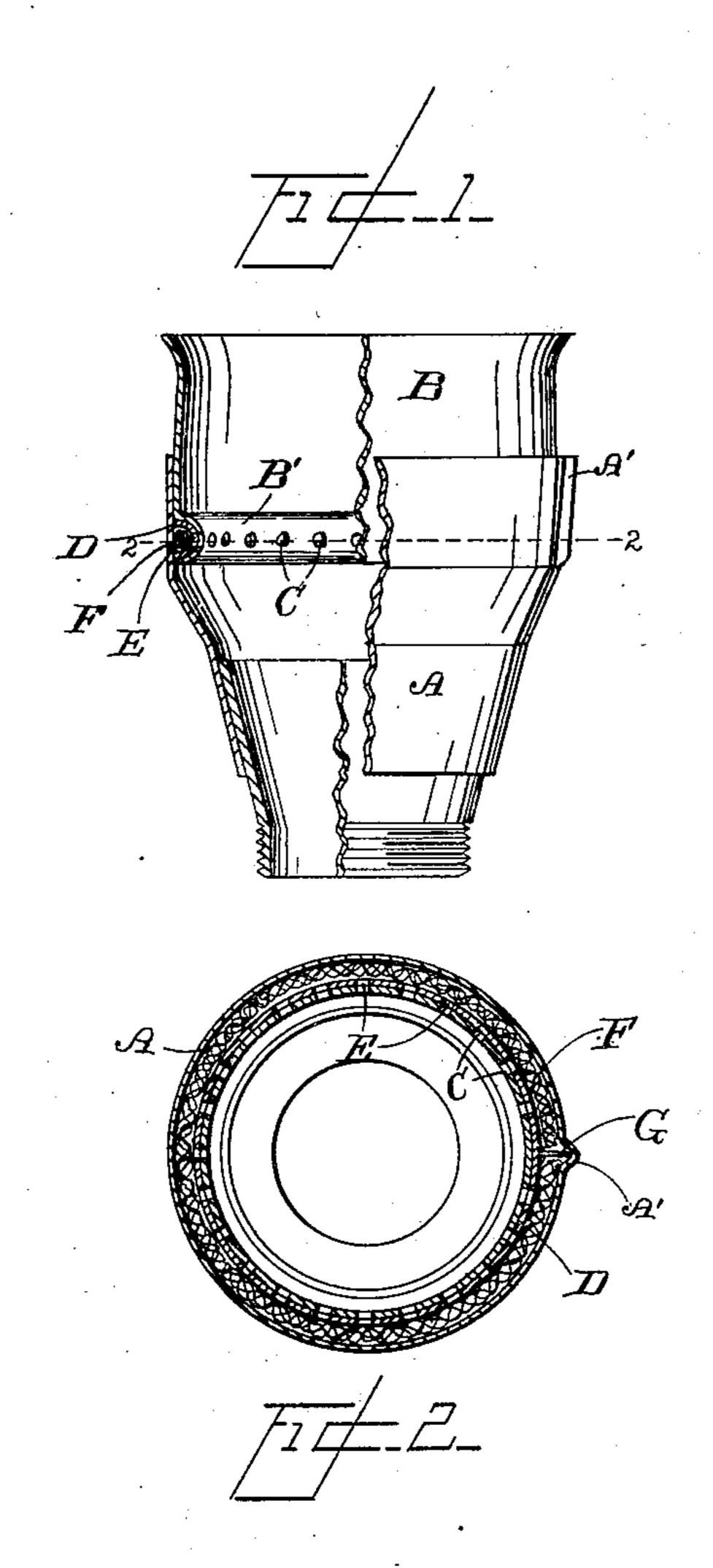
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MEANS FOR DISINFECTING TELEPHONE TRANSMITTER MOUTHPIECES.

APPLICATION FILED MAY 18, 1903.



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MEAN'S FOR DISINFECTING TELEPHONE-TRANSMITTER MOUTHPIECES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 744,337, dated November 17, 1903.

Application filed May 18, 1903. Serial No. 157,724. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, MAURICE GRIFFIN, SYLVESTER SANKER, and BOYD KEITH, citizens of the United States, residing at River-5 side, in the county of Riverside and State of California, have invented new and useful Improvements in Means for Disinfecting Telephone-Transmitter Mouthpieces, of which

the following is a specification.

Our invention relates to an apparatus which 01 is applied to the mouthpiece of the transmitter of a telephone; and the object thereof is to provide an apparatus which will keep said mouthpiece disinfected and which can be 15 easily applied thereto and removed therefrom. It frequently happens in careless speaking that saliva flies from the mouth of the person using the instrument into the mouth piece of the transmitter. Moisture also collects in 20 said transmitter-mouthpiece from the breath of the person using the instrument, and when the person using the same should be afflicted with a contagious disease germs thereof are frequently deposited in said mouthpiece and 25 oftentimes unpleasant odors arise therefrom. These things render a telephone which is frequently used by different persons objectionable and disagreeable unless disinfected. In the device described herein, and illustrated 30 in the accompanying drawings, we have endeavored to provide a simple means for overcoming these objectionable features.

Figure 1 is a side elevation, partly in section, of our improved apparatus; and Fig. 2 35 is a cross-section on the line 2 2 of Fig. 1.

A is the lower and outer shell, the lower portion of which is designed to fit around the outside of the mouthpiece H of the transmitter of the telephone. Within the upper por-40 tion of the outer shell is the upper and inner shell B, having in the lower portion thereof a channel B', provided with a plurality of perforations C. Within the channel B' is an annular grooved ring D, provided with per-45 forations E, which register with the perforations C of the inner shell. Within the groove of ring D is wick F for the reception of a dis- | an annular casing having a chamber therein;

infectant that will exude a vapor which will destroy any germs or odors that may lodge in the mouthpiece of the transmitter or in 50 the apparatus. The ring D is provided with a pin G, which engages in an outwardly-extending groove A' in the lower shell and prevents the inner ring from turning except with the lower shell. This groove extends 55 to the top of the shell A, so that the shell B and ring can be readily withdrawn from the shell A, when a new wick F may be inserted in the ring D or disinfecting material may be applied to the wick F. When the telephone 60 is not in use, by rotating slightly the shell B and keeping shell A stationary the perforations C may be carried out of register with the perforations of ring D, thereby preventing any waste of the disinfecting material. 65 When wanted for use, these perforations are easily brought into register by slightly rotating shell B in shell A. By the foregoing apparatus a simple and effective means is provided to keep the mouthpiece of the tele- 70 phone-transmitter always agreeable and sanitary, as the odor from the disinfecting material is pleasant and agreeable to most persons, if not all.

Having thus described our invention, what 75 we claim as new, and desire to secure by Let-

ters Patent, is—

1. An apparatus for disinfecting the mouthpiece of a telephone-transmitter comprising an outer and lower shell adapted to fit around 80 the mouthpiece of the transmitter and having a groove in the upper part thereof; an upper and inner shell adapted to fit within the upper part of said lower shell, having a channel in the lower part thereof, provided 25 with a plurality of perforations; an annular grooved ring in said channel provided with perforations adapted to register with the perforations of the channel; said ring having a pin secured thereto projecting into a notch go in the outer shell; a wick in said ring.

2. An apparatus for disinfecting the mouthpiece of a telephone-transmitter comprising

the inner wall of which is perforated, said | have hereunto subscribed our names this 9th 10 casing being adapted to be removably secured to the mouth piece of a telephone-transmitter with the chamber above said mouth-5 piece; means in said chamber adapted for the reception of a volatile disinfecting material; means to open and close the perforations in the walls of the chamber of said casing.

In witness that we claim the foregoing we'l

day of May, 1903.

MAURICE GRIFFIN. SYLVESTER SANKER. BOYD KEITH.

Witnesses:

OSCAR H. KEISKER, P. K. Frankenheimer.