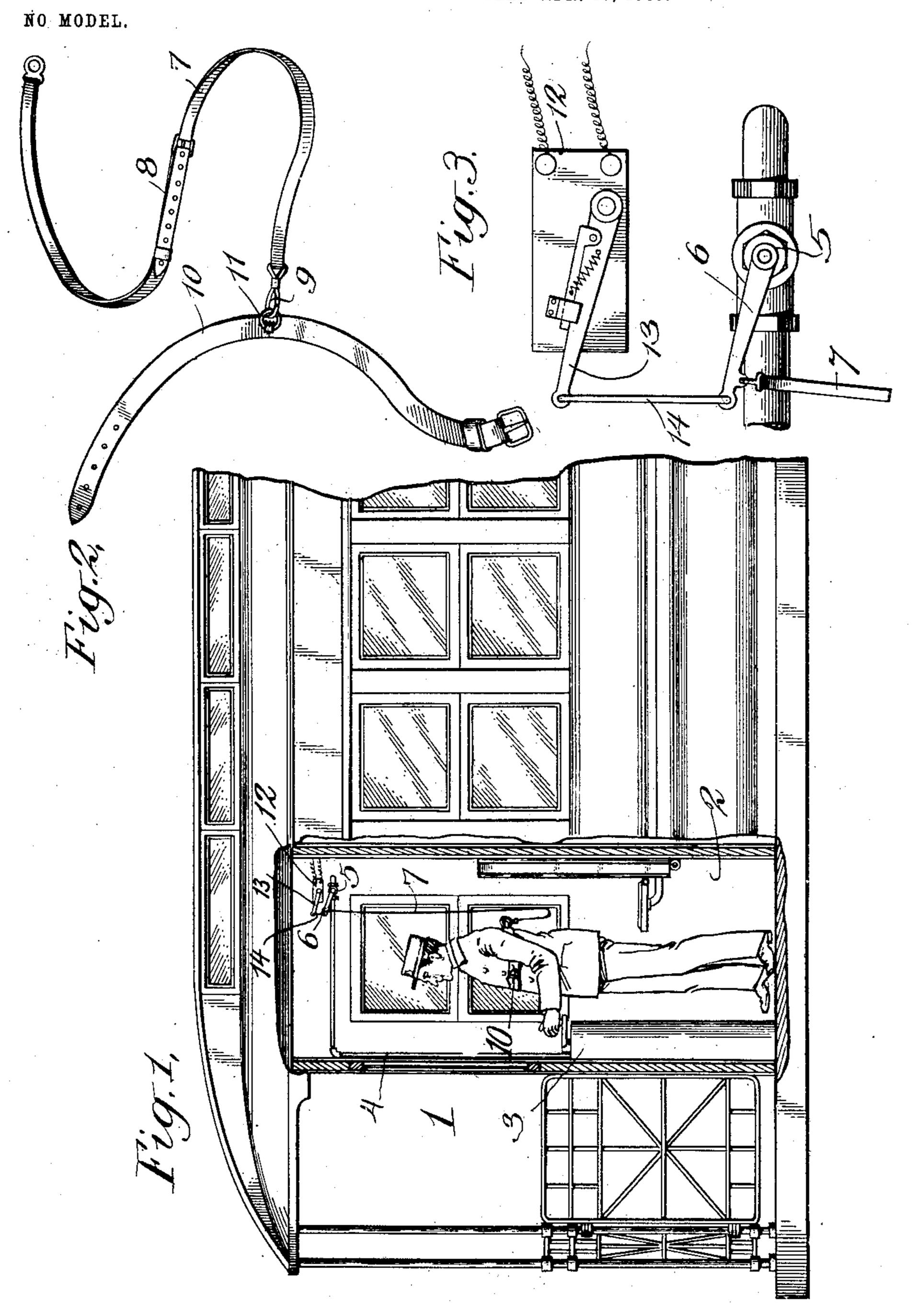
A. J. BRISLIN.

RAILWAY CAR APPLIANCE.

APPLICATION FILED APR. 20, 1903.



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RAILWAY-CAR APPLIANCE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 747,370, dated December 22, 1903.

Application filed April 20, 1903. Serial No. 153,379. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Andrew J. Brislin, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at Brooklyn, county of Kings, State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Railway-Car Appliances, of which the following is a specification, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part thereof.

ro My invention relates to improvements in railway-car appliances, and particularly to safety appliances designed for controlling the

car under emergency conditions.

My invention consists in the combination, with emergency controlling means for the car, of a flexible connection secured to the operating member thereof and having means for connecting same to the person of an operator upon the car.

ator upon the car.

The object of my invention is to provide for stopping the car should the operator become disabled. In carrying out my invention I preferably secure the flexible connection from the emergency controlling means 25 to a belt worn by the operator, so that should the operator fall tension will be thereby applied to the flexible connection and the emergency means immediately operated. The emergency car-controlling means may con-30 veniently be comprised in a valve designed when operated to admit or exhaust air into the "train-pipe" of an air-brake system, such as is commonly employed in railway-cars, and thereby to automatically set the brakes. 35 It may also comprise means for shutting off the motive power and for this purpose should the car be propelled by electrical power may include a cut-out switch.

I will now proceed to describe with refer-40 ence to the accompanying drawings an appliance embodying my invention, and will then point out the novel features in claims.

In the drawings, Figure 1 shows a partial view of an electrical railway-car of the type employed upon the elevated railroads of New York city and showing an appliance embodying my invention and an operator to whom the said appliance is connected. Fig. 2 is a detail view of the belt and flexible connection employed. Fig. 3 is a detail view of the emergency controlling means.

A portion of a railway-car is shown in Fig.

1 and is designated by the reference character 1. An operator's compartment 2 is provided at the forward end of the car, in which 55 the ordinary electric controller 3 common to electrically-propelled cars is provided. The car is provided with the usual air-brake mechanism, of which a branch of the trainpipe is illustrated herein and designated by 60 the reference character 4. An emergencyvalve 5 is arranged in the train-pipe and may conveniently be of the ordinary form of valve known as "conductor's valve." This valve is provided with an operating-lever 6, to which 65 is connected one end of the flexible connection 7. The flexible connection 7, which is shown more fully in detail in Fig. 2, may conveniently be comprised in a leather strip having means 8 rendering it adjustable as 70 to length and provided at its lower end with a snap-hook 9. A belt 10 is provided as a suitable means by which the lower end of the flexible connection may be connected to the person of the operator, and in Fig. 1 this 75 belt is shown as encircling the body of the operator therein illustrated. The belt 10 may conveniently be provided with the ring 11, to which the snap-hook 9 may be connected.

In Fig. 3 a cut-out switch 12 is illustrated, having an operating-lever 13 and which may be connected to the operating-lever 6 of the valve 5 by a link 14, so that whenever the train-pipe valve is operated the cut-out switch 85

will be operated at the same time.

In normal operation of the car the operator will be free to move around in his compartment 2 and will be entirely free to operate the usual controller and the ordinary 90 brake-operating means. The flexible connection 7 will in no way hamper his movements and may even be of sufficient length to permit him to sit down. Should the operator, however, faint or fall in a fit or other-95 wise become incapacitated, he will necessarily fall and in so falling will operate the emergency means, so as to bring about the stopping of the car entirely regardless of the normal operating means.

It will of course be readily understood that I make no special claim to the particular form of emergency operating means herein shown, as obviously any desired means may be employed, the essence of the present invention being the operation of emergency means for stopping the car of whatsoever character by involuntary movements of the operator caused by his becoming incapacitated.

What I claim is—

1. The combination with emergency means for controlling a car, of a flexible connection therefor, and means for connecting same to the person of an operator upon the car.

2. A train-pipe emergency-valve having a flexible connection provided with means for attaching same to the person of an operator.

3. The combination with a train-pipe valve, and a belt adapted to be attached to the person of an operator, of a flexible connection secured at one end to the train-pipe valve, and at the other end to the said belt.

4. The combination with a train-pipe valve, 20 and a belt adapted to be attached to the per-

son of an operator, of a flexible connection secured at one end of the said train-pipe valve, and at the other end adapted to be removably secured to the said belt.

5. The combination with a train-pipe valve, 25 of a flexible connection therefor, adjustable as to length, and means for connecting same

to the person of an operator.

6. The combination with a railway-car, of an emergency car-controlling device, arranged 30 above the level of the normal train-controlling means, and having a flexible connection secured at one end thereto, and adapted to be secured at its opposite end to the person of an operator.

ANDREW J. BRISLIN.

Witnesses:

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