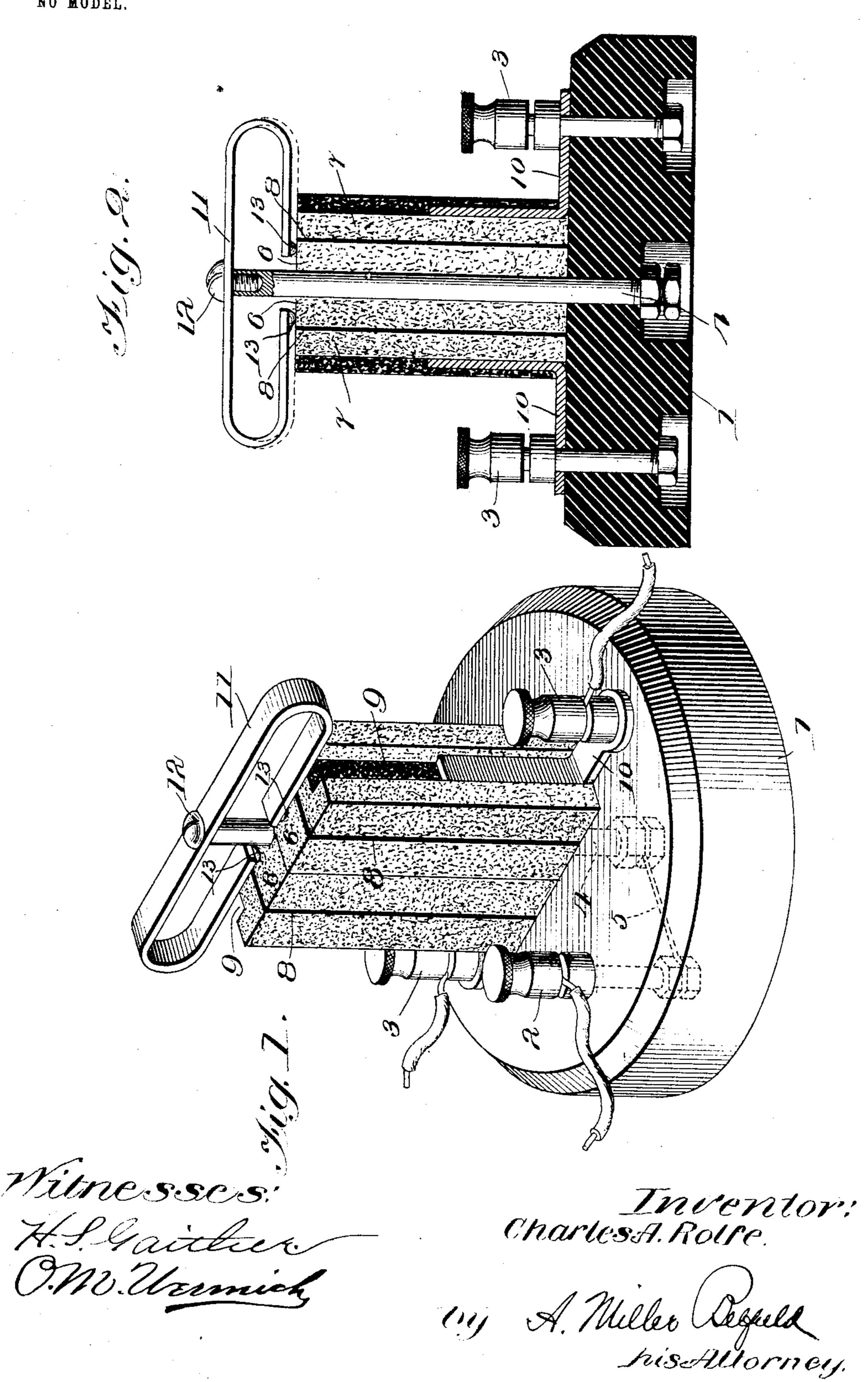
C. A. ROLFE. LIGHTNING ARRESTER. APPLICATION FILED JAN. 21, 1903.

NO MODEL.



United States Patent Office.

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LIGHTNING-ARRESTER.

EPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 768,196, dated August 23, 1904.

Original application filed April 21, 1902, Serial No. 104,021. Divided and this application filed January 21, 1903. Serial No. 140,012. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Charles A. Rolfe, a citizen of the United States, residing at Adrian, in the county of Lenawee and State of Michisan, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Lightning - Arresters, of which the following is a full, clear, concise, and exact description, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification.

My invention relates to lightning-arresters for relieving low-tension circuits of high potentials, such as lightning discharges and the like.

The object of my invention is to provide a simple, practical, and inexpensive form of lightning-arrester.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective view of a lightning-arrester embodying my present invention. Fig. 2 is a vertical section of the same.

The lightning-arrester which I have shown in the drawings for illustrating my invention is provided with a base 1, which is under-25 stood to be of insulating material, such as porcelain, hard rubber, or the like. The base 1 is provided with three terminal posts 2 and 33, whereof the post 2 is to be connected with the ground and the posts 3 3 with the 3° opposite sides of the line which is to be protected by the arrester. The base 1 is also provided with a vertically-arranged metallic post 4, whose lower end is connected with the ground terminal 2, as by a conductor 5. Ar-35 ranged on opposite sides of the post4 are two sets or pairs of carbon electrodes or terminals 6 6 and 7 7, whereof the electrodes 6 6 are arranged next to and in contact with the post 4 and the electrodes 77 are arranged 4° on the outer sides of the electrodes 6 6 and | are separated therefrom by small sheets or strips of insulating material 8 8, such as mica. The outer electrodes 77 are desirably grooved, as at 9 9, and the terminal posts 3 3 are pro-45 vided with contacts 10 10, made angle-shaped and having their upright ends adapted to fit

in the grooves 9 9 and tending to spring in-

wardly against the bottoms of such grooves. In this way the contacts 10 10 serve to make connection between opposite sides of the line 50 and the line-electrodes 7 7 and also to hold these electrodes in position and force them inwardly, so as to hold the inner electrodes 6 6 also in position in connection with the post 4.

The post 4 is provided at its upper end with a loop-spring 11, properly secured thereto, as by a screw 12, fitting into the upper end of the post, and the lower ends of the spring 11 are arranged above the tops of the various 60 electrodes. These ends, however, are held out of contact with the line-electrodes 77 by small masses or balls 13 13, of readily-softenable material, such as solder, which balls or masses 13 13 are inserted under the inner ends of the 65 spring and rest upon the ground-carbons 6 6. The ends of the spring are adapted, however, and normally tend to spring downwardly and make contact with the line-carbons 77. Thus when lightning or other high potential in- 70 trudes upon the line it escapes from the linecarbons 77 to the spring 11 and thence to ground, and this arcing action across the space between the line-carbons and the spring causes a melting or softening of the balls 1313, where 75 upon the ends of the spring descend, thereby making connection between either or both of the line-carbons 7.7 and the ground by way of the spring 11.

To renew the arrester, a new ball or balls 80 13 are supplied and inserted in position, thereby separating the ends of the spring 11 from the line-carbons 77, as before. Either pair of electrodes 67 or both can be withdrawn by turning the spring 11 about its pivotal conection with the post and then drawing the electrodes upwardly.

It will be understood that while I have shown this lightning-arrester in the form of a single device adapted for a single circuit it can read- 90 ily be assembled in large numbers and mounted upon boards for central stations.

It will be obvious that the construction herein shown and described can be varied or modi-

fied without departing from the spirit of my invention.

The lightning-arrester herein is shown and described in my application, Serial No. 5 104,021, filed by me April 21, 1902, but is not claimed therein. The present application is intended as a divisional application of said other application.

What I claim is—

10 1. In a lightning-arrester, the combination with the ground-electrode, of line-electrodes on opposite sides of the ground-electrode, a spring supported above the ground-electrode, and extending on opposite sides to the line-electrodes, and softenable material interposed between the spring and ground-electrode so as to hold the same normally out of contact with the line-electrode, substantially as described,

2. The combination with ground-electrodes, of line-electrodes arranged on opposite sides thereof and separated therefrom by insulating material, a post extending up between the ground-electrodes and provided at its upper

end with a spring which extends out and over 25 the two line-electrodes, and small quantities of softenable material interposed between the ground-electrodes and the spring to hold the latter normally out of contact with the line-electrodes, substantially as described. 3°

3. The combination with opposite pairs of carbon electrodes 6, 6, and 7, 7, of a post 4 extending up between the ground-electrodes 6, 6, a spring 11 connected to the upper end of the post and having its ends arranged over 35 the electrodes 6, 6, and 7, 7, and tending to spring downwardly toward the same, and small quantities 13, 13, of readily-softenable solder interposed between the inner ends of the spring 11 and the ground-electrodes 6, 6, 4° substantially as described.

In witness whereof I hereunto subscribe my name this 1st day of May, A. D., 1902.

CHARLES A. ROLFE.

Witnesses:

A. MILLER BELFIELD,

I. C. Lee.