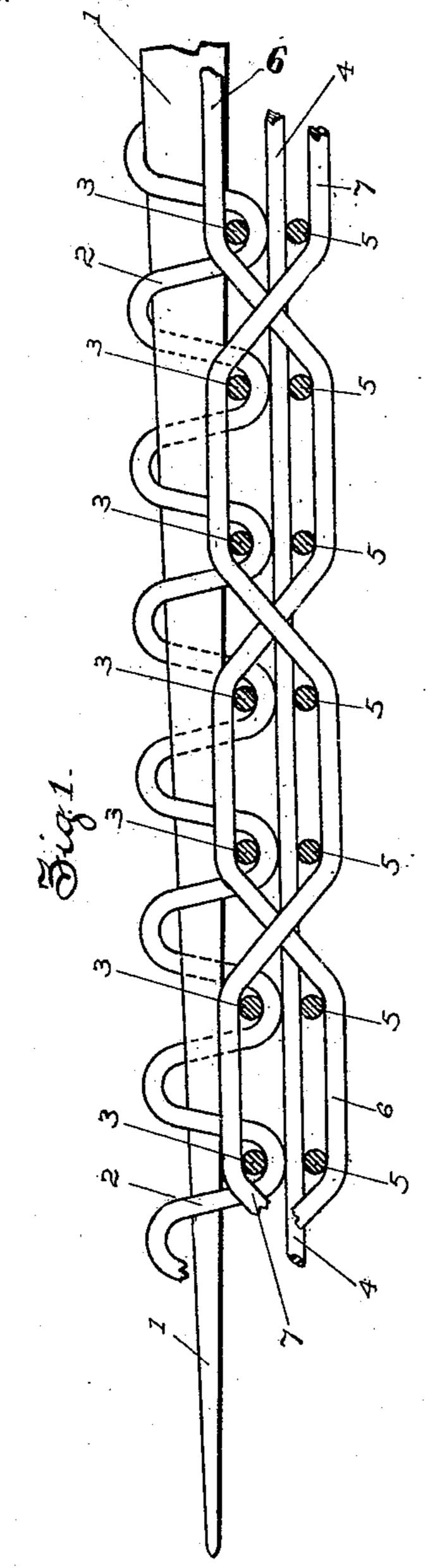
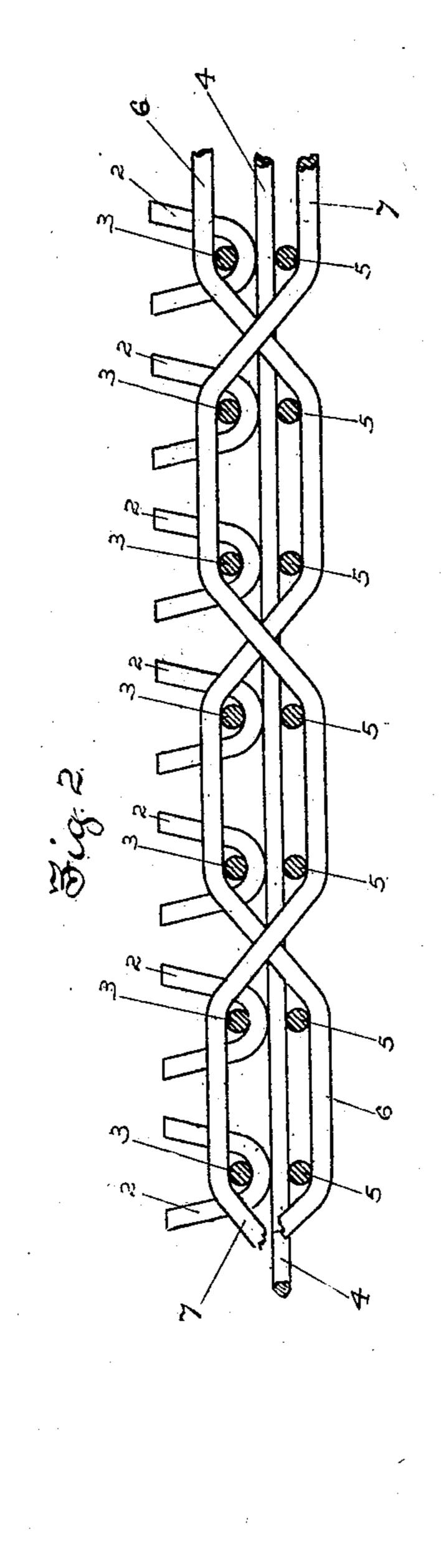
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WOVEN PILE FABRIC.

APPLICATION FILED JUNE 22. 1903.

NO MODEL.





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WOVEN PILE FABRIC.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 747,588, dated December 22, 1903.

Application filed June 22, 1903, Serial No. 162,539. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JAMES BUCKLER, a citizen of the United States, residing at Worcester, in the county of Worcester and State of 5 Massachusetts, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Woven Pile Fabrics, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to woven pile fabric and to that class of pile fabrics woven on looms 10 of the description shown and described in my application for United States Letters Patent filed April 27, 1903, Serial No. 154,445, in which the pile-warp loops are formed over pile-wires extending in the direction of the 15 length of the fabric, the pile-warps being carried transversely over the pile-wires first in one direction and then in the other and bound

into the fabric by the filling-threads in the well-known way.

In my improved pile fabric the pile-warps do not extend through the fabric to appear on the under side of the fabric, but only extend in the upper plane of the fabric. In each shed there are two filling-threads, one for each 25 loop, extending in the same horizontal plane above the stuffer-warp, or the pile-warps carried straight in the body of the fabric when two or more frames are used, and two fillingthreads below the stuffer or pile warps, mak-30 ing four filling-threads in each shed and two loops of cut pile-warps.

I have shown in the drawings, on a much enlarged and exaggerated scale, a longitudinal section of my pile fabric in its simplest 35 form, comprising filling or weft threads arranged in two planes, two binder-warps, a stuffer-warp, and a pile-warp—that is, a one-

frame carpet.

Referring to the drawings, Figure 1 is a de-40 tached longitudinal section of a pile fabric embodying my improvements and showing a longitudinal pile-wire over which the pilewarp loops are formed; and Fig. 2 corresponds to Fig. 1, but shows the pile-warp loops cut 45 and the pile-wire removed.

In the accompanying drawings, 1 is a pilewire or needle of any ordinary construction, which extends in the direction of the length of the fabric, as is customary.

2 is the pile-warp, which is carried over the

the other, as is customary, to form the loops of pile upon the upper plane of the fabric. The loops may be uncut, as shown in Fig. 1, for Brussels carpet fabrics, or cut, as shown 55 in Fig. 2, for Wilton, Axminster, or moquette carpet fabrics.

The pile-warp 2 is bound into the upper plane of the fabric by a filling-thread 3, which extends transversely through the fabric over 60

the pile-warp 2, as shown.

The stuffer-warp 4 extends longitudinally through the fabric in the central portion thereof below the pile-warp 2 and the upper filling-threads 3.

The filling-threads 5 extend below the

stuffer-warp 4.

The binder-warps 6 and 7 are raised and lowered alternately to form the sheds for the upper filling-threads 3 and the lower filling- 70 thread 5 and act to bind said filling threads.

In each shed there are two upper fillingthreads 3 for two loops of pile-warp and two lower filling-threads 5 below the stuffer-warp 4, as shown.

The pile-warp 2 does not extend down into the lower plane of the fabric, and the two lower filling-threads 5 in each shed prevent the pile-warp from appearing on the under side or back of the fabric, as is customary, so 80 that in my fabric the back is perfectly uniform.

It will be understood that the details of the weave of my improved fabric may be varied, if desired, and any preferred number of 85 frames may be used in weaving my fabric without changing the construction of the fab ric above described, the additional pile-warps being disposed of in any usual or preferred manner.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

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Patent, is—

1. A pile fabric, having an upper and lower filling or weft plane, and comprising binder 95 warp-threads, a stuffer, two filling-threads in the upper plane, and two filling-threads in the lower plane of the fabric, in each shed, pile-warps in the upper plane of the fabric, passing about each of the filling-threads of 100 the upper plane and projecting from one face pile-wire I first in one direction and then in | of the fabric between each of the adjacent

filling-threads, and bound only by the fillingthreads in the upper plans of the fabric, sub-

stantially as shown and described.

2. A pile fabric, having an upper and lower filling or west plane, and comprising binder warp-threads, a stuffer, filling-threads in the upper plane, and filling-threads in the lower plane of the fabric, pile-warps in the upper plane of the fabric passing about and bound by each of the filling-threads and projecting from one face of the fabric between each of

the adjacent filling-threads, and bound only by the filling-threads in the upper plane of the fabric, with two filling-threads in the upper plane of the fabric, and two filling-threads in the lower plane of the fabric below the pilewarps, in each shed formation, substantially as shown and described.

JAMES BUCKLER.

Witnesses:
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