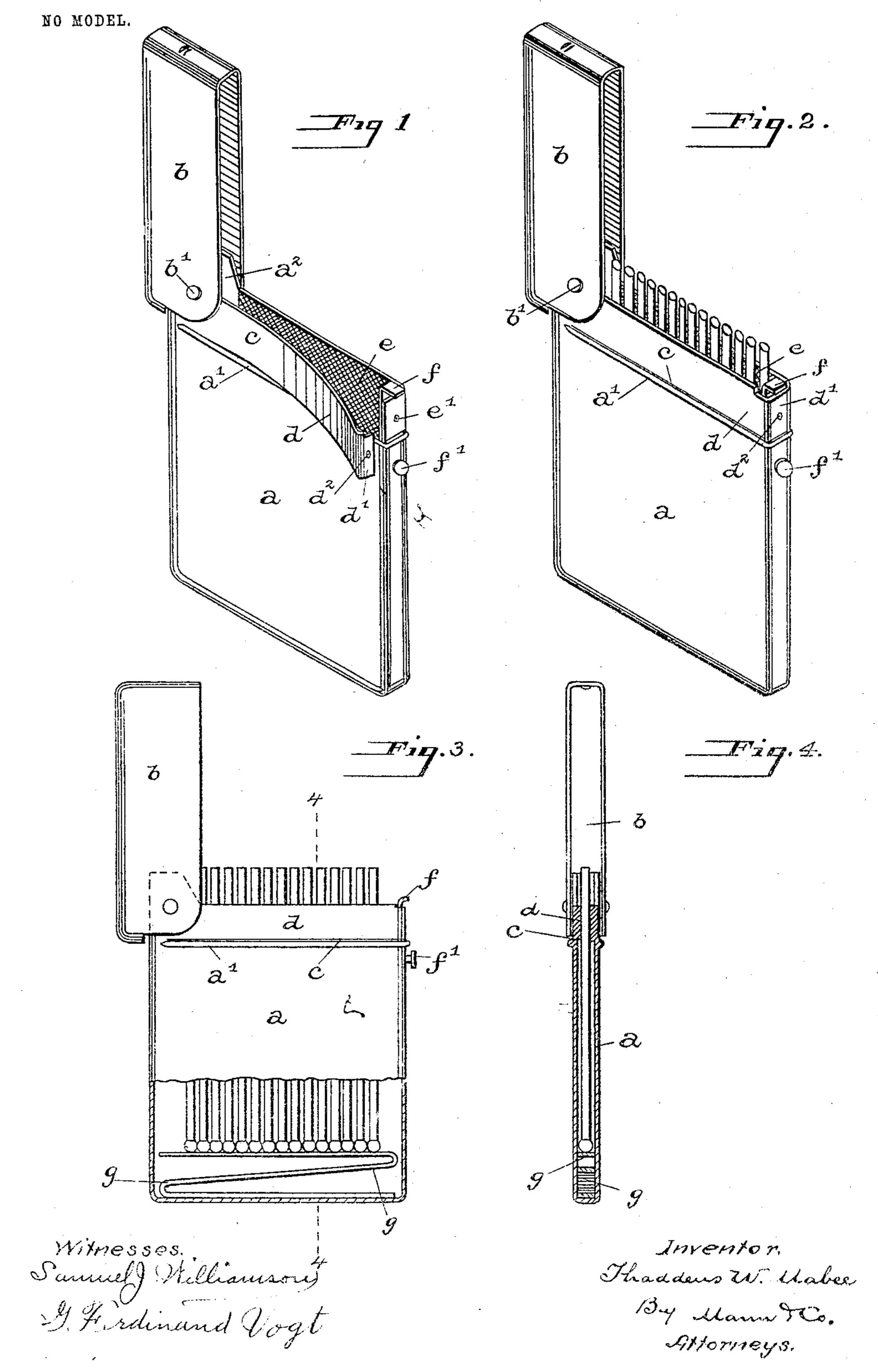
## T. W. MABEE. MATCH BOX. APPLICATION FILED DEC. 5, 1903.



## United States Patent Office.

THADDEUS W. MABEE, OF BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

## MATCH-BOX.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 764,895, dated July 12, 1904.

Application filed December 5, 1903. Serial No. 183,881. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Thaddeus W. Mabee, a citizen of the United States, residing at Baltimore, State of Maryland, have invented cer-5 tain new and useful Improvements in Match-Boxes, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in match-boxes.

One object of the invention is to provide a pocket match-box of an improved construction whereby the box will be adapted for the reception of matches varying in length—that is, the matches placed in the box at one time 15 may be of a different length from those placed therein at another time and yet be in a position to be automatically ignited.

Another object of the invention is to provide an improved construction for holding 20 the matches firmly in place instead of loosely and also for igniting the matches, if desired, by the act of extracting them from the box.

The invention is illustrated in the accom-

panying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view of the matchbox as it appears when opened and ready for the reception of matches. Fig. 2 is also a perspective view of the box after the matches have been placed therein. Fig. 3 is a side 30 elevation of the box, the lower portion of one side wall being broken away to illustrate the movable support in the bottom for the lower end of the matches; and Fig. 4 is a vertical sectional view on the line 4 4.

In the drawings, a designates a receptacle of any suitable form, preferably flat and thin, and provided near its upper edge with a bead a', which forms a stop for the bottom edge of the lid b, which is pivoted at b' to extensions 40  $a^2$ , that project vertically from opposite walls of the receptacle. Immediately above and extending along the bead a' one of the side walls of the box is provided with a horizontal slit c, which extends from the front wall to-45 ward the rear. This slit severs the said side wall of the box and forms above the bead an arm d, which is bent so as to normally spring laterally away from the receptacle, and this spring-arm is provided at its free end with a 50 flange d', which has on its exterior a depression or indentation  $d^2$ , that forms an internal

projection for a purpose to be presently described. The inner surface of this springarm as well as the inner surface of the opposite side wall are both provided with a rough- 55 ened or serrated surface e, which latter confront each other. The remaining portions of the walls of the box above the bead are preferably stationary, and the front portion of said wall is provided with an indentation e'; 60 which receives the projection formed by the indentation  $d^2$  in the flange d' and serves as a clip device to hold the spring-arm d in the closed position.

A spring-operated catch device f, of any 65 suitable construction, to hold the lid b when closed has position at the front of the box, and in the present instance is designed to be operated by a push-button f' on the exterior of the box.

A flat spring g has position in the bottom of the box and forms a movable or yielding support for the head ends of the matches to rest on, and this spring-support is constructed so that its supporting-surface may be moved 75 vertically and at all times remain in a horizontal plane.

When it is desired to fill the box with matches, the lid b is raised and the spring clamp-arm d disengaged at the front and 80 allowed to swing outwardly, as seen in Fig. 1, and the box then is in readiness to receive the matches. It is preferable that the matches to be placed in the box at any one time all be of an equal length; but it makes no difference 85 what that length may be. They may sometimes be shorter and sometimes longer. The matches are now placed in the box with their head ends resting on the movable spring-support and their upper ends projecting from 90 the open end of the box. It will thus be seen that the match-stems will all have position between the two serrated surfaces e; but the matches are free to be moved longitudinally. The finger is now placed over the projecting 95 ends of the matches, and the latter are pushed into the box and the spring-support g compressed until the ends of the matches project above the side walls just far enough to be readily grasped and are then held in that po- 100 sition. The spring-arm d is now moved toward the matches until the clip device on the

flange d' will engage the indentation e', and when in this position the arm will have been moved close enough to the opposite serrated side wall to clamp the match-stems between 5 the serrated surfaces e and hold the stems and spring-support pressed down. The clip device will then hold the arm in the clamped position. The finger can now be removed from the ends of the matches, and it will be 10 found that the spring-arm will clamp the match-stems tight enough to hold the springsupport g in the depressed position. The projecting ends of the matches may now be grasped one at a time and drawn from between 15 the serrated surfaces e, the spring clamp-arm d being elastic enough to permit the withdrawal of the match, and the stem being withdrawn will be scraped or cut by the serrated surfaces, and as the head end of the match 20 passes between said surfaces the same will be ignited. It will also be seen that the point where the match is ignited is remote from the heads of the remaining matches and all danger of accidentally igniting the latter is re-25 moved.

In Fig. 4 the spring-arm d and the side opposite said arm are shown of a greater thickness than the lower portion of the box, for the reason that the head end of a match is larger than the opposite end and the interior of the box below the spring-arm d is wider to accommodate the larger head end of the match, so that as the match is withdrawn the head will not scrape against the walls of the box with enough friction to ignite the same before it reaches the serrated surfaces.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. In a match-box the combination with a

flat thin receptacle having its broad side wall provided with a cross-slit, said side wall below said cross-slit being stationary and above said slit being movable to form a clamp-arm, means for holding said clamp-arm in engage-45 ment with the match-stems, and a lid pivoted to the receptacle and arranged to fit down over said clamp-arm.

2. In a match-box the combination with a receptacle having a side wall provided with a 50 cross-slit parallel with the top opening, said slit dividing the said wall into a lower stationary and an upper movable portion, said upper movable portion forming a match-clamp at the top opening of said receptacle; means 55 for holding the movable portion in contact with the match-stems, and a movable or yielding support in the bottom of said receptacle on which the lower ends of the matches may rest.

3. In a match-box the combination with a receptacle provided with a bead near its open end and having a slit which extends in a direction parallel with said bead which divides the side wall of the receptacle into a lower 65 stationary portion and an upper movable portion; a yielding support in the bottom of said receptacle which tends to project the matches from the receptacle; means for holding the movable portion of the side wall against the 70 match-stems to keep the latter and the yielding support from moving toward the receptacle-opening and a lid arranged to swing down over the movable portion of the side wall.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in 75

the presence of two witnesses.

THADDEUS W. MABEE.

Witnesses:

G. FERDINAND VOGT, SAMUEL J. WILLIAMSON.