdback-bar A, which is arranged between the shafts B of a vehicle and whose ends are secured to plates C, that are in turn rigidly attached to the shafts. The bar A has a broad flat middle portion which is curved, the 30 convexity of the curve being adjacent to the cross-bar D of the shafts, so that it conforms to the shape of the horse. The end portions a of the bar are reduced in width and curved downwardly and outwardly, and the ends a'35 thereof are broadened and have parallel sides. (See Fig. 3.) The said ends a' are attached to the metal plates C by means of screw-bolts E, which pass through slots  $c^2$ , formed in the plates, as shown. The ends of the plates have 4° raised portions or abutments c, and screw-bolts F pass through the same and also through the shafts B, as shown in Fig. 2. The heads of these bolts F are countersunk in the top portion of the shafts. The portion of the plates 45 C which intervenes the heads c is reduced in

thickness and provided on the upper side with transverse ribs c', the same being arranged equidistant and parallel. The distance between them is the width of the broadened ends

a' of the holdback-bar A, so that the said ends 50 fit somewhat closely between them, as shown in Figs. 2 and 3. The space between the shafts and the ribs of the plates C is sufficient to accommodate the ends a' of the bar A and the heads of the bolts E, which secure them to 55 the plates.

In order to accommodate the attachment to horses of different size or length, the bar A requires to be made adjustable toward and from the cross-bar D, with which the vehicle- 60 shafts are ordinarily provided. It is apparent that by removing the nuts of the screw-bolts F the plates C may be detached or lowered and the back-bar A then shifted from one socket or space to another, as conditions re- 65 quire. It is obvious that this will be effected by loosening the nuts of the bolts E, so that the ends a' of the bar may be lifted over the ribs c'.

The bar A is preferably constructed of 70 ment is applied. Fig. 3 is a perspective view | spring-steel, and the plates C are of cast malleable iron or any other metal of suitable strength and rigidity. The bar A enables the usual holdback-straps and breeching of harness to be dispensed with and also greatly 75 economizes time in hitching up and unhitching, while its adjustability adapts it to be placed a suitable distance from the cross-bar D, corresponding to the size of the horse or other conditions.

What I claim is—

1. The combination with vehicle-shafts, of a -holdback-bar extended transversely between them, and plates secured to the shafts longitudinally, the portion thereof adjacent to the 85 shafts being reduced in thickness between the ends of the plates and provided with transverse ribs, thus forming sockets adapted to receive the ends of the holdback-bar, and screw-bolts passing through the plates and the 90 bar and serving to secure the same in any required adjustment, substantially as described.

2. The combination, with vehicle-shafts, of a holdback-bar arranged between them, and plates secured to the shafts and arranged lon- 95 gitudinally thereon and provided with a series of transverse sockets adapted to receive the ends of the holdback-bar, and means for securing the ends of the bar detachably in any of the several sockets, substantially as de-

scribed.

3. The combination, with vehicle-shafts, and plates secured to the under side thereof and having a series of equidistant and parallel ribs on their upper sides, of a holdback-bar extended between the shafts and having its ends extended laterally and constructed to fit between the said ribs, and means for clamping them in place, substantially as described.

4. The combination, with vehicle-shafts, and plates secured thereto and provided with a transverse socket, of a holdback-bar extended between the shafts and having its ends constructed to fit in the sockets, and means for securing the bar in the latter, substantially as described.

JAMES THOMAS MILLEN.

Witnesses:

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J. H. Rushing,

C. S. Brazell.