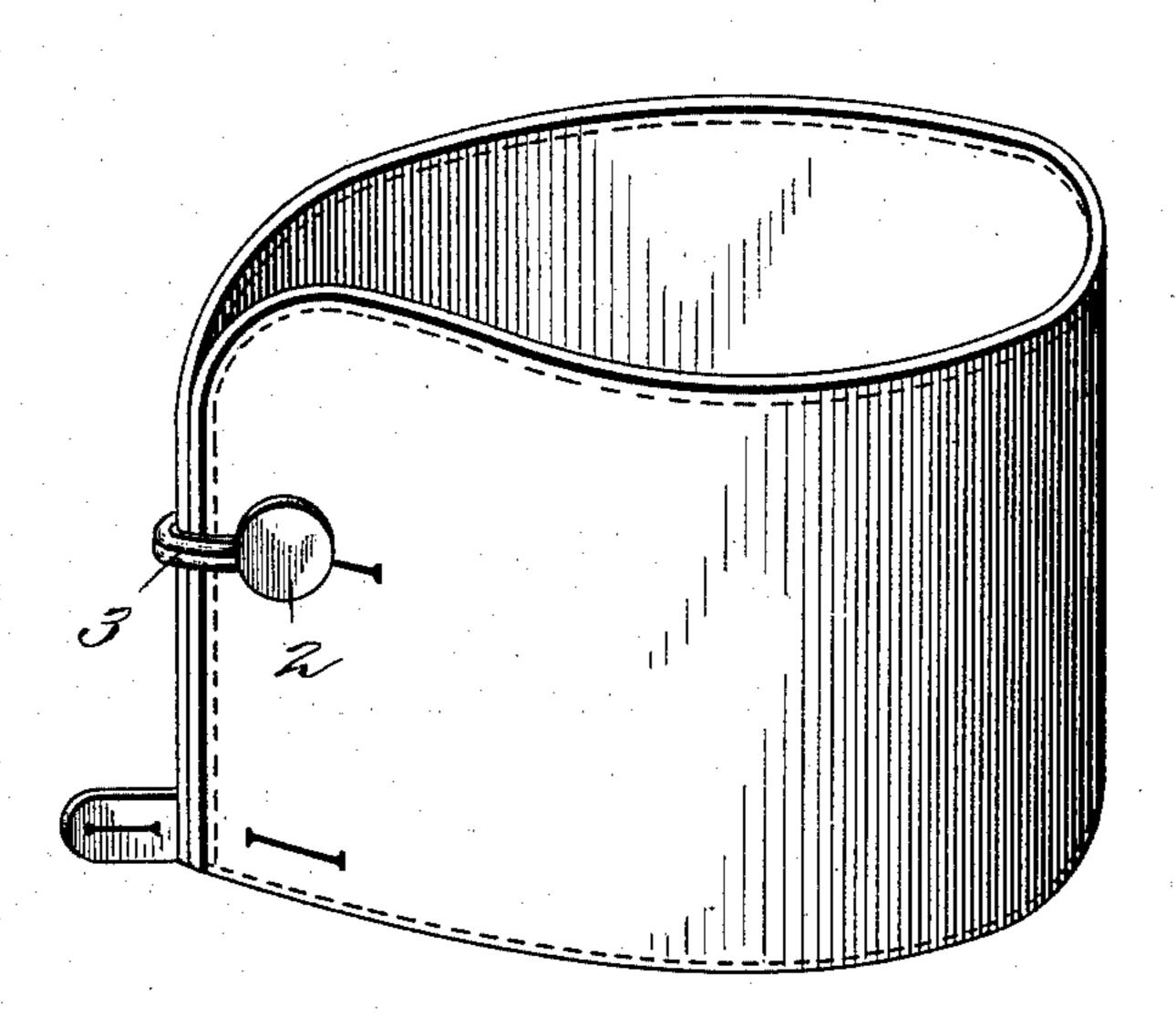
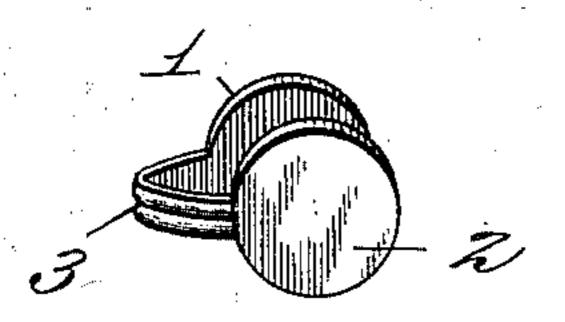
No. 749,540.

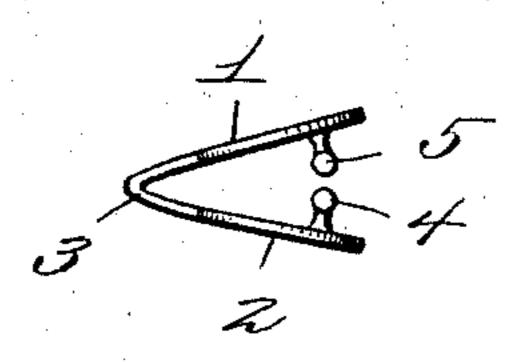
PATENTED JAN. 12, 1904.

W. DOHERTY. CUFF BUTTON. APPLICATION FILED OUT. 31, 1902.

NO MODEL.







Witnesses

William Doherty. Uletn J. Evans

United States Patent Office.

WILLIAM DOHERTY, OF ATTLEBORO, MASSACHUSETTS.

CUFF-BUTTON.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 749,540, dated January 12, 1904.

Application filed October 31, 1902. Serial No. 129,586. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM DOHERTY, a citizen of the United States, residing at Attleboro, in the county of Bristol and State of Massachusetts, have invented new and useful Improvements in Cuff-Buttons, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to cuff-buttons; and the object is to provide a button of the link to type which can be formed of a single piece.

The invention consists in the peculiar construction to be referred to hereinafter and illustrated in the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a cuff, showing the application of the button. Fig. 2 is a perspective view of the button detached, and Fig. 3 is an edge plan view of the same.

The invention consists of two disks 1 and 2, 20 the surfaces of which converge toward each other and are connected by an approximately V-shaped and bowed bar 3, which is formed rigid with relation to the disks and holds them in proper relative position, so that the headed 25 shanks 4 and 5 will be held opposite to each other to form a clamp when inserted in the buttonholes of the cuff. These headed shanks are carried by the disks 1 and 2, being arranged on the disks so that when the heads 30 are inserted through the buttonhole the button will be securely fastened to the cuff. The disks 1 and 2 are continuous with the bowed bar 3, the latter connecting and merging into the edges of said disks, as clearly indicated 35 by Figs. 2 and 3. This construction is essential for two reasons—first, the disks and bowed bar may be suitably stamped out at one operation and then shaped as shown by Fig. 3, and, second, the inner smooth faces of the disks 40 will be brought to bear closely against the surface of the cuff adjacent the buttonholes,

with the result that the wear of the cuff will be materially reduced and the headed shanks 4 and 5 more positively maintained in connected relation to the buttonholes. The disks 45 can be suitably engraved or ornamented, and the V-shaped connecting-bar 3, which comprises a narrow strip, will hold the meeting edges of the cuff close together, whereby a neat effect will be produced.

In attaching the button to the cuff it will only be necessary to insert one end between the two heads of the shanks, so as to introduce the head into the buttonhole. The opposite end can then be inserted between the 55 opposing heads and the remaining shank can be forced through the buttonhole, so that the button will be securely fastened to the cuff. By forcing the heads out of the buttonholes the button can be readily removed.

What I claim as new, and desire to secure

by Letters Patent, is—

A cuff-button formed from a single blank and comprising a pair of disks with inner grooved faces spaced apart from each other 65 in converged relation and having an integral V-shaped connecting-bar terminating at the edges of the disks, the inner surface of the bar coinciding with the inner surfaces of the disks to permit the latter to lie flat against the 70 outer surface of the cuff, the disks having inwardly-projecting headed shanks near the free edges thereof, the angle of the bar, when applied, closely fitting over the edges of the cuff adjacent to the buttonholes.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

WILLIAM DOHERTY.

Witnesses:

HUGH GAFFNEY, THOMAS GOODWIN.