H. E. DALLY.

BEET HARVESTER.

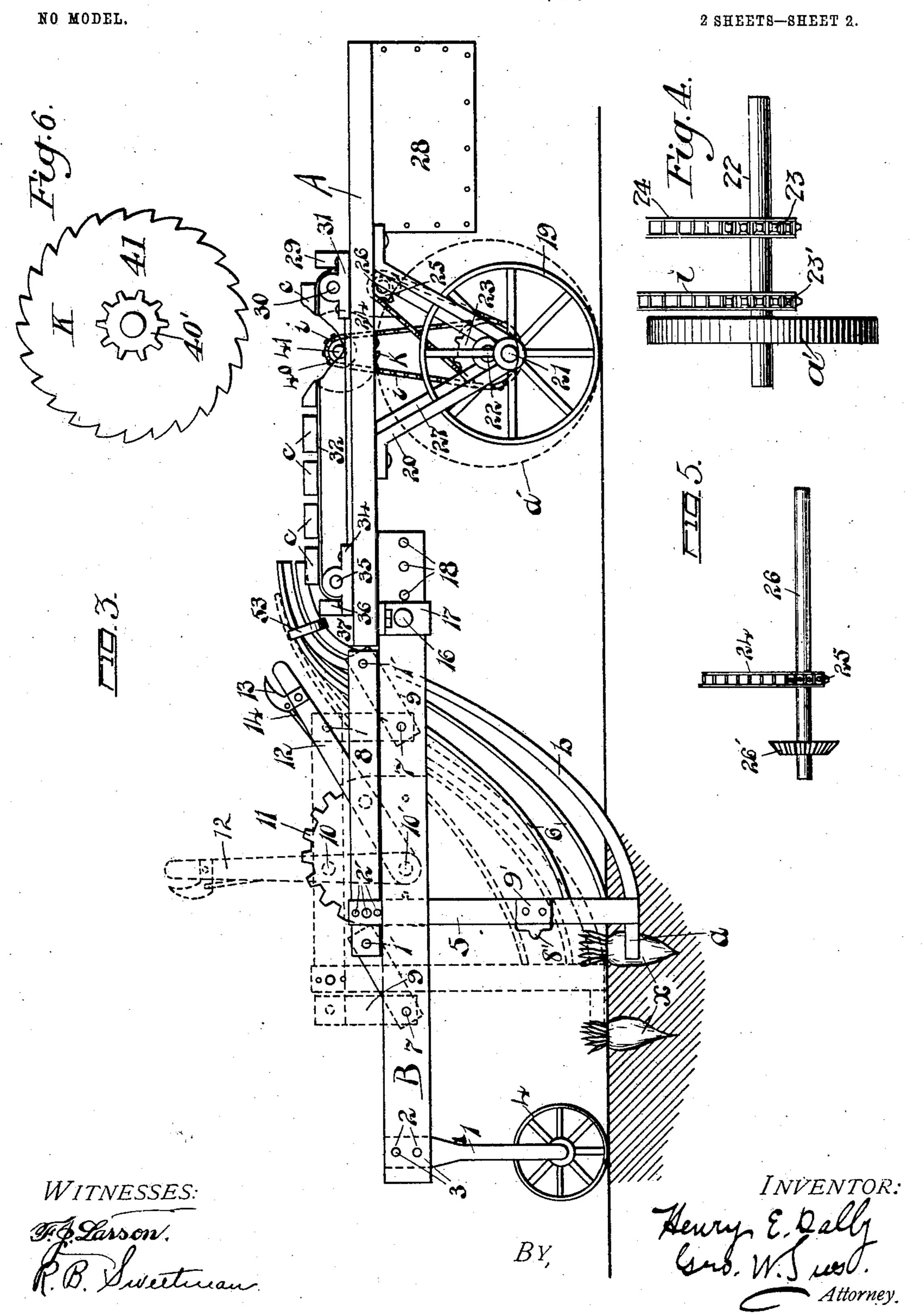
NO MODEL.

W. 6. Windson.

APPLICATION FILED SEPT. 18, 1902. 2 SHEETS-SHEET 1. INVENTOR: : WITNESSES:

H. E. DALLY. BEET HARVESTER.

APPLICATION FILED SEPT. 18, 1902.



United States Patent Office.

HENRY E. DALLY, OF KENNARD, NEBRASKA.

BEET-HARVESTER.

SFECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 762,390, dated June 14, 1904.

Application filed September 18, 1902. Serial No. 123,891. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HENRY E. DALLY, residing at Kennard, in the county of Washington and State of Nebraska, have invented certain 5 useful Improvements in Beet-Harvesters; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same, to reference being had to the accompanying drawings, which form a part of this specification.

This invention relates to a new and useful

improvement in beet-harvesters.

The aim of my invention is to provide a beetharvester adapted to be carried through the field, so that the beets may be loosened from and within the earth and be forced up an incline and then be deposited upon their sides 20 upon an endless apron upon which they are held while being advanced to a knife or cutter which removes the tops, the topless beets finally being deposited within a suitable receptacle.

In the accompanying drawings I have shown, in Figure 1, a top view of a beet-harvester embodying my invention. Fig. 2 shows a detail of the shaft supporting the rear end of the endless apron or conveyer. Fig. 3 shows a side 30 elevation of my beet-harvester. Fig. 4 shows a detail of one of the supporting-wheels provided with the main driving-shaft. Fig. 5 shows a detail of the shaft used to operate the conveyer driving-shaft. Fig. 6 shows a detail 35 of the knife or cutter, disclosing the attached

chain-sprocket.

In carrying out the aim of my invention I provide a platform A, with a supporting-wheel upon each side working within hangers, one 40 of the wheels being marked 19 and shown in 21 within the hanger 20. Upon the opposite side the wheel a' is somewhat larger than the wheel 19, and this wheel a' is supported by 45 means of a stub-axle 22, held within a suitable hanger 27, as shown in Figs. 3 and 4.

Secured to the bottom of the platform A is a rectangular frame B, secured within the ears 17 by means of the screws 16, as shown in Fig. 5° 3. In front this three-sided projecting frame,

as shown in Fig. 1, is provided with the caster-wheels 4, supported by the brackets 1, secured by the bolts 2 to the frame B. Further secured to the projecting frame B are four counterpart upright bars 9, pivotally held by 55 means of the bolt 7, as disclosed in Fig. 3. These bars 9, used in sets of twos, are connected above to the longitudinal bars 8 by means of the pivot-pins 1', so that these two bars 88 may be raised and lowered, one of 60 them being secured by means of a pin 10 to the lever 12, as disclosed in Fig. 3. This operating-lever 12 is provided with the thumblatch 13, having the projecting bar 14 adapted to work within the notched sector 11, so that 65 these horizontally-disposed bars 8 may be raised and lowered, these members being locked by means of the lever 12 and the gearsector 11.

Depending from the horizontal bars 8 are 70 the knife-yokes 55', each provided below with the knife e, from which extends an inner runner b, which runner is carried upward and curved backward, as is disclosed in Fig. 3.

Extending from each knife-yoke 5 5' are a 75 plurality of grate-bars 6, which also run upward and curve over the platform A, the gratebars secured to the knife-yoke 5' being curved entirely over the connected runner b, as is dis-

closed in Fig. 1.

The grate-bars 6 and 6', secured to the knifeyoke 5, are strengthened by the transverse bar 51, secured by the hanger 61' and provided with the additional grate-bars 16', which are secured to the strengthening-rods 52 and 85 53, as clearly shown in Fig. 1. The gratebars 6, secured to the knife-yoke 5', it will be noticed, extend entirely over the runner b, secured to the knife-yoke 5. The yokes 5 and 5' are connected by the transverse connecting- 90 Fig. 3, this wheel being held upon a stub-axle | rod 8', provided at the ends with the ears 9', whereby the rod is fastened to the yoke members, as is shown in Fig. 3. By means of the lever 12 these knife-yokes 5 and 5' may be carried into or out of the earth and be adjustably 95 held therein. In Fig. 3 the extreme upward position of the knives e is shown in dotted lines. These inner runners b are placed a suitable distance apart and are intended to be carried a suitable distance below the sugar- 100

beets, as is disclosed in Fig. 3, so that as the machine is advanced the earth and sugar-beet will be pushed upward between the runners b, each successive sugar-beet x pressing and 5 forcing the one to the rear upward. The gratebars 6 and 6' permit the dirt dropping off of the beets in passing upward. The beets in being elevated are finally tilted to one side by means of the bars 6, secured to the knife-yoke 5', so 10 that the beets finally rest upon their sides upon the grate members 6 6' and 16', extending from the knife-yoke 5, and from these bars the beets are finally dropped upon an endless apron 32, which is provided with a plurality 15 of triangular blocks c', forming pockets into which the beets drop. In Fig. 1 a beet x is shown within one of the pockets upon the endless apron or belt 32, the blocks c' being secured by the pins 1'. This endless apron or 20 conveyer is supported upon two drums, one held upon the shaft 35, as shown in Fig. 3, working within the bearings 34, and the other upon the shaft 30, (shown in detail in Fig. 2,) provided with the drum 30'. In order to ac-25 tuate this endless apron, the shaft 30 is provided with the bevel-gear 50, which is in mesh with a bevel-gear 26', (shown in Fig. 5,) secured to a shaft 26, which is suitably supported and connected to the platform A, so that the shaft 30 26 is properly held in order that its bevel-gear 26' may come in mesh with the gear 50. In Fig. 3 the position of these shafts 30 and 26 is indicated. The shaft 26 is further provided with a chain-sprocket 25, over which extends 35 a chain 24, which passes over the chainsprocket 23, secured to the shaft 22, as shown in Fig. 3. This shaft 22, as shown in Fig. 4, is further provided with a chain-sprocket 23', provided with a chain i, which chain passes 40 over a chain-sprocket 40', (disclosed in detail in Figs. 6 and 3,) mounted upon the shaft 41, held within the bearing 40, and which shaft is provided with a cutter-knife K, as is shown in Fig. 6. From this it will be seen that the 45 apron 32 is actuated by means of its bevelgear 50 in mesh with the bevel-gear 26', secured to the shaft 26, which is in chain connection with the driving-shaft 22, operated by the supporting-wheel a'. To the rear of 50 the endless apron 32 is a suitable receptacle 28.

The frame B is provided with a plurality of openings 18, as shown in Fig. 3, so that this frame may be shoved inward or outward.

The beets as they are carried between the runners b are successively forced upward by

the beets in front. In order to bring the beets into proper alinement with the cuttingknife K, I provide the runner 56, secured by means of the nut-provided bolts 59, working through the ears 60. Adjacent to the cutter 60 this runner 56 has a hinged extension 57, secured by the spring-hinge 58, so that this extension may be held yieldingly in alinement. The spring 58' further assists in holding this member 57. Now should any beet with an ex- 65 ceedingly large top come within the carrier 32 this hinged section 57 would swing outward. So, also, should a short-tipped beet not be carried to the knife properly the operator could by means of his foot press this hinged mem- 7° ber 57 inward, so that the beets will be properly fed to the cutting-knife. As a matter of fact, it is intended that the driver or one of the operators of my beet-harvester be stationed so that he can operate this swinging 75 member 57.

Having thus described my said invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by United States Letters Patent, is—

The combination with a suitable platform, 80 of supporting-wheels secured to said platform, a shaft secured to one of said supportingwheels, a projecting frame extending from said platform, caster-wheels secured to said projecting frame pivotally-held bars secured 85 to said projecting frame, knife-yokes extending from said pivotally-held bars and connected to move together, an adjusting-lever secured to one of said pivotally-held bars, inner runners running parallel and extending 90 from each knife-yoke, grate-bars extending from each of aforesaid knife-yokes, grate-bars extending from one knife-yoke curving over the grate-bars upon the opposite side as set forth, an endless apron below the upper ends 95 of said grate-bars, driving mechanism to operate said endless apron, blocks upon said apron to form triangular pockets, an adjustable sill adjacent to said endless apron, a cutter-knife positioned adjacent to said apron, 100 and means to operate said cutter-knife, all arranged substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

HENRY E. DALLY.

Witnesses:

G. O. HARRISON, W. F. GARNER.