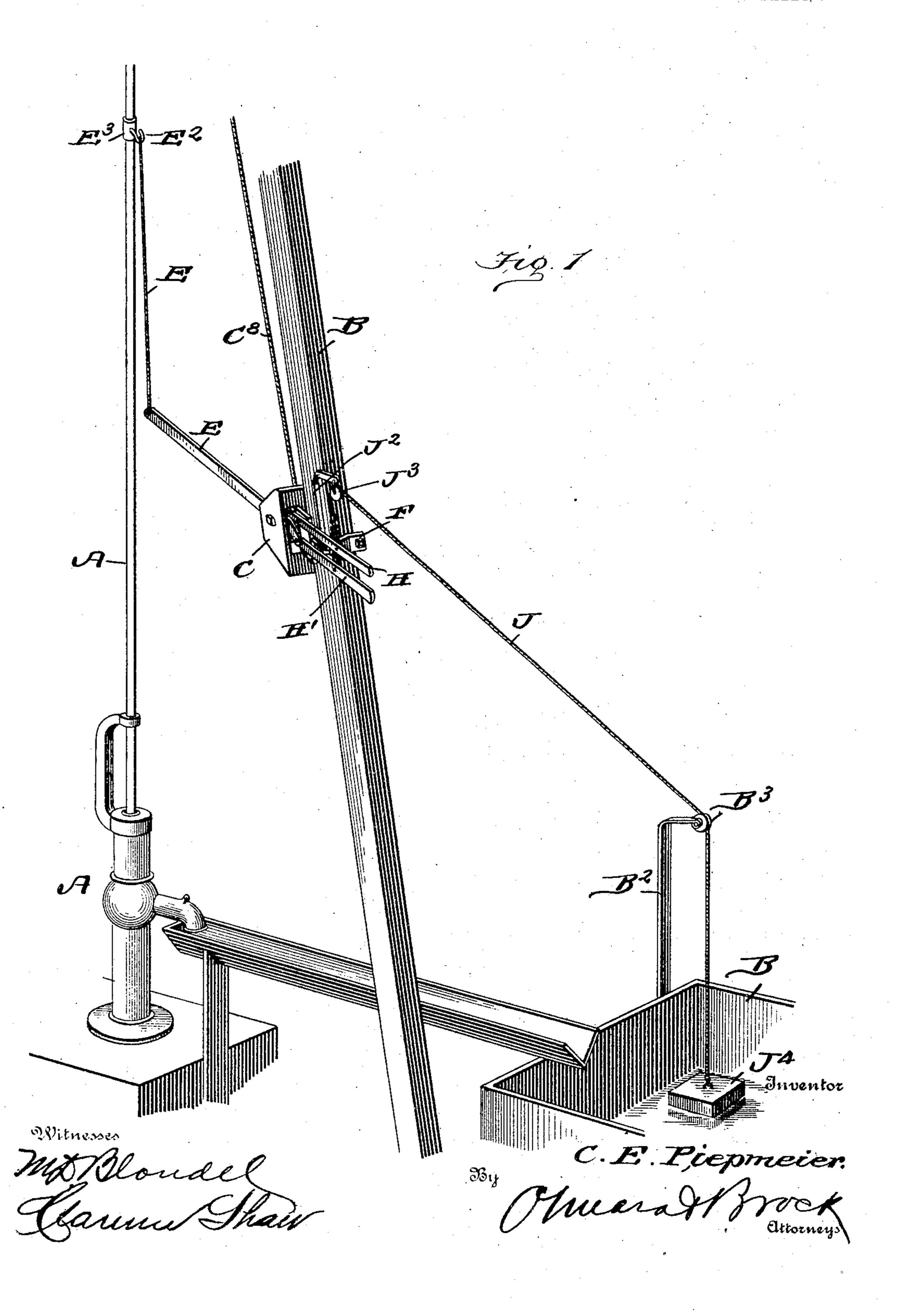
C. E. PIEPMEIER. WINDMILL REGULATOR.

APPLICATION FILED OCT. 28, 1903.

NO MODEL.

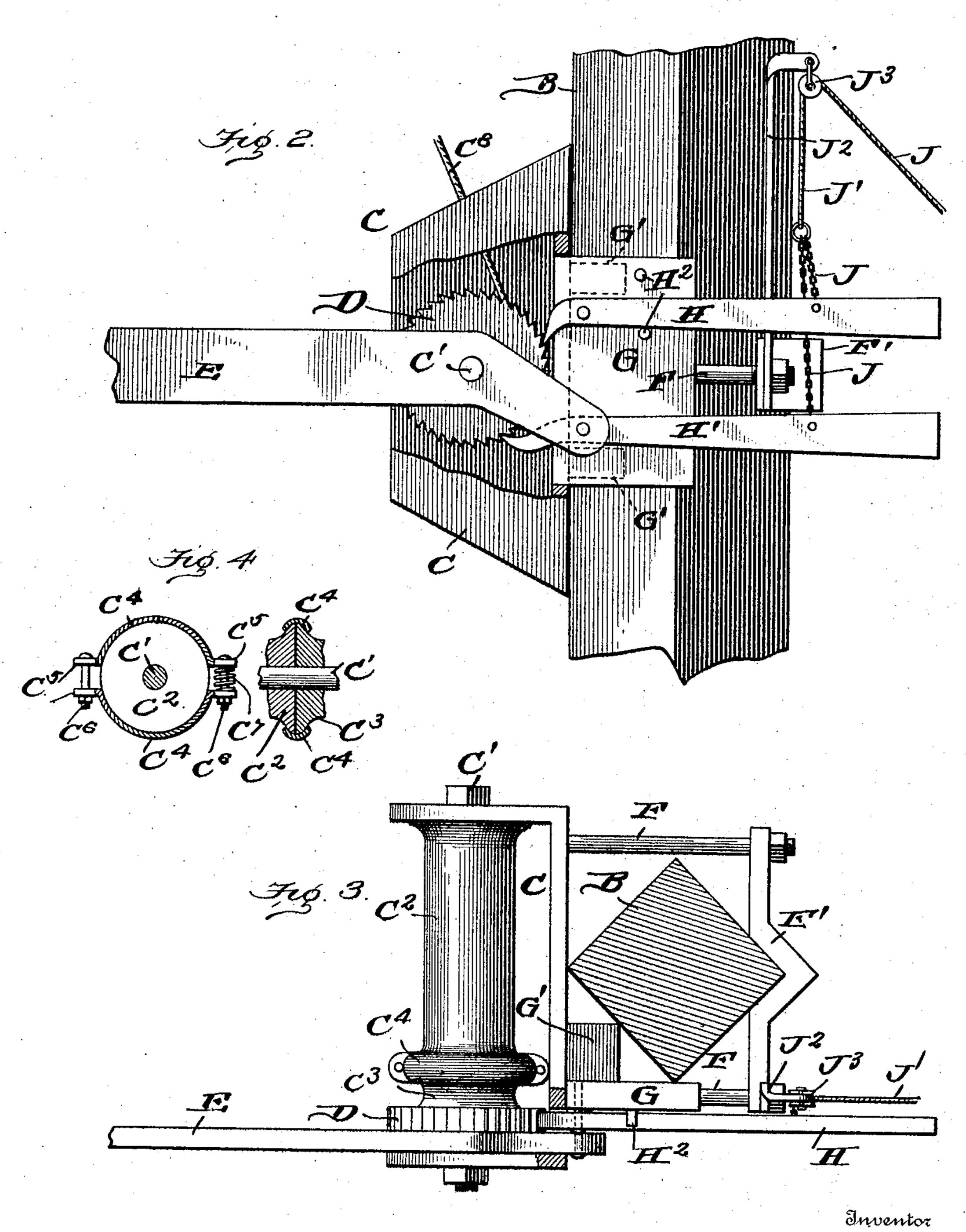
2 SHEETS—SHEET 1.



C. E. PIEPMEIER. WINDMILL REGULATOR. APPLICATION FILED OUT. 28, 1903.

NO MODEL.

2 SHEETS-SHEET 2.



C.E. Piepmeier.

Mot Bloude Shaw,

Mearal Brock attorneys

United States Patent Office.

CHARLES ENOS PIEPMEIER, OF ROCKVILLE, MISSOURI.

WINDMILL-REGULATOR.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 764,627, dated July 12, 1904.

Application filed October 28, 1903. Serial No. 178,921. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Charles Enos PierMeier, a citizen of the United States, residing
at Rockville, in the county of Bates, State of
Missouri, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Windmill-Regulators, of which
the following is a specification.

This invention is an improved attachment for windmills, and is designed to regulate the flow of water in tanks, &c., supplied by a pump operated by a windmill, the device pulling the windmill out of the wind when the tank is full and permitting the wheel to fall into the wind and resume the pumping operation when the supply falls.

My invention consists of the novel features of construction and combination of parts hereinafter described, particularly pointed out in the claims, and shown in the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view showing the practical application of my device. Fig. 2 is a side elevation of my device attached to a tower-post, a side of the casing being broken away. Fig. 3 is a plan view, the post being in section. Fig. 4 is a detail side and a detail sectional view illustrating the clutch mechanism.

In the drawings, A represents a suitable pump having a pump-rod A' actuated by the wheel (not shown) of a windmill of any desired make or construction.

B represents one of the tower-posts supporting the windmill; B', a tank supplied with 35 water by the pump; B2, a standard carried by the tank and carrying at its upper end an idle pulley B³. A casing C is adapted to be secured to the post B. The casing consists of side and back pieces and is open in the front 4° and at the top. Should it be desired to protect the mechanism from the weather, the casing may be closed at the top, the top being perforated to permit the cable C⁸ to run through. Arranged in the casing C is a shaft 45 C', having a sectional drum secured thereon. The drum has a cable-section C², which forms the main portion of the drum, and an adjoining section C³. A shoulder is formed at the meeting ends of these two sections, and a clutch |

C⁴ fits over the shoulders and binds the two 50 sections together. This clutch is formed in two semicircular sections, each concaved to fit over a portion of the shoulder. Ears are formed at the ends of each section, as shown at C5, and a suitable bolt and nut C6 connect 55 the alining ears of the sections, a spring C⁷ being coiled around each bolt between the two ears. By tightening the nuts the sections will be drawn closer together, and consequently will bind more tightly on the shoul- 60 ders. The cable C⁸ is connected at one end to the drum-section C² and at the opposite end to the wheel of the windmill and is adapted to draw the wheel out of the wind when wound on the drum.

A ratchet-wheel D is arranged on the shaft C' adjacent the drum-section C³ and is secured to same in any suitable manner, or the section C³ and the ratchet D may be formed in one piece if the drum is made of metal. An arm 7° E is loosely journaled on the shaft between the side of the casing and the ratchet-wheel D, its inner end being bent downwardly to the rear of the shaft C'. To the forward end of the arm is connected one end of a rope E', 75 the upper end of which is connected to a hook E², carried by a sleeve E³, secured on the pump-rod A'.

Projecting rearwardly from the casing C are rods F, threaded at their outer ends. A 80 plate F' is angled intermediate its ends to fit a corner of the post, and the end portions of the plate are perforated to fit over the rods F. This plate is arranged on the opposite side of the post from the casing C and is held 85 in position by suitable nuts fitting over the threaded ends of the rods F.

A plate G is held against one side of the post, the plate having blocks G' on its inner side, which are held between the rear side plate of 90 the casing C and the post. A dog H is pivoted to the plate G, and its forward curved end engages the ratchet-wheel D. A dog H' is pivoted to the inner bent portion of the arm E and is adapted to engage the under side of 95 the ratchet-wheel D. Stop-pins H² are carried by the plate G above and below the dog H, the upper one limiting its upward move-

ment and the lower one preventing the dog from falling with too much force into engage-

ment with the ratchet-wheel teeth.

A chain J is connected at one end to the 5 dog H and at the opposite end to the dog H', its intermediate portion passing through a ring carried by a cable J'. A standard J' is carried by the plate G and at its upper end carries an idle pulley J³, over which the chain 10 J' passes. This cable passes also over the pulley B³ and at its lower end is attached to

a float in the tank B'.

The operation of my device is as follows: The arm E rises and falls with the strokes of 15 the pump-rod, the regulator working on the upstroke only. As the float J⁴ rises the dogs H and H' are drawn into engagement with the ratchet-wheel D through the medium of the cable J' and chain J. The movement of 20 the arm E will actuate the dog H' and rotate the ratchet-wheel D, the dog H holding what has been gained by the dog H', thus gradually winding the cable C⁸ on the drum and drawing the wheel out of the wind, when the pump-25 ing operation will cease. When the water in the tank falls, the float will also fall, drawing the dogs away from the ratchet-wheel and permitting the wheel to again turn into the wind and the pumping operation to be resumed.

The clutch mechanism prevents the breaking of the cable C⁸ by reason of a sudden shift in the wind at a time when the wheel was out of the wind, the clutch allowing the ratchet-wheel and section C3 of the drum to 35 turn while the section C² is held stationary

by the cable C⁸.

It is obvious that minor changes can be made in the device and also in the arrangement of the various parts with reference to 40 each other without departing from the spirit of my invention.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by

Letters Patent, is—

1. The combination with a windmill, pump, and pump-rod, of a casing having a shaft and drum therein, a cable extending from the windmill-wheel to the drum adapted to wind on the latter and draw the wheel out of the wind, 50 a ratchet-wheel connected to the drum, an arm journaled on the drum-shaft and bent

downward in the rear of the shaft, a flexible connection between the forward end of the arm and the pump-rod, a pivoted dog adapted to engage said ratchet-wheel, a second dog 55 pivoted to the inner end portion of the arm and adapted to engage the ratchet and adapted to rotate said wheel as the arm rises and falls, and means for drawing the dogs out of engagement with the ratchet at a predeter- 60 mined time.

2. A device of the kind comprising a sectional drum, a cable secured at one end to the drum and adapted to draw the wheel of a windmill out of the wind when wound upon 65 the drum, a ratchet-wheel connected to the other section of the drum, a clutch connecting the sections and adapted to permit the rotation of the ratchet and section of the drum connected thereto independent of the 70 section on which the cable is wound, means operable by a pump-rod for actuating said ratchet-wheel, the said pump-rod being driven by the windmill-wheel, a float arranged in a supply-tank, and means connecting the float 75 and the ratchet-actuating means and adapted to throw the latter out of engagement with the ratchet-wheel when the water in the tank

has risen to a predetermined level.

3. In a device of the kind described, a drum, 80 a cable secured at one end to the drum and adapted when wound on the drum to draw a windmill-wheel out of the wind, a ratchetwheel arranged adjacent the drum, an arm arranged adjacent said wheel, means for con-85 necting the outer end of said arm to a pumprod actuated by the windmill, a dog pivoted to said arm and adapted to engage the ratchetwheel and rotate same when the arm is actuated, a dog adapted to coact with the first- 90 mentioned dog and prevent reverse rotation of the ratchet-wheel, a float arranged in a tank supplied by the pump operated by the windmill, a cable connecting said float and the dogs and adapted to withdraw them from en- 95 gagement with the ratchet-wheel when the float has risen to a predetermined level, sub-

stantially as described. CHARLES ENOS PIEPMEIER.

Witnesses:

W. E. HEYLE, MARY HEYLE.