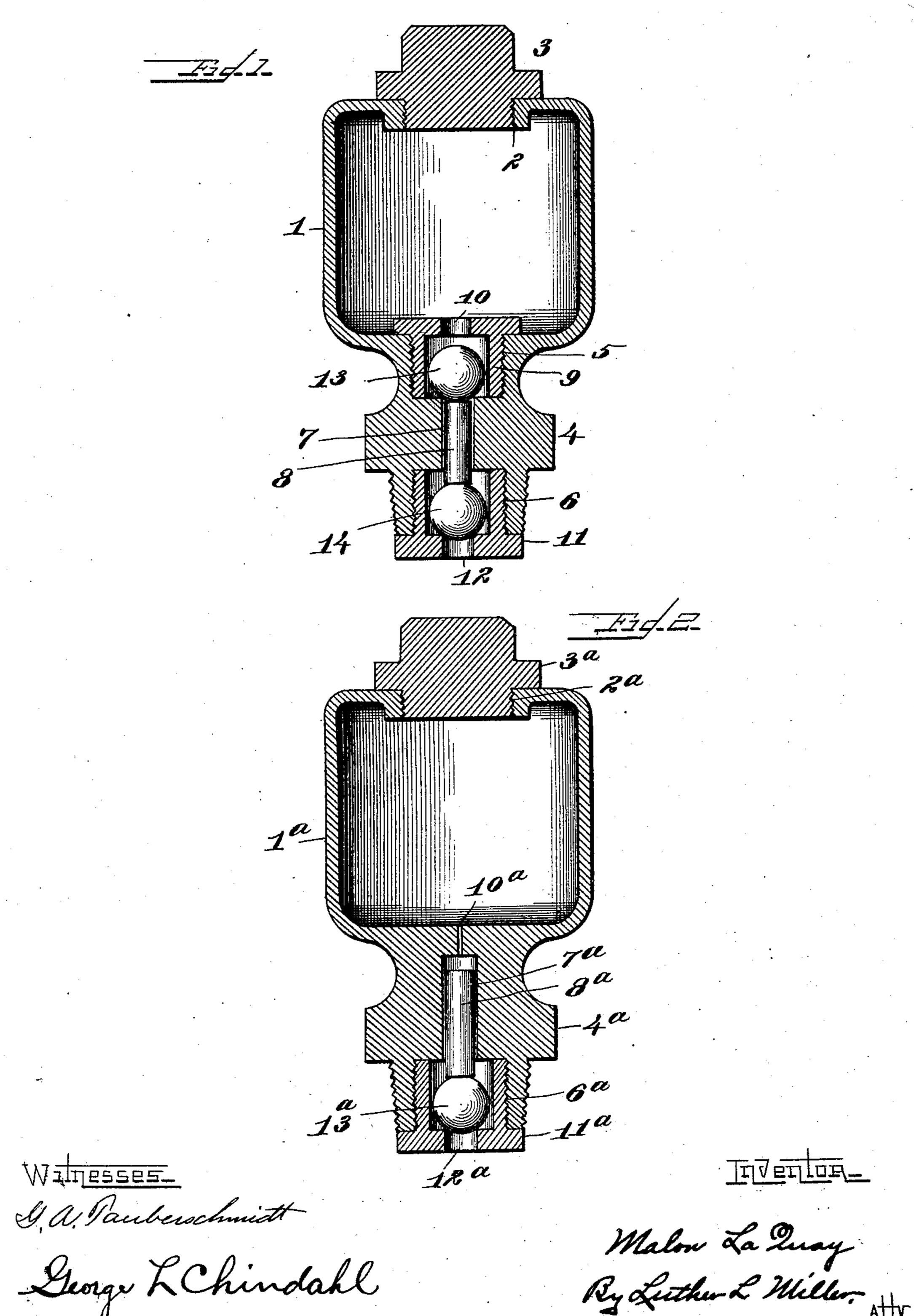
## M. LA QUAY. LUBRICATOR.

APPLICATION FILED DEC. 14, 1903.

NO MODEL.



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## MALON LA QUAY, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

## LUBRICATOR.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 776,188, dated November 29, 1904.

Application filed December 14, 1903. Serial No. 185,157. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Malon La Quay, a citizen of the United States, residing at Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Lubricators, of which the following is a specification.

This invention refers to lubricators, and has for its object the production of a lubricator embodying the several improvements herein-

after pointed out.

The form herein shown is adapted particularly to lubricate the cylinders of air-compressors; but it is also applicable to other uses.

The even application of a small quantity of oil to lubricate a cylinder is much more desirable than the application of a large quantity at intervals, and this even application is obtained by the use of the device hereinafter described.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a vertical central section of a lubricator embodying the features of this invention. Fig. 2 is a similar view showing a modified form

25 of said invention.

In the construction of this improved lubricator I provide an oil-container 1, having a filling-opening 2 at its upper end, adapted to be closed by the screw-threaded closure 3, and 30 provided at its lower end with a stem 4, externally screw-threaded for a portion of its length for purposes of attachment to a cylinder. (Not shown.) In the upper end of the stem 4 I provide a recess 5, opening directly 35 into the interior of the oil-container 1, the side walls of which recess 5 are screw-threaded, and in the lower end of the stem I form a similar recess 6, opening outwardly, the side walls of said last-mentioned recess being also 40 screw-threaded. The recesses 5 and 6 are connected by an opening 7, within which opening lies a sliding oil-feeding plunger 8, fitting loosely within said opening. A ball-cup 9, externally screw-threaded, is adapted to be 45 secured within the recess 5, said ball-cup being provided with an axial opening 10 in its upper wall. A similar ball-cup 11 is adapted to be secured within the recess 6 and is provided with a central opening 12 in its lower

side. A closure-ball 13 is placed within the 5° ball-cup 9 and a similar closure-ball 14 within the ball-cup 11. The ball 13 is adapted to close the upper end of the opening 7 and the opening 10, and the ball 14 is adapted to close the lower end of the opening 7 and the open-55

ing 12.

When the parts are in the position indicated in Fig. 1, oil may be placed within the container 1, and its escape will be prevented by the balls 13 and 14 seating upon the upper 60 edges of the openings 7 and 12. When air or other pressure is exerted upward through the opening 12, the ball 14 is raised to the upper end of the ball-cup 11, which movement also raises the feeding-plunger 8 and the ball 65 13. In this raised position the ball 14 rests against the lower end of the opening 7 and the ball 13 against the opening 10. When pressure is removed from the opening 12, the balls 13 and 14, with the feeding-plunger 8, 7° fall, carrying downward into the ball-cup 11 a very small quantity of oil. At the next upward movement of the balls 13 and 14 and the plunger 8 the oil within the ball-cup 11 flows downward through the opening 12 into the 75 air-compression cylinder, (not shown,) and with the next downward movement of the plunger 8 another minute quantity of oil is introduced, into the ball-cup 11. As will be understood, the quantity of oil fed downward 8c from the ball-cup 9 to the ball-cup 11 at each downward movement of the plunger 8 is very small, being governed by the amount of space between the walls of the opening 7 and the plunger 8.

In the modification shown in Fig. 2, 1° refers to the oil-container, 2° to the filling-opening at its upper end, 3° to the screw-threaded closure for said opening, 4° to the stem, externally screw-threaded at its lower end to 9° provide an attaching means for the cup, and 6° to an internally-threaded recess formed in the lower end of the stem 4°. An opening 7°, containing a feeding-plunger 8°, loosely slidable in said opening, is connected with the in-95 terior of the oil-container 1° by means of the duct 10°. A ball-cup 11°, externally screw-threaded, is adapted to lie within the recess

6°, said ball-cup being provided at its lower end with an opening 12° and containing a ball 13<sup>a</sup>. The ball 13<sup>a</sup> is adapted to be seated upon the upper edges of the opening 12a, and the 5 plunger 8<sup>a</sup> is adapted to contact the upper end of the opening 7°, and thus close the duct 10°. In operation the movable parts of said modilied form of lubricator normally lie in the position shown in Fig. 2, the escape of oil from 10 the container 1a being prevented by the ballclosure 13<sup>a</sup>. When pressure is introduced into the opening 12<sup>a</sup>, the ball 13<sup>a</sup> and the plunger 8<sup>a</sup> are raised. The opening 12<sup>a</sup> being uncovered, a quantity of oil will flow from the 15 interior of the ball-cup 11° into the compression-cylinder. (Not shown.) Upon the reverse movement of the piston within said cylinder the ball 13<sup>a</sup> will be seated upon the opening 12° and the plunger 8° will fall, bringing 20 downward with it into the ball-cup 11a a small quantity of oil. At each upward movement of the ball 13° oil thus escapes into the compression-cylinder, and at each downward movement of the plunger A the ball-cup 11<sup>a</sup> .25 is supplied with oil.

It is apparent that the embodiments herein shown of this invention are susceptible of various modifications without departing from the spirit and scope of my invention, wheresore I desire to have it understood that I do not limit myself to the precise details herein

set forth.

I claim as my invention—

1. In a lubricator, in combination, an oil-35 container having a discharge-passage; a ballclosure for the lower end of said passage; and a feeding-plunger lying within said passage and adapted to rest upon said ball.

2. In a lubricator, in combination, an oil4° container having a discharge-passage; a ballcup at the lower end of said passage; a ball
within said cup for closing the lower end of
said passage; and a feeding-plunger lying

within said discharge-passage and adapted to rest upon said ball-closure.

3. In a lubricator, in combination, an oil-container having a discharge-passage; two ball-cups forming a portion of said passage and located at opposite ends thereof; a ball-closure for said passage within each of said 50 ball-cups; and a feeding-plunger adapted to lie loosely within said passage intermediate said closure-balls.

4. In a lubricator, in combination, an oil-container; a securing-stem for said container, 55 said stem having a recess in each of its ends; a ball-cup in each of said recesses, said stem having a discharge-passage extending through said ball-cups and the stem; a closure-ball for each of said ball-cups; and a plunger adapted 60 to lie in said discharge-passage between said closure-balls and to feed oil through said passage.

5. In a lubricator, in combination, an oil-container having a discharge-passage; a clo-65 sure freely supported within said passage for closing one end thereof; and a second closure also freely supported within said passage for

closing the opposite end thereof.

6. In a lubricator, in combination, an oil- 70 container having a discharge-passage; a closure freely supported within said passage for closing one end thereof; and a second closure also freely supported within said passage for closing the opposite end thereof, said closures 75 being arranged and adapted to move together.

7. In a lubricator, in combination, an oil-container having a discharge-passage; a closure-ball at the opposite ends of said passage for closing said ends; and a plunger within 80 said passage adapted to rest upon one of said balls and to move the other ball.

MALON LA QUAY.

Witnesses:

A. C. Kittleson, George L. Chindahl.