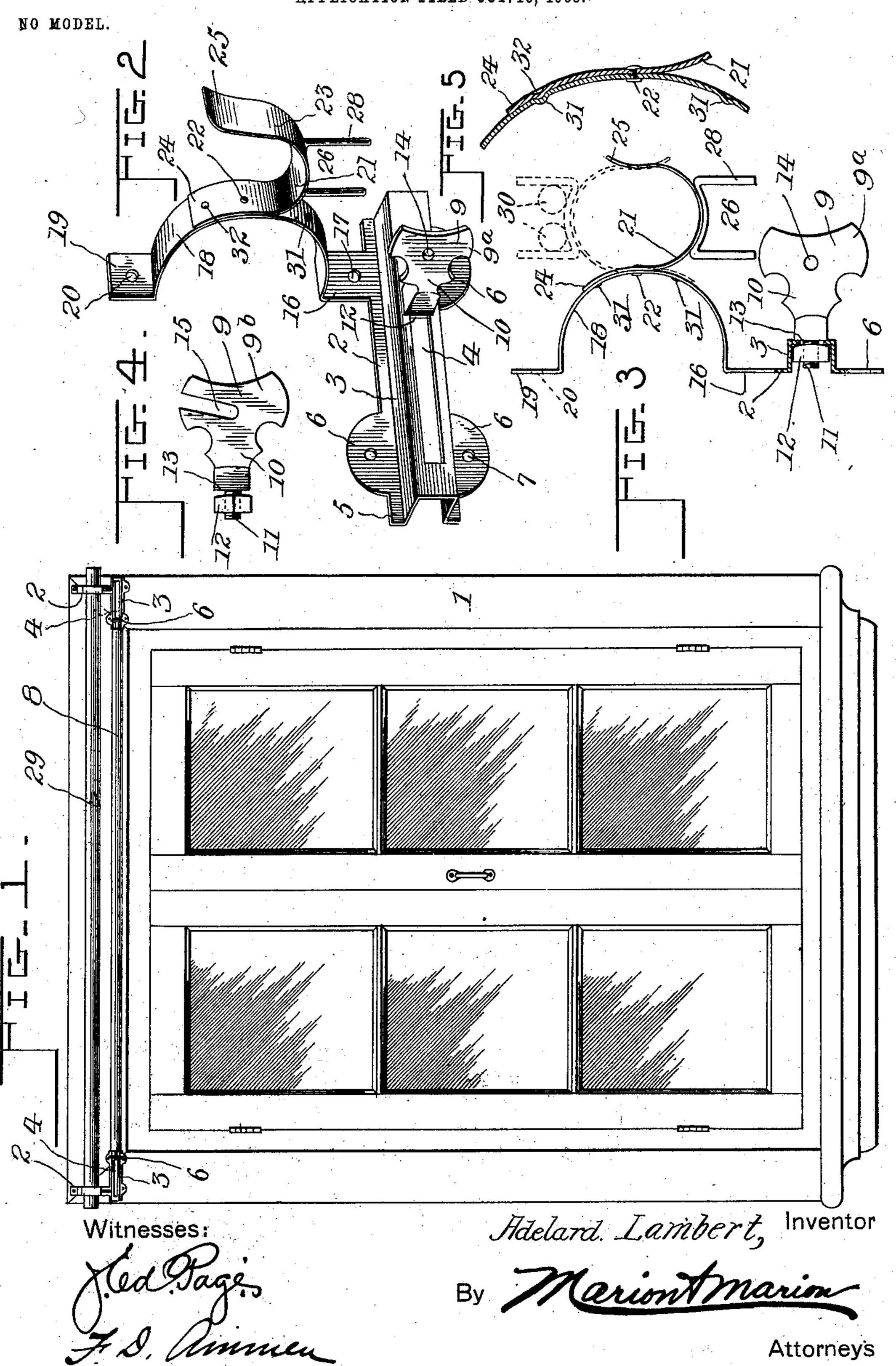
A. LAMBERT. CURTAIN BRACKET. APPLICATION FILED OCT. 10, 1903.



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CURTAIN-BRACKET.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 750,055, dated January 19, 1904.

Application filed October 10, 1903. Serial No. 176,503. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ADELARD LAMBERT, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at Manchester, county of Hillsboro, State of New Hampshire, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Curtain-Brackets; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

My invention relates to household furniture, and especially to those brackets which are used for the purpose of supporting cur-

15 tain-poles or shade-rollers.

The object of the invention is to provide a bracket of simple form which constitutes means for supporting a curtain-pole and a shade-roller and to provide such an arrangement as will enable the devices to support readily shade-rollers of different lengths. The invention contemplates the permanent attachment of these brackets to the casement of a window, and it is expected that if shade-rollers of different width were used in connection with the window the brackets could be quickly adjusted to suit the same.

In its construction the invention preferably comprises a lower portion adapted to support the shade-roller and an upper portion adapted to support the curtain pole or rods, there being a movable member, in connection with the upper portion of the bracket, which may assume substantially two positions adapted, respectively, to support an ordinary wooden pole and a pair of brass rods, such as are very

commonly used.

The invention consists in the construction and combination of parts to be more fully described hereinafter and definitely set forth in the claims.

In the drawings, which fully illustrate my invention, Figure 1 is a front elevation of a window, to the casement of which my brack45 ets have been attached. Fig. 2 is a perspective of one of the brackets. Fig. 3 is a side elevation of one of the brackets, representing in dotted lines the movable member in one of its possible positions. Fig. 4 is a side eleva-

tion of a part of the bracket. Fig. 5 is a ver- 50 tical section of a portion of the bracket upon a somewhat enlarged scale and representing the manner of attaching the aforesaid movable member.

Throughout the drawings and specification 55 the same numerals of reference denote like

parts.

Referring more particularly to the parts, 1 represents the casement of a window to which it may be proposed to attach curtains 60 and a shade.

In applying my invention I provide brackets 2, which I dispose, respectively, at opposite sides of the window, and attached to the casement at the upper portion of the same, as 65 shown. As indicated, these brackets are respectively right-hand and left-hand, the righthand bracket being very clearly shown in Fig. 2. As illustrated, this bracket comprises a horizontally-disposed channel-shaped member 70 3, the outer face whereof is provided with a longitudinally-disposed slot or opening 4, and the rear edges of this channel-shaped member are formed into flanges 5, including ears 6, provided with openings 7 to facilitate the at- 75 tachment of the bracket by means of screws or similar fastening devices, as will be readily understood. The brackets 2 are attached oppositely to each other, with the channel members 3 in substantial alinement. It should be 80 stated that these channel members are for the purpose of supporting the shade-roller 8 therebetween, and in order to facilitate the attachment of the same in the said slots 4 movable heads 9 are provided. Each of these heads 85 consists of a substantially flat plate or body 10, provided with a threaded shank 11, which passes through the slot 4 and through a nut 12, which runs within the channel member 3 behind the slot, a shoulder 13 being provided 90 upon the head, which cooperates with the nut 12 to clamp the head 9 in any desired position of adjustment within the opening 4. It should be stated that the width between the opposite faces of the nut is such as to enable the chan- 95 nel-shaped member 3 to prevent rotation of the nut. These heads are distinguished specifically by the numerals 9^a and 9^b; but they

are substantially alike, with the exception that the head 9^a is provided with a substantially circular opening 19, adapted to receive the gudgeon or spindle of the shade-roller, while 5 the head 9^b is provided with an inclined slot or opening 15, this latter construction being adopted for the purpose of facilitating the placing of the roller in position in a well-un-

derstood manner. Near its outer extremity each bracket is provided with an upwardly-projecting portion 16, which constitutes a continuation of the uppermost of the flanges 5 aforesaid, and this part 16 is provided with an opening 17, so as to 15 adapt it to the same purposes as the aforesaid ears 6. Above this point the part 16 connects integrally with a bow or yoke 18, which constitutes, preferably, substantially a semicircumference and terminates above in an ear 19, 20 which is substantially similar to the part 16, and is provided with an opening 20 for a fastening device, as will appear. At substantially its middle point the bow 18 has attached thereto a movable member or hanger 21, the 25 same being attached by means of a pivot 22. This hanger 21 comprises a body 23, which is normally disposed in the position in which it is shown in Figs. 2 and 3. This body 23 is preferably bent to the form of a semicircum-30 ference, as shown, and beyond the pivot-point 22 it is formed with an oppositely-curved toe 24, which is adapted to lie against the outer face of the bow 18, as shown. At its outer portion the body 23 is turned outwardly to 35 form a lip 25, as indicated, and upon the under side of the body 23 there is attached a rod-holder 26, which consists, preferably, of a piece of wire bent into substantially the form of an inverted U, the body 27 whereof con-40 forms to the shape of the under portion of the body 23, the said body 27 being integral

As stated above, the member 21 normally occupies the position in which it is shown in 45 Figs. 2 and 3, and when in this position it is adapted to support a curtain-pole 29 upon its body 23, as indicated in Fig. 1. When, however, it is desired to substitute for the wooden curtain-pole 29 curtain-rods 30, such as are 50 very frequently used and composed of brass or similar material, the member 21 would be rotated upon its pivot-point 22, so as to bring the same into substantially the position indicated in dotted lines in Fig. 3. In this re-55 versed position the rod-holders 26 afford means for supporting a pair of rods 30 in the manner shown.

with vertical extensions 28.

erative position at opposite points and at an 60 equal distance from the pivot 22, the bow 18 is indented or offset by means of a blunt-pointed instrument, so as to form depressions or shallow recesses 31, and these recesses 31 are adapted to receive the correspondingly-formed

projection 32 upon the adjacent face of the 65 member 21. The projection 32, interlocked with either of these recesses 31, will evidently maintain the member 21 in either of its desired positions, and the resiliency of the parts permits the desired reversal.

While I have shown in the accompanying drawings the preferred form of my invention, it will be understood that I do not limit myself to the precise form shown, for many of the details may be changed in form or posi- 75 tion without affecting the operativeness or utility of my invention, and I therefore reserve the right to make all such modifications as are included within the scope of the following claims or of mechanical equivalents to the 80 structures set forth.

Having described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent,

1S---1. As a new article of manufacture, a bracket 85 of the class described comprising a member adapted to be attached to a casement, a reversible member carried thereby, said reversible member being adapted to occupy substantially two positions adapted to support a cur- 9° tain-pole in one position and curtain-rods in the other.

2. As a new article of manufacture, a bracket of the class described comprising a substantially horizontally disposed channel-shaped 95 member near the lower portion thereof and having a slot therein, an adjustable head movably mounted in said slot, and a pivoted member attached to the upper portion of said bracket, said pivoted member being reversi- 100 ble, and adapted to support a curtain-pole in one position and curtain-rods in the other.

3. As a new article of manufacture, a bracket of the class described, comprising a member adapted to be permanently attached to a case- 105 ment, a movable hanger pivotally attached thereto, said movable hanger being adapted to support a curtain-pole in one position, and curtain-rods in another position, there being interlocking means between said members 110 adapted to maintain said hanger in either of its positions.

4. As a new article of manufacture, a bracket of the class described, comprising a member adapted to be permanently attached to a case- 115 ment, and a reversible hanger connected therewith, said hanger comprising a normally upwardly turned member adapted to receive a curtain-pole, and vertically-projecting members adapted to retain curtain-rods.

5. As a new article of manufacture, a bracket In order to maintain the member 21 in op- | of the class described, comprising a substantially horizontally disposed channel-shaped member, an adjustable head movably mounted therein, said channel-shaped member having 125 a substantially vertical extension integral therewith, said extension and said member being adapted for permanent attachment to a

casement, and a hanger attached to said extension, and having a substantially horizontal axis of rotation, said hanger being adapted on one side to receive a curtain-pole, and upon its other side to receive curtain-rods, said hanger and said extension having, the one a projection, and the other recesses adapted to receive the same, one of said recesses being

adapted to maintain said hanger in a reversed position.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand in the presence of two witnesses.

ADELARD LAMBERT.

Witnesses:

ANNE E. BOISVERT, WILLIAM W. BOISVERT.