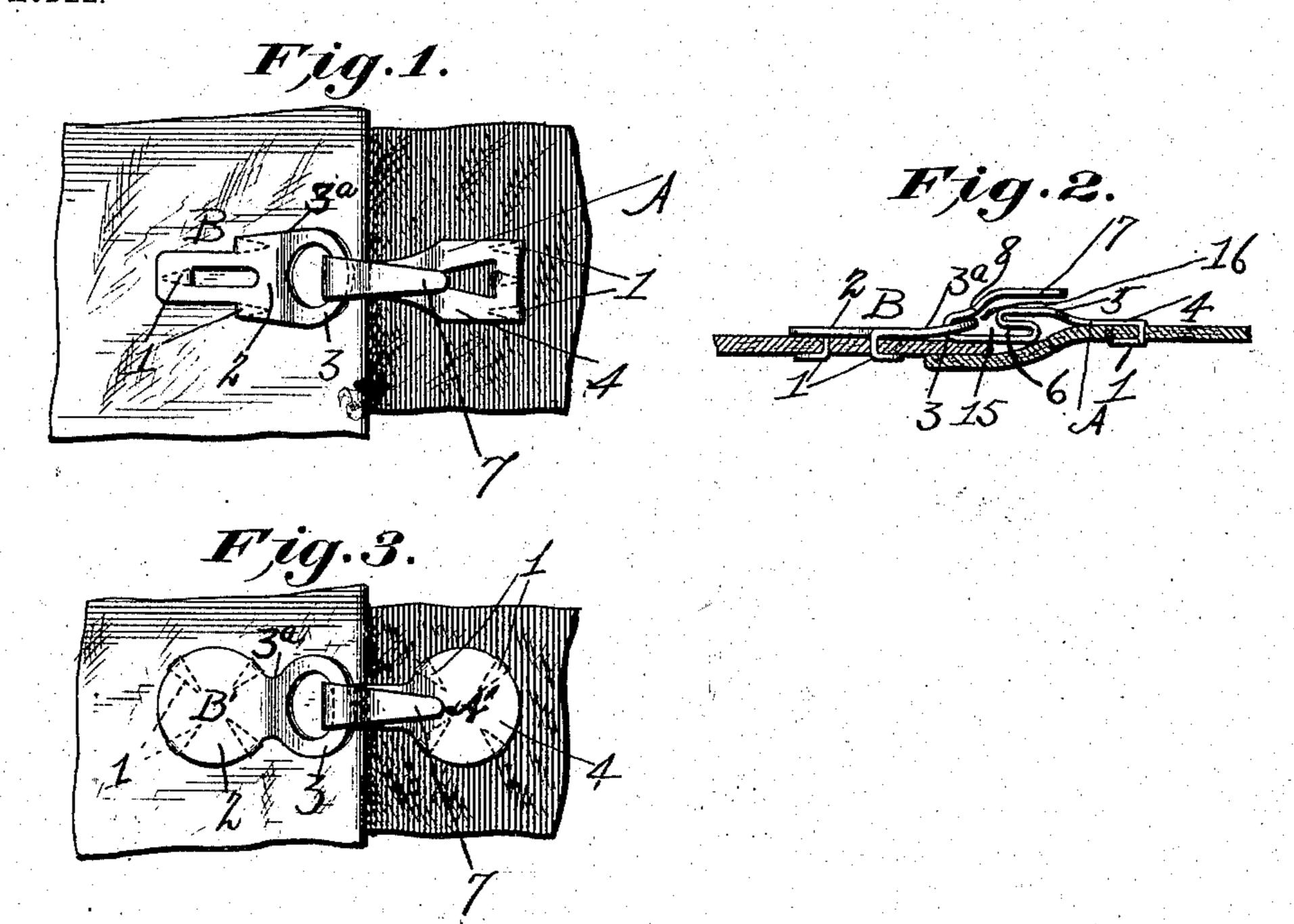
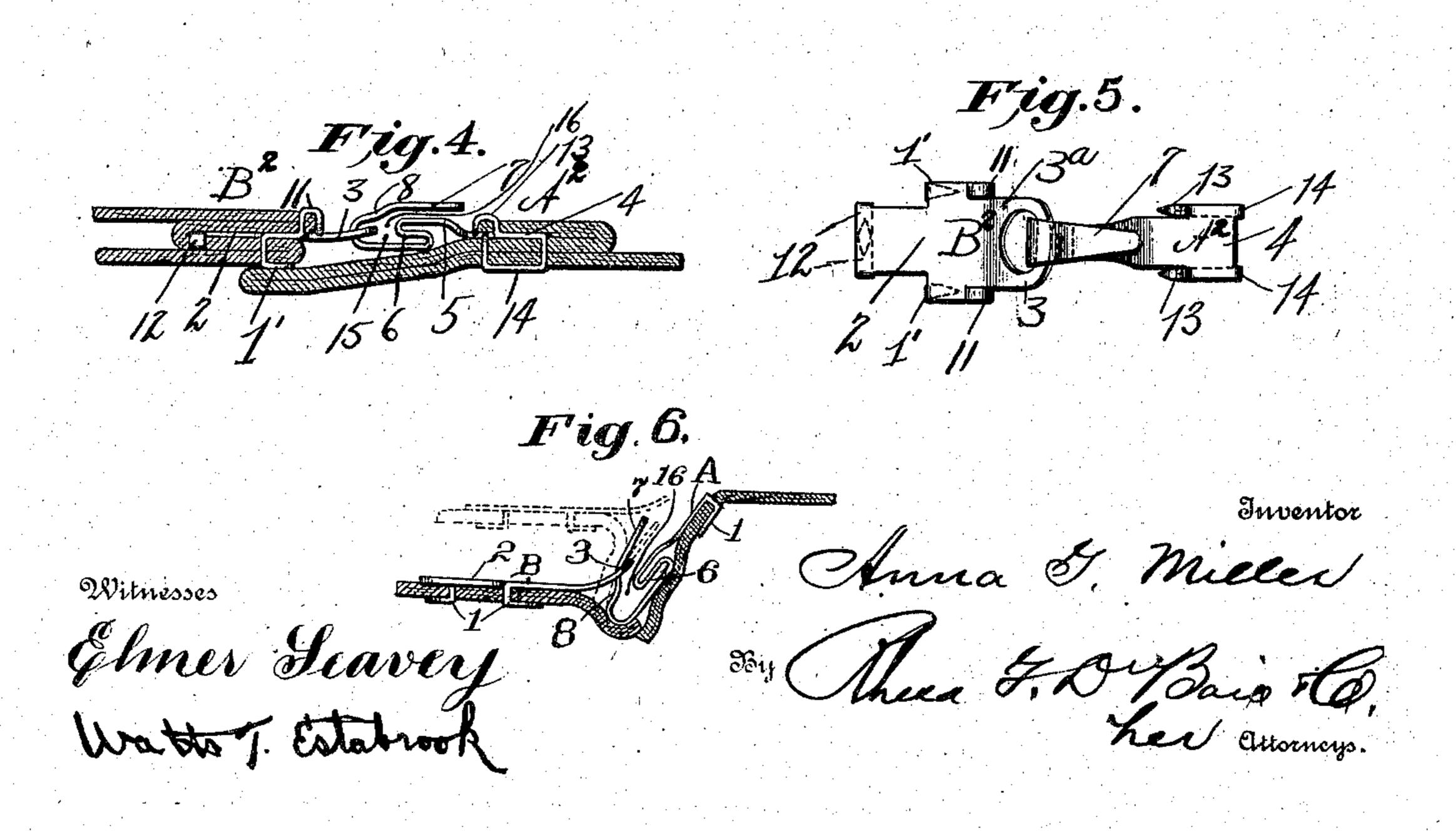
A. G. MILLER. HOOK AND EYE.

APPLICATION FILED MAR. 31, 1903.

NO MODEL.





United States Patent Office.

ANNA GALBRAITH MILLER, OF MUSKEGON, MICHIGAN.

HOOK AND EYE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 756,876, dated April 12, 1904.

Application filed March 31, 1903. Serial No. 150,413. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Anna Galbraith Mil-LER, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Muskegon, in the county of Muskegon and State of Michigan, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Hooks and Eyes, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to an improvement in 10 hooks and eyes, the object being to provide a device of this character which can be hooked and unhooked with ease and without binding, thus avoiding the necessity of a stout pull, which will dislocate and tear off either the hook or eye, and yet at the same time to provide such a device as will absolutely prevent accidental disengagement.

A further object is to provide a hook and eye which may be easily and quickly secured 20 to the material to which it is applied without sewing.

My invention also consists in certain other novel details of construction and combinations of parts, such as will be more fully de-25 scribed hereinafter, and particularly set forth in the claims.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a top plan view of my invention. Fig. 2 is a view in side elevation. Fig. 3 is a top plan 30 view of a slight modification: Fig. 4 is a view in side elevation of another slight modification. Fig. 5 is a top plan view thereof; and Fig. 6 is a side elevation of the form of hook and eve shown in Figs. 1 and 2, disclosing the 35 manner of disengagement. The modifications shown are simply in the formation of the body portion, which is solid in Fig. 3 instead of skeleton, and of the claws and their manner of attachment, Figs. 4 and 5 showing a slightly-different construction from that shown in Figs. 1, 2, and 3; but in all instances the hook and eye portions per se are precisely similar.

A represents the hook, and B the eye, both 45 of which may be stamped or otherwise formed. from sheet metal. Both the hook and eye are of and integral with the metal of which the lentrant bend 6, after which by depressing

articles are made, the claws adapted to penetrate the material to which the hooks and eyes 50 are attached and be clenched or bent over, as shown, in opposite directions, whereby to secure the articles to the material, thus serving to economize the metal of which the articles are formed.

The eye B comprises a base portion 2, which may be skeleton, as shown in Fig. 1, or solid, as shown in Fig. 3 at B'. Projecting at an angle from this base portion is the eye proper, 3, provided with an aperture for the recep- 60 tion of the hook, the object of raising or bending the eye portion, as at 3°, being to permit the hook to be readily and easily inserted in. and removed from the eye.

The hook A comprises a skeleton or solid 65 base 4, provided with the claws 1 1, bent in opposite directions for securing it to the material, and a main portion; the metal forming which is first bent upwardly slightly, as at 5, similarly to the eye portion. The metal is 10 then formed into a reentrant bend 6, after which the metal is extended to form the eyerest and finally is formed into the tongue 7. provided with a slight abutment 8, the tongue extending over the raised portion 5, which 75 serves as a guard. The aperture 15, formed between and inclosed by the reentrant bend 6 and the abutment 8, constitutes an eve-rest or receiver wherein the eye is permitted plenty of play, but cannot accidentally disengage it- 80 self from the hook, as the entrance 16 to this eye-rest is out of alinement with the passage between the tongue and the guard 5. The reentrant bend also serves to prevent the accidental escape of the eye from the receiver or rest. 85 The reentrant bend is S-shaped, as shown, and comprises that portion of the material of the hook A between the upward bend 5 and the eye-rest 15, and the abutment 8 is located opposite and approximately on a plane with 90 the S-shaped bend, the straight upper intermediate and lower members of the S-shaped bend being parallel with one another. To unhook the articles, a slight lateral movement provided with bendable claws 1 1, struck out | is necessary to cause the eye to clear the re- 95

the hook and raising the eye and moving the articles toward one another the release of the eye from the hook is accomplished, as shown in Fig. 6. Thus it will be seen that the nor-5 mal position of the eye when hooked is out of the direct path to the passage between the reentrant bend and the abutment, or the space between the tongue and guard.

The construction of the articles is such 10 that they may be easily cut or stamped out of sheet metal by means of machinery, and in this manner a simple and effective article is

provided at a small cost.

In Fig. 3 I have shown a slight modification wherein the base portions of both hook A' and

eye B' are made solid.

In Figs. 4 and 5 is shown a slight modification of the device shown in Figs. 1 and 2. The construction is nearly the same with the ex-20 ception of the claws and prongs, the eye B2 in the modification being provided, in addition to the claws 1'1', with claws or prongs 11 11 and embracing claws or prongs 12 12 and the hook A² with claws or prongs 13 13 and 25 14 14 in place of the claws 1 1. This modification is designed for use primarily when the material to which the hooks and eyes are attached is folded, as shown in Fig. 4. The eye is received and contained between the 30 double folds of cloth or other material, the claws 1' 1' penetrating the lower fold and being clenched therebeneath, the claws 11 11 penetrating the upper fold, clenched and bent downwardly again, and the claws 12 12 pass-35 ing through one thickness of the material and clenched toward one another, as shown in Figs. 4 and 5. The claws 13 13 on hook A² are |. similar to claws 11 11 on eye B² and penetrating the upper thickness of the material 40 are clenched and then bent downwardly, while the claws 14 14 penetrate the lower fold of the material, are clenched thereon, and the extreme ends bent upwardly, so that the points thereof are received directly beneath the clawsd 13 13, which form a shield and guard for fife's sharpened points of claws 14 14. 10 equests

It is evident that slight changes Hillent afell made in the form and arrangement of the several eral parts described without Megarting from 50 the spirit and scope of music employed the spirit and scope of music single spirit and scope of music spirit and scope of music spirit spirit and scope of music spirit hence I do not wish to line 1988 for still the still of the prising an S-shaped bend having parallelization act construction herein set thick; beathers and prising an S-shaped bend having parallelization.

and securing the book and eye, the book comprising a base, a guard, an S-shaped bend. 60. formed of the material of which the hook is made, a tongue and an abutment formed on the tongue opposite the S-shaped bend, the abutment and bend inclosing an eye-rest, the

tongue lying over the guard, the passage between the tongue and guard being out of aline- 65 ment with the passage between the abutment

and the S-shaped bend.

2. As an article of manufacture a hook and eye, means on each member and integral therewith for securing the members to the mate- 70 rial, the hook comprising a base, a raised guard, an S-shaped bend and a tongue lying over the guard, the tongue and bend inclosing an eye-rest for the reception of the eye.

3. As an article of manufacture, a pair of 75 engaging members, one member provided with claws projecting above the base portion of the member and then bent downwardly and prongs projecting downwardly below the base and then upwardly, the ends of the prongs re- 80 ceived within the space inclosed by the claws which serve as guards for the ends of the prongs.

4. As an article of manufacture, a hook and eye, the base of the eye provided with up- 85 wardly-projecting claws, embracing claws

and downwardly-projecting prongs.

5. As an article of manufacture, the combination with an eye, of a hook provided with a base, the material of which the hook is ton- 90 structed being slightly elevated to form 94.9 guard connected to the base, an Sighabled of bend extending downwardly from the guardes a tongue, the guard and tongue iffeldsing an eye-rest, the end of the tongue Tying over the 95 guard, the tongue provided with a humaneth located opposite and approximately on a plane? 22 with the S-shaped bend.

6. As an article of manufacture, a hook comprising a base polyton, van S vshapedichend arou formed by the material of which the hook is constructed; the Sostaped beid connected . with the Base and a tongue, the Sishaped bend! and to he with closing and to he feet which is the cateen of authaned below of the base popular of tion, she consule extending toward the base and a 941 As affortened than was there is knock estade phistign in Sishapedibered with paraller manne Dersman houside of the Silver and the fight of which the out of 40 skalking differation leads and specification of the state of the specific leads and the specific leads are specifically and the specific leads and the specific leads are specifically as the specific leads are specifically and the specific leads are specifically and the specific leads are specifically as the specific leads are specif

Having thus fully severgrence in the property and all their depositions and their depositions and the second sergets are second sergets. 45. of a battle state of the st frem Alregality of the backlendlengans unacout the articles, a slight largand and the Patents articles, a slight largand and the Branch articles, a slight largand and the Branch articles as a slight largand and the Branch articles as slight largand and the Branch articles are supplied by the Branch and the Branch articles are supplied by the Branch and the Branch articles are supplied by the Branch and the Branch articles are supplied by the Branch articles are supplied by the Branch are supplied by the Branch articles are supplied by the Branch articles are supplied by the Branch 1. As an Afticle of infinitely a field with the parameter shaped with and was affective the parameter eye, meally integrate the switch for attaching methods wiftehe souhabed is the tongue or 20 and S-shaped bend inclosing an eye-rest.

9. As an article of manufacture, a hook comprising an S-shaped bend having parallel members, a deflected guard extending from one of the members of the S-shaped bend and 12! terminating in a base, an abutment located opposite the S-shaped bend and a tongue overlying the S-shaped bend and parallel with the parallel members of the S-shaped bend, the abutment and S-shaped bend inclosing an eyest, the passage between the tongue and S-shaped bend being out of alinement with the entrance of the eye-rest.

10. As an article of manufacture, a hook comprising an S-shaped bend having upper, intermediate and lower members, a portion of

the material of which the bend is formed constituting a base and a tongue extending over the upper member of the S-shaped bend.

the upper member of the S-shaped bend.
In testimony whereof I have signed this specification in the presence of two subscrib. I ing witnesses.

ANNA GALBRAITH MILLER.

Witnesses:

ROBT. W. CHRISTIE, DONALD N. MILLER.