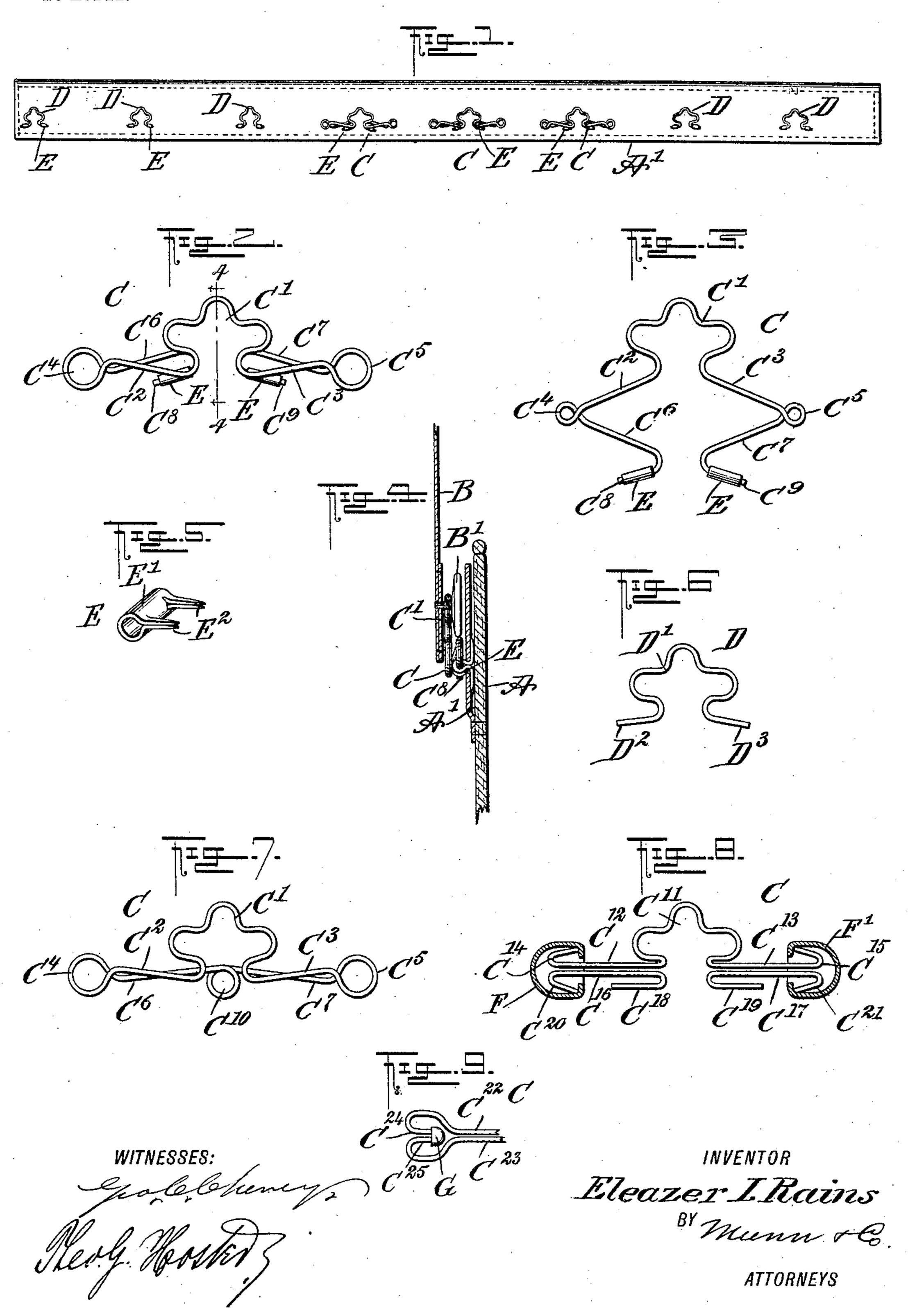
## E. I. RAINS.

## METALLIC BUTTONING DEVICE.

APPLICATION FILED AUG. 2, 1904.

NO MODEL.



## United States Patent Office.

ELEAZER I. RAINS, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

## METALLIC BUTTONING DEVICE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 773,982, dated November 1, 1904.

Application filed August 2, 1904. Serial No. 219,223. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ELEAZER I. RAINS, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of the city of New York, borough of Manhattan, in the county and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Metallic Buttoning Device, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

The invention relates to garment-supporters; and its object is to provide a new and improved metallic buttoning device more especially designed for yieldingly connecting boys'
pants with the shirt-waist or blouse and arranged to readily compensate for strains, especially when the wearer bends over in a forward direction, the device yielding sufficiently
to prevent breaking or tearing of the connected parts.

The invention consists of novel features and parts and combinations of the same, as will be more fully described hereinafter and then pointed out in the claims.

A practical embodiment of the invention is represented in the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which similar characters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the views.

Figure 1 is a face view of the inner side of a waistband provided with the improvement. 30 Fig. 2 is an enlarged face view of the yielding buttoning device in a normal position. Fig. 3 is a like view of the same in an extended strained position. Fig. 4 is a transverse section of the improvement as applied, the sec-35 tion being on the line 4 4 of Fig. 2. Fig. 5 is a perspective view of one of the clips for fastening the buttonhole device in position on the waistband. Fig. 6 is a face view of one of the non-yielding buttonhole devices. Figs. 40 7 and 8 are face views of modified forms of yielding buttoning devices, and Fig. 9 is a face view of a modified form of one of the coils of the buttoning device.

As shown in Fig. 4, a pair of pants A is supported at its waistband A' by the improvement from the buttons B' of a shirt-waist or blouse B, and the said improvement consists of one or more yielding metallic buttoning devices C and non-yielding buttoning devices D,

each of the devices being secured by clips E 50 to the waistband A'.

The yielding devices C are preferably three in number and are attached to the waistband A' at the back thereof, as plainly indicated in Fig. 1, and the non-yielding devices D are secured to the waistband at the sides or hip portions, it being understood that the devices are properly spaced apart and are preferably located in the manner described and shown, as the principal strain when the wearer bends 60 forward is at the back portion of the connected garments, and hence the yielding devices C are located at this particular point.

Each yielding device C is made either from a single piece or a number of pieces of spring- 65 wire. For instance, as shown in Figs. 2, 3, and 7 the device C is made from a single piece of spring-wire, and as shown in Figs. 8 and 9 the device C is formed of two main pieces of spring-wire and connecting-clips. In the de- 70 vice C shown in Figs. 2 and 3 the single piece of spring-wire is bent to form a buttonhole member C', open at the bottom and having the ends of its side arms terminating in side members C<sup>2</sup> and C<sup>3</sup>, extending in oppo- 75 site directions approximately lengthwise of the waistband and terminating at their outer ends in spring-coils C<sup>4</sup> and C<sup>5</sup>, from which extend integrally inwardly and toward each other attaching members C<sup>6</sup> and C<sup>7</sup>, having 80 their terminals C<sup>8</sup> and C<sup>9</sup> engaged by the clips E for securing the yielding device C to the waistband A', as plainly indicated in Figs. 1 and 4. The buttonhole member C' is open at the bottom to permit of readily passing the 85 shank of the button into the buttonhole formed by the member, and the buttonhole is so arranged that the button B' lies on the outer face of the buttonhole member without danger of the button slipping through the button- 90 hole, as will be readily understood by reference to Fig. 4.

When the shirt-waist B is connected by its button B' with the buttonhole member C', attached to the waistband A' of the band A, 95 and the wearer bends in a forward direction, then the strain exerted by the button B' on the buttonhole member C' stretches the but-

ton device C into the position shown in Fig. 3—that is, the members C<sup>2</sup> C<sup>3</sup> and C<sup>6</sup> C<sup>7</sup> are drawn into angular position relative one to the other-this movement being facilitated 5 by the spring-coils C<sup>4</sup> C<sup>5</sup>, connecting the mem-

bers C<sup>2</sup> C<sup>6</sup> and C<sup>3</sup> C<sup>7</sup> with each other. As soon as the wearer straightens up or bends back to a normal position then the resiliency of the spring-wire of which the button device 10 C is made causes an immediate return of the

several parts for the same to assume their normal positions. (Shown in Fig. 2.) From the foregoing it will be seen that each yielding buttoning device C readily compensates

15 for the strain to prevent tearing of the waistband A' or tearing off of the buttons B' on the

supporting-garment.

Each of the clips E above referred to is preferably of the construction shown in Figs. 20 4 and 5—that is, each clip has a tubular portion E', provided at the ends with sets of prongs E<sup>2</sup>, adapted to be passed through the waistband A' and clenched at the outer face thereof, as plainly indicated in Fig. 4. The 25 tubular portion E' is engaged with the corresponding terminal C<sup>s</sup> or C<sup>s</sup>, so as to securely fasten the buttoning device C to the waistband.

Different shapes may be given to the several 30 parts of each yielding buttoning device. For instance, as shown in Fig. 7, the inwardlyextending attaching members C<sup>6</sup> and C<sup>7</sup> terminate in a coil C10, fastened by sewing or otherwise to the waistband A'. As illustrated 35 in Figs. 2 and 7, the members C<sup>2</sup> C<sup>6</sup> and C<sup>3</sup>

C<sup>7</sup> lie one in front of the other; but this is not essential, as the members may be arranged one above the other, as plainly indicated in Fig. 8, and the spring-coils may be given 40 different shapes, as shown in Figs. 8 and 9, without deviating from the spirit of my in-

vention.

As illustrated in Fig. 8, the buttoning device C is formed of two pieces of spring-wire, 45 one piece having the buttonhole member C11, the side members C<sup>12</sup> C<sup>13</sup>, and spring portions C<sup>14</sup> C<sup>15</sup>, while the other piece has the attaching members C16 C17, the terminals C18 C19, and the spring portions C<sup>20</sup> and C<sup>21</sup>. The spring 50 portions C14 and C20 are held in a hood or cap F, and the spring portions C15 and C21 are held in a similar hood F'. The use and operation of this device C is the same as above described in reference to that shown in Fig. 4.

In the modified form shown in Fig. 9 the side members C<sup>22</sup> C<sup>23</sup> have their spring portions C24 C25 rigidly connected with each other by a cap G instead of inclosing the spring portions loosely in the hoods F or F', as shown

60 in Fig. 8. Each non-yielding device D is made of wire formed into a buttonhole member D', similar to the buttonhole member C' above referred to, and the side arms of this buttonhole member D' terminate in outwardly-ex-

tending members D<sup>2</sup> and D<sup>3</sup>, adapted to be en- 65 gaged by clips E for securing the non-yielding buttoning device D to the waistband A', as shown in Fig. 1.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent—7°

1. A buttoning device made of a spring-wire having a buttonhole member for engagement with a button, side members extending in opposite directions from the buttonhole member, attaching members for connection with 75 a waistband, and coils connecting the side members with the said attaching members.

2. In a garment-supporter, the combination with the parts to be fastened together, of a buttoning device made of spring metal di- 80 rectly and rigidly secured to one of the said parts and bent to form a buttonhole member, for engagement with the other part, the said buttoning device having connected sets of relatively yieldable members, of which one 85 set extends sidewise from the said secured portion and the other set extends sidewise from the said buttonhole member.

3. In a garment-supporter, the combination with the parts to be fastened together, of a 9° buttoning device made of spring metal and directly and rigidly secured to one of the said parts and bent to form a buttonhole member. for engagement with the other part, the said buttoning device having connected sets of 95 members, of which one set extends sidewise from the said fastened portion and the other set extends sidewise from the said buttonhole member, the members of one set being connected with the members of the other set by 100 spring-coils.

4. A garment-supporter provided with a buttonhole member made of wire bent to form a buttonhole, open at one end, and attaching members extending integrally from the side 105 arms of the buttonhole, and provided at their

extremities with clips.

5. A garment-supporter provided with a buttonhole member made of wire bent to form a buttonhole, open at one end, and members 110 extending integrally from the side arms of the buttonhole and in opposite directions, and provided with means for direct and rigid attachment of the device to a garment.

6. A buttoning device for yieldingly con- 115 necting two garments with each other and made of spring-wire bent to form a buttonhole member, open at the bottom, side members extending outwardly in opposite directions and integrally from the ends of the side 120 arms of the said buttonhole member, springcoils on the outer ends of the said side members, and attaching members extending inwardly toward each other from the said coils, and provided with means for direct and rigid 125 attachment of the device to a garment.

7. A buttoning device for yieldingly connecting two garments with each other and

made of spring-wire bent to form a buttonhole member, open at the bottom, side members extending outwardly in opposite directions and integrally from the ends of the side
arms of the said buttonhole member, springcoils on the outer ends of the said side members, attaching members extending inwardly
toward each other from the said coils, and
means for securing the inner terminals of the
said attaching members to the garment to be
supported.

8. A waistband provided at the back with a plurality of yielding metallic buttonhole members, spaced apart, and a plurality of non-

yielding buttonhole members at the sides of 15 the waistband and likewise spaced apart, the members first named each comprising lateral branches extending therefrom, in opposite directions, attaching branches for connection with the band, and coils connecting the two 20 sets of said branches.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

ELEAZER I. RAINS.

Witnesses:

THEO. G. HOSTER, EVERARD BOLTON MARSHALL.